AN EXACT

# Abridgment

Of all the

# STATUTES

OF

King *WILLIAM*

AND

Queen *MARY*,

Now in *Force* and *Use*.

By *J. Washington* Esq;

*LONDON*,

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# THE TITLES Of all the STATUTES Contained in this ABRIDGMENT Now in *Force* and *Use*.

1. AN *Act for removing and preventing all Questions and Disputes concerning the assembling and sitting of this present Parliament.*
2. *An Act for reviving of Actions and Proceſs lately depending in the Courts at* Weſtminſter, *and diſcontinued by the not holding of* Hilary-*Term, and for ſupplying other Defects relating to Proceedings at Law.*
3. *An Act for eſtabliſhing the Coronation Oath.*
4. *An Act for the abrogating of the Oaths of Supremacy and Allegiance, and appointing other Oaths.*
5. *An Act for the removing Papiſts and reputed Papiſts from the Cities of* London *and* Weſtminſter, *and ten Miles diſtance from the ſame.*
6. *An Act for the taking away the Revenue ariſing by Hearth-Mony.*
7. *An Act for the explaining and making effectual a Statute made in the firſt Year of King* James *II. concerning the Haven and Piers of Great* Yarmouth.
8. *An Act for the encouraging the Exportation of Corn.*
9. *An Act for preventing Doubts and Queſtions concerning the collecting the Publick Revenue.*
10. *An Act for the better ſecuring the Government, by diſarming Papiſts and reputed Papiſts.*
11. *An Act, That the Simoniacal Promotion of one Perſon may not prejudice another.*
12. *An Act for rectifying a Miſtake in a certain Act of this preſent Parliament,* For the amoving Papiſts from the

the Cities of *London* and *Weſtminſter*.

13. *An Act for exempting their Majeſties Proteſtant Subjects, diſſenting from the Church of* England, *from the Penalties of certain Laws.*

14. *An Act for enabling Lords Commiſſioners for the Great Seal to execute the Office of Lord Chancellor or Lord Keeper.*

15. *An Act for the Exportation of Beer, Ale, Syder and Mum.*

16. *An Act for reviving two former Acts for exporting of Leather.*

17. *An Act to regulate the Adminiſtration of the Oaths required to be taken by Commiſſion or Warrant Officers employed in their Majeſties Service by Land, by virtue of an Act made this preſent Seſſion of Parliament, Entituled,* An Act for the abrogating of the Oaths of Supremacy and Allegiance, and appointing other Oaths.

18. *An Act to veſt in the two Univerſities the Preſentations of Benefices belonging to Papiſts.*

19. *An Act for taking away the Court holden before the Preſident and Council of the Marches of* Wales.

20. *An Act for appropriating certain Duties for paying the* States General of the United Provinces, *their Charges for his Majeſties Expedition into this Kingdom, and for other Uſes.*

21. *An Act for Relief of the Proteſtant* Iriſh *Clergy.*

22. *An Act to repeal the Statute made in the fifth Year of King* Henry *IV. againſt the multiplying of Gold and Silver.*

23. *An Act for the better preventing the Exportation of Wooll, and encouraging the Woollen Manufactures of this Kingdom.*

24. *An Act for explaining part of an Act made in the firſt Year of King* James *I. concerning Tanned Leather.*

25. *An Act for prohibiting all Trade and Commerce with* France.

26. *An Act declaring the Rights and Liberties of the Subject, and ſettling the Succeſſion of the Crown.*

27. *An Act for preventing all Doubts and Queſtions concerning the collecting the Publick Revenue.*

28. *An Act for the charging and collecting the Duties upon Coffee, Tea and Chocolate, at the Cuſtom-houſe.*

29. *An Act for preventing vexatious Suits againſt ſuch as acted in order to the Bringing in their Majeſties, or for their Service.*

30. *An Act for the better Security and Relief of their Majeſties Proteſtant Subjects of* Ireland.

31. *An Act for Recognizing King* William *and Queen* Mary, *and for avoiding all Queſtions touching the Acts made in the Parliament aſſembled at* Weſtminſter *the thirteenth day of* February 1688.

32. *An Act for granting to their Majeſties for their Lives, and the Life of the Survivor of Them, certain Impoſitions upon Beer, Ale, and other Liquors.*

33. *An Act for granting to their Majesties a Subsidy of Tunnage and Poundage, and other Sums of Money payable upon Merchandizes exported and imported.*

34. *An Act for enabling the Sale of Goods distrained for Rent, in case the Rent be not paid in a reasonable time.*

35. *An Act for the Exercise of the Government by Her Majesty during his Majesty's Absence.*

36. *An Act to declare the Right and Freedom of Election of Members to serve in Parliament for the* Cinque Ports.

37. *An Act for reversing the Judgment in a* Quo Warranto *against the City of* London, *and for restoring the City of* London *to its ancient Rights and Privileges.*

38. *An Act for the discouraging the Importation of Thrown-Silk.*

39. *An Act for the King and Queens most Gracious, General, and Free Pardon.*

40. *An Act concerning the Commissioners of the Admiralty.*

41. *An Act for granting to their Majesties certain Impositions upon all* East-India *Goods and Manufactures, and upon all Wrought Silks, and several other Goods and Merchandize to be imported after the 25th day of* December 1690.

42. *An Act for the continuance of several former Acts therein mentioned, for the laying several Duties upon Wines, Vinegar and Tobacco.*

43. *An Act for reviving a former Act for regulating the Measures and Prices of Coals.*

44. *An Act for paving and cleansing the Streets in the Cities of* London *and* Westminster, *and Suburbs and Liberties thereof, and Out-Parishes thereof, and in the County of* Middlesex, *and in the Borough of* Southwark, *and other Places within the Weekly Bills of Mortality in the County of* Surry, *and for regulating the Markets therein mentioned.*

45. *An Act for the encouraging the Distilling of Brandy and Spirits from Corn, and for laying several Duties on Low-Wines, or Spirits of the first Extraction.*

46. *An Act for granting to their Majesties several additional Duties of Excise upon Beer, Ale and other Liquors for four Years, from the time that an Act for doubling the Duty of Excise upon Beer, Ale, and other Liquors, during the space of one Year doth expire.*

47. *An Act for preventing vexatious Suits against such as acted for their Majesties Service in Defence of the Kingdom.*

48. *An Act for the more effectual putting in Execution an Act, Entituled,* An Act for prohibiting all Trade and Commerce with *France.*

49. *An Act for Relief of poor Prisoners for Debt or Damages.*

50. *An Act for abrogating the Oath of Supremacy in* Ireland, *and appointing other Oaths.*

51. *An Act for the better ascertaining the Tithes of Hemp and Flax.*

52. *An Act for the Encouragement of the Breeding and Feeding of Cattle.*

53. *An*

53. *An Act to take away Clergy from ſome Offenders, and to bring others to puniſhment.*

54. *An Act for the more effectual diſcovery and Puniſhment of Deer-ſtealers.*

55. *An Act for the better explanation, and ſupplying the Defects of the former Laws for the ſettlement of the Poor.*

56. *An Act for the better repairing and amending the High-ways, and for ſettling the Rates of Carriage of Goods.*

57. *An Act againſt correſponding with their Majeſties Enemies.*

58. *An Act for the Relief of Creditors againſt fraudulent Deviſes.*

59. *An Act for the better ordering and collecting the Duty upon Low-Wines and Strong-Waters; and for preventing the Abuſes therein.*

60. *An Act that the Inhabitants in the Province of* York *may diſpoſe of their Perſonal Eſtates by their Wills, notwithſtanding the Cuſtom of that Province.*

61. *An Act for granting to their Majeſties certain Rates and Duties of Exciſe upon Beer, Ale and other Liquors for ſecuring certain Recompences and Advantages in the ſaid Act mentioned, to ſuch Perſons as ſhall voluntarily advance the Sum of ten hundred thouſand Pounds towards carrying on the War againſt* France.

62. *An Act for taking Special Bails in the Country upon Actions and Suits depending in the Courts of* Kings-Bench, Common-Pleas *and* Exchequer *at* Weſtminſter.

63. *An Act for granting to their Majeſties certain Additional Impoſitions upon ſeveral Goods and Merchandizes for the proſecuting the preſent War againſt* France.

64. *An Act to prevent Abuſes committed by the Traders in Butter and Cheeſe.*

65. *An Act for encouraging the apprehending of High-way Men.*

66. *An Act for reviving two former Acts of Parliament for the repairing the High-ways in the County of* Hertford.

67. *An Act for prohibiting the Importation of all Foreign Hair Buttons.*

68. *An Act to make Pariſhioners of the Church United Contributors to the Repairs and Ornaments of the Church to whom the Union is made.*

69. *An Act for puniſhing Officers and Souldiers who ſhall Mutiny or Deſert their Majeſties Service, and for Puniſhing falſe Muſters, and for the Payment of Quarters.*

70. *An Act for continuing certain Acts therein mentioned, and for charging ſeveral Joynt-Stocks.*

71. *An Act to prevent Frauds by Clandeſtine Mortgages.*

72. *An Act for the regaining, encouraging and ſettling the* Greenland *Trade.*

73. *An Act to prevent malicious Informations in the Court of* Kings-Bench, *and for the more eaſie reverſal of Outlawries in the ſame Court.*

74. *An Act for preventing Suits againſt ſuch as acted for their Majeſties Service in Defence of the Kingdom.*

75. *An*

75. *An Act for the better Discovery of Judgments in the Courts of* Kings-Bench, Common-Pleas *and* Exchequer *at* Westminster.

76. *An Act for delivering Declarations to Prisoners.*

77. *An Act for regulating the Proceedings in the Crown-Office of the Court of* Kings-Bench *at* Westminster.

78. *An Act for the more easie discovery and conviction of such as shall destroy the Game of this Kingdom.*

79. *An Act for reviving, continuing and explaining several Laws therein mentioned, which are expired and near expiring.*

80. *An Act for continuing the Acts for prohibiting all Trade and Commerce with* France, *and for the Encouragement of Privateers.*

81. *An Act for repealing such parts of several former Acts, as prevent or prohibit the importation of Foreign Brandy,* Aqua Vitæ *and other Spirits and Bacon, except from* France.

82. *An Act for the importation of fine* Italian, Sicilian *and* Naples *Thrown Silk.*

83. *An Act to repeal a Clause in the Statute made in the four and thirtieth and five and thirtieth Years of King* Henry *the eighth, by which Justices of Peace in* Wales *are limited to eight in each County.*

84. *An Act to supply the Deficiency of the Mony raised by a former Act, Entituled,* An Act for granting to their Majesties certain Rates and Duties of Excise upon Beer, Ale and other Liquors, for securing certain Recompences and Advantages in the said Act mentioned, to such Persons as shall voluntarily advance the Sum of ten hundred thousand Pounds towards carrying on the War against *France.*

85. *An Act to prevent Disputes and Controversies concerning Royal Mines.*

86. *An Act for granting to their Majesties certain Rates and Duties upon Salt, and upon Beer, Ale and other Liquors, for securing certain Recompences and Advantages in the said Act mentioned, to such Persons as shall voluntarily advance the Sum of ten hundred thousand Pounds towards carrying on the War against* France.

87. *An Act for the explaining, and for the more effectual Execution of a former Act for the Relief of poor Prisoners.*

88. *An Act for repeal of a Clause in the Statute of the fifth Year of Queen* Elizabeth *(containing divers Orders for Artificers and others) which relates to Weavers of Cloath.*

89. *An Act for Relief of the Orphans, and other Creditors of the City of* London.

90. *An Act to prevent Delays of Proceedings at the Quarter-Sessions of the Peace.*

91. *An Act to take away the Process for the* Capiatur *Fine in the several Courts at* Westminster.

92. *An Act to repeal the Statute made in the tenth Year of King* Edward *III. for finding Sureties for the good abearing, by him or her, that hath a Pardon of Felony.*

93. *An Act for continuing the Act for punishing Officers and Souldiers*

*diers who ſhall Mutiny or Deſert their Majeſties Service, and for puniſhing falſe Muſters, and for the payment of Quarters, for one Year longer.*

94. *An Act for the importation of Salt-Petre for one Year.*

95. *An Act for the exportation of Iron, Copper and Mundick Metal.*

96. *An Act for enabling their Majeſties to make Grants, Leaſes and Copies of Offices, Lands and Hereditaments, parcel of their Dutchy of* Cornwal, *or annexed to the ſame, and for confirmation of Leaſes and Grants already made.*

97. *An Act for raiſing the Militia of this Kingdom, for the Year* 1694. *although the Months Pay formerly advanced be not repaid.*

98. *An Act for granting to their Majeſties ſeveral Rates and Duties upon Tunnage of Ships and Veſſels, and upon Beer, Ale and other Liquors, for ſecuring certain Recompences and Advantages in the ſaid Act mentioned, to ſuch Perſons as ſhall voluntarily Advance the Sum of fifteen hundred thouſand pounds towards carrying on the War againſt* France.

99. *An Act for granting to their Majeſties ſeveral Duties upon Vellum, Parchment and Paper for four Years, towards carrying on the War againſt* France.

100. *An Act for the licenſing and regulating Hackney-Coaches and Stage-Coaches.*

101. *An Act for appointing and enabling Commiſſioners to examine, take and ſtate the Publick Accounts of the Kingdom.*

102. *An Act for building good and defenſible Ships.*

103. *An Act for the better Diſcipline of their Majeſties Navy Royal.*

A N

# AN EXACT ABRIDGMENT Of all the STATUTES OF King *William* & Queen *Mary*, IN *Force* and *Use* until the 14th of *March*, in the Fifth Year of Their Reign, *An. Dom.* 169$\frac{2}{3}$.

## Accounts.

I. STat. 2 *W. & M. Seſſ.* 2. *c.* 9. Sir *Robert Rich*, Sir *Thomas Clarges*, *Paul Foley*, *Robert Auſten*, Sir *Matthew Andrews*, Sir *Benjamin Newland*, Sir *Samuel Barnardiſton*, Sir *Peter Collit on*, and *Robert Harley*, or any Five or more of them, ſhall be Commiſſioners for taking the Accounts of the Publick Revenues of the Crown, which were in the Receipt of the Exchequer on the Fifth Day of *November* 1688. or ſince, or ſhall be before the Power for taking theſe Accounts be determined, and of all Arrears thereof; and of all Moneys then and before the determination of the ſaid Power, in the Hands of the Receiver General, or Caſhiers of the Cuſtoms, Exciſe or Hearth-money, and of the Sum of 412925 *l.* 14 *s.* 6 *d.* Granted by an Act of the Firſt Seſſion of the late Parliament, Entituled, *An Act for the Granting a preſent Aid to Their Majeſties*, and of the Money paid or payable by an Act, Entituled, *An Act for raiſing Money by a Poll, and otherwiſe, towards the Reducing of* Ireland; and by one other Act, Entituled, *An Act for preventing Doubts and Queſtions, concerning the Collecting the Publick Revenue*; and by one other Act, Entituled, *An Act for the Grant to Their Majeſties of an Aid of* 12 d. *in the Pound, for one Year, for the neceſſary defence of the Realm*; and of one other Act, Entituled, *An Act for an additional Duty of Exciſe upon Beer, Ale and other Liquors*; and one other Act, *For Appropriating cer-*

*tain Duties for paying the States General of the United Provinces their Charges for His Majesties Expedition into the Kingdom, and for other uses*; and of one other Act of the Second Session of the same Parliament, Entituled, *An Act for preventing all Doubts and Questions, concerning the Collecting the Publick Revenue*; and of one other Act, Entituled, *An Act for a Grant to Their Majesties of an Aid of two Shillings in the Pound for One Year*; and of one other Act of the same Session, Entituled, *An Act for a Grant to Their Majesties of an additional Aid of* 12 d. *in the Pound for One Year*; and of one Act, Entituled, *An Act for Charging and Collecting the Duties upon Coffee, Tea and Chocolate, at the Custom-house*; and of one other Act, Entituled, *An Act for Review of the late Poll, granted to Their Majesties, and for an additional Poll towards the Reducing of* Ireland; and by one other Act, Entituled, *An Act for Raising Money by a Poll and otherwise, towards the Reducing of* Ireland, *and Prosecuting the War against* France; and by one other Act, Entituled, *An Act for Granting to Their Majesties for their Lives, and the Life of the Survivor of them, certain Impositions upon Beer, Ale and other Liquors*; and one other Act, Entituled, *An Act for Granting to Their Majesties a Subsidy of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Sums of Money payable upon Merchandizes Exported and Imported*; and by one other of this Session, Entituled, *An Act for Granting an Aid to Their Majesties of the Sum of* 1651702 l. 18 s. and by one other Act, Entituled, *An Act for doubling the Duty of Excise upon Beer, Ale and other Liquors, during the Space of One Year*; and by one other Act, Entituled, *An Act for Granting to Their Majesties certain Impositions upon all* East-India *Goods and Manufactures, and upon all wrought Silks, and several other Goods and Merchandize, to be Imported after the* 25th *Day of* December 1690. and by one other Act, Entituled, *An Act for the continuance of several former Acts therein mentioned, for the Laying several Duties upon Wines, Vinegar and Tobacco*, and of all Prizes taken since the said Fifth Day of *November*, and of Money paid for the same to any Person Authorised to receive it, or otherwise; and of all the Crown-Lands, First-fruits and Tenths of the Clergy, Wine-licences, Fines, Forfeitures, and of all other Branches of the Revenue, and all Publick Money whatsoever, that hath arisen since the said Fifth Day of *November*; or shall arise before the determination of the Power hereby Granted; and how, and by, and to whom the same hath been disposed or paid; and for taking Accounts of all Their Majesties Stores, Provisions, and Habiliments of War by Land and Sea; and to set down what numbers of Ships, Yachts or Boats, were on the said Fifth Day of *November*, or at any time since; and what Sums of Money, Provisions, Victuals, Stores, *&c.* have been provided or paid since the said Fifth Day of *November*, or shall be provided and paid, towards the Payment or Maintenance of the Land Forces in *England* or *Ireland*,

or

or elſewhere, or their Forces by Sea, and the numbers of them reſpectively; and towards the Building, Repairs or Setting out of any Ships or Navies ſince the ſaid Fifth Day of *November*, and before the determination of the Power aforeſaid.

II. The Auditor of the Receipt in the Exchequer, and the Clerk of the Pells there, and all other the Officers of the Exchequer, and the Receipt thereof, the Secretary and Treaſurer at War, Muſter-maſter and Pay-maſter of the Land Forces in *England* and *Ireland*, all Principal Officers and Commiſſioners of the Navy and Ordnance, all Officers and Keepers of Their Majeſties Stores and Yards, and all Perſons employed as Commiſſioners, in and about the Treaſury, or the Management, Ordering, Paying or Receiving of Their Majeſties Treaſure, Revenue, Proviſions or Stores of War, and all Perſons whatſoever, whom the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any Five of them, ſhall think fit to Examine, are hereby required to obſerve ſuch Orders, as they or any Five of them ſhall, by writing under their Hands, Direct and Ordain, for and touching the taking of the ſaid Accounts.

III. The ſaid Commiſſioners to ſit in the Inner Court of Wards at *Weſtminſter* or where they think fit, with or without Adjournment, and to ſend their Precepts for Perſons, Books, Papers and Records, and to Adminiſter an Oath for the better diſcovery of the Truth of the Inquiries by them to be made; and all Bayliffs, Conſtables, Sheriffs and other Officers, are hereby required to obey and execute their Precepts; and the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any Five of them, may Employ ſuch Clerks, Meſſengers and Officers as they think fit, and give them an Oath for their faithful Demeanour; which Clerks and Officers ſhall take nothing for their Service, but ſuch Salary as the Commiſſioners ſhall direct.

IV. Two of the ſaid Commiſſioners firſt named in this Act, before they enter upon the Execution thereof, ſhall take an Oath before the Chancellour of the Exchequer, or the Maſter of the Rolls, in theſe words; *viz.*

*I* A. B. *do Swear, that according to the beſt of my Skill and Knowledge, I ſhall Faithfully, Impartially and Truly demean my ſelf in Examining and Taking the Accounts of all ſuch Sum or Sums of Money and other things, brought or to be brought before me, in Execution of one Act, Entituled,* An Act for Appointing and Enabling Commiſſioners to Examine, Take and State the Publick Accounts of the Kingdom, *according to the Tenour and Purport of the ſaid Act.*

V. And every other of the ſaid Commiſſioners ſhall take the ſaid Oath before the ſaid two Commiſſioners.

VI. The Lords Commiſſioners of the Treaſury, ſhall cauſe to

be paid ſuch Sums of Money, not exceeding 2000 *l.* to ſuch Perſons as the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any Five of them, ſhall direct, to be employed in the Payment of Clerks, Meſſengers and other Officers, and in defraying other neceſſary Charges; the ſame to be Accounted for by him to whom it is paid, according to the courſe of the Exchequer; and the ſaid Commiſſioners ſhall from time to time, if required, and at the end of their Proceedings, by virtue of this Act, give an Account thereof in writing, under Five or more of their Hands and Seals, to the King and Queen, and both Houſes of Parliament at their next Meeting.

VII. All Accountants ſhall make their Accounts in the Exchequer, as formerly, this Act notwithſtanding.

VIII. The Powers hereby Granted ſhall endure for one Year, from the 25*th* day of *January* 1690. and no longer.

IX. The Lords Commiſſioners of the Treaſury ſhall pay 500 *l.* to each Commiſſioner for his Care and Pains herein.

X. The ſaid Commiſſioners, or any Five or more of them, ſhall take an Account what Sums of Money were ordered and paid during the late King *James* his Reign, for Repairing the Fleet, and how the ſame hath been diſpoſed of.

XI. This Act ſhall give no Authority to the ſaid Commiſſioners to demand an Account of Money paid to Their Majeſties Privy Purſe, or expended for ſecret Service.

XII. Nothing in this Act ſhall hinder the ſaid Commiſſioners from requiring an Account upon Oath, of Penſions, Salaries, and Sums of Moneys paid or payable to Members of Parliament.

XIII. Stat. 4 & 5 *W.* & *M. c.* 11. Sir *Thomas Clarges*, Kt. Sir *Peter Colliton*, Bar. Sir *Samuel Barnardiſton*, Bar. Sir *Benjamin Newland*, Kt. Sir *Matthew Andrews*, Kt. *Paul Foley*, Eſq; and *Robert Harley*, Eſq; or any four, or more of them, are hereby conſtituted Commiſſioners for taking an Account of the Publick Revenue of the Crown, and all other Accounts, which by an Act made in the Second Year of Their Majeſties Reign, Entituled, *An Act for Appointing and Enabling Commiſſioners to Examine, Take and State the Publick Accounts of the Kingdom*, were to be taken by Commiſſioners thereby conſtituted; and the ſaid Act is hereby revived, and ſhall be in force from the 24*th.* of *April* next, to the 25*th.* of *April*, 1694. and be executed by the Commiſſioners herein named, or any four or more of them: And the Lords Commiſſioners of the Treaſury ſhall iſſue and pay the like Allowances for Clerks, and other Charges, as the ſaid Act directs, and the like quarterly Payments to the Commiſſioners hereby conſtituted, as by the ſaid Act is appointed to the Commiſſioners therein named: and the Commiſſioners hereby conſtituted, ſhall take Accounts of all Their Majeſties Revenue, and other publick Moneys due and payable to them between the 5*th.* day of *November* 1688. and the 25*th.* day of *April*, 1694

not-

not yet accounted for by virtue of the ſaid recited Act, or the laſt Clauſe touching Publick Accounts in one Act in the Third Year of Their Majeſties Reign, Entituled, *An Act for Raiſing Money by a Poll*, &c.

## Admiralty.

I. Sat. 2 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 2. *c.* 2. All and ſingular Authorities, Juriſdictions, and Powers, which by Act of Parliament, or otherwiſe, are veſted in the Lord High Admiral of *England*, for the time being, have always appertained to, and ſhall be uſed and executed by the Commiſſioners of the Admiralty, as if they were Lord High Admiral.

II. Every Officer preſent upon Tryals of Offenders, by Courts Martial, to be held by virtue of any Commiſſion granted by the Lord High Admiral, or Commiſſioners of the Admiralty, ſhall before any proceeding to Tryal, take this Oath, to be adminiſtred by the Judge Advocate, or his Deputy; *viz.*

*You ſhall well and truly try and determine the matter now before you, between our Sovereign Lord and Lady, the King and Queens Majeſties, and the Priſoner to be tryed.*

So help you God.

## Bails.

I. Stat. 4 & 5 *W.* & *M. c.* 4. The Judges of the Kings Bench, or any two of them, whereof the Chief Juſtice to be one, for the Court of Kings Bench, and the Judges of the Common-Pleas, or any two of them, whereof the Chief Juſtice to be one, for the Court of Common-Pleas, and the Barons of the Colf of the Exchequer, or any two of them, whereof the Chief Baron to be one, for the Court of Exchequer, may by Commiſſions under the Seals of the ſaid reſpective Courts, from time to time impower ſuch Perſons, other then common Attorneys and Solicitors, as they ſhall think fit, in all and every the Countles of *England* and *Wales*, and Town of *Berwick*, to take ſuch Recognizances of Bails, as any Perſons ſhall be willing to make before them, in any Action or Suit depending, or to be depending in the ſaid Courts, in Manner and Form as the Juſtices and Barons of the ſaid Courts have uſed to take the ſame. Which Recognizances ſhall be tranſmitted to ſome one of the ſaid Juſtices or Barons reſpectively; who, upon *Affidavit* made of the due taking thereof, ſhall receive the ſame, upon payment of the uſual Fees: Which Recognizance ſhall be of like effect, as if it were taken *de bene eſſe* before any of the ſaid Juſtices or Barons: For taking which Recognizances, the Perſons impowered ſhall receive Two Shillings and no more.

II. The Juſtices and Barons reſpectively ſhall make ſuch Rules

for the juſtifying ſuch Bails, as to them ſhall ſeem meet, ſo as the Cognizors be not compell'd to appear in perſon in any of the ſaid Courts (unleſs they live in *London* or *Weſtminſter*, or within ten Miles thereof) to juſtifie themſelves, but the ſame is hereby directed to be determined by *Affidavits* taken before the Commiſſioners.

III. Any Judge of Aſſize may take ſuch Recognizances, which ſhall be tranſmitted and received, as aforeſaid, (without Oath) upon payment of the uſual Fees.

IV. Perſons repreſenting or perſonating others before any Impowered by this Act to take Bails, ſhall be adjudged Felons.

## Beer, &c.

I. Stat. *Ann.* 1. *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 1. *cap.* 22. From and after the twenty fourth of *June*, 1689. any Perſon may ſhip off within any of the uſual and allowed Ports by Law, and at the common Keys, and within the uſual hours of Exciſe, to be Exported into Foreign Parts, in the preſence of a ſworn Officer to be appointed by the Farmers, *&c.* of Exciſe, within the limits where the ſame ſhall be ſhipp'd, any ſtrong Ale, ſtrong Beer, Cyder, or Mum, paying Cuſtom for the ſame, after the Rate of 1 Shilling *per* Tun, and no other Duty: Such Officer to certifie the quantity ſo ſhipp'd off, to the Commiſſioners and Officers of Exciſe, where the Entry thereof ſhall be made; who are hereby required to make Allowance, or repay the Exciſe of the Beer, Ale, Cyder, or Mum ſo Exported, to the Brewer or Maker thereof, within one Month after ſuch Exportation, deducting Three pence *per* Tun, for the Charges of their Officers.

II. If any Merchant, Maſter of Veſſel, or other Perſon ſhall cauſe or ſuffer any Liquors ſo ſhipped, to be laid on Land, or put into any other Veſſel, within *England*, *Wales*, or the Town of *Berwick*, he ſhall forfeit the ſame, and 50 *l.* more for every Cask ſo unduly landed, or put on Board any Veſſel, the one Moiety to the King and Queen, the other to the Informer. And Their Majeſties Commiſſioners and Officers of the Cuſtoms, ſhall charge every Maſter of any Veſſel, in his Victualling Bill, with ſo much Beer, Ale, Cyder, or Mum, and no more, as ſuch number of men uſe to ſpend in ſuch Voyages; the Exciſe whereof to be recovered according to the Laws eſtabliſhed.

III. The ſaid Rate of One Shilling the Tun for Beer, *&c.* Exported, ſhall be levied and paid under ſuch Rules and Penalties, and for ſuch time, and in ſuch manner as by the Laws of Tonnage and Poundage are ordained.

IV. No Mum Imported during the continuance of this Act, ſhall have any part of the Cuſtom or Exciſe repaid upon Exportation.

# Butter and Cheese.

I. Stat. 4 & 5 *W.* & *M. cap.* 7. After any Factor or Buyer hath bought Butter or Cheese, and approved the same, the Seller shall not afterwards be chargeable with any Penalties in the Act of the 14 *Car.* 2. Entituled, *An Act for Reforming Abuses in weighing and false Packing of Butter.*

II. Such Factor or Buyer shall set his Seal, or Mark, or Name at length on the Cask in which such Butter is; and in case the same be afterward exchanged or opened, and the Cask changed, or bad Butter pack'd up, and mix'd with good, or any Fraud be committed by the Seller, the Offender, being convicted upon Oath before one or more Justices of Peace, or upon his own Confession, shall forfeit Twenty Shillings for every such Ferkin and Offence, to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Offenders Goods, restoring the Overplus, after Charges defrayed. And Constables of Parishes, and Chief Constables of Hundreds are hereby authorized to levy the same by Warrant under Hand and Seal of such Justice or Justices.

III. Warehouse-keepers, Weighers, Searchers, or Shippers of Butter and Cheese, in any Port within this Kingdom, shall receive all Butter and Cheese that shall be brought to them, for any Cheesemonger free of the City of *London*, or any other making the said Commodities, and take care thereof, till the same can be shipped, and shall ship it successively, as it comes to their hands, on the next Vessel that shall come to lade Butter and Cheese for *London* (Except the Owners order the contrary) and shall receive of the Owners Two Shillings and Six pence for every Load, and no more, and so proportionably. And if any such Persons, or their Servants shall refuse to receive such Goods, or to take due care thereof, or to ship them successively, as aforesaid, they shall forfeit, being convicted in manner aforesaid, for every Ferkin of Butter, Ten Shillings; and for every Weigh of Cheese, Five Shillings, to be levied, as aforesaid.

IV. Warehouse-keepers, Weighers, *&c.* shall keep Books, and enter therein all Butter and Cheese that shall be brought to them as it comes, with the time when received, the quantity and and Owners Name; and when the Goods are shipp'd off, shall make Entries of the time when shipped, the Master's Name, the Vessels Name, and to whom consigned: Which Book shall be open for all Persons to see and search *gratis*. And if any Warehouse-keeper, *&c.* shall not keep such Book, or not make Entries, as aforesaid, or undue Entries, or refuse in the day-time to produce the Book to be searched, such Offenders, being convict in manner aforesaid, shall forfeit for every Firkin of Butter Two Shillings and Six pence; and for every Weigh of Cheese, Two Shilling and Six pence, and for every other the aforesaid Offences,

Two Shillings and Six pence to be levied, as aforesaid; and for want of Goods to levy the Penalty, the Justice, before whom such Conviction shall be made, may commit the Offender to Goal, till the Penalties be satisfied.

V. If Masters of Vessels coming to lade Butter and Cheese, or their Servants, refuse to take on Board any such Butter and Cheese as shall be tendred to be shipped by any such Warehouse-keeper, *&c.* before their Vessels be laden, they shall forfeit, being convict, as aforesaid, for every Firkin of Butter so refused, Five Shillings, and for every Weigh of Cheese, Two shillings and Six pence, to be levied, as aforesaid.

VI. One half of the Forfeitures within this Act, to go to the Poor of the Parish, and the other half to the Informer.

VII. This Act shall not exclude Cheesemongers free of the City of *London*, from sending their own Vessels, or such as they shall hire for their own Goods.

VIII. Nothing in this Act shall extend to the Counties of *Chester* and *Lancaster*, nor to the County of the City of *Chester*.

IX. Persons aggrieved by the Determination of any Justice of Peace, may appeal to the next General Quarter-Sessions, whose Determination shall be final: The Person appealing first giving to the Party accused, a Bond of Twenty Pounds Penalty, with one or more Sureties, to the liking of the Justice of Peace, to pay such Costs as shall be allowed, in case the Appellant be not relieved, the said Costs to be paid within a Month after the determining the Appeal.

## Cattel.

1. Stat. 3 & 4 *W.* & *M. cap.* 8. It shall be lawful for any Persons, native or foreign, at any time to ship, and transport into any part of the World in Amity with Their Majesties, Beef, Pork, or Hogs-flesh, Butter, Cheese, or Candles, free from any Custom or Imposition whatsoever.

## Chancellor.

1. Stat. *Ann.* 1. *W.* & *M. Sess.* 1. *cap.* 21. Commissioners to be appointed to execute the Office of Lord Chancellor or Lord Keeper of the Great Seal of *England* for the time being, may use and exercise all and every the same and like Offices, Authority, Jurisdiction and Execution of Laws, and other Customs, Priviledges, Emoluments, and Advantages, which the Lord Chancellor of *England*, or Lord Keeper of the Great Seal, of right ought to use, have and execute, as belonging to their Offices, or otherwise, and shall have and take place next after the Peers of this Realm, and Speaker of the House of Commons, unless any of them shall happen to be a Peer, and then to take place accordingly.

II. Any

II. Any one Commiſſioner may hear Motions, and give Orders touching Interlocutory Proceedings, ſo as ſuch one Commiſſioner in the abſence of the others, ſhall not make Decrees, or put the Great Seal to any thing, unleſs there be two preſent.

III. The nominating and appointing of the *Cuſtos Rotulorum* in all Shires and Counties, ſhall be as is directed by a Statute made in the 37 year of K. *Hen.* 8.

IV. The *Cuſtos Rotulorum*, or other perſon to whom of right it doth belong, ſhall from time to time nominate and appoint the Clerk of the Peace.

V. If any Clerk of the Peace ſhall miſdemean himſelf in his Office, the Juſtices of Peace in their General Quarter-Seſſions, or the Major part of them, upon Complaint in Writing exhibited againſt him, may upon Examination, and due Proof thereof, ſuſpend or diſcharge him: And in ſuch caſe the *Cuſtos Rotulorum*, or other perſon to whom of Right it ſhall belong, ſhall appoint another perſon reſiding within ſuch County, *&c.* to be Clerk of the Peace in his room; and in caſe of neglect or refuſal to make ſuch Appointment before the next General Quarter-Seſſions after ſuch refuſal, the Juſtices of Peace at their General Quarter-Seſſions may appoint one.

VI. Provided always, that he ſhall be liable to all the Penalties, Conditions, *&c.* hereby mentioned and expreſſed, and may be diſcharged by the ſaid Juſtices, as aforeſaid.

VII. No *Cuſtos Rotulorum*, or other perſon to whom it doth, or ſhall belong to nominate a Clerk of the Peace, ſhall ſell the ſaid Place directly or indirectly, upon the Penalty that every *Cuſtos Rotulorum*, or other perſon ſo ſelling, and every Clerk of the Peace ſo buying, ſhall be diſabled to hold their Places, and forfeit double the Value of what ſhall be ſo given or taken, to be recovered by him or them that will ſue for the ſame, to their own uſe, by any Action of Debt, Suit, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of Their Majeſties Courts at *Weſtminſter*.

VIII. Every Clerk of the Peace, before he enters upon his Office, ſhall in open Seſſions take this Oath, *viz.*

*I* A. B. *do ſwear, That I have not, nor will pay any Sum or Sums of Money, or other Reward whatſoever, nor have given any Bond, or other Aſſurance to pay any Money, Fee, or Profit directly or indirectly to any perſon or perſons whomſoever, for ſuch Nomination or Appointment.*

So help me God.

IX. Nothing in this Act ſhall relate to the Clerk of the Peace for the Dutchy and County Palatine of *Lancaſter*.

X. This Act to commence from the 1*ſt.* day of *May* 1689.

Churches.

## Churches.

I. Stat. 4 & 5 *W.* & *M. c.* 12. Where any Churches have been, or ſhall be united by virtue of an Act made in the 17th. year of the Reign of the late K. *Charles* the Second, and one of them at the time of ſuch Union was, or hereafter ſhall be demoliſhed, in ſuch caſe whenever the Church to which the Union was, or ſhall be made, ſhall be out of Repair, or want decent Ornaments, the Pariſhioners of the Pariſh, whoſe Church ſhall be down or demoliſhed, ſhall pay towards the Charge of ſuch Repairs and Ornaments, in proportion, as the Archbiſhop or Biſhop that ſhall make ſuch Union, ſhall direct; and for want of ſuch Direction, ſhall bear one third part of the Charge.

## Clergy.

I. Stat. 3 & 4 *W.* & *M. c.* 9. Such as ſhall rob any perſon, or felonioufly take away Goods being in a Dwelling-houſe, the Owner or other perſon being there, and put in fear, or ſhall rob any Dwelling houſe in the day time, any Perſon being therein, or ſhall be acceſſary to any of the ſaid Offences, or to break any Dwelling-houſe, Shop, or Warehouſe thereunto belonging, or therewith uſed, in the day time, and felonioufly take away Money or Goods to the value of 5 *s.* though no perſon be therein, or ſhall counſel, hire or command any perſon to commit any Burglary, being thereof attainted, or being indicted thereof, ſhall ſtand mute, or will not directly anſwer to the Indictment, or ſhall peremptorily challenge above 20 Jurors, ſhall not have the Benefit of their Clergy.

II. Perſons indicted of any offence, for which by virtue of any former Law they are excluded from Clergy, if convicted by Verdict or Confeſſion, ſhall not be admitted to the Benefit thereof, if they ſtand mute, or will not anſwer directly to the Felony, or ſhall challenge peremptorily above 20.

III. Perſons indicted for ſtealing any Goods in any County, and thereof convicted, or ſtanding mute, or not anſwering directly to the Indictment, or challenging peremptorily above 20, ſhall be excluded from the Benefit of their Clergy, if it appear upon Evidence, that the ſaid Goods were taken in any other County, in ſuch manner, as if the ſaid perſons had been convicted by a Jury there, they ſhould have loſt the Benefit of their Clergy.

IV. Perſons buying, or receiving ſtolen Goods, knowing them to be ſtolen, ſhall be deemed Acceſſaries to the Felony after the Fact.

V. If any perſons ſhall ſteal any Chattels, *&c.* which by Contract or Agreement they are to uſe, or ſhall be let to them in Lodgings, ſuch ſtealing ſhall be adjudged Larceny and Felony.

VI. If

VI. If a Woman be convicted of an Offence, for which a man might have the Benefit of his Clergy, upon her Prayer to have the Benefit of this Statute, Judgment of Death ſhall not be given againſt her, but ſhe ſhall ſuffer the ſame puniſhment that a man ſhould ſuffer, *viz.* ſhall be burnt in the Hand, and further be kept in Priſon, not exceeding a year.

VII. A Tranſcript certified by the Clerk of the Crown, of the Peace, or of the Aſſizes, containing the Tenor of the Indictment, and of the perſons having had the Benefit of his Clergy, or of this Act, to the Judges or Juſtices in any other County, ſhall be a ſufficient proof that ſuch perſons hath had the Benefit of his Clergy, or of this Act.

## Coals.

I. Stat. 2 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 2. *cap.* 7. An Act made in the 16*th* and 17*th.* years of the Reign of the late K. *Charles* II. for Regulating the Meaſures and Prices of Coals, is hereby revived and continued from the 1*ſt.* day of *December*, 1690. for the ſpace of 7 years, and from thence to the end of the next Seſſion of Parliament.

II. Owners of Veſſels *Engliſh* built, and belonging to the Subjects of *England*, whereof the Maſter is an *Engliſhman*, Trading with Coals to and from *Newcaſtle*, or the Parts adjacent, or to *Wales*, to *London*, or any part of *England*, may navigate their Veſſels with as many Foreign Seamen as the Maſter or Owners ſhall think fit, during the preſent War, any thing in an Act made in the 12*th.* year of K. *Charles* II. Entituled, *An Act for Encouraging and Encreaſing Shipping and Navigation*, to the contrary notwithſtanding.

### *The Act of K.* Charles *the Second, hereby Revived, is as followeth,* viz.

Stat. 16 & 17 *Car.* 2. From and after the 6*th.* of *March*, 1664. all Sea coal brought into the River of *Thames*, and ſold, ſhall be ſold by the Chaldron containing 36 Buſhels heaped up, and according to the Buſhel ſealed for that purpoſe at *Guildhall*; and all other Coals commonly ſold by Weight, ſhall be ſold after the proportion of 112 pounds to the Hundred of *Avoir du pois*: on pain to forfeit the Coals otherwiſe ſold, or expoſed to ſale, and the double value thereof, to be recovered by any who will ſue for the ſame in any Court of Record, or by Complaint to the Lord Mayor and Juſtices of Peace within *London*, or any two of them, or to the Juſtices of Peace of the ſeveral Counties and Places where ſuch Coals ſhall be expoſed to ſale; who are hereby empowered to convict the Offenders, and to levy the Forfeitures by Warrant, one half to the Proſecutor, and the other half to the

Uſe

Uſe of the Poor, or Repairing the Highways. The Lord Mayor and Court of Aldermen, and the Juſtices of Peace of the ſeveral Counties, *&c.* or any Three of them, whereof one to be of the *Quorum*, ſhall ſet prices of Coals to be ſold by Retail.

And if any Ingroſſer or Retailer of Coals refuſe to ſell, as aforeſaid, the Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Juſtices of Peace reſpectively, ſhall impower whom they think fit, to enter into any place where ſuch Coals are ſtored up; and in caſe of refuſal, taking a Conſtable, to force Entrance, and to ſell the ſaid Coals at the prices ſet, as aforeſaid, rendring the Money to the Owner, Charges deducted.

This Act to continue for 3 years, and to the end of the next Seſſion of Parliament.

No perſon ſued by virtue of this Act, ſhall be ſued upon any other for the ſame Offence; and if any Action be proſecuted for any thing done by colour hereof, the Defendant may plead the General Iſſue, and give the Special Matter in Evidence, and if the Verdict be found for him, or the Plaintiff become Nonſuit, he ſhall recover his Damages and double Coſts.

No Perſon having any Intereſt in a Wharf, uſed for Coals, or Trading in Coals in his own or any others name, or engroſſing the ſame, in order to ſell them, ſhall intermeddle in the ſetting the price of Coals.

## Continuance.

I. Stat. 4. & 5. *W.* & *M. cap.* 24. Entituled, *An Act for Providing Carriages by Land and by Water for the uſe of His Majeſties Navy and Ordnance*, ſhall be in force for Seven years from the 13*th* day of *February* 1692. and from thence to the end of the Firſt Seſſion of Parliament then next enſuing.

II. An Act, Entituled, *An Act for encouraging of Coynage*, made in the 18*th* Year of King *Charles.* 2. And another Act made in the 25*th* Year of the ſame King, Entituled, *An Act for continuing a former Act concerning Coynage*, ſhall be in force from the 13*th* Day of *February* 1692. and to the end of the Firſt Seſſion of Parliament then next enſuing.

III. An Act made in the 22*th* and 23*th* Years of the Reign of the ſame King, Entituled, *An Act for the better and more certain recovery of Fines and Forfeitures due to His Majeſty*, ſhall be in force, and is hereby made perpetual.

IV. All Officers, to whom it belongeth to make returns of Eſtreats into the Court of Exchequer, ſhall upon the delivery in of all and every ſuch Eſtreat and Eſtreats, take this Oath, *viz.*

*You ſhall Swear that theſe Eſtrates now by you delivered, are*

*are truly and carefully made up and examined, and that all Fines, Iſſues, Amerciaments, Recognizances, and Forfeitures, which were Set, Loſt, Impoſed, or Forfeited, and in right and due courſe of Law ought to be eſtreated into the Court of Exchequer, are to the beſt of your Knowledge and underſtanding therein contained: And that in the ſame Eſtreats are alſo contained and expreſſed all ſuch Fines as have been paid into the Court from which the ſaid Eſtreats are made, without any wilful or fraudulent Diſcharge, Omiſſion, Miſnomer or Defect whatſoever.*

So help you God.

Which Oath any of the Barons of the Exchequer ſhall Adminiſter.

V. An Act made in the 22*th* and 23*th* Year of the ſame King, Entituled, *An Act to prevent the Planting of Tobacco in* England, *and for Regulating the Plantation Trade*, ſhall be in full force for Seven Years from the ſaid 13*th* Day of *February*, 1692. and from thence to the end of the next Seſſion of Parliament.

VI. An Act made in the 15*th* Year of the ſame King, Entituled, *An Act for Aſſigning Orders in the Exchequer*, ſhall be in force for Seven years from the ſaid 13*th* Day of *February*, 1692. and from thence to the end of the next Seſſion of Parliament.

VII. Whereas an Act made in the 22*th* and 23*th* years of the ſame King, Entituled, *An Act to revive an Act, Entituled, An Act to prevent the diſturbance of Seamen and others, and to preſerve the Stores belonging to His Majeſties Navy Royal*, with ſome Alterations and Additions, was by an Act made in the 1*ſt* Year of the Reign of the late K. *James*, Enacted, to be in force for Seven years, and from thence to the end of the 1*ſt* Seſſion of the next Parliament; The ſaid laſt mentioned Act ſhall be continued for Seven years from the ſaid 13*th* of *February*, 1692. and from thence to the end of the next Seſſion of Parliament.

VIII. An Act made in the 22*d* and 23*d* of the ſaid K. *C.* 2. Entituled, *An Act to prevent Frauds in the buying and ſelling of Cattle in* Smithfield, *and elſewhere*, together with a Proviſo in an Act made the 1*ſt* year of the late K. *James* for the Reviving and Continuance thereof, *That the ſaid Act ſhould not extend to Saleſmen or Factors employed by Farmers or Feeders*, ſhall be in force for Seven years from the 13*th* of *February*, 1692. and from thence to the end of the next Seſſion of Parliament.

IX. An Act made in the 1*ſt* year of Their Majeſties Reign, Entituled, *An Act for the better preventing the Exportation of Wooll, and encouraging the Woollen Manufacture of this Kingdom*, (except ſuch part thereof as relates to the free Exportation of the Woollen Manufacture) ſhall be in force for Three years from the ſaid 13*th* day of *February*, 1692. and from thence to the end of the next Seſſion of Parliament.

X Provided that no Wooll ſhall be Imported from *Ireland* into

into the Port of *Exeter*, any thing in this or any former Act to the contrary notwithſtanding.

XI. An Act made the 13*th* and 14*th* years of the late King *Charles* 2. Entituled, *An Act for the better relief of the Poor of this Kingdom*, as to all Parts (other then what relates to the Corporations thereby Conſtituted) ſhall be in force for Seven years from the ſaid 12*th* of *February*, 1692. and from thence to the end of the next Seſſion of Parliament.

XII. An Act made in the 30*th* year of the late K. *Charles* 2. Entituled, *An Act to enable Creditors to recover their Debts of the Executors and Adminiſtrators of Executors in their own wrong*, ſhall be perpetual.

XIII. And further, Executors and Adminiſtrators of Executors, or Adminiſtrators of Right, who ſhall waſte or convert to their own Uſe, the Goods or Eſtate of his Teſtator or Inteſtate, ſhall be chargeable, as their Teſtator or Inteſtate ſhould or might have been.

XIV. If any Woman hath been or ſhall be Convicted of any Felony, for which a Man might have the Benefit of Clergy, and hath once had, or ſhall have the Benefit of an Act made at the laſt Seſſion of this preſent Parliament, Entituled, *An Act to take away Clergy from ſome Offenders, and to bring others to puniſhment*, and ſhall be again Convicted of any other Felony, ſuch Woman ſhall be totally excluded from having any other benefit of the ſaid Act.

XV. The ſaid laſt mentioned Act to continue for Three years from the ſaid 12*th* of *February*, 1692. and from thence to the end of the next Seſſion of Parliament.

XVI. An Act made in the 13*th* and 14*th* years of the Reign of the late King *Charles* 2. Entituled, *An Act for preventing abuſes in Printing Seditious, Treaſonable and unlicenſed Books and Pamphlets, and for regulating Printing and Printing Preſſes*, ſhall be in force for One year from the 13*th* of *February* 1692. and from thence to the end of the next Seſſion of Parliament.

XVII. All Jurors (other then Strangers upon Tryals *per medietatem linguæ*) return'd upon Tryal of Iſſues joyn'd in the *Kings-Bench*, *Common-Pleas* or *Exchequer*, or before Juſtices of *Aſſize*, or *Niſi prius*, *Oyer* and *Terminer*, Goal-delivery, or General Quarter-Seſſions of the Peace, after the 1*ſt* Day of *May* 1693. within any County of *England*, ſhall have in their own Name, or in Truſt for them, within the ſame County, 10 *l.* a year at leaſt, above Reprizes, of Free-hold or Coppy-hold Lands, or of Lands in ancient Demeſne, or in Rents, in Fee-ſimple, or Fee-tail, or for their own or ſome other Perſons Life. And in every County of *Wales*, ſuch Jurors ſhall have 6 *l.* a year at leaſt, as aforeſaid. All which Perſons having ſuch Eſtates, are hereby made liable to ſerve, as aforeſaid. If any be return'd of leſſer Eſtate, it ſhall be good cauſe of Challenge, and the Party return'd ſhall be diſcharged upon ſuch Challenge, or upon his own Oath.

Oath. Nor ſhall any Jury-man's Iſſues, making default, be ſaved, but by ſpecial Order of the Court, or Judges, for ſome reaſonable Cauſe proved upon Oath: And the *Ven. fac.* for Impannelling Juries in *England*, ſhall run thus; *viz.*

*Rex, &c. præcipimus, &c. quod Ven. fac. coram, &c. duodecim liberos & legales homines de vicineto de A, quor' quilibet habeat decem Librat. terræ, tenementor' vel reddit' per annum ad minus, per quos, &c. & qui nec, &c.*

and the reſidue after the ancient manner, and the Writs for Returning Juries in *Wales*, ſhall be in like manner, altering only the Word *decem* for *ſex*. And Sheriffs, Coroners, and other Miniſters returning in any ſuch Pannel any Perſon, not having 10 *l.* or 6 *d.* reſpectively by the Year, as aforeſaid, ſhall forfeit for every ſuch Perſon ſo Returned, the Sum of Five Pounds to Their Majeſties.

XVIII. No Sheriff or Bayliff of any Liberty, or their Miniſters, ſhall return any ſuch Perſons to have been Summoned by them, unleſs they ſhall have been Summoned Six days at leaſt before the Day on which they ought to make their Appearance; nor ſhall take any Reward to excuſe the Appearance of any Juror Summoned or Return'd, on Pain to Forfeit for every ſuch Offence 10 *l.* to Their Majeſties.

XIX. Saving to all Cities, Boroughs and Towns Corporate their ancient Uſage of returning Jurors, in ſuch manner as hath been accuſtomed.

XX. Provided that it ſhall be Lawful to Return Perſons upon the *Tales* in any County within *England*, who ſhall have 5 *l.* a year, above Reprizes, and within *Wales* 3 *l.* a year.

XXI No Fee or Reward ſhall be taken by any Perſon whatſoever, upon the Account of any *Tales* return'd, upon Pain to Forfeit 10 *l.* for every ſuch Offence, the one Moity to the Proſecutor, and the other to Their Majeſties.

XXII. No Writ *de non ponendis in Aſſiſis & Juratis* ſhall be granted, unleſs upon Oath made that the Suggeſtions are true.

XXIII. So much of this Act as relates to the returning of Jurors, to be in force for Three years from the 1ſt of *May* 1693. and from thence to the end of the next Seſſion of Parliament.

## Com.

I. Stat. 1 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* I. *cap.* 12. When Malt or Barley, *Wincheſter* Meaſure, ſhall be at 24 *s. per* Quarter, or under; Rye at 32 *s. per* Quarter, or under; and Wheat at 48 *s. per* Quarter, or under, in any Port of this Kingdom or *Wales*; Merchants and others, who ſhall put on Ship-board in *Engliſh* Shiping, the Maſter and Two thirds of the Mariners, being Their Majeſties Subjects,

Subjects, any sorts of the Corn aforesaid, to Export the same beyond Sea, shall bring Certificates under their Hands, containing the quantity and quality of the Corn shipped, to the Persons appointed to Collect the Customs in any such Port, and upon Proof made of such Certificate by one or more Credible Persons upon Oath, and upon Bond given by such Merchant or other Person, in 200 *l.* for every hundred Tuns of Corn so shipped, and so proportionably, that the said Corn, dangers of the Seas excepted, shall be Exported into Parts beyond the Sea, and not be landed in *England*, *Wales*, *Guernsey*, *Jersey* or *Berwick*, shall receive from the Persons appointed to Collect the Customs, as aforesaid, for every Quarter of Barley or Malt, ground or unground 2 *s.* 6 *d.* for every Quarter of Rye, 3 *s.* 6 *d.* for every Quarter of Wheat 5 *s.* and shall pay no Custom, nor any Fee or Reward for Corn so laden to be Exported. And upon Certificate under the Common Seal of the Chief Magistrate in any Place beyond Sea, or under the Hand and Seals of Two known *English* Merchants upon the Place, that such Corn was there Landed, or upon Proof by Credible Persons, that such Corn was taken by Enemies, or Perished at Sea, the Examination and Proof thereof being left to the Receivers of the Customs, the Bond shall be delivered up to be Cancelled: And the Moneys so paid shall be allowed, as paid to Their Majesties.

## Courts.

I. Stat. 1 *W.* & *M. Sess.* 1. *cap.* 27. Whereas by a Statute made in the 34*th* and 35*th* years of the Reign of King *H.* 8. Entituled, *An Act for certain Ordinances in the King's Majesties Dominion and Principality of* Wales, It is Enacted, That there shall be and remain a President and Council in the said Dominion and Principality of *Wales*, and the Matches of the same, with all Officers, Clerks and Incidents thereunto, in Manner and Form as hath been heretofore used and accustomed; Which President and Council shall have Power and Authority to Hear and Determine by their Wisdoms and Discretions, such Causes or Matters as be, or hereafter shall be, Assign'd to them by the King's Majesty, as heretofore hath been accustomed and used; Be it Enacted, that the said Clause be Repealed, and that the said Court before the President and Council be dissolved and taken away.

II The Justices of the Great Sessions in *Wales*, shall yearly Nominate Three Persons for each Shire in their Circuits, to be Sheriffs of the same, and certifie the same to the Lords of the Privy Council *Crastino animarum*, that Their Majesties may appoint one of them to be Sheriff for that year.

III. Errors in Pleas personal within *Wales* shall be redressed by Writ of Error, as Errors in Pleas real and mixt are appointed to be redrest by the said *Statute* of 34 and 35 of King *H* 8.

IV. Judgments

IV. Judgments and Decrees paſſed in the ſaid Court before the 1ſt Day of *June* 1689. ſhall remain in force and execution upon them in the ſame State in which they were before the making this Act.

## Crown-Office.

I. Stat. 4 & 5 *W.* & *M. cap.* 22. No Corporations, Lords of Manors or others, having Grants by Charter or other good Conveyances, who have Inrolled and had the ſame allowed by the Court of King's-Bench, ſhall be compelled to Plead the ſame to any Inquiſition returned by any Coroner. And if any Corporations, Lords of Manors or others, have or ſhall have ſuch Grants from the Crown for Felons Goods, Deodands and other Forfeitures, they ſhall not be compelled to enrol their whole Charters or Grants, but ſuch part thereof as may expreſs the Grants of ſuch Felons Goods, Deodands and Forfeitures and no more; for doing whereof the Clerk of the Crown ſhall receive 20 *s.* for his Fee, and no more; and from and after ſuch Enrolment, they ſhall not be compelled to Plead the ſame to any inquiſition.

II. If any Clerk of the Crown ſhall hereafter iſſue out any Proceſs againſt ſuch Grantees, after ſuch Enrolment, he ſhall forfeit for every ſuch Offence to the Party grieved, the Sum of 5. *l.*

III. But the Clerk of the Crown ſhall incur no Penalty mentioned in this Act, for iſſuing Proceſs againſt any perſons, who ſhall not upon every purchaſe of the Title of ſuch Felons Goods, *&c.* Inrol and Plead the ſaid Purchaſe in the ſaid Court, nor againſt any Deviſee, who ſhall not Enrol or Plead ſuch Deviſe, nor againſt any Heir, who ſhall not Inrol his or her Right by deſcent, and till after ſuch Pleas have been allowed of by the ſaid Court, nor where by any Inqueſt of any Coroner the Goods of any Felon or Felons or Deodands, ſhall not be found to be in the Hands of ſuch Purchaſer, Deviſee or Heir.

IV. Upon iſſuing of any Exigent for any Criminal Matter, before Conviction, there ſhall iſſue a Writ of Proclamation, bearing the ſame *Teſte* and Rerurn, to the Sheriff of the County, City or Town where the perſons in the Record of the ſaid Proceedings are mentioned to inhabit, according to the form of the Statute made *Anno.* 31 *Eliz.* which Writ ſhall be delivered to the Sheriff Three Months before the return thereof.

V. This Act to continue for Three years from the 25*th* Day of *March* 1693. and to the end of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

# Customs.

I. Stat. 1 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 2. *cap.* 6. After the 29*th* Day of *September* 1689. ſo much of every Act of Parliament, as requires the Levying the Duties ariſing by thoſe Acts, by way of Exciſe, upon Coffee, Chocolate and Tea, ſhall ceaſe and determine, and is hereby Repealed.

II. And be it farther Enacted, that after the 25*th* Day of *December* 1689. the Duties and Charges hereafter mentioned, ſhall be Collected and Received at the Cuſtom-houſe upon Coffee-berries, Tea in the Leaf, and Cacao-nuts, and upon Chocolate ready made, and according to the Proportions herein after mentioned, beſides what is now payable for the ſame at the Cuſtom-houſe, *viz.* Upon every 100 Weight of Coffee Imported, containing One hundred and twelve pound 5 *l.* 12 *s.* Upon every 100 Weight of Cacao Nuts, containing as aforeſaid, 8 *l.* 8 *s.* Upon every pound weight of Tea, 5 *s.* and upon every pound Weight of Chocolate, 5 *s.* and ſo proportionably.

III. If any of the ſaid Commodities ſhall be unſhipt or laid on Land, the Duties not paid, or lawfully tendred to the Collector or his Deputy, with the conſent and agreement of the Comptroller and Surveyor there, nor agreed with for the ſame in the Cuſtom-houſe, they ſhall be forfeited, the one Moiety to Their Majeſties, the other to the Informer. This Act to continue for Five years and no longer.

IV. Merchants and others having paid the Duties and Impoſitions by this Act appointed, who ſhall within Six Months after Importation, again tranſport the ſaid Goods or any part thereof, ſhall be repaid Two thirds of the Duties by them paid, of ſo much of the ſaid Goods, as they ſhall export.

V. It ſhall be lawful to Import Nutmegs, Cinnamon, Cloves and Mace, in any *Engliſh* Ships (One third part of the Mariners whereof to be *Engliſh*) from any parts beyond the Seas, paying double the Sums the ſame are charged with in the Book of Rates; ſo as notice be firſt given to the Commiſſioners or Farmers of the Cuſtoms of the Quality and Quantity thereof, with the Name of the Ship and Maſter, and the place where they intend to Import the ſame, and taking a Licence under their Hands, or of any Three of them, for the Lading and Importing thereof, as aforeſaid; which Licence ſhall be given without Fee or Reward.

I. Stat. 1. *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 1. *cap.* 4. The Commons aſſembled in Parliament, do hereby Give and Grant to your Majeſties the Subſidy of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Sums of Money Granted to the late K. *Charles* 2. in the Twelfth year of his Reign, by an Act, Entituled, *A Subſidy granted to the King of Tonnage and Poundage*, &c. according to the Rates therein mention'd, and the Rules and Orders thereunto annexed, (other then ſuch concerning

cerning which it is otherwiſe provided by any Act made in the laſt Parliament) and pray that it may be Enacted, and be it Enacted, that the ſaid Subſidy and other Sums of Money be paid to Their Majeſties for Four years, from the 24*th* Day of *December* 1690. and that the aforeſaid Act, and an Order of the Houſe of Commons, made in purſuance of the Rules and Orders annexed thereunto, for ſettling Officers Fees, Dated the 17 of *May* 1662. and Signed by Sir *Edward Turnor*, then Speaker, ſhall be of force during the ſaid Four years.

VII. An Act made in the 12*th* year of the ſaid K. *Charles* 2. Entituled, *An Act to prevent Frauds and Concealments of His Majeſties Cuſtoms and Subſidies*; and an Act made in the 14*th* year of his Reign, Entituled, *An Act for preventing Frauds, and regulating Abuſes in His Majeſties Cuſtoms*; and an Act made in the 22*d* year of His Reign, Entituled, *An Act for Improvement of Tillage and the breed of Battel*, and another Act made in the 25*th* year of His Reign, Entituled, *An Act for taking off Aliens Duties upon Commodities of the Growth, Product and Manufacture of the Nation*, and another Act made in the ſaid 25*th* year of his Reign, Entituled, *An Act for the encouragement of the* Greenland *and* Eaſt-land *Trades, and for the better ſecuring the Plantation Trade*, and one other Act made in the Firſt year of the late King *James* 2. Entituled, *An additional Act for the Improvement of Tillage*, ſhall be in force during the ſaid Term of Four years.

VIII. Nothing herein ſhall be Conſtrued to determine any Clauſes in the ſaid Acts, which were intended to be perpetual.

IX. It ſhall be lawful for any perſons to advance upon the Credit of this Act any Sums of Money, not exceeding 500000 *l.* in the whole, at the Intereſt for ſuch Money as ſhall be lent before the 10*th* of *June* 1690. of 8 *l. per Cent.* and for Money lent after, 7 *l. per Cent.*

X. After the Firſt Day of *Novemb.* 1690. during the continuance of this Act, there ſhall be continued within *London* an Office for the Receipt of the Subſidies and other Sums hereby Granted, into which all ſuch Moneys ſhall be paid, of which the Receiver General ſhall ſeparate and keep apart Three parts (the whole in Four to be divided) which ſhall remain from time to time, after Payments made thereout, by virtue of any Laws now in force upon Debentures for Goods Reſhipt, or Corn Exported, or diſcounts upon Bonds, and of Allowances for dammaged Goods and Bills of Portage; and the Comptroller General of the Cuſtoms, ſhall keep a diſtinct Account of the ſaid Three parts; to which Accounts all Perſons concern'd may have free Acceſs, without Fees; and the Receivers ſhall weekly on *Wedneſday*, unleſs it be a Holy-day, and then the Day after that is not a Holy-day, pay the ſaid Three parts into the Receipt of the Exchequer, apart from other Moneys.

XI. And there ſhall be provided in the Exchequer in the Of-

fice of the Auditor of the Receipts, one Book, in which ſuch Moneys ſhall be Entred apart, and all Perſons Lending Money upon the Credit of this Act, ſhall have a Tally of Loan Struck, and an Order for Repayment, bearing Date with the Tally, In which Order there ſhall be a Warrant for Payment of Intereſt, according to the Rates aforeſaid, to be Paid every Three Months: ſuch Orders to be Regiſtred in Courſe without preference, and all Perſons ſhall be paid in Courſe as their Orders ſtand Entred; and the ſaid Money ſhall not be divertible to any other Uſe, Intent or Purpoſe. And if the Receiver General, do not pay in the ſaid Moneys as aforeſaid, or miſapply any Part thereof, he ſhall forfeit his Office, and be uncapable of any Office or Place of Truſt, and ſhall pay the Value of the Sums miſapplied to him that will ſue for the ſame. No Fee, Reward or Gratuity ſhall be demanded or taken, for providing or making any ſuch Regiſters, Entries, View or Search in or for Payment of Money Lent, or the Intereſt, by any of Their Majeſties Officers, their Clerks or Deputies, on pain of payment of treble Damages to the Party grieved, and Coſts of Suit; and the Officer taking or demanding any ſuch Fee, ſhall loſe his Place; and if any undue preference be made in point of Regiſtry or Payment, the Party offending ſhall be liable by Action of Debt or of the Caſe, to pay the Value of the Debt, Damages and Coſts to the party grieved, and ſhall be forejudged his Place, if an Officer, and if a Deputy or Clerk, ſhall be for ever uncapable of it. And if the Auditor ſhall not direct the Order, or the Clerk of the Pells Record, or the Teller make Payment, according to each Perſons Order, they ſhall be adjudged to forfeit, and their Deputies and Clerks herein offending, to be liable to ſuch Action, Damages and Coſts, as aforeſaid: All which Penalties and Forfeitures to be Recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, *&c.*

XII. If ſeveral Tallies of Loan or Orders for Payment bear Date, or be brought the ſame day, it ſhall be no undue preference which is Entred Firſt, ſo all be entred the ſame Day. Nor ſhall it be any undue preference to direct, record, and pay ſubſequent Orders of Perſons that come and demand their Money, and bring their Orders, before others that do not come to demand theirs, ſo as there be ſo much Money left as will ſatisfie precedent Orders (Intereſt upon Loan being to ceaſe from the time that the Money is kept in Bank for them.)

XIII. Moneys due by Virtue of this Act, after Order Entred in the Regiſter, may by Endorſement be transferr'd, and the Aſſignee may in like manner Aſſign *toties quoties*: but ſuch Endorſement muſt be notified in the Office of the Auditor of the Receipt, and an Entry or *Memorandum* made thereof in the Book of the Regiſter for Orders.

XIV. That

XIV. Stat. 2. *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 2. *cap.* 4. There ſhall be paid to Their Majeſties and Their Succeſſors, for the ſeveral Merchandizes hereafter mentioned, over and above the Duties already impoſed, the farther Duties following, *viz.*

XV. For Calicoes and other *Indian* Linen, and for wrought Silks, and other Manufactures of *India* and *China* (Except Indigo) imported between the 25*th* of *Decemb.* 1690. and the 10*th* of *Novemb.* 1695. 20 *l.* for every 100 *l.* value; and for wrought Silks imported within that time, from any other place, 10 *l.* for every 100 *l.* value; and for Raw-Silks imported within that time from *China* or the *Eaſt-Indies*, 5 *l.* for every 100 *l.* value.

XVI. For all Linen imported within that time from places whence it may be imported (other then Linen of the Manufacture of the *Spaniſh Netherlands* or *united Provinces*, not Exceeding an Engl. Ell and half quarter in breadth) one Moiety above what is already impoſed: And for Linen of the Manufacture of the *Spaniſh Netherlands* or *united Provinces*, of the breadth of 2 Ells or upwards, and under 3 Ells, as much more as is now charged; and of the breadth of 3 Ells or upwards, treble as much as is now charged.

XVII. For Deal-Timber, and all other Wood imported within that time from any part of *Europe*, except *Ireland*, 10 *l.* for every 100 *l.* value, above what is now charged.

XVIII. For every Tun of Hemp-Seed, or other Seed-Oyl imported within that time, 8 *l.* and ſo proportionably for greater or leſſer quantities.

XIX. For every hundred Weight of Hops, containing 112 pounds, imported within that time, 20 *s.* above what is now charged, and ſo in proportion.

XX. For every 100 Weight of Pepper, containing 112 pounds, 28 *s.* above the charge in the Book of Rates, and ſo in proportion, one third part to be paid down, and Bond to be given for the payment of the Remainder at Twelve Months end, or elſe to diſcount 10 *per Cent.* for preſent payment.

XXI. For every 100 *l.* value of Grocery Wares and Drugs (other then Pepper, Liquorice, Currans, Sugar, Tobacco, Mace, Cinnamon, Nutmegs and Cloves) 10 *l.* For every 100 pound of Currans, 5 *l.* above the charge in the Book of Rates, and ſo in proportion.

XXII. For every Tun of Iron (except Buſhel Iron) imported in any other Veſſel then Engliſh built, and whereof the Maſter and three Fourths of the Mariners are Engliſh, 33 *s.* And for every Tun of ſuch Iron imported in Veſſels Engliſh built, and ſo navigated, 23 *s.* and ſo in proportion.

XXIII. For Foreign Iron-Wire (except Card-Wire, and Wire ſmaller then Fine and Superfine, and Wooll-Cards, and other Wares made of Iron-Wire) for every 100 Weight, containing 112 pounds, 22 *s.* 6 *d.* and ſo in proportion: Which

ſorts of Iron-Wire (except, as aforeſaid) it ſhall be lawful to import during the time aforeſaid. For Steel-Wire imported, 14 *s.* for every 100 Weight, containing, as aforeſaid. For every Iron Pot, and Iron Kettle imported, 1 *s.* 3 *d.* For every ſmall Back for Chimneys, 1 *s.* 2 *d.* for every large Back, 2 *s.* 4 *d.* for every 100 weight of Rod-Iron, containing 112 pound, 5 *s.* and ſo in proportion: for every 100 weight of Frying-pans, containing as aforeſaid, 4 *s.* and ſo in proportion: for every 100 weight of Steel, containing as aforeſaid, 5 *s.* 6 *d.* and ſo in proportion: for every 100 weight of Anvils, containing as aforeſaid, 9 *s.* 3 *d.* and ſo in proportion: for every hundred of ſingle white or black Plates, 4 *s.* 4 *d.* and ſo in proportion: For every hundred of double white or black Plates, 8 *s.* 8 *d.* and ſo in proportion: for every Harneſs-plate, or Iron double, 1 *s.* 4 *d.* for every 100 weight of Iron drawn or hammered, leſs then three quarters of an Inch ſquare, and all other Iron Ware manufactured, containing as aforeſaid, 5 *s.* Provided that no manufactured Iron Ware hereby charged to pay by the Piece or Hundred weight, ſhall be liable to pay by the Tun. And for every 100 weight of Braſs, Latten, or Copper-Wire, containing as aforeſaid, 15 *s.* and ſo in proportion.

XXIV. For every Laſt of Hemp-ſeed, Cole-ſeed, and Rape-ſeed, 4 *l.*

XXV. For all Yarn of Flax or Hemp, other then Cable-Yarn, an additional Duty of as much as is now charged in the Book of Rates; for evey 100 weight of Cable-Yarn, 5 *s.* and ſo in proportion.

XXVI. For all manufactures of Glaſs (except *Rheniſh* and *Muſcovia* Window-glaſs) 3 *s.* for every 20 *s.* value above what is already charged.

XXVII. For every 100 weight of Moloſſes, containing as aforeſaid, imported from any other place then the *Engliſh* Plantations in *America*, 8 *s.*

XXVIII. For every 100 weight of Tallow, containing as aforeſaid, 5 *s.* and ſo in proportion: for every 100 weight of Tallow-Candles, containing as aforeſaid, 10 *s.* and ſo in proportion.

XXIX. For every pound of Bever-wooll cut and comb'd (except Wooll comb'd in *Ruſſia*, and imported thence in Engliſh Veſſels) 15 *s.*

XXX. For every Barrel of Pot-aſhes, containing 200 weight neat, 8 *s.* and ſo in proportion.

XXXI. For every 100 weight of Cordage ready wrought, containing as aforeſaid, 5 *s.* and ſo in proportion.

XXXII. For every Tun of Olive-Oyl imported, 4 *s.* and ſo in proportion.

XXXIII. For every Ream of Royal Paper, 2 *s.* of Blue Paper, Demy Paper, and painted Paper, 1 *s.* 6 *d.* for every Bundle of Brown Paper, 2 *d.* and for all other Paper, as much more as is now charged in the Book of Rates.

XXXIV.

XXXIV. For every 100 weight of Liquorice, containing 112 pounds, 18 *s.* and ſo in proportion: for every ſuch 100 weight of Liquorice Powder, 1 *l.* 17 *s.* 4 *d.* for every pound weight of Juice of Liquorice, 1 *s.* and ſo in proportion.

XXXV. For every 100 weight of *Barilla* or *Saphora*, containing 112 pound, 2 *s.* 6 *d.* and ſo in proportion.

XXXVI. For every 100 weight of Sope, containing as aforeſaid, 10 *s.* and ſo in proportion.

XXXVII. For all Earthen Ware, not mentioned in the Book of Rates, 2 *s.* 6 *d.* for every 20 *s.* value.

XXXVIII. For every 100 weight of Starch, containing, *ut ſupra*, 20 *s.* and ſo in proportion.

XXXIX. For every 100 weight of Allom, containing, *ut ſupra*, 2 *s.* 6 *d.* and ſo in proportion.

XL. For every 100 weight of Brimſtone, containing, *ut ſupra*, 4 *s.* 8 *d.* and ſo in proportion.

XLI. For every 100 weight of Tin, containing, *ut ſupra*, 30 *s.* and ſo in proportion.

XLII. Where any Duties upon Goods and Merchandize hereby granted, are to be levied according to the value, the value ſhall be taken according to the Books of Rates, if ſuch Goods are particularly there rated; if not, the value ſhall be taken by the Importers Oath; the Duties hereby impoſed, not to be reckon'd into the value.

XLIII. For all additional Duties hereby impoſed, the Importer giving ſecurity, ſhall have 12 Months time (where the ſame is not otherwiſe limited) for payment thereof by four quarterly payments; or upon preſent payment ſhall have 10 *l. per Cent.* abated him: And if ſuch Goods or Merchandize be again exported within a Twelve Month, the additional Duty ſhall be repaid, and Security vacated.

XLIV. The Duties hereby impoſed, ſhall not affect ſuch foreign Stores as have been ſold for the uſe of the Navy, by Contract with the Navy-board, or Commiſſioners for the victualling, before the 15*th* day of *November* 1690.

XLV. The Duties hereby impoſed, ſhall be raiſed, collected and paid in manner and form, and by ſuch Rules, and under ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures as are mentioned in the Act of Tonnage and Poundage, *Anno* 12 *Car.* 2. and the Rules and Orders thereunto annexed.

XLVI. Any perſons may advance Money to Their Majeſties upon the Security of this Act, at 8 *l. per Cent.* for forbearance, and no more.

XLVII. All Moneys that ſhall be paid into the Exchequer by virtue of this Act, ſhall be regiſtred apart and diſtinct from all other Moneys payable upon any other Branch of the Revenue. And they that lend Money on the Credit of this Act, ſhall have Tallies of Loan ſtruck for the ſame, and Orders for repayment,

bearing date with their Tallies; in which Orders there ſhall be Warrants for payment of Intereſt at the Rate of 8 *l. per Cent. per Annum*, to be paid every Three Months; ſuch Orders to be regiſtred in courſe, without preference: And all perſons ſhall be paid in courſe according as their Orders ſtand entred. No Fee, Reward, or Gratuity ſhall be taken for providing or making any ſuch Regiſters, Entries, View or Search in or for payment of Money lent, or the Intereſt, by any of Their Majeſties Officers, their Clerks or Deputies, on pain of payment of treble Damages to the Party grieved, with Coſts of Suit; and the Officer demanding any ſuch Fee, ſhall loſe his place. And if any undue preference be made in point of Regiſtry or Payment, the Party offending ſhall be liable by Action of Debt, or of the Caſe, to pay the value of the Debt, Damages and Coſts to the Party grieved, and ſhall be fore-judged his Place or Office.

XLVIII. If ſeveral Tallies of Loan, or Orders for payment, bear date, or be brought the ſame day to the Auditor of the Receipt, it ſhall be no undue preference which he enters firſt, ſo he enters all the ſame day.

XLIX. Nor ſhall it be interpreted any undue preference, if the Auditor direct, and the Clerk of the Pells record, and Tellers pay ſubſequent Orders of perſons that come and demand their money, and bring their Orders, before others that do not come to demand theirs, ſo as there be ſo much money left as will ſatisfie precedent Orders.

L. Moneys due by virtue of this Act, After Order entred in the Regiſter, may by Endorſement of the Order, be aſſigned and transferred; and the Aſſignee may in like manner aſſign, and ſo *toties quoties*: But ſuch Endorſement muſt be notified in the Office of the Auditor of Receipt, and an Entry or *Memorandum* made thereof in the Book of Regiſter for Orders.

LI. Stat. 2. *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 2. *cap* 5. The ſeveral Impoſitions and Duties upon Wines and Vinegar, granted by an Act made in the 1*ſt* year of the late King *James* II. ſhall be continued from the 23*th* of *June*. 1693. until the 24*th* of *June*, 1696. and the ſaid Act, and all Clauſes therein, ſhall be of force until the ſaid 24*th* of *June*, 1696.

LII. And the Rates and Duties for all ſorts of Tobacco granted by an Act made in the 1*ſt* year of the ſaid K. *James*, ſhall be continued in like manner: And the ſaid laſt mentioned Act ſhall be of force till then.

LIII. Provided that this Act ſhall not extend to repeal or alter an Act made in the 1*ſt* year of Their Majeſties Reign, Entituled, *An Act for prohibiting all Trade and Commerce with* France.

LIV. It ſhall be lawful to advance, as well upon the ſecurity of this Act, as upon the ſecurity of the ſaid two former Acts, from and after the payment of the Sum of 600000 *l.* to the

States

*States General* of the *united Provinces*) any Sum or Sums of Money at the Intereſt of 8 *l. per Cent.*

LV. All Monies, *&c.* as in Paragraph 47.

LVI. If ſeveral Tallies, *&c.* as in Paragraph 48.

LVII. Nor ſhall it be, *&c.* as in Paragraph 49.

LVIII. Moneys due, *&c.* as in Paragraph. 50.

LIX. Nothing in this Act ſhall extend to defeat or obſtruct the Proviſion made by an Act in the 1ſt year of Their Majeſties Reign, for payment of Wages due to the Servants of the late K. *Charles* II. in ſuch manner as by the ſaid Act is directed.

LX. Stat. 4 & 5 *W.* & *M. c.* 5. There ſhall be paid to Their Majeſties over and above the Duties already payable:

LXI. For every 100 *l.* value of Amber Beads imported after the 1ſt day of *March*, 1692. and before the 1ſt of *March*, 1696. 20 *l.* for Amber rough, 10 *l.* for every 100 *l.* value: for Amber-Oyl, 10 *l.* for every 100 *l.* value.

LXII. For Anchovies, the little Barrel not exceeding ſixteen pounds of Fiſh, for every 100 *l.* value, 5 *l.*

LXIII. For Wood, Weed, or Sope-Aſhes 6 *s.* the Laſt.

LXIV. For Barbers Aprons and Cheques, 8 *d.* the Piece.

LXV. For every 100 weight of Battery, Baſhrones or Kettles, containing 112 pounds, 5 *s.*

LXVI. For every ſuch 100 weight of Mettle prepared for Battery, 5 *s.*

LXVII. For every ſuch 100 weight of Books unbound, 4 *s.*

LXVIII. For Lamp-black, 20 *l.* for every 100 *l.* value.

LXXIX. For Boutel Reins, 10 *l.* for every 100 *l.* value.

LXX. For every Groſs of Bracelets or Neck laces of Glaſs, 2 *s.* 6 *d.*

LXXI. For Braſs wrought, 5 *l.* for every 100 *l.* value.

LXXII. For Buckrums, 5 *l.* for every 100 *l.* value.

LXXIII. For Hair-buttons, 10 *l.* for every 100 *l.* value.

LXXIV. For Briſtles dreſt and undreſt, 5 *l.* for every 100 *l.* value.

LXXV. For every pound of Bacon, 4 *d.*

LXXVI. For Calves Skins, 5 *l.* for every 100 *l.* value.

LXXVII. For Carpets, 5 *l.* for every 100 *l.* value.

LXXVIII. For every Groſs of Catlings and Luteſtrings, 18 *d.*

LXXIX. For Scotch Coals, 5 *l.* for every 100 *l.* value.

LXXX. For every 1000 of walking Canes, 25 *s.*

LXXXI. For Canes called Rattans, 5 *s.* the 1000.

LXXXII. For every 100 weight of Caſt-Copper, containing 112 pounds, 7 *s.* 6 *d.*

LXXXIII. For every 100 weight of Copper, part wrought or raiſed, containing 112 pounds, 12 *s.* 6 *d.*

LXXXIV. For every ſuch 100 weight of Copper fully wrought, 17 *s.* 6 *d.*

LXXXV. For Coral Beads, and all poliſh'd Coral, 20 *l.* for every 100 *l.* value.

LXXXVI.

LXXXVI. For all Manufactures of Cotton only (Except Dimity) not brought from *Eaſt-India* or *China*, 5 *l.* for every 100 *l.* value.

LXXXVII. For every 100 *l.* value of Couries, 10 *l.*

LXXXVIII. For Elephants Teeth, 10 *l.* for every 100 *l.* value.

LXXXIX. For Flax rough, 5 *l.* for every 100 *l.* value.

XC. For Flax dreſſed or wrought, 15 *l.* for every 100 *l.* value.

XCI. For every 100 *l.* value of Tow, 5 *l.*

XCII. For every Yard of Flannel, 2 *d.*

XCIII. For every Yard of Frieze, 3 *d.* 2 *q.*

XCIV. For every 100 *l.* value of Furs, 5 *l.*

XCV. For Gold and Silver Thread and Wire, 5 *l.* for every 100 *l.* value.

XCVI. For every pound of Goats Hair, called *Carmenia* Wooll, 4 *d.*

XCVII. For every pound of Goats Hair of any other ſort, 2 *d.*

XCVIII. For Hides of all ſorts, dreſt and underſt, except Buff and Loſh, 5 *l.* for every 100 *l.* value.

XCIX. For every Buff-hide, 2 *s.*

C. For every Loſh-hide, 1 *s.*

CI. For Hemp rough, 5 *l.* for every 100 *l.* value.

CII. For Jewels and pretious Stones, 20 *s.* for every 100 *l.* value, upon the Importer's Oath, in lieu of all Duties now payable for the ſame.

CIII. For every pound of Indico of foreign Plantation, not being of the Growth of any the Dominions or Plantations belonging to the Crown of *England*, 4 *d.*

CIV. For every pound of Indico of the Growth of our own Plantations, 2 *d.*

CV. For all Iron, Iron-pots, Kettles, *&c.* and all other Iron Wares imported from *Ireland*, the ſame Duties as are laid on Iron, and Iron Wares imported from any foreign Part, by an Act of the Second Year of Their Majeſties Reign, Entituled, *An Act for granting to Their Majeſties certain Impoſtions upon all* Eaſt-India *Goods and Manufactures*, &c.

CVI. For Latten ſhaven, black Latten and round Bottoms, 10 *l.* for every 100 *l.* value.

CVII. For Leather of all ſorts, 5 *l.* for every 100 *l.* value.

CVIII. For all Lime and Lemmon-Juice, 20 *l.* for every 100 *l.* value.

CIX. For Litmus, 5 *l.* for every 100 *l.* value.

CX. For all *Lapis Calaminaris*, 20 *s.* for every Tun.

CXI. For Madder, 5 *l.* for every 100 *l.* value.

CXII. For Orchal, 5 *l.* for every 100 *l.* value.

CXIII.

CXIII. For Pintadoes, not brought from *Eaſt-India* or *China*, 5 *l.* for every 100 *l.* value.

CXIV. For Pitch, not being of the Product of the Dominions or Plantations of the Crown of *England*, or *Scotland*, one Moiety more then is charged in the Book of Rates.

CXV. For all ſorts of Plate of Silver, gilt or ungilt, 5 *l.* for every 100 *l.* value.

CXVI. For Rice, 5 *l.* for every 100 *l.* value.

CXVII. For Roſin (except *French* Roſin) not being of the Product or Plantations belonging to the Crown of *England* or *Scotland*, 10 *l.* for every 100 *l.* value.

CXVIII. For every Weigh of Salt (except ſuch as ſhall be uſed in curing Fiſh) 5 *s.*

CXIX. For Silk thrown of all ſorts, in the Gum, 5 *l.* for every 100 *l.* value.

CXX. For every pound of Silk wrought, other then Alamodes and Luteſtrings, 2 *s.* more then the ſame is already charged in the Book of Rates, or by an Act in the Second year of Their Majeſties Reign, Entituled, *An Act for Granting to Their Majeſties certain Impoſitions upon all* Eaſt-India *Goods*, &c.

CXXI. For Silk-ferret or Floret, one Moiety more then the ſame is charged with in the Book of Rates.

CXXII. For Skins of all ſorts, 5 *l.* for every 100 *l.* value.

CXXIII. For all Tarr, not being of the Product of the Dominions or Plantations belonging to the Crown of *England* or *Scotland*, one Moiety more then is charged in the Book of Rates.

CXXIV. For Ticks and Tickings (except Scottiſh) 5 *l.* for every 100 *l.* value.

CXXV. For every dozen pounds of Thread Outnel, 4 *s.*

CXXVI. For all Tapiſtry and Dornix (except ſuch as are manufactured in, or brought from the *French* Kings Dominions) 10 *l.* for every 100 *l.* value.

CXXVII. For unwrought Inkle, one Moiety more then what is now paid for the ſame.

CXXVIII. For all Pan-tiles, 8 *s.* the 1000.

CXXIX. For Dying-wood (except Red Wood from *Guinea*, Drugs and Logwood) 5 *l.* for every 100 *l.* value.

CXXX. For Bees-wax, 5 *l.* for every 100 *l.* value.

CXXXI. For every Tun of *French* Wine, 8 *l.* above all Duties already charged.

CXXXII. Upon all *French* Goods and Merchandize (except Wine, Brandy, Salt and Vinegar) 25 *l.* for every 100 *l.* value.

CXXXIII. For Alamodes and Luteſtrings, 15 *l.* for every 100 *l.* value.

CXXXIV. For Latten, Braſs, or Copper-wire, 6 *s.* 6 *d.* the 100 Weight, containing 112 pounds.

CXXXV. For Goods not particularly rated in the Book of Rates,

Rates, paying Duty at value, 5 *l.* for every 100 *l.* value, upon the Importer's Oath, according to the Direction of the Book of Rates (except ſuch Goods as are particularly charged by this Act, or an Act of this Parliament, Entituled, *An Act for Granting to Their Majeſties certain Impoſitions upon all* Eaſt-India *Goods*, &c.

CXXXVI. For every Gallon of Strong Water, *Aqua vitæ*, or Brandy, commonly called Single Brandy, to be paid by the Importer, before landing, 2 *s.* above the Duties at any time before the Second year of Their Majeſties Reign, payable for the ſame.

CXXXVII. For every Gallon of Strong Waters, Spirits or Brandy, above Proof, called Double Brandy, to be paid as aforeſaid, 4 *s.*

CXXXVIII. Two Clauſes in an Act made the Second year of Their Majeſties Reign, Entituled, *An Act for Granting to Their Majeſties ſeveral Additional Duties upon Beer, Ale and other Liquors, for Four Years*, &c. concerning Single Brandy, Spirits, or *Aqua vitæ*, and Brandy, Spirits or *Aqua vitæ* above Proof, ſhall from the 1*ſt* day of *March*, 1692. be repealed.

CXXXIX. The Rates and Impoſitions hereby impoſed, to be raiſed (except where it is otherwiſe hereby directed) according to the Act of Tonnage and Poundage, and the Directions thereunto annexed, or any other Laws now in force relating to the Cuſtoms.

CXL. The ſeveral Rates and Duties upon Single and Double Brandy, ſhall be levied according to the Directions of an Act made in the 12*th* year of K. *Charles* II. Entituled, *An Act for taking away the Court of Wards and Liveries*, &c. and of another Act in the 15*th* year of His Reign, Entituled, *An Additional Act for the better Ordering and Collecting the Duty of Exciſe*, &c. or of any other Law in force relating to the Exciſe.

CXLI. The Importers giving Security at the Cuſtom-houſe, ſhall have a Twelve Months time for paying the Additional Duties hereby impoſed by 4 quarterly Payments; and for ready Money ſhall have 10 *l. per Cent.* abated: And if ſuch Goods be again exported within a Twelve Month by any Merchant *Engliſh*, or within 9 Months by Strangers, the Duty ſhall be repaid, or the Security vacated, for what ſhall be exported, all Brandy excepted.

CXLII. The Duties hereby charged upon Amber-Beads, Amber rough, Coral-Beads, and poliſhed Coral, and all Couries, to be repaid to the Merchant exporting the ſame, within 3 years after the Importation thereof.

CXLIII. No Brandy ſhall be imported in any Veſſel not containing 60 Gallons at the leaſt, on pain of forfeiting the ſame, or the Value, one half to Their Majeſties, and the other half to the Informer.

CXLIV. The Officers concerned in levying the Duties ariſing by this Act, ſhall keep a ſeparate Account thereof, and pay the ſame

ſame *in ſpecie* into the Exchequer weekly; and upon neglect or refuſal, ſhall forfeit their Places.

CXLV. During the continuance of the ſaid Act, Entituled, *An Act for Granting to Their Majeſties certain Impoſitions upon all* Eaſt-India *Goods*, &c. the Sum of 5 *l.* only ſhall be paid for every 100 *l.* Value of Raiſins above the Rates thereon charged in the Book of Rates, and 50 *s.* for every 100 *l.* Value of Currans above the Rates in the Book of Rates (any thing in the ſaid Act to the contrary notwithſtanding) the ſame to be Collected, as by the ſaid Act is directed.

CXLVI. No piece of Calico Imported during the continuance of the ſaid laſt recited Act, of the breadth of One yard and a quarter, ſhall exceed in length Ten yards; and no Piece above that breadth ſhall exceed Six yards; and Pieces exceeding thoſe lengths, ſhall be Rated according to the length of Ten yards, and Six yards for each Piece, and pay in that proportion according to the Sum rated in the Book of Rates, and the Subſidy and additional Duty ſhall be Collected and Paid according to that Admeaſurement.

CXLVII. Linen of *Pruſſia*, *Polonia*, or any part of the Eaſt Countrey (except *Ruſſia*) above the breadth of three quarters and half a quarter of a yard, ſhall pay as broad *Germany* Linen, and whited Hinderlands from the ſame Countries, under that breadth, ſhall pay as narrow Eaſt Countrey Linen.

CXLVIII. During the continuance of an Act made in the Firſt year of Their Majeſties Reign, Entituled, *An Act for charging and Collecting the Duties upon Coffee*, &c. *at the Cuſtom-houſe*, there ſhall be paid to Their Majeſties for every 100 Weight of Coffee Imported 56 *s.* and no more; and for every Pound of Cocao Nuts Imported from any of our own Plantations 6 *d.* and no more, and from any other Countries 8 *d.* and for every pound of Tea, Imported from whence it Lawfully may, 1 *s.* and no more; and for every pound of Chocolate 1 *s.* and no more; any thing in the ſaid recited Act to the contrary notwithſtanding.

CLXIX. The Duties hereby charged upon Coffee, Cocao Nuts, Tea and Chocolate, to be paid over and above the Duties Charged upon them in the Book of Rates.

CL. No Foreign Alamodes and Luteſtrings ſhall be Imported after the 25 day of *March* 1693. but upon notice firſt given to the Commiſſioners or Farmers of the Cuſtoms, of the Quality and Quantity, Marks, Numbers and Package thereof, with the Name of the Ship and Maſter, and the Place where they intend to import the ſame, and taking a licence from the ſaid Commiſſioners or Farmers or any Three of them, for the Lading and Importing thereof; which Licence ſhall be Granted without Fee; the ſaid Goods Imported without ſuch Notice and Licence ſhall be Forfeited, one Moiety to Their Majeſties, and the other Moiety to him that will ſeize or ſue for the ſame.

CLI. Officers

CLI. Officers of the Customs for passing any Debenture for Repayment of the Duties to be paid back on Exportation, according to this or any other Act, shall only receive such Fees as were payable for Debentures, for the Repayment of the half Subsidy, according to the Book of Rates, and no more; nor shall any Fee be taken for any Oath to be Administred at the Custom-house upon this Act.

CLII. The Act made in the 3d Year of Their Majesties Reign, Entituled, *An Act for Granting to Their Majesties certain Impositions upon Beer, Ale, and other Liquors for one year*, so far as it relates to Elections of Members to serve in Parliament, and leaving true Notes in Writing of the last Gauges, with the Penalties relating thereunto, shall from the First Day of *March* next be revived, and continue during the continuance of this Act, and from thence to the End of the next Session of Parliament.

CLIII. It shall be Lawful to Lend and Advance to Their Majesties upon the Credit of this Act, any Sum or Sums not exceeding in the whole 510000 *l.* and to receive for forbearance 8 *l. per Cent. per Annum.*

CLIV. Officers concerned in Levying the Duties arising by this Act, shall keep a separate account thereof, and pay the same *in specie* into the Exchequer every *Wednesday*, unless it be a Holyday, and then the day after; and upon neglect or refusal shall incur the Penalties, *&c.* that other Officers of the Exchequer before mentioned shall be liable to; which Moneys shall be applied to the Uses mentioned in this Act.

CLV. Out of the Money which shall be paid into the Exchequer upon Loan or otherwise, by Virtue of this or any other Act of this Session of Parliament, for Granting Aids and Supplies, *&c.* (other then an Act, Entituled, *An Act for Granting to Their Majesties an Aid of Four Shillings in the Pound*, &c.) the Sum of 1226516 *l.* shall be Appropriated for the payment of Officers and Seamen, and for Stores, Provisions and Victuals for the Navy, and to the Expences of the Ordnance in respect to Naval Affairs, and other necessary Uses for the Navy. And if any Officer belonging to the Revenue, Exchequer, Navy or Ordnance, wittingly divert any Part of the Money hereby Appropriated to any other purpose, he shall lose his Place, and be disabled to execute any Office whatsoever.

CLVI. The additional Duties imposed by this Act, shall not affect such Foreign Stores, as have been sold to the use of the Navy, by Contract with the Navy-board before the First of *January* 1692. so as a Certificate be given by the Commissioners of the Navy, that such Stores have been so Contracted for; and so as the Importer make Oath of the Truth of the Contract, and that he will deliver them into their Majesties Stores accordingly.

CLVII. Commissioners and Patent-Officers, their Deputies, Clerks and Servants, who have or shall have any Imployment about the Customs, shall before the 19*th* Day of *April* next, or at their admissions hereafter, take their Oaths for the true Execution to the best of their Knowledge and Power, of their several Trusts and Employments, and that they will take no Reward or Gratuity but their respective Salaries, and what is or shall be allow'd them by the Crown, or the Regular Fees Established by Law for any Service done, or to be done in the Execution of their Employments.

CLVIII. Stat. 4 & 5 *W.* & *M. cap.* 15. The several Impositions and Duties upon Wines and Vinegar, Granted by an Act made the First year of the late King *James* 2*d*, Entituled, *An Act for Granting His Majesty an Imposition upon all Wines, and Vinegar Imported between the* 24th *of* June 1685. and *the* 24th *of* June 1693. Which by an Act of this present Parliament was continued from the said 24*th* of *June* 1693. to the 24*th* of *June* 1696. shall be farther continued until the 24*th* of *June* 1698.

CLIX. The Rates, Duties and Impositions for Tobacco Granted by an Act in the 1*st* Year of the Reign of the said late King *James* 2*d*, Entituled, *An Act for Granting to His Majesty an Imposition upon all Tobacco and Sugar Imported between the* 24th *day of* June 1685. *and the* 24th *day of* June 1693. which said Act (as concerning Impositions upon Tobacco only) by an Act of this present Parliament, was farther continued unto the 24*th* day of *June* 1696. shall be continued from the said 24*th* day of *June* 1696. to the 24*th* of *June* 1698.

CLX. The Additional and other Impositions and Duties upon several sorts of Goods and Merchandize, Granted by an Act of this present Parliament in the Second year of Their Majesties Reign, Entituled, *An Act for Granting to Their Majesties certain Impositions upon all* East-India *Goods and Manufactures, and upon all wrought Silks*, &c. *to be Imported after the* 25th *day of* Decemb. 1690. and which were to have continuance to the 10*th* day of *Novemb.* 1695. shall be continued from the 9*th* day of *November* 1695. to the 10*th* day of *November* 1697.

CLXI. Any Persons may advance Moneys upon the Security of this Act, not exceeding in the whole 500000. *l.* and to have any Sum for forbearance, not exceeding 8 *l. per Cent. per Annum.*

CLXII. There shall likewise be paid to Their Majesties 5 *l.* for every 100 *l.* of the Joynt-Stock of the *East-India* Company, the said Stock being valued at 744000 *l.* The same to be paid by the Governour and Treasurer of the Company by Four Quarterly Payments, the First on the 25 of *March* 1693. and to be deducted upon the next Dividend.

CLXIII. And

CLXIII. And for every Share in the Joynt-Stock of the *African* Company, as the Number of Shares are now reckoned, there ſhall be paid to Their Majeſties the Sum of 20 *s.* by the Governour and Treaſurer of that Company by Four Quarterly Payments, the Firſt to be made on the ſaid 25*th* of *March* 1693. and to be deducted as aforeſaid.

CLXIV. And for every Share in the Joynt-Stock of the *Hudſon's-Bay* Company, as the number of Shares are now reckon'd, there ſhall be paid the Sum of 5 *l.* by the Governour and Treaſurer of that Company *ut ſupra*. And for default of Payment at the Days and Times aforeſaid, the Charter of ſuch Company reſpectively ſhall be void.

CLXV. From and after the Sixth Day of April 1693. none ſhall be admitted to ſwear to a *Debanture* for any Duties to be drawn back upon Re-exportation, but he who is the true Exporter, as being either Intereſted in the Goods, or Employed by Commiſſion.

CLXVI. All Perſons who by way of Inſurance or otherwiſe, ſhall undertake to deliver any Goods Imported from beyond Sea, without paying the Duties payable for the ſame, or any Prohibited Goods, and ſhall deliver, or cauſe to be delivered the ſame as aforeſaid, knowing thereof, and all their Abbettors, ſhall for every ſuch offence forfeit 500 *l.* above the Forfeitures to which they are already liable.

CLXVII. And all who ſhall agree to pay any Money for the Inſuring or Conveying any Goods Imported, without paying the Duties, or any Prohibited Goods, or ſhall receive ſuch prohibited Gods, or ſuch other Goods, before the Duties are paid, knowing thereof, ſhall alſo Forfeit for every offence 500 *l.* the one Moiety of the ſaid Forfeitures to Their Majeſties, and the other to the Informer.

CLXVIII. And if the Inſurer or Manager of ſuch Fraud be the Diſcoverer, he ſhall not only keep the Inſurance Money given him, and be diſcharged of the Penalties to which he is liable, but ſhall have one half of the Penalties impoſed upon the Parties making ſuch Inſurance or Receiving the Goods, as aforeſaid; and in Caſe no Diſcovery be made by the Inſurer, and the Party Inſured ſhall make diſcovery thereof, he ſhall recover back his *Præmium*, and have One Moiety of the Forfeitures impoſed upon the Inſurer, and be diſcharged of the Impoſed upon himſelf.

CLXIX. The ſaid Penalties and Forfeitures to be Recoverable according to the Courſe of the Court of Exchequer, as other Penalties in like Caſes are Recoverable.

CLXX. No Penalty hereby inflicted to be recoverable, unleſs preſented within Twelve Months after the Fact Committed.

CLXXI. All Duties whatſoever that ſhall accrue to Their Majeſties at the Cuſtom-houſe after the 25*th* day of *March* 1693.

for

for Prize-Goods, ſhall be applied entirely to the Credit of an Act of Parliament, made this Seſſion. Entituled, *An Act for Granting to Their Majeſties certain Additional Impoſitions upon ſeveral Goods and Merchandize, for the Proſecuting the preſent War againſt* France, Any other Act to the contrary notwithſtanding.

## Deer-Stealers.

I. STat. 3. & 4. *W.* & *M. cap.* 10. If any Perſons ſhall unlawfully Courſe, Hunt, Take in Toyles, Kill, Wound, or take away any Red or Fallow Deer in any Foreſt, Chaſe, Purlieu, Paddock, Wood, Park or other Ground incloſed, where Deer are or ſhall be uſually kept, without the conſent of the Owner, or Perſon entruſted with the Cuſtody thereof, or be aiding therein, and ſhall be Convicted by Confeſſion, or the Oath of one Witneſs before a Juſtice of Peace of the County where the Offence ſhall be Committed, or the Party Apprehended, within a Twelve-month after the Offence done, they ſhall Forfeit for every ſuch Offence 20 *l.* and for every Deer wounded, taken or killed 30 *l.* to be Levied by Diſtreſs and Sale of Goods, by Warrant from the Juſtice before whom the Conviction ſhall be made; the One third Part to the Informer, the other third Part to the Poor of the Pariſh, where the Offence ſhall be Committed; and the other third to the Owner of the Deer. And for want of a Diſtreſs, they ſhall be Impriſoned a year, and ſet in the Pillory an hour, on ſome Market-Day, in the Town next adjoyning to the Place where the Offence was Committed, by the Chief Officer of ſuch Market Town, or his under Officers.

II. Conſtables, Head-boroughs and Tythingmen, by a Juſtices Warrant, may Enter and Search, as for Stolen Goods, the Houſes and other Places of ſuſpected Perſons; and if any Veniſon or Skins of Deer or Toyles be found, ſhall carry ſuch Offender before a Juſtice of Peace; and if he do not give a good Account how he came by them, and in ſome convenient time produce the Party of whom he bought them, or prove ſuch Sale upon Oath, he ſhall be Convicted of ſuch Offence, and be ſubject to the Penalties hereby inflicted for killing a Deer.

III. The Conſtable or other Officer or Perſons proſecuting may detain ſuch Offenders in Cuſtody, if they do not preſently pay the Moneys due by the Conviction, till a Return may be made of the Warrant for Diſtreſs, ſuch Detainer not exceeding Two days.

IV. Owners of any ſuch Deer, or any acting under them, may reſiſt ſuch Offenders, and be Indemnified, as if ſuch Fact had been Committed in an ancient Chaſe or Park;

V. No *Certiorari* ſhall be allowed to remove any Conviction or other proceeding upon this Act, unleſs the Party Convicted ſhall before it be Allowed, become bound to the Proſecutors in 50 *l.* with Sureties to be approved by the ſaid Juſtice, to pay within a Month after the Conviction confirm'd, or a *procedendo* Granted, their full Coſts to be aſcertain'd upon Oath.

VI. No Offender Puniſhed by Virtue of this Act, ſhall incur the Penalty of any other Law for the ſame Offence.

VII. Perſons proſecuted for any thing done in purſuance of this Act, may Plead the general Iſſue, and give the ſpecial Matter in Evidence.

VIII. If any Perſon ſhall in the night time pull down or deſtroy or cauſe to be pull'd down or deſtroyed the Pails or Walls of any Park, Foreſt, *&c.* or other Ground incloſed, where Red or Fallow-Deer ſhall be kept, ſuch Perſons being Convicted by Oath of one Witneſs before a Juſtice of Peace, ſhall by ſuch Juſtices Warrant ſuffer Impriſonment for Three Months.

## Diſtreſſes.

I. 8 *Gar.* 2. *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 1. *cap.* 5. After the Firſt Day of *June* 1690. where any Goods or Chattels ſhall be diſtrained for Rent, reſerved and due upon any Demiſe, Leaſe or Contract, and the Tenant or Owner of the Goods ſhall not within Five days after ſuch Diſtreſs and Notice thereof (with the cauſe of ſuch taking) left at the Manſion-houſe, or other moſt notorious Place of the Premiſſes charged with the Rent, Replevy the ſame, the Perſon diſtraining may with the Sheriff or Under-Sheriff of the County, or with the Conſtable of the Hundred, Pariſh or Place where, *&c.* who are hereby required to aſſiſt, cauſe the Diſtreſs to be appraiſed by Two ſworn Appraiſers (whom ſuch Sheriff, *&c.* ſhall ſwear to Appraiſe them truly, according to the beſt of their Underſtanding, and after ſuch Appraiſement may Sell the ſame, towards the ſatisfaction of the Rent, and the Charges of the Diſtreſs and Appraiſement, leaving the Overplus, if any be, in the hands of the ſaid Sheriff, *&c.* for the Owners Uſe.

II. It ſhall be Lawful to Diſtrain for Rent arrear, as aforeſaid, any Sheaves or Cocks of Corn, or Corn looſe or in the Straw, or Hay in any Barn or Granary, or upon any Hovel, Stack or Rick or otherwiſe; and to lock up and detain the ſame in the Place where it ſhall be found, till it be Replevied, as aforeſaid; and in default thereof, within the time aforeſaid, to Sell the ſame after Appraiſement, as aforeſaid; ſo nevertheleſs that it be not removed to the damage of the Owner, but kept where it ſhall be found and ſeiz'd, as Impounded, till it be Replevied, or Sold.

III. Upon any Pound-breach or Reſcous of Goods Diſtrained for

for Rent, the Person grieved shall have a special Action upon the Case, and Recover treble Damages and Costs of Suit, against the Offenders, or against the Owners of the Goods, if they come to his Use or Possession.

IV. If any such Distress and Sale, as aforesaid, shall be made, where there is no Rent due, the Owner of the Goods Distrained, may by Action of Trespass, or upon the Case against the Persons distraining, Recover double the Value of the Goods Distrained, with full Costs of Suit.

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## Excise.

I. STat. 1. *W.* & *M. Sess.* 1. *cap.* 24. From the 24*th* day of *July* 1689. there shall be paid to Their Majesties for Three years, for Beer, Ale, Cyder and other Liquors herein after mentioned, by way of Excise, over and above the Duties already Charged; That is to say, For every Barrel of Beer or Ale, above 6 *s.* price, 9 *d.* For every Barrel of Beer or Ale of 6 *s.* or under, 3 *d.* For every Barrel of Vinegar or Vinegar-Beer, made of *English* Materials, 1 *s.* 6 *d.* For every Barrel of Vinegar, or Liquor prepared for Vinegar, made for Sale of Foreign Materials, 4 *s.* For every Barrel of Beer, Ale or Mum, Imported, 3 *s.* For every Tun of Cyder or Perry Imported 4 *l.* For every Gallon of Single Brandy, Spirits or *Aqua vitæ* Imported, 2 *s.* For every Gallon of Brandy Spirits or *Aqua vitæ* above Proof, Imported, 4 *s.* For all Cyder and Perry made and sold by Retail, to be paid by the Retailer, for every Hogshead, 1 *s.* and 3*d.* For Metheglin and Mead made for Sale, to be paid by the Maker, for every Gallon 3 *d.*

II. If any Distiller or Maker of Low Wines, shall after the 20*th* Day of *July* 1689. after an Account taken by the Gauger of the Quantity of his Wines, dispose of the same, without drawing them off a second time, he shall Forfeit for every Gallon so disposed of, 5 *s.*

III. The Duties hereby Imposed, shall be Raised in Manner and Form, and under such Penalties as are mentioned in one Act of Parliament, made in the 12*th* year of the Reign of the late King *Charles* 2*d*, Entituled, *An Act for taking away the Court of Wards and Liveries*, &c. and by one other Act made in the 15*th* year of the said King's Reign, Entituled, *An Additional Act for the better Ordering and Collecting the Duties of Excise*, &c. or by any other Law now in force relating to the Excise, not otherwise herein and hereby altered and provided against.

IV. Every Thirty four Gallons of Beer or Ale, according to the Standard of the Ale-Quart, Four whereof shall make the Gallon, shall be reckon'd a Barrel of Beer or Ale. And the Allowances, appointed to be made within the Weekly Bills of Mor-

tality, for waste, by filling and leakage, shall be Two Barrels and a half upon every Twenty three Barrels, and no more.

V. When it shall appear to the Gauger, that any Worts are missing, or not let fairly down into the Tun, and the Gauger cannot find the same, the Gauger shall charge the Brewer, *&c.* with so much Beer or Ale as the Worts missing would reasonably make.

VI. Gaugers may make their Returns and Charges upon warm Worts, and make Allowance of a Tenth part thereof for Wash and Waste, such Worts not to be afterwards charged with any Duty of Excise.

VII. No Retailer of Beer or Ale, shall, during the continuance of this Act, or of the Duties hereby imposed, be impleaded for uttering Beer or Ale at any higher Prices then the Prices heretofore appointed.

VIII. In case any Distiller or Maker of Strong Waters, *Aquæ vitæ*, or Spirits, shall upon request or demand made by the Gauger in the Day-time or the Night-time, in the presence of a Constable, refuse to permit the Gauger to enter his House, *&c.* he shall incur the Penalties by the said former Acts inflicted, and the Prosecutor shall not be obliged to prove, that such Offenders delivered out part of their Commodities, before they had cleared the Duties.

IX. Whereas it is Enacted by the said Act of the 15*th* of K. *Charles* II. That no common Brewer shall be prosecuted for any Misentry, if within one Week after the delivery of the Copy of the Gauger's Return, he certifie his Entry made for the Week, for which such Copy is delivered, according to such Return, or otherwise discharge himself: Be it Enacted, That no Brewer shall have any benefit of that Proviso, upon any Information, if it shall appear upon Evidence, that he did not *bona fide*, shew to the Gauger all the Beer, Ale, and Worts of every Guile for such time for which such Copy of the Return was given: Or, if any apparent Fraud was acted to defraud Their Majesties of Their Duty.

X. Common Brewers and Retailers of Beer and Ale, who, contrary to the said Act made in the 15*th* year of K. *Charles* II. shall use any private Cellar, *&c.* shall forfeit 50 *l.* for every such Offence, and for mixing, concealing, or conveying away any Worts, contrary to the said Act, shall forfeit 20 *l.* a Barrel.

XI. True Notes in Writing of the last Gauges taken, shall be left by the Gaugers, with all Brewers, *&c.* containing the Quantity and Quality of the Liquors gauged, on pain to forfeit 40 *s.* for every Neglect.

XII. The Commissioners of Excise or Appeals, or Justices of Peace, upon Complaint made to them on behalf of the Brewers, *&c.* of any Overcharge return'd by the Gaugers, shall hear and determine the same, and examine Witnesses upon Oath, on both sides.

XIII. For

XIII. For the ease of the Inhabitants in the County of *Anglesey*, living remote from the Market-Town, there shall be Offices kept for making Entries and Payments, in *Holy-head*, *Newborough* and *Llanerchthmeth*, as well as in *Beaumaris*.

XIV. No Commissioner, or other Person employed about the Excise, shall demand or receive any Money or other Reward from any Person but Their Majesties, on Pain to forfeit their Offices, and being uncapable of executing any Office in the Excise.

XV. No Information shall be brought against any Brewer or other, for any Misentry made after the 24*th* day of *July*, 1689. but within 3 Months after the Offence committed; and notice thereof shall be given to the Defendants in Writing, or left at their Dwelling-houses within a Week after the Information entred.

XVI. From the 15*th* day of *September*, 1689. no Brewer or Retailer of Beer or Ale, shall use in working any Beer or Ale, any Molossus, course Sugar, Hony, or Composition or Extract of Sugar, on Pain to forfeit all such Liquors, and the Sum of 100 *l.* one Moiety to Their Majesties, and the other to the Informer; so as the Suit be commenced within 6 Months after the Forfeiture incurred.

XVII. When Malt or Barley shall be at 24 *s.* a Quarter or under, and Rye at 32 *s.* or under, and Wheat at 48 *s.* or under in *Berwick*, Merchants and others who shall export the same in *English* Shipping, the Master and two Thirds of the Mariners at least being *English*, and shall pursue the Methods and Things prescribed in that behalf in an Act made this Session, Entituled, *An Act for the Encouraging the Exportation of Corn*, shall have the benefit and Advantage of the said Act, as if the said Corn had been shipp'd from any Port of *England* or *Wales*.

XVIII. If any Merchant or other Person put on Ship-board any *Scotch* Corn at *Berwick*, it shall be forfeited, one Third part to Their Majesties, another Third part to the Informer, and a Third part to the Poor of the Town of *Berwick*.

XIX. Stat. 2. *W.* & *M. Sess.* 1. *cap.* 3. The several Rates, Duties, and Impositions upon Beer, Ale, Cyder, and other Liquors mentioned in an Act of Parliament made in the 12*th* year of the Reign of K. *Charles* II. Entituled, *A Grant of certain Impositions upon Beer, Ale, and other Liquors, for the Encrease of His Majesties Revenue during His Life* (except such of them concerning which it is otherwise provided by any Act of the last Parliament) shall be paid to Their Majesties during Their Lives, and the Life of the longer Liver of Them, in such Manner, and by such Rules, and under such Penalties, as are directed by the said Act, and by another Act in the 15*th* year of the said late Kings Reign, Entituled, *An Additional Act for the better Ordering and Collecting the Duty of Excise, and preventing Abuses therein*; or any other Law now in force relating to the Excise.

XX. And whereas Their Majesties are pleased that the Duties and Impositions hereby granted, shall be a Fond of Credit for the raising a Sum not exceeding 250000 *l.* Be it Enacted, That if Their Majesties should die before the 24*th* day of *December*, 1693. the said several Duties and Impositions shall continue to be paid until the said 24*th* day of *December* subject to, and chargeable with the Sum to be borrow'd, as aforesaid.

XXI. Any Persons may advance Money upon the Credit of this Act, not exceeding 250000 *l.* in the whole, at Interest for Money lent before the 10*th* of *June*, of 8 *l. per Cent.* and for Money lent after, 7 *l. per Cent.*

XXII. After the 1*st* day of *Novemb.* 1650. till the said 24*th* day of *Decemb.* 1693. the Commissioners of Excise shall separate and keep apart 3 Parts (the whole in 4 Parts to be divided) of the moneys arising by this Act: And the Auditor and Comptroller of the Excise shall keep a distinct Account of the said 3 Parts, to which Persons concerned, may have access without Fee; and the Commissioners and Governours of the Excise shall pay the same weekly into the Exchequer every *Wednesday*, if it be not a Holy-day, and then the next day after that is not a Holy-day, distinct from other moneys.

XXIII. And there shall be provided in the Exchequer, in the Office of the Auditor of the Receipts, one Book, in which such moneys shall be entred apart, and all Persons lending money upon the Credit of this Act, shall have a Tally of Loan struck, and an Order for repayment, bearing date with the Tally, in which shall be a Warrant for payment of Interest according to the Rates aforesaid, to be paid every Three Months, such Orders to be registred in course, without Preference; and all Persons shall be paid in course, as their Orders stand entred, and the said money not to be divertible to any other Use or Purpose; and if the Commissioners or Governours of the Excise, do not pay in the said moneys, as aforesaid, or misapply any Part thereof, they shall forfeit their Offices, and be uncapable of any Office or Place of Trust, and pay the full Value of the Sum misapplied, to him that will sue for the same. No Fee, Reward, or Gratuity shall be demanded or taken for providing or making any such Registers, Entries, View or Search in or for payment of money lent, or the Interest, by any of Their Majesties Officers, their Clerks or Deputies, on Pain of Payment of Treble Damages to the Party grieved, and Costs of Suit; and the Officer taking such Fee, *&c.* shall lose his Place: And if any undue Preference be made in point of Registry or Payment, the Party offending shall be liable by Action of Debt, or of the Case, to pay the value of the Debt, Damages and Costs to the Party grieved, and shall be forejudged his Place, if an Officer, if a Deputy or Clerk only, he shall for ever after be uncapable thereof: And in case the Auditor shall not direct the Order, or the Clerk of the Pells record, or the Teller make

payment,

payment, according to each Persons Order, they shall be adjudged to forfeit, and their Deputies and Clerks offending, to be liable to such Action, Damages and Costs as aforesaid. All which Penalties and Forfeitures to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, *&c.*

XXIV. If several Tallies of Loan, or Orders for payment, bear date, or be brought the same day, it shall be no undue Preference which is entred first, so as all be entred the same day. Nor shall it be any undue Preference to direct, order and pay subsequent Orders of Persons that come and demand their moneys, and bring their Orders, before others that do not come to demand theirs, so as there be so much money left as will satisfie precedent Orders (Interest upon Loan being to cease, from the time that the money is kept in Bank for them.)

XXV. Moneys due by Virtue of this Act, after Order entred in the Register, may by Endorsement be transferr'd, and the Assignee may in like manner assign it *toties quoties:* but such Endorsement must be notified in the Office of the Auditor of the Receipt, and an Entry or *Memorandum* made thereof in the Book of the Register for Orders.

XXVI. Nevertheless, an Act made in the 1*st* year of the Reign of the late K. *James*, Entituled, *An Act for settling the Revenue on His Majesty for his Life, which was settled on His late Majesty for his Life*, is hereby repealed.

XXVII. Their Majesties by Letters Patents under the Great Seal, may grant to Princess *Anne* of *Denmark* the yearly Sum of 20000 *l.* to be issuing out of the Duties hereby granted, during Their Majesties Lives, and the Life of the Survivor of them (freed from the Loans by this Act to be made) payable quarterly at the Four most usual Feasts.

XXVIII. If the said Princess shall depart this life in the lifetime of Their Majesties, or either of them, Their Majesties may grant the said yearly Sum to the Prince of *Denmark*, and the Issue of the Princess respectively, in such proportions as Their Majesties shall think fit, to be paid quarterly.

XXIX. Stat. 2 *W.* & *M. Sess.* 2. *cap.* 3. *An Act for doubling the Duty of Excise upon Beer, Ale, and other Liquors during the space of one Year*, EXP.

XXX. Stat. 2 *W.* & *M. Sess.* 2. *cap.* 9. From the 24*th* day of *Decemb.* 1690. until the 25*th* day of *Decemb.* 1695. there shall be paid by way of Excise, for Low-wines or Spirits of the first Extraction, the Rates following, *viz.*

XXXI. For every Gallon of Low-wines drawn from Foreign or Imported Materials, 8 *d.*

XXXII. For every such Gallon drawn from *English* Materials, other then from Drink prepared from any sort of Malted Corn, or from Perry or Cyder, 12 *d.*

XXXIII. For every such Gallon drawn only from Drink brewed and made, or any sort of malted Corn, 1 *d.*

XXXIV. And for every such Gallon drawn from Cyder or Perry, 3 *d.*

XXXV. Such as make Low-wines, Spirits or Brandy from Corn, shall cause their Corn to be made into wholsom Drink, and from such drink, without any mixture, shall draw their Low-wines; and the Gaugers of Excise may gauge, and keep an Account of Liquors, Worts and Drink made for the making Low-wines, *&c.* and see that they be made from Drink made of malted Corn entirely: And if Distillers or others mix other Materials, the Gaugers shall charge the Low-wines drawn from Drink so mixed, with 12 *d.* a Gallon.

XXXVI. No Distillers or others drawing Low-wines or Spirits from Corn prepared, as aforesaid, shall prepare any wash from Molosses, or other Materials, from any other Person, until he has drawn off, and distilled all the Liquors made or prepared from Corn, as aforesaid, on pain to forfeit for every Barrel of such Liquors made of Corn, found undistilled, 5 *l.*

XXXVII. If any Gauger or other Officer of the Excise, shall wittingly make a false Charge, by returning any quantity of Low-wines not made from malted Corn, as made from malted Corn, he shall lose his Employment, and forfeit for every Gallon so falsly charged, 10 *s.*

XXXVIII. Distillers and others, upon Oath made before two Commissioners of Excise, or Justices of the Peace, That any Brandy or Strong waters intended to be Exported, was drawn from Drink brewed from malted Corn, without any mixture, and that the same is not mix'd with any Low-wines, nor drawn a second time, nor with any other Spirits or Brandy made from any other Materials, and that the Duties of the same are entred and paid, and that the same are Exported for Merchandise, may Export such Spirits or Brandy; and upon a Certificate from the Officer of Excise for the Place, where they were shipt off, of the quantity, and the same were shipt in the presence of such Officers, such Exporter shall be paid by the Commissioners for such Port or Place, 3 *d.* for every Gallon shipt off.

XXXIX. The Gaugers shall take an Account of all Wash and other Materials prepared for making Low-wines, and of all Low-wines, Spirits and Strong-waters found in the Houses, *&c.* or in any Wash-back, Cask, or other Vessel used by any Maker of Low-wines or Spirits; and if they miss any Liquor brewed, which they found gauged the last time they were there, not exceeding 24 hours before, and shall not receive Satisfaction what is become of it, they shall charge the Distiller with so much Low-wines as such Liquor missing would have made.

XL. From the said 24*th* day of *Decemb.* no Maker of Low-wines, *&c.* shall set their Stills at work, or deliver or carry out any Low-

wines,

wines, *&c.* to their Customers in Cask, or by the Gallon, without Notice given to the Officer of Excise, for the Place where he lives; unless from the 29*th* day of *Septemb.* to the 25*th* of *March* yearly, between 5 in the Morning and 8 at Night; and from the 25*th* of *March* to the 29*th* of *Septemb.* between 3 in the Morning and 9 at Night, on pain to forfeit for every such Offence, 10*l.*

XLI. The Duties hereby Imposed, shall be levyed in such manner, and under such Penalties as are directed by an Act of Parliament made in the 12*th* year of K. *Charles* II. Entituled, *An Act for taking away the Court of Wards and Liveries*, &c. And by another Act in the 15*th* year of his Reign, Entituled, *An Additional Act for the better Ordering and Collecting the Duties of Excise, and Preventing the Abuses therein*; or by any other Law now in force, relating to the Excise.

XLII. Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures hereby imposed, shall be recovered as by any Law of Excise is directed, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information in any Their Majesties Courts of Record at *Westminster*, one Moiety to Their Majesties, and the other to the Prosecutor.

XLIII. Any Persons, during the continuance of this Act, may distil for Sale any Low-wines or Spirits from Drink brewed from malted Corn, only paying the Duties, and being subject to the Penalties as other Distillers.

XLIV. Strong-waters, Brandy, *Aqua vitæ*, or Spirits brought from *Guernsey*, *Jersey*, *Sark*, or *Alderney*, shall be charged with 8 *s.* a Gallon, to be paid to the Collector, upon Entry before landing; and other Exciseable Liquors brought from thence, except Beer, Ale, and Mum, shall be chargeable with the like Duties as are charged upon the like Liquors made in this Kingdom. And before the landing of any such Liquor, the Importer or owner shall make oath before the Collector, or principal Officer of the Customs of the Port where they are to be landed, That they are of the Growth and Manufacture of the said Islands, and not mix'd with any foreign Materials; and if they be Imported before due Entry, such Oath made, and the Duties paid, they shall be destroyed, and Persons concerned in their Importation, shall incur the Penalties mentioned in an Act made in the 1*st* year of Their Majesties Reign, Entituled, *An Act for prohibiting all Trade and Commerce with* France.

XLV. All Letters Patents made or to be made for the sole making of Brandy, *&c.* from Corn of any sorts, as a new Invention, are hereby declared void.

XLVI. Stat. 2 *W.* & *M. Sess.* 2. *cap.* 10. From the 17*th* day of *November*, 1691. there shall be paid during 4 Years for the Liquors hereafter-mentioned, over and above Impositions already set, as followeth, *viz.*

For a Barrel of Beer or Ale above 6 *s.* the Barrel, 1 *s.* 6 *d.*
For every such Barrel of 6 *s.* or under, 6 *d.*

For

For every Barrel of Vinegar or Vinegar-beer made with *English* Materials, 3 *s.*

For every Barrel of Vinegar, or Liquor prepared for Vinegar, made with Foreign Materials, 8 *s.*

For every barrel of Beer, Ale or Mum Imported, 6 *s.*

For every Tun of Cyder or Perry Imported, 8 *l.*

For every Gallon of Single Brandy, Spirits, or *Aqua vitæ* Imported, 4 *s.*

For every ſuch Gallon above Proof, Imported, 8 *s.*

For every Hogſhead of Cyder and Perry made and ſold by retail, 2 *s.* 6 *d.*

For all Metheglin and Mead made for ſale, 6 *d.* a Gallon.

XLVII. The ſaid Rates and Duties to be levied in ſuch manner, and under ſuch Penalties as are mentioned in an Act of Parliament made in the 1*ſt* year of Their Majeſties Reign, Entituled, *An Act for an Additional Duty of Exciſe upon Beer, Ale, and other Liquors*; or by any Law in force relating to the Exciſe.

XLVIII. Nothing in this Act ſhall be conſtrued to continue the Duties granted by an Act in the 1*ſt* year of Their Majeſties Reign, Entituled, *An Act for an Additional Duty of Exciſe*, &c. or any other Duties of Exciſe, for any longer time then they are granted by the ſaid Act or Acts.

XLIX. Victuallers, Retailers, or Common Brewers, who within a year before the 17*th* of *November* laſt, have not brewed their own Beer and Ale, may brew and make the Beer and Ale ſpent or ſold in their Houſes, *&c.* paying the Exciſe, and on their entring the ſame at the Exciſe-Office, and paying the Duty, they ſhall not be liable to the Penalty of 100 *l.* impoſed by an Act of this Parliament, Entituled, *An Act for doubling the Duty of Exciſe upon Beer, Ale, and other Liquors, for the ſpace of One Year.*

L. All Moneys which ſhall become payable to Their Majeſties by Virtue of the ſaid Act, Entituled, *An Act for an Additional Duty of Exciſe upon Beer, Ale, and other Liquors*, after the Sum of 600000 *l.* ſhall be paid to the *States General* of the *united Provinces*, and all moneys to be levied by Virtue of this Act, ſhall be applied to the Uſes following, *viz.* 570000 *l.* to the building and furniſhing 27 Ships of War, whereof 17 to be of the Third Rate, and to contain 1100 Tuns, and carry 80 Guns apiece; and 10 to be of the Fourth Rate, and to contain 900 Tuns, and carry 60 Guns apiece. The ſaid Ships to be built and furniſhed with all convenient Expedition, and the whole number to be compleat within 4 years from the 25*th* day of *March*, 1691.

LI. And that the ſaid Sum of 570000 *l.* may be applied accordingly, and Their Majeſties be enabled to borrow upon the Credit of this Act any Sum, not exceeding 100000 *l.* for the Uſes of the War, Be it Enacted, That after the payment of the ſaid 600000 *l.* to the *States General*, until the 18*th* day of *Novemb.*

1695.

1695. the Commissioners of Excise shall keep apart the Moneys arising by the said Act, Entituled, *An Act for an Additional Duty of Excise*, &c. and the Moneys arising by this Act; and the Auditor or Comptroller of the Excise, or their Deputies, shall keep a distinct Account of the said Moneys, to which all persons may have access without Fee; and the said Commissioners of Excise shall pay the said moneys weekly into the Receipt of the Exchequer, apart from other moneys.

LII. And the Officers of the Receipt of the Exchequer shall keep the moneys paid in by Virtue of this Act, or of the said former Act, and the Account thereof apart, and a particular Account of the building and furnishing the said Ships.

LIII. Out of the moneys so from time to time paid in, one third Part shall yearly be paid out towards the building and furnishing the said Ships; and the Commissioners of the Treasury shall sign no Warrant for issuing out any Part of the said third Part to any, but the Treasurer of the Navy, or Treasurer or Paymaster of the Ordnance, expressing therein that the same is for building and furnishing the said 27 Ships of War; nor shall the Auditor of the Receipt draw any Order for issuing any Part thereof otherwise then as aforesaid; nor shall he direct, or the Clerk of the Pells record, or the Teller pay any part thereof, by Virtue of any Warrant or Order, otherwise then as aforesaid.

LIV. The Treasurer of the Navy, and Treasurer or Paymaster of the Ordnance, may transfer any part thereof payable to them upon any Order, by Endorsement upon such Order; and such Assignee may assign *toties quoties*.

LV. The Treasurer of the Navy, and Treasurer or Paymaster of the Ordnance, shall keep such moneys apart, and issue the same by Warrant from the principal Officers and Commissioners of the Navy or Ordnance respectively, or any three or more of them, mentioning that it is for building and furnishing the said Ships. Nor shall the said principal Officers and Commissioners sign any Warrant for paying any of the said money to any other Use or Purpose.

LVI. Any Persons may lend moneys upon the Credit of two third Parts of the moneys to be brought in by Virtue of this Act, not exceeding 1000000 *l.* and have Interest at the rate of 7 *l. per Cent.*

LVII. And if the Commissioners or Governours of the Excise refuse or neglect to pay in the said moneys, as aforesaid, or misapply any part thereof; and if any Officer belonging to the Exchequer, Navy or Ordnance, shall offend against any Clause of this Act, or misapply any money contrary to the intent thereof, they shall lose their Places, and be disabled to execute any Office or Place of Trust, and shall pay the full Value of any Sum so misapplied, to any person who will sue for the same in any of Their Majesties Courts of Record at *Westminster*.

LVIII. And

LVIII. And no Stay of Profecution ſhall be admitted by any Court in any Proceeding for the Recovery of any the Penalties by this Act inflicted, or for, or in order to the Conviction or diſability of any perſon offending againſt this Act.

LIX. After the 25*th* Day of *December* 1690. during the continuance of the Act made this Seſſion, Entituled, *An Act for Granting to Their Majeſties certain Impoſitions upon all* Eaſt-India *Goods and Manufactures, and upon all wrought Silks*, &c. and of one other Act, Entituled, *An Act for the continuance of ſeveral former Acts therein mentioned, for the laying ſeveral Duties upon Wines, Vinegar and Tobacco*, there ſhall be within *London* an Office for the Receipt of the Moneys payable to Their Majeſties by virtue of the ſaid Acts; In which ſuch Moneys ſhall be paid to the Receivers General of the Cuſtoms, to be appointed by Their Majeſties; who ſhall keep apart the Moneys payable by virtue of the ſaid firſt mentioned Act, and ſhall likewiſe keep apart the Moneys payable by the ſaid Act next recited; which Moneys ſhall remain from time to time, after the Payments, which ſhall be made thereout by any Laws in force, upon Debentures for Goods that ſhall be Reſhipt, or for Corn Exported, or upon Diſcounts upon Bonds, and of ſuch Allowances of damaged Goods, and of Bills of Portage as have uſually been made. And the Comptroller General of the Accounts of the Cuſtoms, ſhall keep diſtinct Accounts of the ſaid reſpective Sums of Moneys; to which all Perſons may have reſort, without Fee; and the ſaid Receiver or Receivers General, ſhall weekly pay the ſame into the Receipt of the Exchequer, apart from other Moneys; and if they neglect ſo to do, or miſapply the ſame, they ſhall Forfeit their Office, and be incapable of any Place of Truſt, and ſhall Pay the value of the Sum miſapplied, to him that will Sue for the ſame.

LX. Out of the Money which ſhall be paid by virtue of this Act, into the Exchequer, 700000 *l.* ſhall be Appropriated to the Payment of Seamen, that ſhall ſerve in the Navy the Year, 1691. and to the building of Three Ships of the Third Rate, to contain each 1050 Tuns, and for providing them Furniture; and to the Paying for Stores and Victuals for the Navy, and to the Expence of the Office of Ordnance with reſpect to Naval Affairs, and to other neceſſary Uſes of the Navy in the Time aforeſaid. And out of all other Money that ſhall be Paid into the Exchequer upon Loan or otherwiſe, by virtue of this or any other Act of this Seſſion, for Granting Aids or Supplies for reducing *Ireland*, or Proſecuting the War againſt *France* (other then what is Appropriated by this Act, and the Act *For Granting an Aid to Their Majeſties of the Sum of* 751702 l. 18 s. for the Payment of Seamen, *&c.*) the Sum of 1500000 *l.* ſhall be Appropriated to the payment of the Land Forces, and other Charges relating thereunto. And all other Moneys payable into

to the Exchequer by virtue of any of the ſaid Acts, ſhall be Applyed to the Proſecution of the War againſt *France*, and Reducing of *Ireland*, and the Payment of Debts that ſhall be incurred by reaſon of the War.

LXI. The Three Ships afore-mentioned, to be built within a year from the Twentieth Day of *March* next.

LXII. Their Majeſties may uſe any Sum or Sums, not exceeding 500000 *l.* in the whole, Granted in this Seſſion, and not particularly Appropriated, ſo as it be Repaid and Applied to the Carrying on the preſent War, out of ſuch Moneys as ſhall ariſe from Their Maieſties Revenue, before the 24*th* Day of *March* 1691.

LXIII. Stat. 3. *W.* & *M. cap.* 1. *An Act for Granting to Their Majeſties certain Impoſitions upon Beer, Ale, and other Liquors for One Year*, EXP.

LXIV. Stat. 3. *W.* & *M. cap.* 15. No Corn Diſtiller or Maker of Low-wines, Spirits or Strong-waters for Sale, ſhall at any Time after the 1*ſt* Day of *March* 1691, Set up, Uſe or Alter any Tun, Caſk or other brewing Veſſel for brewing, or making any Worts, Waſh, Low-wines, Spirits or Strongwaters for Sale, or uſe any private or conceal'd Ware-houſe, or other place for laying of any Waſh, Low-wines, *&c.* without giving Notice thereof to the next Office of Exciſe, within the Limits where he inhabits, on Pain to Forfeit 20 *l.* for every Tun, *&c.* ſo Set up, Uſed or Altered; and for every private Ware-houſe, *&c.* and every other Perſon in whoſe Occupation any Houſe, or other Place ſhall be, where any ſuch private Tun, *&c.* ſhall be found, ſhall Forfeit 20 *l.* one Moiety to Their Majeſties, and the other Moiety to the Informer.

LXV. If any ſuch Corn Diſtiller, *&c.* ſhall Conceal or Convey away any Low-wines, Spirits, *&c.* from the Sight or View of the Gaugers, he ſhall Forfeit for every Gallon ſo Conceal'd or Convey'd, 5 *s.* All which Penalties ſhall be Sued for and Recovered, as by an Act made in the 12*th* Year of the Reign of the late King *Charles* 2*d*, Entituled, *An Act for taking away the Court of Wards and Liveries*, &c. and another Act made in the Fifteenth Year of his Reign, Entituled, *An Additional Act for the better Ordering and Collecting the Duties of Exciſe*, &c. or by any other Law in force Relating to the Revenue of Exciſe on Beer, and Ale is directed.

LXVI. Stat. 4. *W.* & *M. cap.* 3. From and after the 25*th* Day of *January* 1692. there ſhall be paid to Their Majeſties, Their Heirs, *&c.* during the ſpace of Ninety nine years, for the Liquors herein after Expreſſed, over and above all Duties now Chargeable upon the ſame,

For every Barrel of Beer or Ale, above 6 *s.* the Barrel, 9 *d.*
For every Barrel of Beer or Ale, of 6 *s.* or under, 3 *d.*
For every Barrel of *Engliſh* Vinegar, 1 *s.* and 6 *d.*

For

For every Barrel of Vinegar, made with or passing through Foreign Materials, or any mixture with Foreign Materials, 4 *s.*

For every Barrel of Beer, Ale and Mum Imported, 3 *s.*

For every Tun of Cyder or Perry Imported, 4 *l.*

For every Gallon of Single-Brandy Imported, 6 *d.*

For every Gallon of Double Brandy, 1 *s.*

For all Cyder and Perry made and sold by Retail, upon every Hogshead, 1 *s.* and 3 *d.*

For all Metheglin or Mead, made for Sale, by Retail or otherwise, for every Gallon, 3 *d.*

LXVII. The said Impositions to be paid to Their Majesties, *&c.* in the same Manner and Form, and by such Rules, and under such Penalties, as are mentioned in the Act of 12 *Car.* 2. Entituled, *An Act for taking away the Court of Wards and Liveries*, &c. and in another Act made in the same year, Entituled, *A Grant of certain Impositions upon Beer, Ale and other Liquors, for the Increase of His Majesties Revenue, during his Life*, and in another Act made in the 1 *st* year of the same Kings Reign, Entituled, *An Additional Act for the better Ordering and Collecting the Duty of Excise*, &c. or by any other Law in Force relating to the Revenue of Excise.

LXVIII. The Commissioners and Governours for the management of the Excise at the Head Office in *London*, shall keep apart the moneys arising by the Duties hereby granted, as the same shall be paid in, and shall pay weekly, every *Wednesday*, if it be not a Holy-day, and then the day after, into the Exchequer, all the said moneys, distinct from the other moneys, which they shall receive for Their Majesties Use.

LXIX. There shall be kept in the Office of the Auditor of the Receipts, one Book, in which all the said weekly moneys shall be entred apart from other moneys.

LXX. If the said Commissioners aud Governours neglect or refuse to pay the said weekly Sums, as aforesaid, or misapply any of the same, they shall forfeit their Offices, and be incapable of any Office or Place of Trust, and shall pay the full Value of any Sum or Sums so misapplied, to any that will sue for the same.

LXXI. The Sums appointed to be paid in weekly, as aforesaid, shall be the yearly Fond for the purposes hereafter mentioned.

LXXII. Any persons, Natives or Foreigners, may contribute toward the advancing the said Sum of 1000000 *l.* at any time before the 1 *st* day of *May*, 1693. Sum or Sums, and upon such Terms as are hereafter expressed, *viz.* That out of the moneys arising by this Act, the Sum of 100000 *l.* yearly, till the 24 *th* day of *June*, 1700. be kept apart as the yearly Fond, to be divided amongst the Persons so contributing; and from and after that day, 70000 *l.* shall be yearly kept apart, as the yearly Fond,

to

to be divided as herein-after is mentioned; That every Contributor ſhall advance 100 *l.* at leaſt, for which he is to name his own or ſome other life, during which life he ſhall receive a Share of the ſaid Fond, as is hereafter expreſſed; That every Contributor may advance as many Sums of 100 *l.* as he pleaſe, for which he is to name one or more life or lives (ſo as no more lives be named, then there are diſtinct Hundred Pounds advanced) during which life or lives he ſhall receive ſo many Shares of the ſaid Fond, as he ſhall have advanced Hundred Pounds; all the ſaid lives to be named within 14 days after the 24*th* of *June*, 1692. That in the Office of the Auditor of the Receipts, and of the Clerk of the Pells there be kept one or more Book or Books, in which ſhall be entred the Contributors Names, and the Names of thoſe, by whoſe hands they pay in the ſaid moneys, and the Sums paid, and the time when, and the Names of the Nominees: To which the Contributors, *&c.* may have reſort, and inſpect the ſame, without Fee or Reward. The Contributors and Nominees to be deſcribed by their Chriſtian and Sirnames, Additions, Places of Abode, *&c.* Every Contributor ſhall have a Talley levied, importing the Receipt of the money, and an Order for payment, bearing date with the Tally, ſigned by the Commiſſioners of the Treaſury, or any three or more of them, or by the Treaſurer of the Exchequer, which ſhall be valid, notwithſtanding the Death or Removal of the perſons ſigning the ſame, and ſhall be irrevocable. And the ſaid yearly Funds of 100000 *l.* and 70000 *l.* (in caſe the whole Sum of 1000000 *l.* ſhall be advanced) ſhall be equally divided amongſt the Contributors, their Executors, *&c.* during the lives of the Nominees, in proportion to the Sums by them advanced, yearly by two half-yearly payments, *viz.* on the 24*th* day of *December*, and the 24*th* day of *June*; the 1*ſt* payment to be on the 24*th* day of *Decemb.* 1693. And upon the Death of every Nominee, the Share payable during his life, ſhall be divided amongſt the Contributors, whoſe Nominees ſhall be living; and ſo from time to time the whole reſpective Fonds ſhall be divided among the Contributors, whoſe Nominees ſurvive, till there be but ſeven Nominees living; and then upon the Death of every of the ſaid ſeven Nominees, a 7*th* part of the ſaid yearly Fonds ſhall be anſwered to Their Majeſties, Their Heirs, *&c.* And in caſe the whole Sum of 1000000 *l.* ſhall not before the 1*ſt* of *May*, 1693. be advanced, then there ſhall be divided among ſuch as ſhall before that day have advanced, as aforeſaid, towards the ſame, yearly, as aforeſaid, ſo much of the ſaid Fonds as ſhall bear proportion to the Sum advanced, after the Rates aforeſaid, *viz.* ſo much only of the ſaid Fonds as ſhall, during the 1*ſt* 7 years, to commence from the 24*th* day of *June*, 1693. anſwer yearly the Sum of 10 *l.* for every 100 *l.* and after the ſaid 7 years, during the lives of the ſaid Nominees, and the Survivor of them, the Sum of 7 *l.* for every

every 100 *l.* to be divided, as aforesaid, with like Benefit of Survivorship, as if the whole Sum of 1000000 *l.* were advanced and paid; and from and after the said 1*st* day of *May* none shall advance any money upon the Terms aforesaid.

LXXIII. Every Contributor shall receive out of the said Fonds for all moneys by him advanced, Interest at the rate of 10 *l. per Cent.* from the days of payment to the said 24*th* day of *June*, 1693. which Interest shall be express'd in the Order appointed to be given upon payment of any such Sums.

LXXIV. Contributors may assign or devise one or more Share or Shares of the said Fond, during the lives of their Nominees, and so *toties quoties*, and no such Assignments to be revocable, so as an Entry be made thereof in Books to be kept for that purpose, within two Months after such Assignment, or Death of the Devisor: And upon producing such Assignment, or Will, or Probate thereof to be entred, the Party producing the same, shall bring an Affidavit taken before some persons authoriz'd to take Affidavits in Causes depending in any the Courts at *Westminster*, of the due Execution of such Assignment or Will, which Affidavits shall be filed.

LXXV. Guardians or Trustees having the disposal of the money of Infants under 12 years, may, for the use of such Infants, pay 100 *l.* of the Infant's money to the purposes aforesaid, and shall name the Infant to be a Nominee, and such Infant shall thereupon become a Contributor, and the Guardian or Trustee, as to the said Sum of 100 *l.* is hereby discharged.

LXXVI. Contributors, upon demanding their half-yearly payments, unless the Nominee appear in person, shall produce a Certificate of his life, sign'd by the Minister and Church-wardens of the Parish where he lives, on the day when the said half-yearly payment becomes due, if such Nominee be within the Realm; which Certificates shall be made without Fee, and filed in the Office of Receipt.

LXXVII. And if any Nominee shall at the time of such Demand, be in *Scotland*, or beyond Sea, and one of the Barons of the Exchequer shall certifie, That upon Proof to him made, it seems probable that the said Nominee is living (such Certificate and Examination to be without Fee) the said Certificate being filed, shall be a sufficient Warrant for the payment of the said half-yearly Share to the Contributors.

LXXVIII. If any entituled to receive any half-yearly payment, shall not demand the same till within 20 days that the next half-yearly payment become due, such half-yearly payment shall be divided amongst the rest of the Contributors, but following half-yearly payments shall be saved to him, if demanded in due time.

LXXIX. In the Office of the Auditor of the Receipt, every half year before the respective days of payment, there shall be made

made up an Account of the Nominees, whose Deaths are known, and of the Contributors who have made default in making demand, that the rest may have the Advantage thereof.

LXXX. If any Person shall receive any half-yearly payments after the Death of his Nominee, any Contributor may require the same to be repaid into the Exchequer, for the Benefit of the rest. And in case of Neglect or Refusal to pay the same within a Month after such Demand, the Person neglecting shall forfeit treble the Sum received, to be recovered by Action of Debt in the Name of such Contributor who shall make the Demand.

LXXXI. All things directed by this Act to be performed in the Exchequer, shall be done without Fee, Gratuity, or Reward; and if any Officer of the Exchequer demand any Fee, or misapply any of the said weekly Sums, or shall not keep Books and Registers, and make Entries, and perform other things which by the Act they are required to perform, they shall forfeit their Offices, and be incapable of any Office or Place of Trust, and pay treble Damages, with Costs of Suit, to every Contributor, to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, *&c.* and the Plaintiff in such Action, upon Recovery, shall have his full Costs, one third part of the Sum recovered, to be paid into the Exchequer for the benefit of the Contributors, and two Thirds to be to the Use of the Prosecutor: And in case of Collusion, or faint Prosecution, any other Contributor may bring another Action, wherein he shall recover, as aforesaid, to the Uses aforesaid.

LXXXII. If any Officer make payment of any Share upon such Certificate as is here directed, he shall incur no Penalty, nor be liable to any Action, though the Certificate be false, or the Nominee be dead, unless such Officer knew it.

LXXXIII. Contributors within a Month after Notice of the Death of their Nominees, shall certifie the same to the Auditor of the Receipt, and within 3 Months after such Notice shall deliver up their Tallies and Orders, if they be in their Hands and Power, and in Default thereof, shall forfeit 10 *l.* to the use of the Prosecutor.

LXXXIV. And if the whole Sum of 1000000 *l.* be not advanced before the 24*th* day of *June*, 1693. Their Majesties may borrow by way of Loan, any Sum or Sums, which together with what shall have been advanced before the 24*th* of *June*, on the Terms aforesaid, or upon the Terms herein after mentioned, shall not exceed the Sum of 1000000 *l.* which Sums taken up by way of Loan, shall be charged upon the Credit of the Exchequer in General, and Tallies of Loan, and Orders of Repayment levied, which Orders shall be assignable.

LXXXV. All Sums of Money so to be borrowed, with Interest for the same, not exceeding 7 *l. per Cent.* or so much thereof as shall not be repaid out of the Money that shall be advanced upon the Terms herein mentioned, at or after the 24*th*

day of *June*, 1693. and before the 29th of *September* following (all which Moneys to be advanced between the said 24th of *June*, and 29th of *September*, shall be appropriated for the discharging the Loans made upon this Act) shall be satisfied to the Lenders, out of any of the next Aids to be granted in Parliament, and shall be transferrable as soon as such Aid shall be granted. And in case no Aid be granted before the 2d of *February*, 1693. the said Sums shall be satisfied out of any of Their Majesties Treasure not already appropriated by Act of Parliament.

LXXXVI. And if the Sum of 500000 *l.* part of the said Sum of 1000000 *l.* be not advanced before the 1st of *May*, 1693. Their Majesties may borrow upon Interest, as aforesaid, any Sum, not exceeding 500000 *l.* to be paid out of such Moneys as shall be advanced upon this Act, between the said 1st day of *May*, and the said 29th day of *September*, in case the Money so advanced be sufficient; or otherwise so much thereof as the same shall extend to pay; and the residue of the said Sum of 500000 *l.* shall be reckoned as part of the said Sum before directed, to be paid out of the next Aids to be granted in Parliament.

LXXXVII. If the whole Sum of 1000000 *l.* be not advanced before the said 1st day of *May*, any persons after that day, and before the 29th of *September* next following, may advance any Sums, not exceeding in the whole, with what shall have been advanced before the said 1st day of *May*, the Sum of 1000000 *l.* upon the Terms following, *viz.* That every such Person out of the Duties arising by this Act, shall have for every 100 *l.* a yearly Annuity of 14 *l.* for his own, or any other Life to be by him nominated, as aforesaid, within 6 days after Payment; which Annuities shall commence from the 29th of *September*, 1693. and be paid at the Four most usual Feasts in the year: And upon Payment of any such Sums, the Persons paying the same, shall have one or more Tallies importing the Receipt thereof, and Orders for Payment, *&c.* to be sign'd, as aforesaid, and not to be revocable, and to be assignable. And the Moneys arising by the Duties hereby granted (besides so much as shall bear proportion, as aforesaid, to the Sum which shall be advanced before the 1st day of *May*, 1693.) shall be appropriated to the Payment of the said Annuities, and not be diverted, under the like Penalties, as are before appointed in case of misapplying, *&c.* The said Officers shall keep Books, and make Entries of their Names, who shall advance Money after the said 1st day of *May*, and of the Sums advanced, and the times of paying in, and the Names of the Nominees, without Reward (to which Books all Persons concern'd shall have access) under the Penalties and Disabilities aforesaid; and they that shall advance any Sum after the said 1st

of

of *May*, ſhall have Intereſt for it till the 29*th* of *Septem.* 1693. at the rate of 10 *l. per Cent.*

LXXXVIII. If any Contributor, who ſhall have advanced any Sum before the ſaid 1*ſt* of *May*, ſhall before the ſaid 29*th* of *September* be deſirous, in lieu of his Share in the Fonds, to have an Annuity of 14 *l.* a year for any Sum of 100 *l.* by him advanced, during the Life of his Nominee; a Memorial thereof ſhall be entred in a Book for that purpoſe to be kept in the Receipt; and the ſaid Entry being ſign'd by ſuch Contributor, he ſhall receive ſuch Annuity, as if the Moneys by him advanced, had been paid in after the 1*ſt* day of *May*: And ſuch Contributors Share in the Fonds ſhall determine for Their Majeſties Benefit.

LXXXIX. The Surplus of any Money ariſing by this Act, after the ſeveral Proportions of the Fonds, and the Annuities and Intereſt paid, ſhall be to the Uſe of Their Majeſties.

XC. No Moneys lent or payable by Virtue of this Act, ſhall be charged with any Impoſitions whatſoever.

XCI. Grants, or Diſpoſitions of any Money ariſing by this Act, to be made by Their Majeſties, Their Heirs, *&c.* otherwiſe then by this Act is appointed, ſhall be null and void.

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## Frauds.

I. STat. 3 & 4 *W.* & *M. cap.* 14. All Wills concerning Lands, or any Rents, Profits, Term, or Charge out of the ſame, whereof the Deviſors ſhall be ſeiz'd in Fee-ſimple in Poſſeſſion, Reverſion, or Remainder, or have power to diſpoſe thereof, after the 25*th* day of *March*, 1692. ſhall be deemed (only as againſt Creditors upon Bonds, or other Specialties, their Executors, *&c.*) to be fraudulent and void.

II. And ſuch Creditors ſhall have their Actions of Debt againſt the Heirs at Law, and ſuch Deviſees joyntly; and ſuch Deviſees ſhall be chargeable for a falſe Plea, as any Heir ſhould have been.

III. Where there ſhall have been any Deviſes of Lands for Payment of juſt Debts, or Childrens Portions, other then the Heir at Law, in purſuance of any Marriage Agreement made in Writing *bona fide*, before ſuch Marriage, they ſhall be in force.

IV. Where any Heir at Law ſhall be liable to pay the Debt of his Anceſtor, in regard of any Lands deſcending to him, and ſhall make over the ſame before any Action brought, ſuch Heir ſhall be anſwerable for ſuch Debts, to the Value of the Land made over; in which Caſes all Creditors ſhall be preferred, as in Actions againſt Executors and Adminiſtrators, and Execution upon any Judgment ſo obtained, ſhall be taken out againſt ſuch

Heir, to the Value of the Land, as if they were his own Debts, ſaving that Lands *bona fide* alienéd before the Action brought, ſhall not be liable to ſuch Execution.

V. Where any Action of Debt upon a Specialty is brought againſt an Heir, he may Plead *Riens per diſcent* at the time of the Original Writ brought, and the Plaintiff may Reply that he had Lands from his Anceſtor before the Original Writ brought; and if upon Iſſue joyn'd thereon it be found for the Plaintiff, the Jury ſhall enquire of the Value of the Lands deſcended, and thereupon Judgment ſhall be given and Execution awarded, as aforeſaid; but if Judgment be given againſt ſuch Heir by Confeſſion, without Confeſſing the Aſſets deſcended, or upon *demurrer* or *nihil dicit*, it ſhall be for the Debt and Damages, without any Writ to enquire of the Lands.

VI. Deviſees made liable by this Act, ſhall be Chargeable as the Heir at Law by force of this Act, though the Lands Deviſed be Alienéd before the Action brought.

VII. This Act to continue for Three Years, and to the End of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

VIII. Stat. 4. & 5. *W.* & *M. cap.* 16. If any Perſons ſhall borrow any Money, or for any other valuable Conſideration, for the payment thereof, ſhall acknowledge or ſuffer to be Entered againſt them a Judgment, Statute or Recognizance, and ſhall afterwards borrow any other Sum of any other Perſons, or for other valuable Conſideration, and for ſecuring the Repayment or Diſcharge thereof, ſhall morgage Lands to the Second or other Lender or Lenders, or to any other Perſons in Truſt for him or them, and ſhall not give notice to the Morgagee of ſuch Judgment, Statute or Recognizance in writing, before the Execution of the ſaid Morgage, unleſs ſuch Morgager or his Heirs, upon notice given by the Morgagee in writing under Hand and Seal, Atteſted by Two or more Witneſſes, of ſuch former Judgment, *&c.* ſhall within Six Months Pay off and Diſcharge the ſame, and cauſe the ſame to be vacated or diſcharged by Record, ſuch Morgager ſhall have no Benefit in Equity for Redemption of the Lands Morgaged.

IX. If any Perſon, who hath or ſhall once Morgage Lands, for ſecurity of Money, or for other valuable Conſiderations, ſhall again Morgage the ſame Lands, or any part thereof, to any other Perſons (the former Morgage being in force) and ſhall not diſcover to the Second Morgagee the Firſt Morgage in writing, ſuch Morgager ſhall have no Relief or Equity of Redemption againſt the Second Morgagee.

X. But ſuch Second or other Morgagees may Redeem any former Morgage.

XI. This Act ſhall not extend to bar any Widow of any Morgager from her Dower, who did not legally joyn with her Husband in ſuch Morgage, or otherwiſe Lawfully exclude her ſelf.

Game.

# Game.

I. STat. 4 & 5 *W.* & *M. cap.* 23. All Laws and Statutes in Force, for the better Preſervation of the Game of this Kingdom, and every Clauſe and thing therein not hereby Altered or Repealed, ſhall be duly put in Execution.

II. Conſtables, Head-boroughs and Tything men, by a Juſtice of Peace his Warrant, may and are Required to enter into, and ſearch (in ſuch manner as by *An Act for the more effectual Diſcovery and Puniſhment of Deer-ſtealers*, made in the Third and Fourth Year of Their Majeſties Reign is provided, in Caſe of Veniſon or Skin of any Deer or Toyles) Houſes of Suſpected Perſons not qualified; and in Caſe any Game ſhall be found, the Offender ſhall be carried before a Juſtice of Peace; and if he do not give a good Account how he came thereby, or produce the Party of whom he bought it in ſome convenient Time, or ſome Credible Perſon to depoſe upon Oath ſuch Sale thereof, he ſhall be Convicted of ſuch Offence by the ſaid Juſtice, and Forfeit for every Hare, Partridge, *&c.* or other Game, any Sum not under 5 *s.* and not exceeding 20, One Moiety to the Informer, and the other to the Poor of the Pariſh where the Offence was Committed, to be Levied by Diſtreſs and Sale of his Goods, rendring the Overplus; and for want of a Diſtreſs ſhall be Committed to the Houſe of Correction for any time not exceeding a Month, nor leſs then Ten days, there to be Whipt and Kept to Labour. And if any Perſon not qualified by Law, do keep or uſe any Bows, Greyhounds, Setting-dogs, Ferrets, Coney-dogs, Hays, Lurchers, Netts, Tunnels, Low-bells, Hare-pipes, Snares or other Inſtruments for deſtruction of Game, and ſhall be Convicted as aforeſaid, he ſhall be ſubject to the Pains and Penalties aforeſaid. And if any Perſon ſo Charged, ſhall not before the ſame Juſtice give ſuch Evidence of his Innocence, as aforeſaid, he ſhall be Convicted thereof in like manner as the Perſon Firſt Charged therewith is hereby directed to be, and ſo from perſon to perſon, till the Firſt Offender be diſcovered.

III. Lords of Manors and other Royalties, or any Authorized by them, ſhall and may Oppoſe and Reſiſt ſuch Offenders in the Night time, within their reſpective Manors and Royalties, as if ſuch Fact had been Committed in any ancient Chaſe, Park or Warren Encloſed.

IV. No perſons whatſoever ſhall after the 25*th* day of *March* 1693. keep any Net, Angle, Leap, Piche, or other Engine for taking Fiſh (other then the Makers and Sellers thereof, for their better convenience in the Sale thereof, and other then the Owner or Occupier of a River or Fiſhery) And Owners or

Occupiers of Rivers and Fiſheries, and ſuch as they ſhall Authorize, may ſeize and keep to their own Uſe any ſuch Engine which ſhall be found uſed by, or in the poſſeſſion of any Perſon whatſoever, fiſhing in any River or Fiſhery, without the conſent of the Owner or Occupier. And alſo any Perſon whatſoever, Authorized by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of a Juſtice of Peace, may ſearch the Houſes and other Places of Perſons Prohibited and Suſpected to have in their Cuſtody any ſuch Engines, and the ſame to ſeize and keep to their own uſe, or to deſtroy.

V. This Act ſhall not extend to abridge Fiſhermen or their Apprentices, Lawfully Authorized to Fiſh in Navigable Rivers or Waters, with Lawful Nets and Engines.

VI. No *Certiorari* ſhall be allowed to remove any Conviction or other Proceeding concerning any matter in this Act, unleſs the Parties againſt whom ſuch Conviction ſhall be, ſhall before the Allowance thereof become bound to the Proſecutor in the Sum of 50 *l.* with Sureties to be Approved of by the Juſtice or Juſtices of Peace, before whom ſuch Offender was Convicted, to pay to the Proſecutor within a month after ſuch Conviction Confirmed, or *Procedendo* Granted, their full Coſts and Charges to be aſcertain'd upon Oath.

VII. Offenders Puniſhed by force of this Act, ſhall not incur the Penalty of any other Law for the ſame Offence.

VIII. Perſons proſecuted at Law for any thing done in purſuance of this Act, may Plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act or any other ſpecial Matter in Evidence; and if the Verdict paſs for the Defendants, or the Plaintiffs become Non-ſuit, or ſuffer a diſcontinuance, the Defendants ſhall recover Treble Coſts.

IX. If any inferior Tradeſman, Apprentice, or other diſſolute Perſon, ſhall Hunt, Hawk, Fiſh or Fowl (unleſs in Company with the Maſter of ſuch Apprentice qualified by Law) they ſhall be ſubject to the Penalties of this Act, and may be ſued for Treſpaſs in coming upon any perſons Ground; in which Suit the Plaintiff ſhall recover his Damages and full Coſts.

X. For the better preſerving the Red and Black Game of Growſe, commonly called Heath cocks or Heath-colts, no perſon whatſoever on any Mountains, Hills, Heaths, Moors, Foreſts, Chaſes or other Waſts, ſhall burn, between the Second Day of *February* and the Twenty fourth of *June*, any Grig, Ling, Heath, Furz, Groſs or Fern, on pain of being Committed to the Houſe of Correction for any Time, not exceeding a Month, nor under Ten Days, there to be Whipt and kept to hard Labour.

## Gold and Silver.

I. Stat. 1. *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 1. *cap.* 30. Whereas by a Statute made in the 5*th* Year of King *Henry* the Fourth, It was Enacted, *That none from thenceforth ſhould uſe to multiply Gold or Silver, or uſe the Craft of Multiplication; and if any the ſame do, they ſhould incur the pain of Felony*, Be it Enacted, that the ſaid Branch, Article or Sentence be Repealed.

II. Provided that all Gold and Silver that ſhall be Extracted by the Art of Melting and Refining Metals, and otherwiſe Improving them and their Ores, ſhall be employed for the encreaſe of Moneys, and no otherwiſe; and that the Place hereby Appointed for the diſpoſal thereof, ſhall be the Mint in the Tower of *London*; where they ſhall receive the Value of their Gold and Silver ſo Extracted.

III. No Mine of Copper, Tin, Iron or Lead, ſhall hereafter be adjudged to be a Royal Mine, though Gold or Silver may be Extracted out of the ſame.

## Government.

I. Stat. 1. *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 1. *cap.* 2. *An Act for Impowring His Majeſty to Apprehend and Detain ſuch Perſons as he ſhall find juſt cauſe to ſuſpect are Conſpiring againſt the Government.* EXP.

II. Stat. 1. *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 1. *cap.* 7. *An Act for Impowring His Majeſty to Apprehend and Detain ſuch Perſons as he ſhall find juſt Cauſe to ſuſpect are Conſpiring againſt the Government.*

III. Stat. *Ann.* 1. *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 1. *cap* 19. All Perſons that ſhall be in Priſon the 25*th* Day of *May* 1689. or after, by Warrant of Their Majeſties Privy Council, Signed by Six of the Council, for Suſpicion of High Treaſon or Treaſonable Practices, may be detained in Cuſtody, without Bail or Main-prize, till the 23*d* Day of *October* 1689. And no Judge or Court of Juſtice ſhall Bail or Try any ſuch Perſons without Order from Their Majeſties Privy Council, Signed by Six, till the ſaid 23*d* of *October*.

IV. From and after the ſaid 23*d* of *October* ſuch Perſons ſhall have the Benefit of the *Habeas Corpus* Act, and of all other Statutes providing for the Liberty of the Subjects.

V. Nothing in this Act ſhall extend to Prejudice the Ancient Rights and Priviledges of Parliament.

VI. A true Copy of every Warrant for ſuch Commitment, ſhall be Entred and Kept by the Clerks of the Privy Council in a Book apart, and Signed by ſuch of the Privy Council as ſhall Grant the Warrant; and no Warrant not ſo Entred, and Signed and Kept, ſhall be adjudged to be a Warrant by Virtue of this Act.

VII. Stat. 2. *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 1. *cap.* 6. Whenſoever and as often as His Majeſty ſhall be abſent out of *England*, It ſhall be Lawful for the Queen to Exerciſe and Adminiſter the Regal Power and Government, in the Names of both Their Majeſties, for ſuch time only, during Their Joint Lives, as His Majeſty ſhall be abſent out of *England*.

VIII. Nothing in this Act ſhall debar His Majeſty, during ſuch abſence, from the Exerciſe of Adminiſtration of any Act or Acts of Regal Power or Government; and neither the paſſing this Act, nor His Majeſties Royal Voyage or Abſence, ſhall Diſſolve this preſent Parliament, or determine any Commiſſions Granted by His Majeſty; nor avoid any other Act of Government executed, or to be executed by him.

IX. Provided, That as often as His Majeſty ſhall return into *England*, the ſole Adminiſtration of the Regal Power and Government, ſhall be in His Majeſty only.

## Hair-Buttons.

I. Stat. 4. & 5. *W.* & *M. cap.* 10. No Foreign Buttons made of Hair, nor other Foreign Buttons whatſoever, ſhall be Imported or Bartered, Sold or Exchanged, on pain to Forfeit the Buttons ſo Imported, Bartered, Sold or Exchanged, and under ſuch farther Penalties as are expreſſed in an Act made in the 14*th* year of the Reign of the late King *Charles* 2*d*, Entituled, *An Act Prohibiting the Importation of Foreign Bone lace, Cut-work, Imbroidery*, &c. One Moiety to Their Majeſties, and the other to the Informer.

II. The Juſtices of Peace within their reſpective Diviſions, ſhall have the ſame Authority and Power, to iſſue their Warrants to ſeize all Foreign Buttons whatſoever, that by the ſaid Act is given them to ſeize Foreign Buttons made of Thread and Silk.

## Hearth-Money.

I. Stat. 1. *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 1. *cap.* 10. An Act made in the Parliament begun at *Weſtminſter* the 8*th* of *May*, in the 13*th* year of King *Charles* 2*d*, Entituled, *An Act for the Eſtabliſhing an Additional Revenue upon His Majeſty, His Heirs and Succeſſors, for the better Support of His and Their Crown and Dignity*; And another Act made in the Second Seſſion of the ſaid Parliament, in the 15*th* year of the ſaid King's Reign, Entituled, *An Additional Act for the better Ordering and Collecting the Revenue ariſing by Hearth-Money*; And another Act made in the 16*th* year of the ſaid King's Reign, Entituled, *An Act for Collecting the Duty ariſing by Hearth-Money, by the Officers to be Appointed by His Majeſty*, are hereby Repealed and made Void.

II. Nothing

II. Nothing in this Act shall hinder or prejudice the Levying the said Revenue arising by Hearth-money, which shall grow due on the 25*th* of *March*, 1689. and all Arrears of the said Duty now due and payable by the said Acts.

## High-ways.

I. Stat. 3 & 4 *W.* & *M. cap.* 12. The Laws and Statutes in force touching the High ways, not hereby altered or repealed, shall be put in Execution.

II. Upon the 26*th* day of *Decemb.* yearly, unless that day be *Sunday*, and then on the 27*th* day, the Constables, Headboroughs, Tything-men, Churchwardens, Surveyors of the High-ways, and Inhabitants in every Parish, shall assemble, and the major Part of the Assembly shall make a List of the Names of a competent Number of the Inhabitants, who have an Estate in Land in their own Right, or their Wives, of 10 *l. per annum*, or a personal Estate of 100 *l.* or are Occupiers of Houses, Lands, *&c.* of the yearly value of 30 *l.* if such there be, and if not, then a List of the most sufficient Inhabitants, and return it to Two or more Justices of the Peace at a Special Sessions to be held for that purpose, on the third day of *January* next following, or within Fifteen days after: For which purpose the Justices are required to hold a Special Sessions, and to give notice to the Constables, Headboroughs, *&c.* of every Parish within the Division Ten days before the holding of the same; and out of the said Lists by Warrant under their Hands and Seals, they shall nominate One, Two, or more, to be Surveyor or Surveyors of the High-ways of every Parish within the Division, or for any Hamlet, Precinct, Town, *&c.* of and in the same, for the year ensuing. Which Nomination shall by the Constables, *&c.* be notified to the persons nominated, within six days, by serving them with the Warrants, or leaving the same, or a Copy thereof at their Houses: And if the Persons so nominated shall refuse or neglect to take upon them the said Office, they shall forfeit 5 *l.* to be on their Goods by Distress and Sale thereof, by Warrant of Two Justices of the Peace; which Warrant the Justices are required to make upon the Information of One Credible Witness upon Oath; the Moiety of such Forfeiture to the Informer, the other to go towards the Repairing of the High-ways; and in such case the Justices shall nominate some other fit Persons to perform the Office, who shall, upon like notice, take upon them the Office under the same Penalty: And Constables, Headboroughs, *&c.* or some of them, who shall not return such Lists of Names, every one of them so neglecting, shall forfeit 20 *s.* to be levied in the manner, and imployed to the Uses aforesaid.

III. No

III. No Perſons ſhall lay in any High-way not 20 Foot broad, any matter whereby the ſame may be obſtructed or annoyed, on pain to forfeit 5 *s.* to be levied and diſpoſed, as aforeſaid.

IV. If any Timber, Stone, Hay, Straw, Stubble, or other Matter for making Dung or on any other Pretence, ſhall be laid in any ſuch High-way, the Poſſeſſors of the Lands next adjoyning, ſhall remove and diſpoſe of the ſame to their own Uſe: And if they neglect to clear the way, or to cleanſe their Ditches, *&c.* adjoyning thereunto, or to cauſe the earth taken thereout, to be carried away, and to lay ſufficient Trunks or Bridges where there are Cart-ways into the ſaid Grounds, by the ſpace of Ten days after notice given by any of the Surveyors, they ſhall forfeit 5 *s.* for every ſuch Offence, to be levied and diſpoſed as aforeſaid.

V. No tree, Buſh, or Shrub ſhall be permitted to grow in any High-way, not 20 Foot broad, but ſhall be cut down by the Owner of the Land where it ſtands, within Ten days after notice given by any of the Surveyors, on pain to forfeit 5 *s.* to be levied and diſpoſed, as aforeſaid.

VI. The Poſſeſſors of Lands adjoyning to High-ways, not 20 Foot broad, ſhall keep their Hedges pruned right up from the Roots.

VII. Surveyors appointed, as aforeſaid, ſhall within Fourteen days after their Acceptance of this Office, and ſo from time to time, every Four Months, view the Roads, Water-courſes, Bridges, Cawſeys, *&c.* within the Pariſh, *&c.* where he is a Surveyor, that are to be repair'd by the Pariſh, *&c.* and preſent upon Oath in what Condition they find them, to ſome Juſtice of Peace, or to incur the ſame Penalty, as if they had refuſed to execute the Office, unleſs they have ſome reaſonable Excuſe to be allowed of by Two Juſtices of the Peace: And what Defaults they ſhall find, they ſhall the next *Sunday* after Sermon ended, give publick notice of, in the Pariſh-Church; and if the ſame be not amended within Thirty days after, ſuch Surveyors ſhall within Thirty days amend the ſame, and diſpoſe of the Annoyances for the Repair of the High-ways, and ſhall be reimburſed their Charges by the party who ſhould have done the ſame: And in caſe of refuſal by the Party to pay ſuch Charges, the Surveyors ſhall apply themſelves to a Juſtice of Peace, and upon Oath before him made of notice to the Defaulter given, as aforeſaid, the Surveyors ſhall be repaid ſuch Charges as the Juſtice of Peace ſhall think reaſonable, to be levied, as aforeſaid.

VIII. The Juſtices of Peace ſhall once in Four Months hold a Special Seſſions, and ſummon thereunto all the Surveyors of the High-ways, and declare to them what they are obliged to do by Virtue of this, or any former Act: After which the Surveyors ſhall make a Preſentment to them upon Oath, of the ſtate of the High-ways within their reſpective Pariſhes, *&c.* and what

what Offences and Neglects any are guilty of: And before any Surveyor be discharged of his Office, he shall at some such Special Sessions give an Account upon Oath, of all Money that has come to his hands, which ought to be imployed in amending the High-ways, and how it has been disposed; and if any remain in his hands, he shall deliver it to the next Surveyors, or in case of Failure, shall forfeit double the Value, to be levied and disposed as aforesaid.

IX. Surveyors neglecting their Duty in any thing required by this Act, shall forfeit for every Offence, 40 *s.* to be levied and disposed as aforesaid.

X. If any Justice of Peace shall neglect or refuse to do what this Act requires, he shall forfeit 5 *l.* one Moiety to the Prosecutor, the other to be imployed for the Amendment of the High-ways, where the Person who sues shall inhabit, to be recovered in any of Their Majesties Courts of Record, by Action of Debt, *&c.*

XI. Surveyors of the High-ways, where the Ditches and Drains already made, are not sufficient to carry off the water, may make new ones through the Lands adjoyning, and keep them open, and come upon the Grounds with Workmen for so doing.

XII. Upon notice given by the Surveyors to the Justices at their Special Sessions, and Oath made of what Sums they have expended in Repairing the High-ways, the Justices, or any Two of them may by Warrant cause an equal Rate to be made to reimburse them, where they are forced to lay out their Money, according to the Methods prescribed in an Act made the 43 of *Eliz.* Entituled, *An Act for the better Relief of the Poor of this Kingdom*; and if any refuse to pay what shall be assessed on him, the Surveyors shall levy the same by Distress or Sale of Goods.

XIII. No Fine, Issue, Penalty, or Forfeiture for not amending High-ways, shall be returned into the Exchequer, or other Court, but shall be levied into the hands of the Surveyors to be applied towards the Amendment of such High-ways: And if any such Fine, *&c.* Imposed on any Parish, *&c.* for not repairing the High-ways, shall be levied on one or more of the Inhabitants, upon Complaint to the Justices of the Peace at their Special Sessions, they, or any two of them may by Warrant cause a Rate to be made to reimburse them, which the Surveyors shall levy and pay within a Month after the making thereof.

XIV. The Surveyors shall make every Cart-way leading to any Market-Town Eight Foot wide at least, and as near as may be, level.

XV. Inhabitants within the Weekly Bills of Mortality, Brewers, Scavengers, and others imployed in carrying away the Dirt and Soil of the Streets, *&c.* may use any Cart, Carr, or Dray, with Wheels shod with Iron, and narrower then 6 Inches in the

the Fellies, and drawn with more then Two Horſes, any Act, Law, or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding.

XVI. Where the Juſtices of Peace at their General Quarter-Seſſions ſhall be ſatisfied, that the High-ways, *&c.* cannot be ſufficiently amended without the help of this Act, Aſſeſſments upon Perſons uſually rateable to the Poor ſhall be made, and levied by ſuch Perſons, and in ſuch manner, as the Juſtices at ſuch Seſſions ſhall direct and appoint; the Money to be raiſed, to be imployed according to their Orders for repairing the High-ways, *&c.* The ſaid Aſſeſſments, if not paid within Ten days after Demand, to be levied by Diſtreſs and Sale of Goods, rendring the Overplus, Charges deducted.

XVII. No ſuch Aſſeſſments to be made in any one year, ſhall exceed 6 *d.* in the Pound of the yearly Value of Lands, *&c.* nor of 6 *d.* for 20 *l.* in perſonal Eſtate.

XVIII. If any Perſons find themſelves aggrieved by ſuch Aſſeſſments, or any Act by the Juſtices of Peace, the Juſtices of Peace at their General Quarter-Seſſions, ſhall take order therein, which ſhall conclude all Parties.

XIX. None ſhall be puniſhed for any Offence againſt this Act, unleſs he be proſecuted within ſix Months after the Offence committed; nor ſhall any perſon puniſhed by Virtue of this Act, be puniſhed for the ſame Offence by Virtue of any former Law.

XX. No Horſe-cawſey ſhall be under Three Foot in breadth.

XXI. The Juſtices of Peace for *Middleſex*, may at their Quarter-Seſſions make Rates for paving *Kenſington*, in ſuch manner as is directed by an Act made in the ſecond Year of Their Majeſties Reign, for Paving and Cleanſing the Streets of *London* and *Weſtminſter*.

XXII. All matters concerning High-ways, *&c.* ſhall be determined in the County where they lie, and not elſewhere; and no Preſentment, Indictment, or Order made by Virtue of this Act, ſhall be removed by *Certiorari* out of the County.

XXIII. The Juſtices of Peace of every County, at their Quarter-Seſſions after *Eaſter*, yearly, ſhall aſſeſs the Prices of all Land-Carriage of Goods to be brought into any place within their Juriſdictions, by any common Waggoner or Carrier; and ſhall certifie ſuch Rates to the Mayors, or other chief Officers of every Market-Town; and Waggoners or Carriers taking more then what ſhall be ſo aſſeſſed, ſhall forfeit for every ſuch Offence 5 *l.* to be levied by Diſtreſs and ſale of Goods, by Warrant of Two Juſtices, to the Uſe of the party grieved.

XXIV. In Actions commenced againſt any perſons authorized to put this Act in Execution, the Defendants may plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act and the ſpecial Matter in Evidence; and if the Plaintiff be Non-ſuit, or forbear proſecution, or diſcontinue, or a Verdict paſs againſt him, the Defendant ſhall recover his double Coſts.

XXV. Stat.

XXV. Stat. 4 & 5 *W.* & *M. cap.* 9. The Toll mentioned in the Act made in the 15*th* year of the Reign of K. *Charles* II. Entituled, *An Act for Repairing the High-ways in the Counties of* Hertford, Cambridge *and* Huntingron; And in an Act made in the 16*th* and 17*th* years of the ſaid late King, for Continuance of the ſaid Act, to be taken at *Wades* Mill in *Hertford-ſhire*, ſhall be revived, and taken again in the manner by the ſaid Acts mention'd, for Fifteen years, the Moneys thereby ariſing, to be employed according to the Tenor of the ſaid Acts.

XXVI. Provided, that if the ſaid High ways before the end of Fifteen years be in ſufficient Repair, and an Adjudication be made thereof at the Aſſize or General Quarter-Seſſions of the County, as is provided by the ſaid Statute of 16 and 17 *Car.* II. the ſaid Toll ſhall from thenceforth ceaſe.

XXVII. The ſeveral Officers and Perſons impowered by the ſaid former Acts, ſo far as relates to the County of *Hertford*, ſhall have the like Powers by Virtue of this Act; and all Clauſes in the ſaid Acts concerning the Collecting, Paying, Ingaging or Accounting for the ſaid *Toll*, ſhall by Virtue of this Act be renewed, and put in Execution, as if here again repeated.

## High-way-men.

I. Stat. 4 & 5 *W.* & *M. cap.* 8. Every Perſon who ſhall apprehend one or more High-way-men, and proſecute them till they be convicted, ſhall have from the Sheriff of the County, where ſuch Conviction ſhall be, without paying any Fee, 40 *l.* within a Month after ſuch Conviction, and Demand thereof made, by Certificate under the Judges Hand, before whom ſuch Conviction ſhall be; and if any Diſpute ariſe between the perſons apprehending ſuch Felons, touching their Right to the ſaid Reward, the Judges certifying, ſhall in their Certificate direct the Reward to be paid amongſt them in ſuch Proportion, as they ſhall think reaſonable: And if any ſuch Sheriff ſhall die or be removed before the end of the Month, the Reward being unpaid, the ſucceeding Sheriff ſhall pay it within a Month after Demand and Certificate, as aforeſaid. The Sheriff in caſe of Default of payment, ſhall forfeit double the Sum he ought to pay, to the Perſons to whom the Reward is due, to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, *&c.* with treble Coſts of Suit.

II. If any perſon ſhall happen to be killed by ſuch High-way-man, endeavouring to apprehend him, his Executors or Adminiſtrators (upon Certificate under Hand and Seal of a Judge of Aſſize for the County, or of two next Juſtices of Peace) ſhall receive the ſaid Sum of 40 *l.* and in Failure of payment, ſhall recover double the Sum, with treble Coſts of Suit, as aforeſaid.

III. The

III. The Sheriffs to be Allowed the ſaid Sums of 40 *l.* upon their Accounts, without Fee or Reward.

IV. If upon the Account of any Sheriff there ſhall not be ſufficient in his Hands to Reimburſe him, the ſame ſhall be Paid by the Commiſſioners of the Treaſury out of the Revenue of the Crown, upon Certificate from the Clerk of the Pipe.

V. Perſons Apprehending or Convicting ſuch Robbers, as a farther Reward, ſhall have their Horſes, Furniture, Arms, Money and other Goods taken with them. Provided, that this Clauſe ſhall not take away the Right of any Perſons, from whom the ſame were before Feloniouſly taken.

VI. If any Perſons out of Priſon ſhall Commit any Robbery, and ſhall afterwards diſcover Two or more Robbers, who have or ſhall Commit any Robbery, ſo as Two or more of them ſhall be Convicted, ſuch diſcoverer is hereby Entituled to Their Majeſties Pardon; which ſhall likewiſe be a good bar to any Appeal.

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## Informations.

I. Stat. 4 & 5 *W.* & *M. cap.* 18. The Clerk of the Crown of the King's-Bench, ſhall not without expreſs Order in open Court, Receive or File any Information for Treſpaſſes, Batteries and other Miſdemeanours; or iſſue any Proceſs thereupon, before he ſhall have taken, or ſhall have delivered to him a Recognizance from the Informer, with the Place of his Abode, Title or Profeſſion, to be Entred to the Perſon Proſecuted, in 20 *l.* Penalty, to Proſecute with Effect, and abide by ſuch Order as the Court ſhall direct; which Recognizance the Clerk of the Crown, or a Juſtice of Peace of the Place, where the Cauſe of any ſuch Information ſhall ariſe, may take, and the Clerk of the Crown ſhall Enter the ſame upon Record, and File a Memorandum thereof in ſome publick Place in his Office, that all perſons may reſort thereunto without Fee. And if the perſons, againſt whom ſuch Informations ſhall be exhibited, appear and plead to Iſſue, and that the Proſecutor ſhall not at his own Charge, within a year after Iſſue joyned, procure a Tryal; or if upon ſuch Tryal a Verdict paſs for the Defendant, or the Informer procure a *noli proſequi* to be Entred, the Court ſhall award the Defendant Coſts, unleſs the Judge before whom it ſhall be Tryed, ſhall at the Tryal in open Court certifie upon Record, that there was a reaſonable Cauſe for ſuch Information. And in caſe the Coſts be not paid within Three Months after they are Taxed, the Defendants ſhall have the Benefit of the ſaid Recognizance to compel the payment thereof.

II. No perſons who are or ſhall be Outlaw'd in the ſaid Court for

for any thing (except Treaſon or Felony) ſhall be compelled to appear in Perſon to Reverſe the ſame, but may appear by Attorney and Reverſe the ſame without Bail, except where Special Bail ſhall be Ordered by the Court.

III. And if any perſon ſo Outlaw'd be taken upon a *Cap. utlagatum*, the Sheriff who hath taken him (in all Caſes where Special Bail is not required by the ſaid Court) may take an Attorneys Engagement under his Hand to appear for him, and to Reverſe the Outlawry, and thereupon may diſcharge the Defendant; and where Special Bail is required, the Sheriff may take Security of the Defendant by Bond, with one or more Sureties, in double the Sum for which Special Bail is required, and no more for his Appearance at the Return of the Writ, and to do and perform ſuch things as ſhall be required by the Court, and after ſuch Bond taken, may diſcharge him.

IV. If any perſon ſo Outlaw'd and Taken upon a *Cap. utlagatum*, ſhall not be able within the return of the ſaid Writ, to give Security, whenſoever ſuch Priſoner ſhall find Surety for his Appearance by Attorney at ſome return in the Term then next following, to Reverſe the Outlawry, *&c.* the Sheriff may diſcharge him.

V This Act ſhall not extend to Informations in the Name of Their Majeſties Coroner or Attorney, commonly called the Maſter of the Crown-Office.

VI. Upon the Demiſe of any King or Queen of this Realm, all Pleas to Informations ſhall ſtand, without calling the Defendants to plead anew, unleſs the Defendants requeſt the Court for that purpoſe within Five Months after ſuch Demiſe.

## Ireland and Irish-men.

I. Stat. 1. *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 1. *cap.* 29. No Eccleſiaſtical perſon Promoted or Beneficed in *Ireland*, and who hath been forced to forſake that Kingdom, being of the Proteſtant Religion, who is or ſhall be preſented, *&c.* to any Benefice or Promotion in *England*, ſhall by acceptance thereof loſe any Benefice or Promotion in *Ireland*; but may hold the ſame till he may and ſhall be reſtored to his Promotion or Benefice in *Ireland*, ſo as he may enjoy the ſame as before the troubles.

II. Provided that if ſuch Eccleſiaſtical perſon ſo promoted here, ſhall not within Three Months after the Courts of Juſtice in *Ireland* ſhall be open, and furniſhed with Proteſtant Judges, reſign his Benefices and Preferments here, and give notice thereof to the Patrons, the ſame ſhall be void, and the Patrons may Preſent or Collate again.

III. Such Eccleſiaſtical perſon ſo Promoted to any Benefice, *&c.* here, ſhall be exempted from Firſt-Fruits and Tenths.

IV. Stat. 1. *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 2. *cap.* 9. The perſons now or of

of late Aſſembled at *Dublin*, without any Authority derived from Their Majeſties, calling themſelves a Parliament, were not, nor are a Parliament, but an Unlawful and Rebellious Aſſembly; and all Acts and Proceedings, whatſoever Made, Done or Paſſed in the ſaid pretended Parliament, ſhall be adjudged null and void; and no Act, Statute, Judgment, Outlawry, Decree, Sentence, Order or other Proceedings, ſince the 13*th* Day of *February* 1688. Had, Made, Paſſed, Pronounced or Done, or to be Had, Made, Paſſed, Pronounced or Done, by any perſons whatſoever, by colour of any Commiſſion, Writ, Power or Authority in *Ireland* (other then ſuch as have been, or ſhall be given by or derived from Their Majeſties) ſhall be of any Force or Effect.

V. All Cities, Boroughs and Towns, and all Bodies Corporate, Eccleſiaſtical or Temporal in *Ireland*, are hereby declared to be Reſtored to all Intents and Purpoſes, as they were upon the 24*th* Day of *June* 1683. any Proceedings againſt them by *Quo warranto*, *Scire facias*, &c. on any Proceedings, Judgments or Executions thereon, or any New Charter, Grant, Commiſſion, or any Surrender, or other Acts ſince that time to the contrary notwithſtanding. All which Writs, Suits, Proceedings, Judgments, Seizures, Executions, Charters, Grants, Commiſſions and Surrenders, are hereby declared Void.

VI. No perſons whatſoever of the Proteſtant Religion, ſhall be liable to any Loſs, Forfeiture or Prejudice in Eſtate, Office, Perſon or otherwiſe, by reaſon of their abſence out of *Ireland*, at any time ſince the 25*th* of *December*, 1685. or for Non-payment of Rent, or any other Duty due to Their Majeſties, or the Crown, out or by reaſon of any Lands, Tenements, Rectories, Tythes or Church Livings ſince the 25*th* of *December* 1688. till ſuch time as the ſaid Kingdom ſhall be declared by Their Majeſties to be Reduced to Their Obedience.

VII. The Proteſtants of *Ireland* ſhall be, and are hereby Reſtored to all their Poſſeſſions Eccleſiaſtical and Temporal, in ſuch manner as they, or thoſe under whom they Claim, had the ſame on the 25*th* Day of *December* 1688. and Peſons detaining ſuch Poſſeſſions after a Demand by the Party grieved, may be proceeded againſt, as in a Caſe of a forcible Detainer.

VIII. Stat. 3. & 4. *W.* & *M. cap.* 2. No perſon Reſiding in *Ireland*, ſhall be obliged to take the Oath of Supremacy by virtue of the Statute of *primo Eliz.* but the Statute and every other Statute, for ſo much as concerns the ſaid Oath, are hereby Repealed.

IX. The Oaths Required by this Act to be taken after the 1*ſt* Day of *January* next 1691. ſhall be taken by the Perſons herein after mentioned, and ſuch others as were Required by the ſaid Act, or any other Statute made in *Ireland*, to take the ſaid Abrogated Oath, before ſuch Perſons, and in ſuch Court as is hereafter expreſſed, *viz.* Archbiſhops and Biſhops, and others,

of

of or above the Degree of a Baron of Parliament there, and others having any Promotion, Office or Employment Eccleſiaſtical, Civil or Military, or receiving any Pay, Salary, Fee or Wages by reaſon of any Grant from the Crown, or being Maſter, Governor, Head or Fellow of the Univerſity of *Dublin*, or Maſter of any Hoſpital or School, or Barriſter at Law, Clerk in Chancery, Attorny or Profeſſor of Law, Phyſick or other Science, reſiding in *Dublin* or within thirty Miles thereof, in *Hillary*-Term next, in the Court of Chancery or Kings Bench there, between 9 and 12 in the Forenoon; and all the ſaid Perſons inhabiting at a greater diſtance, at the General Quarter-Seſſions where they reſide, between 9 and 12, before the 25*th* of *July* next, and ſhall make, ſubſcribe and repeat the Declaration herein after mentioned; all which to be put upon Record, paying 1 *s.* And Archbiſhops, Biſhops, and others, having any Eccleſiaſtical Promotion, or being a Lecturer or Curate, neglecting ſo to do, ſhall be *ipſo facto* deprived, and be incapable to be Lecturer or Curate any where; and others having any Office, or receiving any Pay, Salary, Fee or Wages, as aforeſaid, or being Maſter, Governor, *&c.* and others aforeſaid, neglecting ſo to do, ſhall be *ipſo facto* adjudged incapable to enjoy any ſuch Office, Pay, Salary, Fee or Wages, Maſterſhip, Governors Place, Headſhip, Fellowſhip, Employment, or any Matter aforeſaid of Profit appertaining thereunto; and ſuch Office and Place ſhall be adjudged void.

X. Barriſters at Law, Attornies, Clerks and Officers in Chancery, and other Courts, and their Deputies, or that ſhall Practiſe as ſuch in *Ireland*, after the laſt day of *Hillary*-Term next, ſhall take the ſaid Oaths, and make and ſubſcribe the ſaid Declaration in the Kings Bench at *Dublin* before they be admitted to exerciſe any Place or Office, or to Practiſe or Plead in any Court; and all Perſons that after the firſt day of *March* next, ſhall be admitted into any Office or Employment, or come into any Capacity, by reaſon of which they ſhould have been obliged to take the ſaid abrogated Oaths, ſhall take the ſaid Oaths, and make and ſubſcribe the Declaration hereby appointed, at ſuch times, and before ſuch Perſons as they ought to have taken the ſaid former Oath, by virtue of the ſaid Act.

XI. No Perſon that is or ſhall be a Peer of *Ireland*, ſhall Vote or make his Proxy in the Houſe of Peers, or ſit there during any Debate; nor ſhall any Member of the Houſe of Commons vote or ſit there during any Debate, after the Speaker is choſen, unleſs he firſt take the ſaid Oaths, and make, ſubſcribe and repeat this Declaration; *viz. I* A. B. *do ſolemnly and ſincerely in the preſence of God, profeſs, teſtifie and declare, That I do believe that in the Sacrament of the Lords Supper, there is not any Tranſubſtantiation of the Elements of Bread and Wine into the Body*

*and Blood of Chriſt, at or after the Conſecration thereof by any Perſon whatſoever; and that the Invocation or Adoration of the Virgin* Mary, *or any other Saint, and the Sacrifice of the Maſs, as they are now uſed in the Church of* Rome, *are Superſtitious and Idolatrous. And I do ſolemnly in the preſence of God profeſs, teſtifie and declare, That I do make this Declaration, and every part thereof, in the plain and ordinary ſenſe of the Words read unto me, as they are commonly underſtood by Proteſtants, without any Evaſion, Equivocation or mental Reſervation whatſoever, and without any Diſpenſation already granted me for this purpoſe from the Pope, or any other Authority or Perſon whatſoever, or without Diſpenſation from any Perſon or Authority whatſoever, or without believing that I am or can be acquitted before God or Man, or abſolved of this Declaration, or any part thereof, although the Pope or any other Perſon or Perſons or Power whatſoever ſhould diſpenſe with, or annul the ſame, or declare that it was null and void from the beginning.*

XII. Which ſaid Oaths and Declaration ſhall in the next and every Parliament in *Ireland*, be made and ſubſcribed between 9 in the Morning and 4 in the Afternoon, by the Peers, at the Table in the middle of the Houſe, before they take their Place, and whilſt a full Houſe is preſent, and their Speaker in his Place; and by the Members of the Houſe of Commons at the Table in the middle of their Houſe, when a full Houſe is ſitting, with their Speaker in his Chair, in ſuch method, as each Houſe is called over; during which time all Buſineſs to ceaſe, and the Clerks are to Record the ſame, taking of every Member of each Houſe 1 *s.*

XIII. Peers and Members of the Houſe of Commons, Barriſters at Law, Attornies, Clerks or Officers in Chancery, or other Courts, and Deputies in any Office, offending contrary to this Act, ſhall be diſabled to hold any Office or Place of Profit, or Truſt Eccleſiaſtical, Civil or Military there or here, or in any of their Majeſties Iſlands or Plantations, and ſhall be diſabled to ſit in Parliament, or make a Proxy, or to ſue at Law or in Equity, or to be Guardian or Executor or Adminiſtrator, or to take a Legacy or Deed or Gift, and ſhall forfeit 500 *l.* to be recovered by them that will ſue for the ſame.

XIV. The Oaths required to be taken by this Act, are theſe, *viz. I* A. B. *do ſincerely promiſe and ſwear that I will be faithful, and bear true Allegiance to their Majeſties King* William *and Queen* Mary.

So help me God.

*I* A. B. *do ſwear, That I do from my Heart abhor, deteſt and abjure as Impious and Heretical, that damnable Doctrin and Poſition, That Princes excommunicated and deprived by the Pope, or any Authority of the See of* Rome, *may be depoſed or murthered by their Subjects, or any other whatſoever. And I do declare, That no Foreign*

*reign Prince, Perſon, Prelate, State or Potentate, hath or ought to have any Juriſdiction, Power, Superiority, Preheminence or Authority Eccleſiaſtical or Spiritual within this Realm.*

So help me God.

XV. This Act ſhall not extend to any now Chaplain, Secretary or Attendant to any of their Majeſties Ambaſſadors, Envoys or Miniſters in any foreign Courts, or Preacher to any Engliſh Factory, or to any Chaplains in their Majeſties Service by Sea or Land out of *Ireland*, ſo as they take the ſaid Oaths, and make and ſubſcribe the ſaid Declaration within three months after their return; nor to any Proteſtant now in Office or Place of Truſt or Profit out of *Ireland* or *England*, who ſhall return into *Ireland* and take the ſame before the 25*th* of *December* 1692. in the Kings Bench there the next Term after their arrival there.

XVI. Archbiſhops and Biſhops of *Ireland*, and others, having any Eccleſiaſtical Office or Promotion, or being a Lecturer or Curate there, that ſhall be in *England* the firſt day of *Hillary*-Term 1691. ſhall take the ſaid Oaths, and make and ſubſcribe the ſaid Declaration before the end of the ſaid Term in the Chancery or Court of Kings Bench here, and again, before the 25*th* day of *July* 1692. in the Chancery or Court of Kings Bench there, as aforeſaid; and if they neglect or refuſe ſo to do, they ſhall be *ipſo facto* deprived, and become incapable to be Lecturers or Curates any where; and all other the Perſons above mentioned, who ſhall be here on the firſt day of the ſaid *Hillary*-Term, ſhall take the ſaid Oaths, and make and ſubſcribe the ſaid Declaration in Chancery or the Kings Bench in *England*, or elſewhere, ſhall be adjudged *ipſo facto* incapable and diſabled to hold and enjoy ſuch Office, pay, *&c.* Imployment, or any part of them, which taking the ſaid Oaths, *&c.* in *England*, ſhall be as effectual as if they had taken the ſame in *Ireland*.

XVII. This Act ſhall not extend to diſable any Perſons, who on the third of *October* 1691. were reſiding in *Lymerick*, or in any Garriſon then in the poſſeſſion of the Iriſh, or any Officers or Souldiers then in Arms by virtue of any Commiſſion from the late King *James*, or any commiſſioned Officers then in their Majeſties Quarters, that did belong to the Iriſh Regiments then in being, or were then treated with, or who were not Priſoners of War, or who had not then taken Protection, and have ſince ſubmitted to their Majeſties Obedience, from uſing their Profeſſion, or calling of Barriſter at Law, Clerk in Chancery, Attorny or Practiſer of Law or Phyſick.

XVIII. Provided that every ſuch Barriſter at Law, *&c.* who ſhall claim any benefit hereby, to be exempt from

taking the ſaid Oaths, *&c.* ſhall make out his claim thereto, according to the qualifications herein before expreſſed, before the Court of Kings Bench in *Ireland*, on or before the laſt day of *Michaelmas*-Term next, for the recording whereof 1 *s.* ſhall be paid and no more, and in default of ſuch claim to be excluded.

XIX. If any Perſon before he have taken the ſaid Oath in the Kings Bench in *Ireland*, or at the General Quarter-Seſſions in the place where he inhabits, and procured the ſame to be recorded, and obtain'd a Certificate thereof, ſhall practiſe his Calling or Profeſſion, he ſhall forfeit 500 *l.* to ſuch as will ſue for the ſame, and be uncapable to uſe or exerciſe ſuch Profeſſion or Calling.

XX. Two or more Juſtices of the Peace, whereof one to be of the *Quorum*, ſhall direct their Warrants to any Conſtable, Tythingman, or other Officer, to ſummon any Perſon of eighteen years of Age or upwards, to appear before ſuch Juſtices to the Oath above-mentioned to be faithful, *&c.* and for want of appearance, having no lawful let, or in caſe of appearing and refuſing to take the ſaid Oath, the Juſtices ſhall commit ſuch Perſons to the common Gaol or Houſe of Correction for three months, unleſs they ſhall pay down any Sum not exceeding 40 *s.* as the Juſtices ſhall require, which Mony ſhall be paid to the Church-wardens or Overſeers of the Poor of the Pariſh or Place where the Offender laſt inhabited; and after the three months ended, two or more Juſtices ſhall direct their Warrant to ſummon ſuch Offender before them to take the ſaid Oath; and for want of appearance, or in caſe of refuſal to take the ſaid Oath, he ſhall be committed, as aforeſaid, for ſix months, unleſs he pay down what Sum the Juſtices ſhall require, not exceeding 10 *l.* nor under 5 *l.* to be diſpoſed as aforeſaid; and unleſs he become bound with two Sureties, to appear at the next Aſſizes or General Gaol-delivery, and in the mean time to be of the Good Behaviour; and in caſe of refuſal, at the Aſſizes or General Gaol-delivery, ſuch Offender ſhall incur a *Premunire*, unleſs ſuch Offender be a *Feme Covert*, who upon ſuch refuſal ſhall be committed only to the Common Gaol, till ſhe takes the ſaid Oath.

XXI. It ſhall be ſufficient for Quakers producing a Certificate under the Hands and Seals of ſix or more of the Congregation to which they belong, to make and ſubſcribe the following Declaration, *viz.*

*I* A. B. *do ſincerely promiſe, and ſolemnly declare before God and the World, That I will be true and faithful to King* William *and Queen* Mary.

*And I do ſolemnly profeſs and declare, That I do from my Heart*, &c. *verbatim*, as in the Oaths afore-mentioned.

XXII. But

XXII. But no Quakers ſhall thereby be capable of holding any Office, Imployment, Salary, *&c.* whereunto any Perſon taking the ſaid Oaths, *&c.* ſhall or may be entituled.

XXIII. This Act ſhall not be diſpenſed with by any Warrant or Letters Patents under the Great Seal of *England* or *Ireland*, but ſuch Diſpenſations ſhall be null and void.

## Judicial Proceedings.

I. **Stat.** 1 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 1. *cap.* 4. Whereas the Term of St. *Hill.* 1688. could not be kept; Be it enacted, That all Pleas, Writs, Bills, Actions, Suits, Plaints, Proceſs, Precepts or other Things whatſoever, that were returnable or had day or days in the Chancery, Kings Bench, Common Pleas or Exchequer, in *Oct. Hill. Quind Hill. Craſt. Pur.* or *Oct. Pur.* laſt paſt, or at any day certain after any of the ſaid Returns, ſhall ſtand and be revived, and are hereby continued and adjourned to the Return of *Quind. Paſch.* next enſuing; and Parties that had day at any time in *Hill.* Term, ſhall appear on the ſaid Return of *Quind. Paſch.* under the ſame Penalties that might have incurr'd for not appearing in *Hill.* Term, if it had been held.

II. Writs of Error upon Judgments in the Kings Bench, returnable, or upon which day was given in the Exchequer Chamber at any time in *Hill.* Term, and all Proceedings thereupon, ſhall be revived and adjourn'd to the 20*th* day of *Apr.* 1689. and all Parties are to appear then under the ſame Penalties that would have incurred, if they had made default in *Hill.* Term.

III. Writs of Error upon Judgments in the Court of Exchequer, upon which day was given before the Lord Chancellor, and the Lord Treaſurer in *Hill.* Term, and Proceedings thereupon, ſhall be revived and adjourn'd to the 23*d* day of *Apr.* 1689. and all Parties are to appear then under the ſame penalty that would have incurr'd, if they had made any default in *Hill.* Term, *&c.*

IV. Fines upon which Proclamation ought to have been made in *Hill.* Term, ſhall be good, as if ſuch Proclamation had been made; and if the fourth and laſt Proclamation was to have been made in *Hill.* Term, the five years ſhall be accounted from the 12*th* day of *Febr.* 1688.

V. Where any Judgment was by Warrant of Attorny to have been entred in *Hill.* Term, the ſame may be entred in *Eaſter* Term, if the Parties be then living.

VI. Any Perſons before the 17*th* day of *Apr.* 1689. may proſecute any Precept, Writ, mean Proceſs or Execution, returnable in the ſaid Courts on ſome return or day in *Eaſter*-Term next; and the ſaid Writs in the Kings Bench, Common Pleas and Exchequer ſhall be dated on the day they are

actually ſued out, which Writs and Proceſs ſhall be good, notwithſtanding the want of any Original Writ or being atteſted.

VII. It ſhall be lawful before the ſaid 17*th* day of *April* to proſecute any Writ of *Habeas Corpus* in Civil Cauſes, to be dated as aforeſaid, returnable immediately before any of the Juſtices of the Kings Bench, Common Pleas or Barons of the Exchequer, who may proceed thereupon as if the ſaid Term of St. *Hill.* had been kept.

VIII. All Pleas, Writs, Bills, Actions, Suits, Plaints, Proceſs, Pleadings, Proceedings, Indictments and Informations, Cauſes and Things whatſoever, pleaded, returned, depending or being in the Court of the *Dutchy-Chamber* at *Weſtminſter*, in the Great Seſſions of *Wales*, or in the Courts within the Counties Palatine of *Cheſter*, *Lancaſter* or *Durham*, or in any other Court of Law or Equity, upon the 11*th* day of *December* 1688. ſhall be continued and revived, and may be proceeded upon, without any continuance or adjournment.

IX. Perſons that ſince the ſaid 11*th* day of *December* 1688. and before the 13*th* day of *February* following, have committed any Murder, Manſlaughter, Burglary, Perjury or Forgery, or any other Crimes for which they were in cuſtody, or ſtood upon Bail on the ſaid 13*th* day of *February* ſhall be proceeded againſt as if the ſaid Crimes had been committed before the ſaid 11*th* day of *December*; and all Perſons for any Matter ariſen ſince the ſaid 11*th* day of *December*, and before the ſaid 13*th* day of *February* ſhall be liable to any Action; and it ſhall be ſufficient in all Indictments and Informations for any ſuch Crimes, and in all Actions and Declarations for any ſuch Cauſe, to alledge the Year of our Lord, inſtead of the Year of the King; and in ſuch Indictments, Informations or Actions, wherein Concluſions uſed to be *contra Pacem Domini Regis*, to conclude *contra Pacem Regni*; and Indictments for Felonies committed within that time ſhall be good, having the words *contra Pacem Regni*, though the words *Domini Regis Coronam & Dignitatem* be omitted.

X. Recognizances, Statutes and Obligations made ſince the ſaid 11*th* day of *December*, and before the ſaid 13*th* day of *February*, in the Name of and to the late King *James* II. ſhall be good, and may be ſued in their Majeſties Names; and all Perſons, who were bound by Recognizance to the ſaid late King, to appear in the Court of Kings Bench, at any time in *Hill.* Term, or at the next Aſſizes, Oyer and Terminer, General Gaol-delivery, or of the Peace, ſhall be obliged to appear in the ſaid Court of Kings Bench on the firſt day of *Eaſter*-Term 1689. and at the next Aſſizes, Seſſions of Oyer and Terminer, *&c.* under the Penalty of forfeiting the ſaid Recognizance, *&c.*

XI. Writs

XI. Writs and Proceſs iſſuing out of any of the Courts of *Weſtminſter*, as of *Mich.* Term 1688. that have been executed before they were returnable, and all Bills, Plaints, Judgments and Proceedings in any Inferior Court, and Executions thereupon ſince the ſaid 11*th* day of *December*, and before the ſaid 13*th* day of *February* ſhall be good, as if the ſaid late King had continued ſo.

XII. Bail Bonds taken by Sheriffs, *&c.* though not lawfully qualified ſince the firſt day of *November* 1687. and Recognizances of Bail taken ſince the ſaid 11*th* day of *December* before any Perſon, who upon the firſt day of *December* laſt, was Juſtice of the Kings Bench, Common Pleas or Baron of the Exchequer ſhall be good, and may be inroll'd in *Eaſter*-Term 1689. and all Commitments to priſon on any Writ or Proceſs, by the ſaid Judges ſince the ſaid 11*th* day of *December* ſhall be good in Law.

XIII. No part of the time from the 10*th* of *December* 1688. until the 12*th* of *March* 1688. ſhall be accounted as part of the ſix months, from the time of the avoidance of any Church in which any Perſon is bound to bring his *darrein Preſentment* or *Quare impedit*, or as any part of the time in which any Perſon by virtue of any Statute of Limitation ought to bring his Action.

## Judgments.

I. **Stat.** 4 & 5 *W.* & *M. cap.* 20. The Clerk of the Eſſoins of the Court of Common Pleas, every Clerk of the Doggets of the Court of Kings Bench, and the Maſter of the Office of Pleas in the Exchequer, ſhall before the end of every *Eaſter*-Term put into an Alphabetical Dogget by the Defendants Names, a particular of all Judgments for Debt by Confeſſion, *non ſum Informatus* or *nihil dicit* entred in the ſaid reſpective Courts of the Term of St. *Hillary* preceding, containing the Names of the Plaintiffs and Defendants, their Places of Abode, Title, Trade or Profeſſion (if any ſuch be in the Record) and the Debt, Damages and Coſts recovered thereby, and where the Actions were laid and the Number-roll of the Entry thereof; and every Clerk of the Judgments, and other Clerk of the Courts of Common Pleas and Kings Bench, ſhall within ten days before the ſaid time, bring to the Clerks of the Doggets, Notes in Writing of all the Judgments by them entred of the ſaid Term of St. *Hillary* upon Verdicts, Writs of Enquiry, Demurrer and every other Judgment for Debt or Damages in all things as aforeſaid; and that the Clerk of the Judgments and every other Clerk of the Exchequer, ſhall within the time aforeſaid, bring unto the Maſter of the Office or Pleas, the like Note in Writing of all the

like Judgments by him entred, to the end they may be reſpectively entred; and the reſpective Officers and Clerks ſhall before the laſt day of the Term of St. *Michael*, make the like Doggets, containing all Judgments of the Terms of *Eaſter* and *Trinity*, in all things, as aforeſaid; and before the laſt day of every *Hillary*-Term, the like Doggets of Judgments in *Michaelmaſs*-Term; The ſaid Doggets to be kept in Books in Parchment, to be ſearched and viewed by all Perſons at reaſonable times, paying for every Terms ſearch 4 *d.* and no more, on pain that every Clerk of the Eſſoins of the Court of Common Pleas, Clerk of the Doggets of the Kings Bench and Maſter of the Office of Pleas in the Exchequer, and every Clerk before-mentioned, ſhall for every Term in which he ſhall neglect his Duty, forfeit 100 *l.* one moiety to the Party grieved, and the other moiety to the Proſecutor.

II. No Judgment not doggetted as aforeſaid, ſhall affect any Lands as to Purchaſers or Mortgagees, or have any preference againſt Heirs, Executors or Adminiſtrators in the adminiſtration of their Anceſtors, Teſtators or Inteſtates Eſtates.

III. The Plaintiffs in every of the ſaid Judgments ſhall pay to the Clerks of the Judgments, for every Judgment entring 4 *d.* over and above the Fees now due.

IV. This Act to continue for one year from the 25*th* day of *March* 1693. and from thence to the end of the next Seſſion of Parliament.

## King and Queen.

I. Stat. 2 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 1. *cap.* 1. The Lords and Commons publiſh, declare and enact in Parliament, that they do recognize and acknowledge that their Majeſties are and of Right ought to be by the Laws of this Realm their Soveraign Liege Lord and Lady, King and Queen of *England*, *France* and *Ireland*, &c. in and to whoſe Princely Perſons the Royal State, Crown and Dignity of the ſaid Realms, with all Honors, Prerogatives, *&c.* are fully, rightfully and entirely inveſted, incorporated, united and annexed.

II. All and ſingular the Acts made in the Parliament aſſembled the 13*th* day of *Febr.* 1688. were and are the Laws and Statutes of this Kingdom, and as ſuch ought to be reputed, taken and obeyed.

## Leather.

I. Stat. 1. *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 1. *cap.* 23. Whereas an Act made in the 20*th* year of King *Charles* II. Entituled, *An Act for*

*for giving liberty to buy and export Leather and Skins tanned or dreſſed*, was revived by another Act made in the firſt year of the Reign of the late King *James* II. Entituled, *An Act for reviving a former Act for exporting Leather*, which Act will expire at the end of this Seſſions. Be it enacted that the ſaid two Acts be revived and continue in force from the end of this Seſſion of Parliament for ſeven years, and from thence to the end of the Seſſion of Parliament then next enſuing.

II. **Stat.** 1 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 1. *cap.* 33. Every Hide, Skin or Piece of tanned Leather, ſhaved or liquored, and well curried according to the Stature of 1 *Jac.* 1. ſhall be adjudged to be the made Ware and Manufacture of the Currier, and ſubject to the view, ſearch and ſeizure of the Maſter of the ſeveral Myſteries of the Cordwainers, Curriers, Girdlers and Sadlers of the City of *London*, or the major part of them, as by the ſaid Statute is provided, and ſhall be liable to be ſeiz'd and ſubject to the ſame Penalties, as other Wares inſufficiently made of tanned Leather are liable and ſubject by the ſaid Statute.

III. Nothing in this Act ſhall give any Power to the Maſter and Wardens of the Company of Curriers to ſearch or ſeize any Leather, Hide or Skin, but ſuch as ſhall be curried in *London*, or within three Miles thereof, by ſome Members of their own Company, nor in any other Place, but the open Market-place, or in the Shops, Houſes or Ware-houſes of ſuch Curriers.

IV. All Perſons whatſoever dealing or working in Leather, may buy all ſorts of Red tann'd Leather in any open Fair or Market, curried or uncurried, the ſame being firſt ſearch't and ſeal'd according to Law, and may ſell the ſame again in their Shops, or convert it into other made Ware.

V. Any Perſons may buy or ſell Leather, Hides or Skins by weight.

## London.

I. **Stat.** 2 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 1. *cap.* 8. Whereas a Judgment was given in the Kings Bench in *Trinity*-Term, in the 35*th* Year of King *Charles* II. in a *Quo Warranto* againſt the Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of *London*, that the Franchiſe of the ſaid City ſhould be ſeiz'd into the Kings Hands as forfeited, which Proceedings were illegal and arbitrary; Be it enacted, That the ſaid Judgment and every other Judgment given or recorded in the ſaid Court, for ſeizing the Franchiſe of the ſaid City into the Kings Hands be revers'd and made void, and Vacats entred upon the Rolls.

II. The Mayor, Commonalty and Citizens of *London* to remain a Body Politick by the Name of Mayor and Commonalty and

and Citizens of the City of *London*, &c. without any Seizure or Forejudger of the ſaid Franchiſe, *&c.* upon pretence of any Forfeiture or Miſdemeanor done or to be done, and to have and enjoy all their Rights, Charters, *&c.* which they lawfully had at the time of the recording or giving the ſaid Judgment.

III. All Charters, Letters Patents, *&c.* for incorporating the Citizens and Commonalty of the ſaid City or any of them, and all Charters, *&c.* concerning any of their Liberties, *&c.* Lands and Tenements, *&c.* Rights, Title or Eſtates made ſince the ſaid Judgment by the late King *Charles* II. or King *James* II. are hereby declared void.

IV. Yet no Recoveries, Verdicts, Judgments, Statutes, Recognizances, Inquiſitions, Indictments, Preſentments, Informations, Decrees, Sentences, Executions, nor any Plaints, Proceſs or Proceedings in Law or Equity, had in any Court within the ſaid City or Liberties thereof, ſince the ſaid Judgment, ſhall be avoided for want of any legal Power in ſuch as acted as Judges or Officers belonging to the ſame.

V. This Act ſhall not extend to diſcharge any Perſons from any Penalties for not duly qualifying themſelves to act upon ſuch Charters, Grants or Commiſſions.

VI. All Officers and Miniſters of the City, that rightfully held any Office or Place therein, or in *Southwark*, when ſuch Judgment was given, are hereby confirmed, as fully as they held them then; except ſuch as have voluntarily ſurrendred, or been removed for juſt cauſe; and Perſons admitted ſince the ſaid Judgment, into any Office or Employment within the ſaid City, upon the death, ſurrender or removal, as aforeſaid, of the former Officers, are hereby confirmed, as if they had been admitted therein according to ancient Cuſtom.

VII. Leaſes and Grants of Lands and other things, before the ſaid Judgment belonging to the City, made ſince the ſaid Judgment, by the ſaid late King *Charles* II. or King *James* II. or any taking upon them to be Truſtees for the City, upon pretence of any Commiſſion from either of the ſaid late Kings, being made for a juſt and valuable conſideration, and whereupon the accuſtom'd yearly Rent or more hath been reſerved, ſhall be good upon the Terms therein contained, and the Commonalty and Citizens ſhall have all benefit and advantage thereof.

VIII. All Judgments, Decrees and Sentences obtain'd by any Perſons taking upon them to be Truſtees, as aforeſaid, concerning any Intereſts belonging to the City, ſhall ſtand in force and be proſecuted and executed by and to the uſe of the City; and all Perſons natural-born Subjects or Denizens, that have been admitted into the Freedom of the City ſince the ſaid Judgment ſhall be free thereof, as if admitted before.

IX. The

IX. The preſent Mayor, Sheriffs, Chamberlain and Common Council ſhall continue till new Elections, and the Perſons to be elected ſworn; the Election of a Mayor, Sheriffs and Chamberlain, to be on the 26*th* day of *May* 1690, and of the Common Council on the 10*th* day of *June* 1690. Perſons ſo elected to continue till the uſual time of electing ſuch Officers according to uſage, and from thence to continue for the year enſuing.

X. If the Mayor, Sheriffs, Chamberlain and Common Council ſhall not be elected as aforeſaid, the Mayor, Sheriffs, Chamberlain and Common Council, which were in being at the time of the ſaid Judgment, ſhall be and continue in thoſe reſpective Offices, till new Elections be made according to ancient uſage.

XI. All Perſons ſo to be reſtored and continued, ſhall take the Oaths appointed by an Act made in the firſt year of their Majeſties Reign, Entituled, *An Act for the abrogating the Oaths of Supremacy and Allegiance, and appointing other Oaths*, the next Term after ſuch reſtitution, under the Penalties and Diſabilities in the ſaid Act provided.

XII. The Mayor, Sheriffs and Chamberlain ſo to be elected, ſhall be ſworn in uſual manner, on or before the 20*th* day of *June* next.

XIII. The ſeveral Companies and Corporations of the City, ſhall ſtand and be incorporated by ſuch Names and in ſuch manner as they were at the time of ſuch Judgment given, and are hereby reſtored to the Lands, *&c.* Rights and Liberties which they lawfully had then: And all Surrenders and Charters for new incorporating any of them, and concerning any of their Liberties granted by either of the ſaid late Kings ſince the ſaid Judgment, ſhall be void; but no Perſon ſhall be proſecuted for any thing by him lawfully done in purſuance of ſuch Charters, *&c.*

XIV. Provided that all Leaſes, Terms and Eſtates granted by any of the ſaid Companies ſince the ſaid Judgment, for juſt and valuable conſiderations, and whereupon the accuſtomed yearly Rents, or more are reſerved, ſhall be of force, as if they had been granted by the ſaid ſeveral Companies, as hereby reſtored; and the ſaid Companies ſhall have all benefits and advantages thereof.

XV. Perſons ſince the ſaid Judgment admitted into the Freedoms or Liveries of the ſaid Companies, according to the Cuſtom of the City, ſhall enjoy the Rights and Priviledges of a Free-man and Livery-man.

XVI. This preſent Act ſhall be reputed a General and Publick Act of Parliament, of which all Judges in all Courts ſhall take notice, as if it were a Publick Act relating to the whole Kingdom.

XVII. Stat.

XVII. Stat. 2 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 2. *cap.* 8. From the 15*th* day of *Dec.* 1690. All Perſons within the Pariſhes within the Weekly Bills of Mortality in *Middleſex* and *Weſtminſter*, and the Liberties thereof, and in *Southwark*, or in any Streets, *&c.* compriz'd in the ſaid Weekly Bills, and in *Kenſington*, ſhall on every *Wedneſday* and *Saturday* ſweep and cleanſe all the Streets, *&c.* before their Houſes, *&c.* that the Dirt may be ready for the Scavenger, on pain to forfeit 3 *s.* and 4 *d.* for every neglect; and none ſhall lay or ſuffer to be laid any Sea-Coal Aſhes, Duſt, Dirt, *&c.* in any open Street, Lane or Alley before their own Houſes, or any publick Places, on the Penalty of 5 *s.* and none ſhall lay any Aſhes, Dirt or Soil before the Houſes or Walls of any Perſons Inhabitants of the City, Pariſhes or Places aforeſaid, or before any Church, Church-yard Wall, or any of their Majeſties Palaces or Places; or ſhall throw or cauſe to be thrown into any Common Shewer or High-way within the Pariſhes and Places aforeſaid, or any private Vault of any of the ſaid Inhabitants, any noyſome thing whatſoever, but ſhall keep the ſame in their reſpective Houſes, Yards or Back-ſides, till the Scavenger or other Officer come to take them away, on pain to forfeit 20 *s.* for every ſuch Offence.

XVIII. The reſpective Church-wardens, and the Houſe-keepers and other Keepers of *White-hall*, *Somerſet-houſe*, *St. James's-houſe* and *St. James's-Park*, and the Guard-houſes and Stables, *&c.* And the Uſhers, Porters or Keepers of Courts of Juſtice, and other publick Places, ſhall ſuffer the like Penalties for Offences or Neglects done or ſuffered before any ſuch Places.

XIX. None ſhall hoop, waſh or cleanſe any Veſſels in any the ſaid Streets, Lanes or open Paſſages; nor ſhall ſet any Dung, Soil, Rubbiſh or empty Coaches to make or mend, or rough Timber or Stones to be ſawn or wrought, on the penalty of 20 *s.* for every Offence.

XX. The Rakers, Scavengers, *&c.* ſhall every day in the Week, except *Sundays* and *Holydays*, bring Carts, and by a Bell or otherwiſe give notice of their coming, and carry away the Dirt, *&c.* daily, on pain to forfeit 40 *s.* for every Offence or Neglect.

XXI. Open Streets, Lanes and Allies now paved, ſhall be kept ſo at the Charge of the Inhabitants; and where Houſes are unoccupied, at the charge of the Owners, that is to ſay, every Houſholder or Owner to amend the Streets, *&c.* before his own Houſe, *&c.* on pain to forfeit 20 *s.* for every Perch or Rod, for every Default, and of 20 *s.* a Week for every Week after, till the ſame be amended.

XXII. One or more Juſtices of the Peace may view and inſpect new ways made or to be made; and if they find them fit to be paved, ſhall certifie the ſame to the next General Quarter-Seſſions, where the Juſtices of Peace ſhall take ſuch order

order for paving them as they ſhall think fit; and Owners and Inhabitants of Houſes now built, or hereafter to be built adjoyning to any new Streets or Ways adjudged to be paved or amended, pave with Stone or Gravel, or otherwiſe amend the Ground before their Houſes and Buildings to the middle of the Way, and in default thereof ſhall forfeit 40 *s.* for every Perch not paved or amended, and the like Sum for every Week till it be paved, *&c.* and when paved, the like Sum as thoſe that ſhall not pave or repair open Streets, *&c.* by virtue of this Act.

XXIII. Such ancient Streets, Lanes and Allies as by Cuſtom or Order have been repaired in any other order or manner, ſhall hereafter be paved and maintained, as heretofore hath been uſed.

XXIV. Within the Pariſhes of St. *Anne* and St. *James* within the Liberty of *Weſtminſter*, Scavengers ſhall be choſen as by the ſaid Acts is directed; and the Aſſeſsments for Scavengers and ſuch like Officers, ſhall be aſſeſſed and raiſed according to the Cuſtom of the ſaid City, where it is not otherwiſe provided by the ſaid Acts; and the Receivers of ſuch Monies to be accountable as by the ſaid Acts, or otherwiſe by Law new Houſes now or hereafter to be built, within the ſaid Limits and Pariſhes, ſhall pay proportionable with others; and in all other Places and Pariſhes aforeſaid, upon every *Munday* or *Tueſday* in *Eaſter-week* the Conſtables, Churchwardens, Overſeers of the Poor and Surveyors of the Highways, calling ſuch Pariſhioners as are uſually preſent at chuſing Pariſh Officers, ſhall appoint two Tradeſmen of their Pariſh to be Scavengers for the next Year, and till others be choſen, who within ſeven days after their election and notice thereof, ſhall take the Office upon them, on pain to forfeit 10 *l.* for every refuſal; and in caſe of refuſal, others ſhall be choſen within ſeven days, who ſhall take upon them the Office under the ſame Penalty; the ſaid Penalties to be paid to the Surveyors of the High-ways, and imployed towards the repairing the ſame, and to be levied by diſtreſs and ſale of Goods by Warrant from a Juſtice of Peace; and for want of a diſtreſs or non-payment within ſix days after demand and notice left at the Offenders Houſe, the Offender to be committed till payment.

XXV. Within twenty days after the Election of the Scavengers, the Conſtables, Church-wardens, Overſeers of the Poor and Surveyors of the High-ways, calling to them the Inhabitants, as aforeſaid, ſhall ſettle a Tax, according to a Pound-rate, for the next Year, which being allowed by two Juſtices of the Peace, ſhall be quarterly paid by the Inhabitants upon demand; and in caſe of refuſal ſhall be levied by diſtreſs and ſale of Goods, and for want of a diſtreſs, by impriſonment till payment, if the Offender be not a Peer.

XXVI. The

XXVI. The Mony yearly aſſeſſed and collected for cleanſing the Streets ſhall be yearly accounted for by the Scavengers, to two or more of the next Juſtices of Peace within twenty eight days after the Election of new Scavengers, and what remains in their Hands ſhall be paid over to their Succeſſors; and two ſuch Juſtices may commit Scavengers refuſing to account, till they make a true account and pay over, as aforeſaid, what remains in their Hands.

XXVII. The Scavengers ſhall have liberty by order of the Juſtices at their Petit Seſſions, or any two of them, to lodge their Dirt, *&c.* in ſuch vacant and publick Places near the Streets as ſhall be thought convenient, giving ſatisfaction to the Owners; and in caſe of unreaſonable Demands, the Juſtices ſhall moderate the ſame; and Perſons aggrieved by any Tax made by virtue of this Act, or by the determination of the Juſtices, *&c.* may have recourſe to the General Quarter-Seſſions, whoſe determination therein ſhall be final.

XXVIII. And whereas there are many common Highways in the ſaid Pariſhes, which cannot be ſufficiently ſupported without the help of this Act, Be it enacted, That one or more Aſſeſsment or Aſſeſsments upon the Inhabitants and Occupiers of Lands, *&c.* and Perſons uſually ratable to the Poor, ſhall from time to time be made and allowed by ſuch Perſons as the Juſtices at their Quarter-Seſſions ſhall direct, and the Mony thereby raiſed to be employed and accounted for according to their direction, towards the ſupporting ſuch High-ways; ſuch Aſſeſsments to be levied by diſtreſs and ſale of goods, in caſe of non-payment within fourteen days after demand, rendring the overplus, Charges deducted.

XXIX. No ſuch Aſſeſsments to be made in any one Year, ſhall exceed 4 *d.* in the Pound of the yearly value of Lands, *&c.* nor 8 *d.* for every twenty pound in perſonal Eſtate.

XXX. New Sewers made ſince the 12*th* Year of King *Charles* II. in any the ſaid Pariſhes, ſhall be ſubject to the Commiſſioners of Sewers; and the ſaid Commiſſioners may direct the making of new Sewers, and alter or take away any Nuſances therein, and any croſs Gutters and Channels in any of the Streets and Lanes in the ſaid Pariſhes.

XXXI. Houſholders within the Weekly Bills of Mortality, whoſe Houſes adjoyn to the Street, from *Michaelmas* to *Lady-day*, yearly, ſhall hang out Candles or Lights from the time that it grows dark, till twelve a Clock at night, on pain to forfeit 2 *s.* for every default, except ſuch as ſhall agree to make uſe of Lamps, to be placed at ſuch diſtances as ſhall be approved of by two or more Juſtices of the Peace.

XXXII. Every Truſs of old Hay bought or offered to ſale within the Weekly Bills of Mortality, between the laſt of

of *Auguſt* and the firſt of *June*, ſhall weigh 56 pounds at leaſt; and between the firſt of *June* and the laſt of *Auguſt* being new Hay of that Summers growth, ſhall weigh 60 pounds; and being old Hay of any former years growth, ſhall weigh 56 pounds; the Perſon offering any Hay to be ſold of leſs weight, to forfeit for every Truſs 18 *d.*

XXXIII. No Perſons ſhall ſuffer their Waggons, Carts, *&c.* to ſtand in any place within the Weekly Bills of Mortality loaden with Hay or Straw to be ſold, from *Michaelmas* to *Lady-day*, after two a Clock in the Afternoon, nor from *Lady-day* to *Michaelmas* after three a Clock, on pain to forfeit 5 *s.* for every ſuch Offence.

XXXIV. Juſtices of Peace in the Places aforeſaid, within their reſpective Limits, may upon their own View, Confeſſion of the Party, or proof of one credible Witneſs upon Oath, convict Perſons of the ſaid Offences; one moiety of the Forfeitures to the Poor, and the other to the Proſecutor; and in caſe of a Conviction by the View of a Juſtice of Peace, one half to the relief of the Poor, and the other half, if for a default of payment, towards the repairing and cleanſing the Streets, to be paid to the Scavengers, to be imployed to that uſe, or otherwiſe to the relief of the Poor, as aforeſaid; all the ſaid Penalties to be levied by diſtreſs and ſale of Goods, by a Juſtices Warrant to the Conſtable, *&c.* and for want of a diſtreſs, or in caſe of non-payment within ſix days after demand, or notice in Writing left at the Offenders Houſe, by the Conſtable, *&c.* the Offender, not being a Peer, ſhall be committed to the Common Gaol till payment.

XXXV. The Wheels of Carts, Carriages or Drays within the ſaid Places, where the Streets are paved, ſhall contain ſix Inches in the Felley, and ſhall not be wrought about with any Iron-work, nor drawn with above two Horſes after they are up the Hills by the Water-ſide. Owners of Carts, *&c.* the Wheels whereof ſhall not be of that breadth, or ſhod with Iron, or drawn with above two Horſes, as aforeſaid, ſhall forfeit 40 *s.* for every time ſuch Cart, *&c.* ſhall be uſed, for the Uſes, and to be levied, as aforeſaid.

XXXVI. This ſhall not extend to Country Carriages bringing Goods to the ſaid Places, or carrying any Goods half a Mile beyond the paved Streets.

XXXVII. No Perſons ſhall keep Swine within the Houſes or Back-ſides of the paved Streets, where the Houſes are contiguous, upon pain of forfeiting the ſame to the uſe of the Poor of the Pariſh: And Church-wardens, Overſeers of the Poor, Conſtables, Beadles, Headboroughs and Tythingmen, may in the day-time by Warrant from the Lord Mayor of *London*, or any Juſtice of Peace of the place, ſearch for Swine,

Swine, and drive them away to ſell, the Mony to be delivered to the Church-wardens or Overſeers of the Poor of the Pariſh, for the uſe of the Poor.

XXXVIII. The cleanſing the Streets Lanes and Paſſages within *London* and the Liberties thereof, ſhall be managed according to the ancient uſage of the City.

XXXIX. The Lord Mayor or any Alderman may upon his own knowledge or view, in the General Quarter-Seſſions, make preſentment of any ſuch Offence within the City and Liberties thereof; and the Lord Mayor and Juſtices of the City ſhall at the ſame Seſſions aſſeſs Fines for the ſame, not exceeding 20 *s.* for every Offence, to be paid to the Chamberlain of *London* for the uſe of the City.

XL. In Actions, *&c.* commenced for what any Perſon ſhall do in purſuance of an Act made in the 22 and 23 Years of King *Charles* II, Entituled, *An Act for the better paving and cleanſing the Streets and Sewers in and about the City of* London, or this Act, the Defendant may plead the General Iſſue, and give the ſaid Act, and the Special Matter in Evidence; and if the Plaintiff or Proſecutor become Non-ſuit, or ſuffer a Diſcontinuance, or a Verdict paſs againſt him, the Defendant ſhall recover treble Coſts.

XLI. The High-way leading from the Eaſt-ſide of *Clerkenwell-Green* to *St. Johns Street*, ſhall be pav'd according to the direction of this Act.

## Militia.

I. **Stat.** 2 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 2. *c.* 12. An Act for the raiſing the Militia of this Kingdom for the Year 1691. though the Months Pay formerly advanced be not paid.

II. **Stat.** 3 & 4 *W.* & *M. cap.* 7. An Act for raiſing the Militia of this Kingdom for the Year 1692. although the Months Pay formerly advanced be not repaid.

III. **Stat.** 3 & 4 *W.* & *M. cap.* 6. If at any time before the 25*th* day of *March* 1694. their Majeſties ſhall think it neceſſary for the ſafety of this Kingdom, to draw out the Militia into actual Service, and the ſame be ſignified to the Lieutenants, Deputy-Lieutenants and Warden of the Cinque-Ports, It ſhall be lawful for them, notwithſtanding that one or more Months Pay before that time advanced, be not re-imburſed, to draw out the Souldiers of the Militia into actual Service, and to cauſe the Perſons charged, to provide each their Souldier with pay in Hand, not exceeding one Months Pay, as if all the Pay before advanced and provided had been re-imburſed.

# Oaths.

I. **Stat.** 1 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 1. *cap.* 6. The Oath herein after mentioned, ſhall be adminiſtred to King *William* and Queen *Mary* at the time of their Coronation, *viz.*

The Archbiſhop or Biſhop ſhall ſay;

*Will you ſolemnly promiſe and ſwear to Govern the People of this Kingdom of* England, *and the Dominions thereunto belonging, according to the Statutes in Parliament agreed on, and the Laws and Cuſtoms of the ſame?*

The King and Queen ſhall ſay;

*I ſolemnly promiſe ſo to do.*

Archbiſhop or Biſhop.

*Will you to your Power cauſe Law and Juſtice in mercy to be executed in all your Judgments?*

King and Queen.

*I will.*

Archbiſhop or Biſhop.

*Will you to the utmoſt of your Power maintain the Laws of God, the true Profeſſion of the Goſpel, and the Proteſtant reformed Religion eſtabliſhed by Law? And will you preſerve unto the Biſhops and Clergy of this Realm, and to the Churches committed to their charge, all ſuch Rights and Priviledges as by Law do or ſhall appertain unto them, or any of them?*

King and Queen.

*All this I promiſe to do.*

After this the King and Queen laying his and her Hand upon the Holy Goſpels, ſhall ſay:

King and Queen.

*The Things which I have here before promiſed, I will perform and keep.*

So help me God.

Then the King and Queen ſhall kiſs the Book.

II. The ſaid Oath ſhall be in like manner adminiſtred to every King or Queen, who ſhall ſucceed.

III. **Stat.** *Anno* 1 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 1. *cap.* 8. Henceforth no Perſons ſhall be obliged to take the Oaths of Allegiance and Supremacy, or either of them, by force of the Acts of 1 *Eliz.*

or 3 *Jac.* or any other Statute; and the ſaid Oaths are hereby abrogated.

II. The Oaths appointed by this preſent Act to be taken, and the Declaration appointed by this Act to be made, *&c.* ſhall be taken, made, repeated and ſubſcribed by ſuch as were required by any Act to take the ſaid abrogated Oaths or either of them before ſuch Perſons as hereafter is expreſſed, *viz.* Archbiſhops and Biſhops, and all above the Degree of a Baron of Parliament, in the Court of Chancery or Kings Bench between the hours of 9 and 12 in the Forenoon before the end of *Trin.* Term next, or at the General Quarter-Seſſions for that County or Place where they ſhall be or reſide, between the ſaid hours, before the firſt day of *Auguſt* next.

IV. Other ſuch Perſons ſhall take the ſaid Oaths and make and ſubſcribe the ſaid Declaration before ſuch Perſons as by any Act were authorized to tender the ſaid abrogated Oaths.

V. All Perſons (other than ſuch, concerning whom other proviſion ſhall be made in this Act or Seſſion of Parliament) that ſhall be admitted into any Office or Imployment Eccleſiaſtical or Civil, or come into any capacity, by reaſon whereof they ſhould have been obliged to take the ſaid abrogated Oaths, or either of them, ſhall take the Oaths hereby appointed in ſuch manner as they ought to have taken the former Oaths, and under the ſame Penalties, Forfeitures, Diſabilities and incapacities.

VI. If any Perſon now having any ſuch Office or Imployment, neglect or refuſe to take the ſaid Oaths before the firſt day of *Auguſt* next, or ſooner, if required by order of Council, ſuch Office and Imployment ſhall be void.

VII. Archbiſhops or Biſhops and other Perſons now having any Eccleſiaſtical Dignity, Benefice, *&c.* neglecting or refuſing to take the ſaid Oaths before the firſt day of *Auguſt* next, ſhall be ſuſpended for ſix months from the ſaid firſt of *Auguſt*; and if they ſhall not within the ſaid ſpace of ſix months take the ſaid Oaths, they ſhall be *ipſo facto* deprived, and are hereby adjudged to be deprived.

VIII. Governors, Heads or Fellows of Colledges or Halls in either Univerſity, or of any other Colledge, Maſters of Hoſpitals or Schools, Profeſſors of Divinity, Law, Phyſick or other Science in either Univerſity, or in *London*, neglecting or refuſing as aforeſaid before the firſt day of *Auguſt* next, ſhall be ſuſpended ſix months, to be accounted as aforeſaid; and if they ſhall not within the ſaid ſpace of ſix months take the ſaid Oaths, their Offices, Imployments, Maſterſhips, Governments, Fellowſhips and Profeſſorſhips ſhall be void.

IX. Other Perſons refuſing to take the ſaid Oaths, being lawfully tendred, ſhall be committed by the Perſons tendring the ſame, to the Common Gaol or Houſe of Correction for three

three months without Bail or Mainprize, unleſs ſuch Offenders ſhall pay down 40 *s.* or ſuch leſſer Sum as the Perſons tendring the ſaid Oaths ſhall require, which Mony ſhall go to the relief of the Poor of the Pariſh or Place where ſuch Offender did laſt reſide; and if at the end of three months ſuch Perſons ſhall again refuſe, *&c.* they ſhall be committed as aforeſaid, for ſix months, unleſs they ſhall pay down ſuch Sum of Mony as the Perſons tendring the ſaid Oaths ſhall require, not exceeding 10 *l.* nor under 5 *l.* (the ſaid Mony to be diſpoſed as aforeſaid) and unleſs ſuch Offenders ſhall become bound with two Sureties to be of the Good Behaviour, and appear at the next Aſſizes or General Gaol-delivery for the place where they ſhall reſide; at which Aſſizes or Gaol-delivery the ſaid Oath ſhall be again tendred in open Court; and upon refuſal the Perſons refuſing ſhall be adjudged incapable of any Office Civil or Military, and be bound to their Good Behaviour, till they take the ſaid Oaths; and if ſuch Perſons ſhall refuſe to make and ſubſcribe the Declaration mentioned in the Statute of the 30*th* Year of King *Charles* II. Entituled, *An Act for the more effectual preſerving the Kings Perſon and Government*, &c. they ſhall be taken and deemed Popiſh Recuſants convict, to all intents and purpoſes.

X. Commiſſion-Officers and Non-Commiſſion or Warrant-Officers now employed by Sea or Land, ſhall take the ſaid Oaths and make and ſubſcribe the laſt mentioned Declaration before the Lord Admiral or Commiſſioners of the Admiralty, or their Deputies, or ſuch as their Majeſties ſhall appoint to adminiſter them: And all Perſons hereafter to be put into any ſuch Imployment, ſhall before the delivery of their Commiſſion or Warrant, take the ſaid Oaths, and make and ſubſcribe the ſaid Declaration before the Lord Admiral or Commiſſioners of the Admiralty, or their Deputies, or ſuch as ſhall iſſue ſuch Commiſſion or Warrant, or ſuch as ſhall be authorized to adminiſter the ſame as aforeſaid; and in caſe of refuſal, ſhall be incapable of taking or executing ſuch Office or Imployment.

XI. The Oath appointed by the Statute of 13 *Car.* 2. Entituled, *An Act for the ordering the Forces in the ſeveral Counties of this Kingdom*; And ſo much of a Declaration preſcribed in another Act made in the ſame Year, Entituled, *An Act for the Uniformity of Publick Prayers*, &c. as is expreſſed in theſe Words, *viz.*

*I* A. B. *declare, That it is not lawful upon any pretence whatſoever to take up Arms againſt the King; and that I do abhor that traiterous Poſition of taking Arms by his Authority againſt his Perſon, or againſt thoſe that are commiſſioned by him*;

Shall not from henceforth be required or enjoyned.

XII. The Oaths required and intended by this Act, are in these Words following, *viz.*

*I* A. B. *do sincerely promise and swear, That I will be faithful and bear true Allegiance to their Majesties King* William *and Queen* Mary.

So help me God, *&c.*

*I* A. B. *do swear, That I do from my Heart abhor, detest and abjure, as impious and heretical, that Damnable Doctrin and Position, That Princes excommunicated or deprived by the Pope, or any Authority of the See of* Rome, *may be deposed or murthered by their Subjects or any other whomsoever.*

*And I do declare, That no Foreign Prince, Person, Prelate, State or Potentate, hath or ought to have any Jurisdiction, Power, Superiority, Pre-eminence or Authority Ecclesiastical or Spiritual within this Realm.*

So help me God, *&c.*

XIII. The Names of Persons and Officers that shall take the said Oaths in the Chancery, Kings Bench or Quarter-Sessions, shall in the said respective Courts be inroll'd, with the day and time of their taking the same. The Rolls for the Court of Chancery to be publickly hung up in the Petty-bag-Office; for the Kings Bench, in the Crown Office, and in some publick place in every Quarter-Sessions every Term, and every Quarter-Sessions; No Fee or Reward above 12 *d.* to be given to any Officer belonging to any of the said Courts for such Entries.

XIV. Whereas since the 11*th* day of *December* 1688. the said abrogated Oaths could not be taken by Persons elected into Offices of Magistracy, Places of Trust, *&c.* Be it enacted, That if any such Officer shall before the first of *August* 1689. take the Oaths herein mentioned and required before such Persons who ought to have administred the said Abrogated Oaths, the same shall be adjudged as good and effectual as if he had taken the said Abrogated Oaths.

XV. And whereas since the Feast of St. *Michael* last past, divers Persons have been admitted into Offices, Imployments, or Places of Trust, and could not take the said Abrogated Oaths, and subscribe the Declaration at such time, and in such manner as is appointed by the Act of 25 *Car.* 2. Entituled, *An Act for preventing of Dangers that may happen from Popish Recusants*; Be it enacted, That if any such Person shall before the end of *Trinity*-Term next in the Chancery or Kings Bench, or before the first of *August* 1689. at the Quarter-Sessions, *&c.* take the Oaths hereby appointed to be taken, and repeat and subscribe the said Declaration, and take the Sacrament according to the usage of the Church of *England*, and procure

procure Certificate thereof, as by the ſaid Act is directed, that ſuch Perſon ſhall be indemnified from any Penalty or Diſability that he might have incurred by the ſaid Act.

XVI. It ſhall be left to the King to allow to ſuch of the Clergy as ſhall refuſe the Oaths preſcribed by this Act, as he ſhall think fit, not exceeding twelve, an allowance out of their Eccleſiaſtical Benefices, *&c.* for their Subſiſtence, not exceeding a third part, to continue during the Kings Pleaſure.

XVII. **Stat.** 1 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 1. *cap.* 25. If any Commiſſion for Military Imployment, ſhall be granted to any Perſon at more than twenty Miles diſtance from *London*, ſuch Perſons may take the Oaths, and make and ſubſcribe the Declaration mentioned in an Act of this preſent Seſſion of Parliament, Entituled, *An Act for the abrogating the Oaths of Supremacy and Allegiance, and appointing other Oaths*, at the next Muſter after the receipt of the ſaid Commiſſion, before the Commiſſary of the Muſters or his Deputy, who ſhall ſend up a Certificate thereof under his Hand and Seal, to the Perſon who iſſued ſuch Commiſſion.

XVIII. If any Perſon receiving ſuch Commiſſion, ſhall refuſe to take the ſaid Oaths, *&c.* he ſhall not be allowed upon the Muſters, but his Commiſſion ſhall be void.

XIX. Nothing in this Act contain'd ſhall extend to the *Militia*.

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## Papists.

I. **Stat.** 1 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 1. *cap.* 9. The Lord Mayor of *London* for the time being, and every Juſtice of Peace of *London*, and for *Weſtminſter* and *Southwark*, and of the Counties of *Middleſex*, *Surry*, *Kent* and *Suſſex* within their reſpective Limits, ſhall cauſe to be brought before him every Perſon, not being a Merchant Foreigner within the ſaid Cities, or within ten miles of the ſame, as are reputed to be Papiſts, and tender them the Declaration mentioned in the Statute of 30 *Car.* 2. Entituled, *An Act for the more effectual preſerving the Kings Perſon and Government*, &c. And if any ſuch Perſon, after refuſal to make and ſubſcribe the ſame, ſhall continue to be within the ſaid City or Cities, or within ten miles diſtant from the ſame, he or ſhe ſhall forfeit and ſuffer as a Popiſh Recuſant convict.

II. The Juſtices of Peace ſhall certifie the Subſcriptions taken before them by virtue of this Act, and the Names of Refuſers upon tender, under their Hands and Seals, into the Court of Kings Bench the next Term, or elſe at the next

Quarter-Seſſions; and if Perſons ſo refuſing and certified, ſhall not within the next Term or Seſſions after ſuch refuſal, appear in the Court of Kings Bench or Seſſions, and in open Court make and ſubſcribe the ſaid Declaration, and indorſe his ſo doing upon the Certificate, they ſhall be adjudged from the time of ſuch their refuſal, as Popiſh Recuſants convict.

III. This Act ſhall not extend to ſuch as uſe any Trade or Manuel Occupation; nor to ſuch as within ſix months before the 13*th* of *Febr.* 1688. had their places of abode within the ſaid Cities, or ten miles compaſs, not having any place of abode elſewhere, ſo as before the ſaid firſt day of *Auguſt* 1689. they certifie their Names, Additions and Places of Abode at the Seſſions of the Peace to be held for the ſaid reſpective Cities, Counties or Places; the Clerk of the Peace to take but 2 *d.* for the entry of ſuch Name, Addition and Place of Abode.

IV. Nothing in this Act ſhall have any effect upon ſuch Foreigners, as are or ſhall be menial Servants to Ambaſſadors or Publick Agents.

V. Foreigners, Servants to the Queen Dowager, are likewiſe excepted, not exceeding the number of thirty at any one time.

VI. **Stat.** 1 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 1. *cap.* 15. It ſhall be lawful for any two or more Juſtices of the Peace, who ſhall know or ſuſpect any Perſon to be a Papiſt, or ſhall be ſo informed, to tender to ſuch Perſon the Declaration expreſſed in an Act of Parliament made *Anno* 30 *Car.* 2. Entituled, *An Act for the more effectual preſerving the Kings Perſon and Government*, &c. And if ſuch Perſon ſhall not make and ſubſcribe the ſaid Declaration, or ſhall refuſe to appear upon notice left at his Place of Abode by any Perſon authorized in that behalf, by Warrant under the Hands and Seals of the ſaid two Juſtices, ſuch Perſon ſhall be liable to all the Penalties, Forfeitures and Diſabilities herein after mentioned.

VII. The ſaid Juſtices of the Peace ſhall certifie the Name, Sirname and uſual Place of Abode of Perſons ſo refuſing or neglecting, and of all who ſhall make and ſubſcribe the ſaid Declaration, at the next General Quarter-Seſſions to be holden for the Shire, Riding, *&c.* for which they ſhall be Juſtices, to be there Recorded, *&c.*

VIII. No Papiſt or reputed Papiſt, ſo refuſing or making default, ſhall keep in his Houſe or elſewhere at his diſpoſition, any Arms, Weapons, Gun-powder or Ammunition (other than ſuch as ſhall be allowed him by order of a General Quarter-Seſſions for the defence of his Houſe and Perſon) and any two or more Juſtices of the Peace may from time to time, by Warrant under their Hands and Seals authorize

Perſons

Perſons in the day-time, with the aſſiſtance of the Conſtable or his Deputy, Tythingman or Headborough, to ſearch for Arms, *&c.* in the Houſe, Cuſtody or Poſſeſſion of any ſuch Papiſt or reputed Papiſt, and ſeize the ſame for their Majeſties uſe, and ſhall at the next General Quarter-Seſſions deliver them in open Court for the uſe aforeſaid.

IX. Every Papiſt or reputed Papiſt, who ſhall not within ten days after ſuch refuſal or making default as aforeſaid, diſcover and deliver to ſome Juſtice of the Peace all Arms, Weapons, Gun-powder or Ammunition whatſoever, which ſhall have in his Houſe, or elſewhere, or ſhall hinder any Perſons authorized to ſearch as aforeſaid, to ſearch and ſeize the ſame, ſhall be committed to the Common Gaol by Warrant of any two Juſtices of Peace, for three months without Bail or Mainprize, and ſhall forfeit the ſaid Arms and pay treble the value of them to the Kings uſe, to be appraiſed by the Juſtices of Peace at their next General Quarter-Seſſions.

X. Perſons concealing or privy to the concealing of ſuch Arms, or that ſhall hinder any Perſons authorized as aforeſaid, in ſearching for and ſeizing the ſame, ſhall be committed to the Common Gaol, by Warrant as aforeſaid, for three months without Bail or Mainprize, and ſhall forfeit the treble value of the ſaid Arms to their Majeſties, *&c.*

XI. If any Perſons ſhall diſcover any concealed Arms, *&c.* belonging to any refuſing or making default, as aforeſaid, ſo as the ſame may be ſeized, the Juſtices of Peace upon delivery of the ſame at the General Quarter-Seſſions ſhall allow as a Reward for ſuch diſcovery the full value of the Arms, *&c.* ſo diſcovered, the Sum to be by the ſaid Juſtices of Peace at their Seſſions, and to be levied by diſtreſs and ſale of the Offenders Goods, rendring the overplus above the Sum aſſeſſed, and the Charges of the Diſtreſs to the Owner.

XII. Perſons having refuſed or made default, as aforeſaid, who ſhall afterward in open Court at the General Quarter-Seſſions, where their refuſing or making default ſhall be certified, make and ſubſcribe the ſaid Declaration, and take the Oaths contained in an Act made in this Parliament, Entituled, *An Act for removing and preventing all Queſtions and Diſputes concerning the aſſembling and ſitting of this preſent Parliament*, ſhall from thenceforth be diſcharged of and from all Diſabilities and Forfeitures, which for the future they might be liable to for ſuch refuſal or default.

XIII. No Papiſt or reputed Papiſt ſo refuſing or making default, ſhall after the 15*th* of *May*, 1689. keep in his poſſeſſion or to his uſe any Horſe or Horſes above the value of 5 *l.* to be ſold; and any two Juſtices of the Peace may from time to time by Warrant as aforeſaid, and with the aſſiſtance aforeſaid,

ſaid, authorize any Perſons to ſearch for and ſeize ſuch Horſes as aforeſaid to their Majeſties.

XIV. Perſons concealing or aiding in the concealing any ſuch Horſes, ſhall be committed by Warrant, as aforeſaid, for three months without Bail or Mainprize, and ſhall forfeit treble the value of ſuch Horſes, to be ſettled, as aforeſaid.

XV. **Stat.** 1 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 1. *cap.* 17. Whereas in an Act of this Parliament, Entituled, *An Act for the amoving Papiſts and reputed Papiſts from the Cities of* London *and* Weſtminſter, *&c.* the County of *Suſſex* is by miſtake inſerted for the County of *Eſſex*, Be it enacted, That the Powers and Authorities by the ſaid Act given to the Juſtices of the Peace of the County of *Suſſex*, be extended to the County of *Eſſex*, and the Juſtices of Peace of the ſaid County of *Eſſex*.

XVI. **Stat.** 1 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 1. *cap.* 26. Perſons refuſing or neglecting to repeat and ſubſcribe the Declaration mentioned in one Act of this preſent Parliament, Entituled, *An Act for the better ſecuring the Government by diſarming Papiſts and reputed Papiſts*, when tendred by two or more Juſtices of the Peace, or forbearing to appear before them upon notice given, as the ſaid Act directs, and ſhall thereupon have their Names and Places of Abode certified and recorded at the General Quarter-Seſſions, as by the ſaid Act is appointed, ſhall be diſabled to make any Preſentation, Collation, Nomination or Donation, or grant of any avoidance of any Benefice or Eccleſiaſtical Living, as if ſuch Perſon were a Popiſh Recuſant convict; and the Chancellors and Scholars of the two Univerſities reſpectively, ſhall have the Preſentation, Nomination, *&c.* of and to every ſuch Benefice, *&c.* being within their reſpective Counties, Cities and other the Places and Limits mentioned in the Act of the third of King *James* I. Entituled, *An Act to prevent and avoid Dangers which may grow by Popiſh Recuſants*, as in and by the ſaid Act is directed and appointed.

XVII. Perſons ſeiz'd or poſſeſs'd of any Advowſon, right of Preſentation, Collation, *&c.* to any ſuch Eccleſiaſtical Living, Free-School or Hoſpital, in truſt for any Papiſt or Popiſh Recuſant convicted or diſabled according to the intent of the ſaid Act of 1 *Jac.* 1. or of this Act, ſhall likewiſe be diſabled to preſent, nominate or collate to any ſuch Eccleſiaſtical Living, *&c.* or to grant any avoidance thereof; and the Chancellors and Scholars of the Univerſities reſpectively, ſhall have ſuch Preſentations, *&c.* as they ſhould have in caſe ſuch Recuſant convict or diſabled were ſeiz'd or poſſeſs'd thereof; and if any Truſtee, Mortgagee or Grantee of any avoidance, hereafter preſent, *&c.* or cauſe to be preſent-

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ed, *&c.* any Perſon to any ſuch Living, Free-School, *&c.* whereof the Truſt ſhall be for a Recuſant convict or diſabled, without giving notice in Writing to the Vice-Chancellor of the Univerſity, to whom ſuch Preſentation, *&c.* ſhall belong, according to the intent of this Act, within three months afrer the avoidance, he ſhall forfeit 500 *l.* to the reſpective Chancellors and Scholars of either Univerſity, to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, *&c.*

XVIII. Provided that the ſaid Chancellor and Scholars ſhall not preſent or nominate any perſon that ſhall then have any Benefice with cure of Souls; but that ſuch Preſentation ſhall be void.

XIX. Provided that if any perſon ſo preſented, *&c.* to any Benefice with cure, ſhall be abſent from the ſame above ſixty days in one year, that ſuch Benefices ſhall be void.

XX. Provided nevertheleſs, That if any ſuch perſon ſhall at the General Quarter-Seſſions, where his Name is recorded, repeat and ſubſcribe the ſaid Declaration, and take the Oaths contained in an Act of this Parliament, Entituled, *An Act for the abrogating the Oaths of Supremacy and Allegiance*, &c. he ſhall be diſcharged from the ſaid Diſability, and be enabled to make ſuch Preſentation, *&c.* as if this Act had not been made.

## Pardon.

I. **Stat.** 2 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 1. *cap.* 10. All Subjects of this Realm of *England*, *Wales*, and the Town of *Berwick*, All Bodies Politick and Corporate, Cities, Burroughs, Shires, Ridings, Hundreds, *&c.* ſhall be pardoned and diſcharged of and from all Treaſons, Felonies, Miſpriſions of Treaſon, Treaſonable or Seditious Words or Libels, Miſpriſions of Felony, ſeditious and unlawful Meetings, Offences of Premunire, Ryots, Routs, Offences, Contempts, Treſpaſſes, Entries, Wrongs, Deceits, Miſdemeanors, Forfeitures, Penalties and Sums of Mony, pains of Death, pains Corporal and Pecuniary, and of and from all Things, Cauſes, Quarrels, Suits, Judgments and Executions, not hereafter excepted, which by their Majeſties in any wiſe can be pardoned before the 16*th* day of *May* 1690.

II. All their Majeſties Subjects and Bodies Corporate, may by themſelves, their Deputies or Attornies, plead this for any thing hereby pardoned or diſcharged without any Fee or other Thing, paying to any perſon for writing or entry of the Judgments or other Cauſe concerning ſuch Plea, Writing or Entry, but only 16 *d.* to the Officer or Clerk that ſhall enter the ſame.

III. This Pardon to be expounded moſt beneficial and available to the Subject.

IV. If

IV. If any Officer or Clerk of any of their Majeſties Courts ſhall after *Eaſter*-Term next, make out any Proceſs, whereby any of the Subjects or Bodies Corporate aforeſaid, may be inquieted for any thing hereby pardoned; or if any Sheriff, Eſcheator or their under Officers levy or with-hold any thing diſcharged by this Act, they ſhall pay to the party grieved treble Damages and Coſts of Suit; and forfeit to their Majeſties 10 *l.* for every ſuch Offence, and ſuch Proceſs to be void.

V. Except Treaſons and other Offences againſt the King and Queens perſons or either of them, and all Conſpiracies and Confederacies againſt their Majeſties moſt Royal Perſons: And all Treaſons committed in *Ireland*, or any Parts beyond the Seas ſince the 13*th* day of *Febr.* 1688. And all Offences in forging and counterfeiting the Great or Privy Seal, Sign Manuel or Privy Signet, or of Monies; and all Offences of unlawful diminiſhing Monies; and all Miſpriſions and Concealments of the Treaſons above excepted, and abetting, aiding, comforting and procuring the ſame.

VI. And except all Murthers, Petit Treaſons and wilful Poyſonings, and the Acceſſaries thereunto.

VII. And except Robberies and Pyracies upon the Seas, procuring and abetting ſuch Offenders, and receiving them or Goods taken by Pyracy.

VIII. And except all Burglaries and breaking into and ſtealing out of any Dwelling-houſes in the day, and Acceſſaries thereunto.

IX. And except Robberies of Churches, and Robberies committed on the High-way.

X. And except Buggery with Mankind or Beaſt, and Rapes of Women.

XI. And except the wilful taking away or marrying any Maid, Widow or Damſel againſt her will, or the aſſent of her Parents or Guardians, and Acceſſaries thereunto.

XII. And except all Offences of Perjury and Subornation of Witneſſes, and of forging and counterfeiting Deeds, Writings or Records; or Examinations of Witneſſes, tending to bring any Perſons in danger of Life, and all procuring or counſelling the ſame.

XIII. And except all Offences committed in any Foreſt ſince the 13*th* day of *Febr.* 1688.

XIV. And except Forfeitures now due, or which may be be due to their Majeſties by reaſon of any Offence, *&c.* contrary to any Statute (other than uſing a Trade without ſerving ſeven years) or contrary to the Common Law; and whereof any Action, Bill, Plaint or Information within ſix days next before the day of holding this preſent Parliament, *viz.* the 20*th* day of *March* 1689. hath been commenced in any of

of their Majeſties Courts at *Weſtminſter*, and is there depending; or whereupon any Verdict, Judgment or Decree is already given or entred; or whereof their Majeſties have made any Aſſignment before the ſaid 16 day of *May*.

XV. And except all Proceedings concerning High-ways and Bridges, and Iſſues return'd upon any ſuch Proceſs ſince the 20*th* day of *March*. 1679.

XVI. And except all Offences in imbezeling and purloining their Majeſties Goods, Monies, Chattels, Jewels, Armor, Munition, Stores, Naval Proviſions, Shipping, Ordinance and other Habiliments of War; and all Offences in conveying to the *French* King any Naval Stores or contraband Goods.

XVII. And except all Conditions and Covenants, and all Penalties, Titles, *&c.* accrued to their Majeſties by the breach of them.

XVIII. And except all Offences of Inceſt, Simony and Dilapidations, for which any Suit is, or was depending the firſt day of this Parliament.

XIX. And except Adultery, and other Enormous Crimes by Perſons in Holy Orders, puniſhable in Eccleſiaſtical Courts.

XX. And except Firſt-fruits and Tenths, Penſions, Procurations, Synodals and other Payments out of any Eccleſiaſtical Benefice; other than Tenths due out of ſmall Livings not worth 30 *l.* a year improved value, and which ſhall be ſo certified by the Biſhop or Guardian of the Spiritualties before the laſt of *Michaelmas*-Term; but this Act ſhall not diſcharge Biſhops from anſwering any of the ſaid Arrears by them received.

XXI. And except the Monies and Duties following, and Concealments thereof, *viz.* of any Cuſtom or Subſidy, Exciſe, Hearth-mony, Impoſition upon Wine or other Liquors, Duties ariſing by Wine-licences, or the Poſt-office, or any other Duty due to their Majeſties by Act of Parliament, and Forfeitures for non-payment thereof, and Miſdemeanors in Miniſters concerning the ſame.

XXII. And except all taking from their Majeſties, or the late King *Charles* II. or King *James* II. Goods forfeited for Treaſon, Petit Treaſon, Murder or Felony; or the Iſſues and Profits of Lands of Traitors or Felons attainted; or of the Poſſeſſions of any Biſhoprick, the Temporalties whereof upon the 20*th* day of *March* 1679. were or ought to have been in their Hands; and except all Arrears of Rent due from any Farmer of any part of the Revenue, and of Fee-farms and other Rents.

XXIII. And except the accounts of Collectors, Commiſſioners or Receivers of any Subſidy, Cuſtom, Tunnage and Poundage, additional Duty, Prize Goods, or other things grown due ſince the 25*th* of *March* 1673. and of all other Accountants

countants to their Majeſties, in reſpect of any receit or other charge grown ſince the ſaid 25*th* day of *March*, and all untrue Accounts made ſince then.

XXIV. And except Recognizances and other Securities given by any Accountant in the Exchequer, and their Sureties; and all Recognizances and Conditions for the payment of Mony.

XXV. This Act ſhall not diſcharge any Recognizance, *&c.* not yet forfeited; nor any forfeited Recognizanc, *&c.* whereof the Farmers of the Exciſe, or any part of the Revenue, ought to receive benefit; nor any Debt due by Recognizance, *&c.* to any Perſons endebted to their Majeſties, which hath been ſeiz'd in Aid; nor any Debt, whereupon any enſtalment or ſeizure hath been made, upon which any thing is, or ſince the 25*th* of *March* hath been anſwered and paid; nor to diſcharge any Forfeitures or Sums of Mony due to their Majeſties by any Statute, which Forfeitures, *&c.* ſince the ſaid 25*th* of *March* are converted into the nature of a Debt; or have been inſtall'd or any ſeizure made for them, upon which any thing has been paid ſince the ſaid 25*th* of *March*.

XXVI. But all Recognizances, *&c.* forfeited ſince the ſaid 25*th* of *March* for non-payment in any Court or other place, or not keeping the Peace, or not being of the Good Behaviour, are diſcharged, except Recognizances granted to or in truſt for the Lord *Almoner*.

XXVII. And except all Iſſues, Fines and Amerciaments loſt or aſſeſſed ſince the ſaid 25*th* day of *March*, being totted or received by any Officer before the laſt day of this Seſſion of Parliament; and all Iſſues, *&c.* loſt or aſſeſs'd ſince the ſaid 25*th* day of *March*, affeered, taxed, eſtreated or entred ſeverally touching any one or more Perſons, joyntly or ſeverally, above 6 *l.* and except Iſſues, Fines, *&c.* ſet in any Court of Record at *Weſtminſter* within a year before the firſt day of this Parliament.

XXVIII. But all other Fines, as well *pro lic. concord.* as others, ſet or entred before that time; and Iſſues and Amerciaments, as well real as others, ſet or entred before the time aforeſaid, and which do not exceed 6 *l.* whether eſtreated or not eſtreated, whether turn'd into Debt or not, and not being totted or received by any Officer before the firſt day of this Parliament, ſhall be diſcharged; yet nevertheleſs the eſtreats of ſuch Fines, *&c.* already eſtreated out of the *Exchequer*, and remaining in the Sheriffs Hands, ſhall upon the return of ſuch Eſtreats be charged and delivered by Scrowes into the Pipe-Office, as hath been accuſtomed; and yet Sheriffs and other Accountants, upon Petition to have allowance for ſuch Fines, *&c.* as are pardoned, ſhall have their Petition allowed without Fee.

XXIX. This

XXIX. This Act ſhall not pardon any who by Name are excepted out of the Act of Oblivion made 12 *Car.* 2. nor to thoſe two Perſons, who appeared in Vizors upon the Scaffold, when King *Charles* I. was murther'd.

XXX. Nor ſhall this Act reſtore any Ability to exerciſe Offices, or to ſerve in Parliament, *&c.* to perſons diſabled by any other Laws.

XXXI. Nor ſhall this Act diſcharge any perſon, who if he after the firſt day of *September* 1660. has exerciſed any Office, is by the ſaid Act of 12 *Car.* 2. to ſtand as if excepted out of the ſaid Act by Name.

XXXII. And except all perſons attainted by Act of Parliament, or otherwiſe, for any Rebellion, levying of War, or any Conſpiracy thereof, in any of their Majeſties Dominions; and all perſons attainted or outlawed for any other Treaſon, Petit Treaſon, Murder, wilful Poyſoning or Burglary.

XXXIII. And except all perſons who by any former Act are by Name made liable to any penalties whatſoever.

XXXIV. And except perſons who after conviction or attainder for any Felony, have deſired to be tranſported.

XXXV. And except perſons who being excepted out of the ſaid general Act of 12 *Car.* 2. have had any pains or penalties impoſed on them by any ſubſequent Act.

XXXVI. And except all penalties of 500 *l.* which ſhall by any Act of this Seſſion be inflicted for holding Offices contrary to an Act of Parliament made in the 25*th* of King *Charles* II. Entituled, *An Act for preventing Dangers which may happen from Popiſh Recuſants.*

XXXVII. And except *William* Marquiſs of *Powis*, *Theophilus* Earl of *Huntington*, *Robert* Earl of *Sunderland*, *John* Earl of *Melfort*, *Roger* Earl of *Caſtlemain*, the Lord *Thomas Howard*, *Nathaniel* Lord Biſhop of *Durham*, *Thomas* Lord Biſhop of *St. Davids*, *Henry* Lord *Dover*, *William Molineux*, Sir *Edward Hales*, Sir *Edward Herbert*, Sir *Francis Wythens*, Sir *Richard Holloway*, Sir *Edward Lutwich*, Sir *Richard Heath*, Sir *Thomas Jenner*, Sir *Roger l'Eſtrange*, Sir *Nicholas Butler*, *Edward Petre*, *Thomas Tindeſley*, —— *Townly*, *Rowland Tempeſt*, *Edward Morgan*, *Obadiah Walker*, *Robert Brent*, *Richard Graham*, *Philip Burton*, *Robert Lundy*, *Matthew Crone* and *George* Lord *Jefferies* deceaſed.

XXXVIII. And alſo except all Offences committed by Jeſuits and Romiſh Prieſts, contrary to the Statute made in the 27*th* year of Queen *Elizabeth*, Entituled, *An Act againſt Jeſuits, Seminary Prieſts, and other diſobedient Perſons*; and except all Convictions of Popiſh Recuſants.

XXXIX. No Proceſs of Outlawry at the Suit of any perſon Plaintiff ſhall by virtue of this Act be ſtay'd, unleſs the Defendant appear and put in Bail, where the Law requires it, and take out a *Scire Fac.* Nor ſhall this Pardon diſcharge any Out-

Outlawry after Judgment, till ſatisfaction or agreement with the party.

XL. Perſons hereby pardoned may plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act in Evidence.

XLI. This Act ſhall be of as good force to pardon and diſcharge the Premiſſes againſt ſuch as claim the ſame by any Grant from the Crown, as againſt their Majeſties themſelves.

XLII. Nothing in this Act ſhall diſcharge any perſon from abetting or procuring the raiſing War or Rebellion againſt their Majeſties, or adhering to their Enemies, ſince the 13*th* day of *February* 1688. unleſs ſuch perſon ſhall before the 20*th* day of *July* next, or ſooner, if required, take this Oath in ſuch Court as ſhall have power to adminiſter the ſame, *viz. I* A. B. *do ſincerely promiſe and ſwear, That I will be faithful, and bear true Allegiance to their Majeſties King* William *and Queen* Mary.

So help me God.

# Parliament.

I. Stat. 1 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 1. *cap.* 1. The Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons conven'd at *Weſtminſter* the 22*th* day of *January* 1688. and there ſitting on the 13*th* day of *February* following, are the two Houſes of Parliament, to all intents and purpoſes, notwithſtanding the want of any Writs of Summons or other defect of Form; and this Act and all other Acts to which the Royal Aſſent ſhall be given before the next Prorogation, ſhall be adjudged to commence upon the ſaid 13*th* day of *February*.

II. The Act made in the 30*th* year of King *Charles* II. Entituled, *An Act for the more effectual preſerving the Kings Perſon and Government, by diſabling of Papiſts from ſitting in either Houſe of Parliament*, and all other Acts of Parliament as to ſo much of them as concerns the taking the Oaths of Allegiance and Supremacy, or either of them, by any Member of either Houſe of Parliament, with relation to their ſitting and voting there, are hereby repealed.

III. And the taking the Oaths herein after mentioned, and the making and ſubſcribing the Declaration in the ſaid Act of the 30*th* year of King *Charles* II. mentioned, by the Members of each Houſe, from and after the firſt day of *March* next, ſhall be effectual, as if the ſaid Oaths of Allegiance and Supremacy, had been taken, *&c.* And in all future Parliaments the Oaths herein after mentioned, and the ſaid Declaration ſhall be taken, made and ſubſcribed by every Member of either Houſe, as the ſaid Oaths of Allegiance and Supremacy, and the ſaid Declaration by the ſaid Act of the

30*th*

30th year of King *Charles* II. are appointed to be taken, to enable them to ſit and vote in Parliament.

IV. The Oaths above appointed by this Act to be taken inſtead of the Oaths of Allegiance and Supremacy, are theſe, *viz.*

*I* A. B. *do ſincerely promiſe and ſwear, That I will be faithful, and bear true Allegiance to their Majeſties King* William *and Queen* Mary.

So help me God.

*I* A. B. *do ſwear, That I do from my Heart abhor, deteſt and abjure as Impious and Heretical, that damnable Doctrin and Poſition, That Princes excommunicated or deprived by the Pope, or any Authority of the See of* Rome, *may be depoſed or murthered by their Subjects, or any other whatſoever. And I do declare, That no Foreign Prince, Perſon, Prelate, State or Potentate, hath or ought to have any Power, Juriſdiction, Superiority, Preheminence or Authority Eccleſiaſtical or Spiritual within this Realm.*

So help me God.

V. This preſent Parliament may be diſſolved after the uſual manner, as if ſummoned by Writ.

VI. **Stat.** 2 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 1. *cap.* 7. Whereas the late Lord-Wardens of the *Cinque-Ports* have claim'd a Power of nominating and recommending to each of the ſaid *Cinque-Ports*, the two ancient Towns and their Members, one perſon whom they ought to elect as a Member of Parliament; be it declared and enacted, That all ſuch Nominations and Recommendations were and are contrary to the Laws and Conſtitutions of this Realm, and for the future ſhall be ſo deemed, and they are hereby declared to be void.

## Poor.

I. **Stat.** 3 & 4 *W.* & *M. cap.* 11. The Act made in the 13th and 14th years of the late King *Charles* II. Entituled, *An Act for the better Relief of the Poor of this Kingdom*, (except what relates to the Corporations therein mentioned) which was revived and continued with Alterations by an Act made in the firſt year of the late King *James* II. ſhall be in force from the firſt day of *March* 1691.

II. The forty days continuance of a perſon, intended by the ſaid Acts to make a Settlement, ſhall be accounted from the publication of a notice in writing, which he or ſhe ſhall deliver of the Houſe of his or her Abode, and number of his or her Family, to the Church-warden or Overſeer of the Poor, which ſhall be read immediately after Divine Service, in the Church or Chappel of the Place on the next Lords Day where

where there ſhall be Divine Service in the ſame; the Church-warden or Overſeer to Regiſter ſuch notice in the Book kept for the Poors Accounts.

III. No Souldier or other Perſon in their Majeſties Service, by delivery and publication of notice as aforeſaid, unleſs they be diſmiſt the Service.

IV. Church-wardens or Overſeers refuſing to read, or cauſe to be read ſuch notice, as aforeſaid, (upon proof thereof by two Witneſſes upon Oath before a Juſtice of Peace) ſhall forfeit 40 *s.* to the uſe of the party grieved, to be levied by diſtreſs and ſale of Goods by Warrant of a Juſtice of Peace to the Conſtable; and for want of a Diſtreſs, ſhall be committed to Gaol for a month; and if any Church-warden or Overſeer ſhall neglect or refuſe to Regiſter ſuch notice, as aforeſaid, they ſhall forfeit 40 *s.* to be levied as aforeſaid; and for want of a Diſtreſs, ſhall be committed as aforeſaid.

V. If any perſon coming to inhabit in any Town or Pariſh, ſhall on his own account execute any Publick annual Office, or charge in the ſame during a year, or pay his ſhare towards the publick Taxes or Levies of ſuch Town, *&c.* he ſhall be adjudged to have a legal Settlement without notice in Writing delivered, *&c.*

VI. If any unmarried perſon not having Child or Children ſhall be lawfully hired for a Year, ſuch Service ſhall be deemed a good Settlement without notice, *&c.*

VII. Being bound Apprentice and inhabiting in a Town or Pariſh, ſhall be adjudged a good Settlement.

VIII. Perſons agrieved by the determination of any Juſtices of the Peace, may appeal to the next Quarter-Seſſions, who ſhall finally determine the ſame.

IX. If any perſon be removed by virtue of this Act from one place to another, by Warrant of two Juſtices of Peace, the Church-wardens or Overſeers of the place to which he ſhall be removed, ſhall receive him, and in caſe of refuſal (upon proof by two Witneſſes upon Oath before a Juſtice of Peace of the County, Riding, *&c.* to which he ſhall be removed) ſhall forfeit 5 *l.* to the uſe of the Poor of the Pariſh from which he ſhall be removed, to be levied by diſtreſs and ſale of Goods, *&c.* by Warrant of a Juſtice of Peace of the County, *&c.* to which he ſhall be removed, to the Conſtable of the place where ſuch Offender dwells; and for want of a Diſtreſs ſhall be committed to Gaol for forty days.

X. Perſons agrieved by the Judgment of the ſaid two Juſtices may appeal to the next General Quarter-Seſſions of the place from which the ſaid perſon was removed.

XI. There

XI. There ſhall be kept in every Pariſh, at the Pariſh Charge, a Book or Books, wherein the Names of perſons receiving Collections, ſhall be regiſtred, with the time when they were firſt admitted to have relief, and the occaſion of their neceſſity; and yearly in *Eaſter*-Week, or oftner, the Pariſhioners ſhall meet and have ſuch Books produced before them, and the perſons receiving Collections ſhall be called, and the reaſons of their taking relief examined, and a new Liſt be made and entred of ſuch as they ſhall think fit to allow to receive collection; and no other ſhall be allowed to receive Collection, but by Authority under the Hand of a Juſtice of Peace reſiding in the Pariſh, and if there be none, in the Parts next adjoyning, or by order of the Juſtices of Peace in their Quarter-Seſſions, except in caſes of Peſtilential Diſeaſes, Plague or Small-pox, in reſpect of Familes infected only.

XII. In all Actions to be brought in the Courts at *Weſtminſter*, or at the Aſſizes, for Monies miſ-ſpent by the Churchwardens or Overſeers, the Evidence of the Pariſhioners (other than ſuch as receive Alms) of the Pariſh where the Defendants are Inhabitants, ſhall be taken and admitted.

## Priſoners.

I. **Stat.** 2 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 2. *cap.* 15. All perſons in priſon upon the 28*th* day of *November* 1690. for Debt or Damages, or upon any Action, or mean Proceſs for Debt, Account or Treſpaſs upon the Caſe, or who may have Judgments entred upon Record againſt them, or are charg'd in Execution, or impriſon'd upon Attachments for Debt, or upon Outlawries for Debt, or upon any Proceſs in Law or Equity, for Debt, Damages or Coſts only, who ſhall take the Oath mentioned in the Act of 22 and 23 *Car.* 2. Entituled, *An Act for the Relief and Releaſe of poor diſtreſſed Priſoners for Debt*, and the Oath in this Act following, ſhall be releaſed in manner and form as is mentioned in the ſaid Act, and in one other Act made in the 30*th* year of the ſaid late King *Charles* II. Entituled, *An Act for the farther relief and diſcharge of Poor diſtreſſed Priſoners for Debt.*

II. Juſtices of Peace, who purſuant to the ſaid Acts, or to this preſent Act, ſhall make any Order for the diſcharge of any poor Priſoner for Debt, ſhall cauſe to come before them any Sheriff, Gaoler or Keeper of Priſon, where ſuch Priſoners are, and adminiſter to them this Oath, *viz. I* A. B. *do ſwear that* J. S. *was really and truly my Priſoner, in my cuſtody, without any fraud or deceit in me, or by any other to my knowledge, at or upon the* 28th *day of* November 1690.

So help me God.

III. If any Sheriff, Gaoler, *&c.* refuſe to appear and take the ſaid Oath, he ſhall forfeit to ſuch Priſoner ſo about to be diſcharged, the value of the Debt for which he is impriſoned, to be recovered by Action of Debt in any their Majeſties Courts of Record; and if any ſuch Sheriff, Gaoler, *&c.* ſhall forſwear himſelf, he ſhall ſuffer as a perſon convicted of perjury.

IV. Priſoners taking the benefit of this Act, and taking the Oath in the firſt recited Act mentioned, ſhall alſo before ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices by whom ſuch Oath is to be given, take this Oath, *viz. I* A. B. *do ſwear, That on the* 28th *day of* November 1690. *I was actually a Priſoner in the cuſtody of the Gaoler or Keeper of* D. *Priſon in the County of* C. *at the Suit of* J. S. *without my conſent or procurement, or by any Fraud or Colluſion whatſoever.*

So help me God.

V. Such Priſoners forſwearing themſelves, beſides the penalties now in force againſt perſons convicted of Perjury, ſhall ſuffer ſeven years impriſonment.

VI. This Act ſhall not extend to perſons in Execution for a Fine impos'd for any Offence.

VII. Taking the Oaths and giving the Creditors notice as by this Act is required, in all other things for the diſcharge of any poor priſoner, it ſhall be obſerved in form and method as is directed by the two before mentioned Acts.

VIII. None ſhall have the benefit of this Act, who ſhall ſtand charged with more than 100 *l.* principal Mony or Damages, or who ſhall ſtand charged with any Debt to their Majeſties.

IX. Notwithſtanding the diſcharge of ſuch Priſoners, Judgments againſt them ſhall be good in Law againſt their Lands and Goods; their wearing Apparel, Bedding for them and their Familes, and Tools for their Trade, *&c.* only excepted.

X. **Stat.** 4 & 5 *W.* & *M. cap.* 21. If any Defendants taken or charged in cuſtody upon any Writ or Writs, out of any of the Courts at *Weſtminſter*, and detained for want of Sureties for their appearance, the Plaintiffs may before the end of the next Term after ſuch Writ or Proceſs ſhall be returnable, declare againſt ſuch Priſoners in the Court out of which the Writ ſhall iſſue, and cauſe a Copy thereof to be delivered to ſuch Priſoners, or the Gaoler in whoſe cuſtody he ſhall remain; to which if the ſaid Priſoners ſhall not appear and plead, the Plaintiff ſhall have Judgment, as if they had appeared and refuſed to anſwer or plead.

XI. In all Declarations againſt Priſoners detained by virtue of any Proceſs out of the Kings Bench, it ſhall be alledged

ledged in cuſtody of what Sheriff, Bailiff, *&c.* ſuch Priſoners are at the time of ſuch Declaration, which allegation ſhall be as effectual as if ſuch Priſoners were in the cuſtody of the Marſhal or the *Marſhalſey*, &c.

## Prizes.

I. **Stat.** 3 & 4 *W.* & *M. cap.* 4. An Act for preſerving two Ships lading of Bay-Salt taken as Prize for the benefit of their Majeſties Navy.

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## Religion.

I. **Stat.** *Anno* 1 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 1. *cap.* 18. Neither the Statute made in the 23*th* year of Queen *Elizabeth*, Entituled, *An Act to retain the Queens Majeſties Subjects in their due Obedience*; nor that of the 29*th* of the ſaid Queen, Entituled, *An Act for the more ſpeedy and due execution of certain Branches of the Statute made in the* 23th *year of the Queens Majeſties Reign*; nor that Clauſe of a Statute made in the firſt year of the ſaid Queens Reign, Entituled, *An Act for the Uniformity of Common Prayer*, &c. whereby all perſons are required to reſort to their Pariſh-Church or Chappel, or ſome uſual place of Common-prayer, *&c.* Nor the Statute made in the third year of the Reign of King *James* I. Entituled, *An Act for the better diſcovering and repreſſing Popiſh Recuſants*; nor that other Statute made in the ſame year, Entituled, *An Act to prevent and avoid Dangers which may grow by Popiſh Recuſants*; nor any Statute made againſt Papiſts or Popiſh Recuſants, (except the Statute made 25 *Car.* 2. Entituled, *An Act for preventing Dangers which may happen from Popiſh Recuſants*; and except the Statute made *Anno* 30 *Car.* 2. Entituled, *An Act for the more effectual preſerving the Kings Perſon and Government*, &c.) ſhall be conſtrued to extend to any perſons diſſenting from the Church of *England*, that ſhall take the Oaths mentioned in a Statute made this Parliament, Entituled, *An Act for removing and preventing all Queſtions and Diſputes concerning the aſſembling and ſitting of this Parliament*, and ſhall make and ſubſcribe the Declaration mentioned in a Statute made in the 30*th* year of King *Charles* II. Entituled, *An Act to prevent Papiſts from ſitting in either Houſe of Parliament*, which Oaths and Declaration the Juſtices of Peace at their General Quarter-Seſſions are hereby required to adminiſter, and thereof to keep a Regiſter; no Fee or Reward to be paid above 6 *d.* for ſuch Entry, and that but once; nor above the farther Sum of 6 *d.* for a Certificate thereof.

II. Perſons already convicted or proſecuted in order to Conviction of Recuſancy, that ſhall take the ſaid Oaths mentioned in the ſaid Statute made in this Parliament, and make and ſubſcribe the Declaration aforeſaid, in the Court of Exchequer, or Aſſizes, or General Quarter-Seſſions, *&c.* to be thence certified into the Exchequer, ſhall be diſcharged from all Penalties, *&c.* incurred by any the aforeſaid Statutes.

III. All perſons that ſhall take the ſaid Oaths and make and ſubſcribe the ſaid Declaration, ſhall not be liable to any penalties mentioned in an Act of the 35*th* of Queen *Elizabeth*, Entituled, *An Act to retain the Queens Majeſties Subjects in their due Obedience*; nor in an Act made in the 22*th* year of King *Charles* II. Entituled, *An Act to prevent and ſuppreſs Seditious Conventicles*; nor ſhall be proſecuted in any Eccleſiaſtical Court for not conforming to the Church of *England*.

IV. Provided always that if any Aſſembly of Perſons diſſenting from the Church of *England*, ſhall be had in any place for Religious Worſhip, with the Doors locked, barred or bolted, the perſons that ſhall be at ſuch Meetings ſhall receive no benefit from this Law.

V. Nothing herein contained ſhall exempt any Perſons from paying Tithes or other Parochial Duties to the Church or Miniſter, nor from any proſecution in any Eccleſiaſtical Court, or elſewhere, for the ſame.

VI. If any perſon diſſenting from the Church of *England*, ſhall be choſen or appointed to any Parochial or Ward-Office, and ſhall ſcruple to take it upon him in regard of the ſaid Oaths, or any other thing required by Law, ſuch perſon may execute his Office by a Deputy that ſhall comply with the Laws in that behalf; ſuch Deputy to be allowed and approved as ſuch Officer himſelf ſhould have been.

VII. No perſon diſſenting from the Church of *England* in Orders, or pretended Orders, nor any Preacher or Teacher in any Congregation of Diſſenting Proteſtants, that ſhall make and ſubſcribe the Declaration, and take the Oaths aforeſaid, at the General Quarter-Seſſions held for the Parts where he lives, and ſhall declare his approbation of, and ſubſcribe the Articles of Religion mentioned in a Statute made in the 13*th* year of the Reign of Queen *Elizabeth*, except the 34*th*, 35*th* and 36*th* Articles, and theſe words of the 20*th* Article, *viz.* [*The Church hath power to decree Rites and Ceremonies, and Authority in Controverſies of Faith, and yet*] ſhall be liable to any of the Pains or Penalties mentioned in an Act made in the 17*th* year of the Reign of King *Charles* II. Entituled, *An Act for reſtraining Non-conformiſts from inhabiting in Corporations*, nor the Penalties mentioned in the ſaid Act of the 22*th* of the ſaid Kings Reign, for preaching at any Meeting for exerciſe of

of Religion; nor to the penalty of 100 *l.* mentioned in an Act made in the 13*th* and 14*th* of King *Charles* II. Entituled, *An Act for the uniformity of Publick Prayers and administration of Sacraments*, &c. for officiating in any Congregation allowed by this Act.

VIII. The making and subscribing the said Declaration, and taking the said Oaths, and making the Declaration of approbation and subscription to the said Articles, shall be recorded at such Quarter-Sessions, for which 6 *d.* shall be paid and no more.

IX. Such persons shall not preach in any place, but with Doors not locked, barred or bolted.

X. And whereas some dissenting Protestants scruple the Baptizing of Infants; Be it enacted, That every person pretending to Holy Orders, who shall subscribe the said Articles of Religion, except before excepted, and also except part of 27*th* Article touching *Infant-Baptism*, and shall take the Oaths, and make and subscribe the Declaration aforesaid, as aforesaid, shall enjoy all the Priviledges, Benefits and Advantages which any other dissenting Minister might enjoy by virtue of this Act.

XI. Ministers, Preachers or Teachers of Congregations that shall take the Oaths, and make and subscribe the Declaration aforesaid, and subscribe such of the Articles of the Church as are hereby required, shall be exempt from serving upon Juries, or from being chosen or appointed to any Parochial or Ward-Office, or any other Office in any Hundred, Shire, City, Town, *&c.*

XII. Every Justice of Peace may require any person that goes to any Meeting for exercise of Religion to make and subscribe the said Declaration, and take the said Oaths or Declaration of Fidelity hereafter mentioned, in case such person scruple the taking an Oath, and upon refusal shall commit such person to prison, and certifie his Name at the next General or Quarter-Sessions; and if upon a second tender at next General or Quarter-Sessions he refuse as aforesaid, he shall be recorded and taken for a Popish Recusant convict.

XIII. And whereas there are other Dissenters who scruple the taking any Oath, such persons shall make and subscribe the said Declaration, and this Declaration of Fidelity, *viz. I* A. B. *do sincerely promise and solemnly declare before God and the World, That I will be true and faithful to King* William *and Queen* Mary; *And I do solemnly promise and declare, That I do from my Heart abhor, detest and renounce as Impious and Heretical, that damnable Doctrin and Position, That Princes excommunicated or deprived by the Pope, or any Authority of the See of* Rome, *may be deposed or murthered by their Subjects, or any other what*

ſoever. *And I do declare, That no Foreign Prince, Perſon, Prelate, State or Potentate, hath or ought to have any Power, Juriſdiction, Superiority, Preheminence or Authority Eccleſiaſtical or Spiritual within this Realm,* and ſhall ſubſcribe a profeſſion of their Chriſtian Belief in theſe Words, *viz. I* A. B. *profeſs Faith in God the Father, and in Jeſus Chriſt his eternal Son, the true God, and in the Holy Spirit, one God bleſſed for evermore; and do acknowledge the Holy Scriptures of the Old and New Teſtament, to be given by Divine Inſpiration,* which Declarations and Subſcriptions ſhall be recorded at the General Quarter-Seſſions; and Perſons making and ſubſcribing the two Declarations and Profeſſion aforeſaid, ſhall be exempted from the penalties of the Laws againſt Popiſh Recuſants or Proteſtant Non-conformiſts, and from the penalties of an Act made in the 5*th* year of the Reign of Queen *Elizabeth*, Entituled, *An Act for the aſſurance of the Queens Royal Power over all Eſtates and Subjects within her Dominions*, by reaſon of their refuſing to take the Oath mentioned in the ſaid Act; and from the penalties of an Act made in the 13*th* and 14*th* years of King *Charles* II. Entitutled, *An Act for preventing Miſchiefs that may ariſe by certain Perſons called* Quakers, *refuſing to take lawful Oaths*; and enjoy the Benefits, Priviledges and Advantages which other Diſſenters ought to enjoy by virtue of this Act.

XIV. Perſons refuſing to take the ſaid Oaths, when tendred, ſhall not be admitted to make and ſubſcribe the ſaid two Declarations, though required by a Juſtice of Peace, at a General or Quarter-Seſſions, unleſs within 31 days after ſuch tender of the Declarations to them, they produce two Proteſtant Witneſſes to teſtifie upon Oath that they believe him to be a Proteſtant Diſſenter, or a Certificate under the Hands of four Proteſtants, who are conformable to the Church of *England*, or have taken the Oaths, and ſubſcribed the Declaration aforeſaid, and a Certificate under the Hands and Seals of ſix or more of the Congregation to which he belongs, owning him to be one of them.

XV. Till ſuch Certificate or Witneſſes be produced, the Juſtice of Peace ſhall take a Recognizance with two Sureties, in 50 *l.* for producing the ſame; and for want of ſecurity, ſhall commit him to priſon, till he produces the ſame.

XVI. All the Laws made for frequenting Divine Service on the Lords-day, ſhall be ſtill in force againſt all perſons, except they come to ſome Aſſembly of Religious Worſhip, allowed by this Act.

XVII. This Act ſhall give no eaſe to Papiſts or Popiſh Recuſants, nor to any that in preaching or writing ſhall deny the Trinity.

XVIII. If

XVIII. If any perſons after the 10*th* day of *June* come into any Church, Chappel or Congregation permitted by this Act, and diſturb the ſame, or miſuſe the Teacher, upon proof thereof by two Witneſſes before a Juſtice of Peace, they ſhall find two Sureties to be bound by Recognizance in 50 *l.* and in default thereof be committed to priſon till the next Quarter-Seſſions; and upon conviction of ſuch Offence at the General or Quarter-Seſſions, ſhall forfeit 20 *l.*

XIX. No Aſſembly for Religious Worſhip ſhall be allowed by this Act, till the place of meeting be certified to the Biſhop of the Dioceſs, or the Arch-deacon, or to the Juſtices of Peace at the General or Quarter-Seſſions, and regiſtred or recorded there reſpectively, and a Certificate thereof given without Fee, *&c.*

## Revenue.

I. **Stat.** 1 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 1. *cap.* 14. The Subſidy of Tunnage and Poundage and other Sums of Mony payable upon Merchandiſe, and the ſeveral Impoſitions, Duties and Charges upon Liquors, Manufactures and other Things; and all and ſingular the Revenue and Revenues, except Hearth-mony, other than the Duties thereby ariſing at or before the 25*th* of *March* 1689. granted and payable to the two late Kings, or either of them, which remained and had continuance on the 5*th* day of *November* laſt, and all Arrears of the ſame, ſhall be anſwered and paid to their Majeſties until the 25*th* day of *December* 1689.

II. All perſons who have received or collected any part of the publick Revenue ſince the ſaid 5*th* day of *November* are hereby indemnified againſt all perſons, of whom they received or collected the ſame; to be anſwerable nevertheleſs to their Majeſties.

III. Seizures and Diſtreſſes made or to be made by any perſons authorized, and all Forfeitures and Penalties for any Offence againſt any Law, concerning the Cuſtoms or Exciſe, or relating to the Tranſportation of Wool, or importation or exportation of prohibited Goods, incurred ſince the 11*th* day of *December*, and before the 13*th* of *February* 1688. ſhall be proſecuted as well by any Informer for the King and Queen and himſelf, as by the Attorny General, in manner and form as if ſuch Seiſures, Diſtreſſes and Offences had been made and committed after the ſaid 13*th* day of *Febr.*

IV. **Stat.** 1 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 1. *cap.* 28. Part of the Mony accruing to their Majeſties by one Act of Parliament, made in the firſt year of the Reign of the late King *James* II. Entituled, *An Act for granting to his Majeſty an Impoſition upon all Tobacco and Sugar imported between the* 24*th day of* June 1685. *and*

*the 24th day of* June 1693. not exceeding in the whole 60000 *l.* ſhall be applyed to the payment of the Wages due to the Servants of the late King *Charles* II. which were his Servants at the time of his deceaſe, to be paid them within three years from the 24*th* day of *Dec.* 1689. by three equal payments and in ſuch manner and proportion, and to ſuch of them as his Majeſty ſhall direct; and the reſidue of the Mony ariſing by the ſaid Act, and the Mony ariſing by two other Acts of the ſaid firſt year of the ſaid late King *James*, the one entituled, *An Act for granting his Majeſty an impoſition upon all Wines and Vinegar imported between the* 24th *day of* June 1685. *and the* 24th *of* June 1693. and the other, *An Act for granting an aid to his Majeſty by an impoſition on all* French *Linnens, and all* Eaſt-India *Linnen, and ſeveral other Manufactures of* India, *and on all* French *wrought Silks and Stuffs, and on all other wrought Silks; and on all Brandies imported after the firſt day of* July 1685. *and before the firſt day of* July 1690. and by one other Act of this Parliament, Entituled, *An Act for an additional Duty of Exciſe upon Beer, Ale and other Liquors*, ſhall be applied from the 29*th* of *September* 1689. during the continuance of the ſaid Acts; in the firſt place towards the payment of 600000 *l.* to the *States* of the *United Provinces* for their aſſiſtance to his Majeſty in coming into this Nation, in ſuch manner as his Majeſty ſhall direct, and the reſidue towards the ſubduing the Rebellion of *Ireland*, and other Charges of the War againſt *France*.

V. Accounts of the ſaid Monies to be kept apart from other Monies payable to their Majeſties, that ſuch as the *States* of the *United Provinces* ſhall appoint, and other perſons concerned, may ſee how the ſaid additional Duty and other Impoſitions are from time to time paid into the Exchequer.

VI. No Mony ſhall be paid to any of the late King *Charles* II's Servants, but to ſuch as before the firſt day of *February* next, ſhall have taken the Oaths, and made and ſubſcribed the Declaration mentioned in an Act of this preſent Parliament, Entituled, *An Act for abrogating the Oaths of Supremacy and Allegiance*, and appointing other Oaths, at the General Quarter-Seſſions of the County or Place where they reſide, and ſhall produce a Certificate thereof atteſted by the Clerk of the Peace.

VII. **Stat.** 1 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 2. *cap.* 3. An Act for preventing all Doubts and Queſtions concerning the collecting the publick Revenue. *Exp.*

## Rights and Liberties.

I. **Stat.** 1 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 2. *cap.* 2. Whereas the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons aſſembled at *Weſtminſter*, lawfully, fully and freely repreſenting all the Eſtates of the People

People of this Realm, did upon the thirteenth day of *February* in the year of our Lord one thouſand ſix hundred eighty eight, preſent unto their Majeſties, then called and known by the Names and Stile of *William* and *Mary*, Prince and Princeſs of *Orange*, being preſent in their proper Perſons, a certain Declaration in Writing, made by the ſaid Lords and Commons in the Words following, *viz.*

*Whereas the late King James* II. *by the aſſiſtance of divers evil Councellors, Judges and Miniſters employed by him, did endeavour to ſubvert and extirpate the Proteſtant Religion, and the Laws and Liberties of this Kingdom*;

*By aſſuming and exerciſing a Power of diſpenſing with, and ſuſpending of Laws, and the Execution of Laws, without conſent of Parliament.*

*By committing and proſecuting divers worthy Prelates, for humbly petitioning to be excuſed from concurring to the ſaid aſſumed Power.*

*By iſſuing, and cauſing to be executed a Commiſſion under the Great Seal, for erecting a Court called,* The Court of Commiſſioners for Eccleſiaſtical Cauſes.

*By levying Mony for and to the uſe of the Crown by pretence of Prerogative, for other time, and in other manner than the ſame was granted by Parliament.*

*By raiſing and keeping a ſtanding Army within this Kingdom in time of Peace, without conſent of Parliament, and quartering Souldiers contrary to Law.*

*By cauſing ſeveral good Subjects, being Proteſtants, to be diſarmed at the ſame time, when Papiſts were both armed and employed, contrary to Law.*

*By violating the freedom of Election of Members to ſerve in Parliament.*

*By proſecutions in the Court of Kings Bench, for Matters and Cauſes cognizable only in Parliament; and by divers other arbitrary and illegal Courſes.*

*And whereas of late years partial, corrupt and unqualified Perſons have been returned and ſerved on Juries in Trials, and particularly divers Jurors in Trials for High-Treaſon, which were not Freeholders.*

*And exceſſive Bail hath been required of Perſons committed in criminal Caſes, to elude the benefit of the Laws made for the Liberty of the Subjects.*

*And exceſſive Fines have been impoſed.*

*And illegal and cruel Puniſhments inflicted.*

*And ſeveral Grants and Promiſes made of Fines and Forfeitures before any Conviction or Judgment againſt the Perſons upon whom the ſame were to be levied.*

*All*

*All which are utterly and directly contrary to the known Laws and Statutes, and Freedom of this Realm.*

*And whereas the ſaid late King* James II. *having abdicated the Government, and the Throne being thereby vacant,*

*His Highneſs the Prince of* Orange, *( whom it hath pleaſed Almighty God to make the Glorious Inſtrument of delivering this Kingdom from Popery and Arbitrary Power ) did ( by the Advice of the Lord Spiritual and Temporal, and divers Principal Perſons of the Commons ) cauſe Letters to be written to the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, being Proteſtants; and other Letters to the ſeveral Counties, Cities, Univerſities, Boroughs and Cinque-Ports, for the chooſing of ſuch Perſons to repreſent them, as were of Right to be ſent to Parliament, to meet and ſit at* Weſtminſter, *upon the two and twentieth day of* January, *in this year one thouſand ſix hundred eighty and eight, in order to ſuch an eſtabliſhment, as that their Religion, Laws and Liberties might not again be in danger of being ſubverted; upon which Letters Elections having been accordingly made,*

*And thereupon the ſaid Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, purſuant to their reſpective Letters and Elections, being now aſſembled in a full and free repreſentative of this Nation, taking into their moſt ſerious conſideration the beſt means for attaining the ends aforeſaid; do in the firſt place ( as their Anceſtors in like caſe have uſually done ) for the vindicating and aſſerting their ancient Rights and Liberties, declare,*

*That the pretended Power of ſuſpending of Laws, or the Execution of Laws by Regal Authority, without conſent of Parliament, is illegal.*

*That the pretended Power of diſpenſing with Laws, or the Execution of Laws by Regal Authority, as it hath been aſſumed and exerciſed of late, is illegal.*

*That the Commiſſion for erecting the late Court of Commiſſioners for Eccleſiaſtical Cauſes, and all other Commiſſions and Courts of like nature, are illegal and pernicious.*

*That levying Mony for or to the uſe of the Crown, by pretence of Prerogative, without grant of Parliament, for longer time, or in other manner, than the ſame is or ſhall be granted, is illegal.*

*That it is the Right of the Subjects to petition to the King, and all Commitments and Proſecutions for ſuch petitioning are illegal.*

*That the raiſing or keeping a ſtanding Army within the Kingdom in time of Peace, unleſs it be with conſent of Parliament, is againſt Law.*

*That the Subjects which are Proteſtants may have Arms for their Defence ſuitable to their conditions, and as allowed by Law.*

*That Election of Members of Parliament ought to be free.*

*That the freedom of Speech, and Debates or Proceedings in Parliament, ought not to be impeached or queſtioned in any Court or Place out of Parliament.*

*That*

*That exceſſive Bail ought not to be required, nor exceſſive Fines impoſed, nor cruel and unuſal Puniſhments inflicted.*

*That Jurors ought to be duly impannelled and returned, and Jurors which paſs upon Men in Trials for High-Treaſon ought to be Freeholders.*

*That all Grants and Promiſes of Fines and Forfeitures of particular Perſons before Conviction, are illegal and void.*

*And that for redreſs of all Grievances, and for the amending, ſtrengthening and preſerving of the Laws, Parliaments ought to be held frequently.*

*And they do claim, demand and inſiſt upon all and ſingular the Premiſſes, as their undoubted Rights and Liberties; And that no Declarations, Judgments, Doings or Proceedings to the prejudice of the People in any of the ſaid Premiſſes, ought in any wiſe to be drawn hereafter into Conſequence or Example.*

*To which demand of their Rights, they are particularly encouraged by the Declaration of his Highneſs the Prince of* Orange, *as being the only means for obtaining a full redreſs and remedy therein.*

*Having therefore an intire Confidence, That his ſaid Highneſs the Prince of* Orange *will perfect the Deliverance ſo far advanced by him, and will ſtill preſerve them from the Violation of their Rights, which they have here aſſerted, and from all other Attempts upon their Religion, Rights and Liberties;*

*The ſaid Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons aſſembled at* Weſtminſter *do reſolve,*

*That* William *and* Mary *Prince and Princeſs of* Orange *be and be declared King and Queen of* England, France *and* Ireland, *and the Dominions thereunto belonging, to hold the Crown and Royal Dignity of the ſaid Kingdoms and Dominions, to them the ſaid Prince and Princeſs, during their Lives, and the Life of the Survivor of them; And that the ſole and full Exerciſe of the Regal Power be only in, and executed by the ſaid Prince of* Orange, *in the Names of the ſaid Prince and Princeſs duing their joynt Lives; and after their deceaſes, the ſaid Crown and Royal Dignity of the ſaid Kingdoms and Dominions to be to the Heirs of the Body of the ſaid Princeſs; And for default of ſuch Iſſue, to the Princeſs* Anne *of* Denmark, *and the Heirs of her Body; and for default of ſuch Iſſue to the Heirs of the Body of the ſaid Prince of* Orange.

*And the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, do pray the ſaid Prince and Princeſs to accept the ſame accordingly.*

*And that the Oaths hereafter-mentioned be taken by all Perſons of whom the Oaths of Allegiance and Supremacy might be required by Law inſtead of them; and that the ſaid Oaths of Allegiance and Supremacy be abrogated.*

I A. B. do ſincerely promiſe and ſwear, That I will be Faithful, and bear true Allegiance to their Majeſties King WILLIAM and Queen MARY.

So help me God.

I A. B. do ſwear, That I do from my Heart Abhor, Deteſt and Abjure, as Impious and Heretical this damnable Doctrin and Poſition, That Princes excommunicated or deprived by the Pope, or any Authority of the See of Rome, may be depoſed or murdered by their Subjects, or any other whatſoever.

And I do declare, That no Foreign Prince, Perſon, Prelate, State or Potentate, hath, or ought to have any Juriſdiction, Power, Superiority, Pre-eminence or Authority Eccleſiaſtical or Spiritual within this Realm.

So help me God.

Upon which their ſaid Majeſties did accept the Crown and Royal Dignity of the Kingdoms of *England*, *France* and *Ireland*, and the Dominions thereunto belonging, according to the reſolution and deſire of the ſaid Lords and Commons, contained in the ſaid Declaration.

And thereupon their Majeſties were pleaſed, That the ſaid Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, being the two Houſes of Parliament, ſhould continue to ſit, and with their Majeſties Royal Concurrence, make effectual Proviſion for the Settlement of the Religion, Laws and Liberties of this Kingdom, ſo that the ſame for the future might not be in danger again of being ſubverted; to which the ſaid Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons did agree and proceed to act accordingly.

Now in purſuance of the Premiſſes, the ſaid Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in Parliament aſſembled, for the ratifying, confirming and eſtabliſhing the ſaid Declaration, and the Articles, Clauſes, Matters and Things therein contained, by the force of a Law made in due form by Authority of Parliament, do pray that it may be declared and enacted, That all and ſingular the

the Rights and Liberties aſſerted and claimed in the ſaid Declaration, are the true, ancient and indubitable Rights and Liberties of the People of this Kingdom, and ſo ſhall be eſteemed, allowed, adjudged, deemed and taken to be; and that all and every the particulars aforeſaid, ſhall be firmly and ſtrictly holden and obſerved, as they are expreſſed in the ſaid Declaration; and all Officers and Miniſters whatſoever, ſhall ſerve their Majeſties and their Succeſſors according to the ſame in all Times to come.

And the ſaid Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, ſeriouſly conſidering how it hath pleaſed Almighty God, in his marvellous Providence, and merciful Goodneſs to this Nation, to provide and preſerve their ſaid Majeſties Royal Perſons moſt happily to Reign over us upon the Throne of their Anceſtors, for which they render unto him from the bottom of their Hearts their humbleſt Thanks and Praiſes, do truly, firmly, aſſuredly, and in the ſincerity of their Hearts, think, and do hereby recognize, acknowledge and declare, That King *James* II. having abdicated the Government, and their Majeſties having accepted the Crown and Royal Dignity, as aforeſaid, their ſaid Majeſties did become, were, are, and of Right ought to be, by the Laws of this Realm, our Soveraign Liege Lord and Lady, King and Queen of *England*, *France* and *Ireland*, and the Dominions thereunto belonging, in and to whoſe Princely Perſons, the Royal State, Crown and Dignity of the ſaid Realms, with all Honours, Stiles, Titles, Regalities, Prerogatives, Powers, Juriſdictions and Authorities to the ſame belonging and appertaining, are moſt fully, rightfully and intirely inveſted and incorporated, united and annexed.

And for preventing all Queſtions and Diviſions in this Realm, by reaſon of any pretended Titles to the Crown, and for preſerving a certainty in the Succeſſion thereof, in and upon which the Unity, Peace, Tranquility and Safety of this Nation doth, under God, wholly conſiſt and depend, The ſaid Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, do beſeech their Majeſties, that it may be enacted, eſtabliſhed and declared, That the Crown and Regal Government of the ſaid Kingdoms and Dominions, with all and ſingular the Premiſſes thereunto belonging and appertaining, ſhall be and continue to their ſaid Majeſties, and the Survivor of them, during their Lives, and the Life of the Survivor of them; and that the entire, perfect and full exerciſe of the Regal Power and Government, be only in, and executed by his Majeſty, in the Names of both their Majeſties during their joynt Lives; and after their deceaſes, the ſaid Crown and Premiſſes, ſhall be and remain to the Heirs of the Body of her Majeſty; and for default of ſuch Iſſue, to Her Royal Highneſs the Princeſs *ANNE* of

*Denmark*,

*Denmark*, and the Heirs of her Body; and for default of ſuch Iſſue, to the Heirs of the Body of his ſaid Majeſty; and thereunto the ſaid Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, do in the Name of all the People aforeſaid, moſt humbly and faithfully ſubmit themſelves, their Heirs and Poſterities for ever; and do faithfully promiſe, That they will ſtand to, maintain and defend their ſaid Majeſties; and alſo the Limitation and Succeſſion of the Crown herein ſpecified and contained, to the utmoſt of their Powers, with their Lives and Eſtates againſt all Perſons whatſoever, that ſhall attempt any thing to the contrary.

And whereas it hath been found by Experience, that it is inconſiſtent with the ſafety and welfare of this Proteſtant Kingdom, to be governed by a Popiſh Prince, or by any King or Queen marrying a Papiſt, the ſaid Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, do farther pray that it may be enacted, That all and every Perſon and Perſons that is, are or ſhall be reconciled to, or ſhall hold Communion with the See or Church of *Rome*, or ſhall Profeſs the Popiſh Religion, or ſhall Marry a Papiſt, ſhall be excluded, and be for ever uncapable to inherit, poſſeſs or enjoy the Crown and Government of this Realm, and *Ireland*, and the Dominions thereunto belonging, or any part of the ſame, or to have, uſe or exerciſe any Regal Power, Authority or Juriſdiction within the ſame; and in all and every ſuch Caſe or Caſes, the People of theſe Realms ſhall be, and are hereby abſolved of their Allegiance; and the ſaid Crown and Government ſhall from time to time deſcend to, and be enjoyed by ſuch Perſon or Perſons, being Proteſtants, as ſhould have inherited and enjoyed the ſame, in caſe the ſaid Perſon or Perſons ſo reconciled, holding Communion, or Profeſſing or Marrying, as aforeſaid, were naturally dead.

And that every King and Queen of this Realm, who at any time hereafter ſhall come to and ſucceed in the Imperial Crown of this Kingdom, ſhall on the firſt day of the meeting of the firſt Parliament, next after His or Her coming to the Crown, ſitting in His or Her Throne, in the Houſe of Peers, in the preſence of the Lords and Commons therein aſſembled, or at His or Her Coronation, before ſuch Perſon or Perſons who ſhall adminiſter the Coronation Oath to Him or Her, at the time of His or Her taking the ſaid Oath, (which ſhall firſt happen) make, ſubſcribe and audibly repeat the Declaration mentioned in the Statute made in the thirteenth year of the Reign of King *Charles* II. Entituled, *An Act for the more effectual preſerving the Kings Perſon and Government, by diſabling Papiſts from ſitting in either Houſe of Parliament.*

But if it ſhall happen that if ſuch King or Queen upon His or Her Succeſſion to the Crown of this Realm, ſhall be under the

the Age of twelve years, then every ſuch King or Queen ſhall make, ſubſcribe and audibly repeat the ſaid Declaration at His or Her Coronation, or the firſt day of the meeting of the firſt Parliament, as aforeſaid, which ſhall firſt happen after ſuch King or Queen ſhall have attained the ſaid age of twelve years.

All which their Majeſties are contented and pleaſed, ſhall be declared, enacted and eſtabliſhed by Authority of this preſent Parliament, and ſhall ſtand, remain, and be the Law of this Realm for ever; and the ſame are by their ſaid Majeſties, by and with the advice and conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, declared, enacted and eſtabliſhed accordingly.

And be it farther declared and enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after this preſent Seſſion of Parliament, no diſpenſation by *Non obſtante* of or to any Statute, or any part thereof, ſhall be allowed, but that the ſame ſhall be held void and of no effect, except a Diſpenſation be allowed of in ſuch Statute; and except in ſuch Caſes as ſhall be ſpecially provided for by one or more Bill or Bills to be paſſed during this preſent Seſſion of Parliament.

Provided that no Charter or Grant, or Pardon granted before the three and twentieth day of *October*, in the year of our Lord one thouſand ſix hundred eighty nine, ſhall be any ways impeached or invalidated by this Act, but that the ſame ſhall be and remain of the ſame force and effect in Law, and no other than as if this Act had never been made.

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## Silk.

I. STat. 2 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 1. *cap.* 9. The throwing of Silk is not a Manufacture within the Intention of the Act of 12 *Car.* 2. for encouraging and encreaſing of Shipping and Navigation. And no thrown Silk of the product of *Turkey*, *Perſia*, *Eaſt-India* or *China*, or any other Place (except of the production of *Italy*, *Sicily* or *Naples*, and imported in Veſſels navigated as the ſaid Act directs, and brought from ſome Port of the Countries, of which they are the production, and which ſhall come directly by Sea) ſhall after the 25*th* of *May* 1690. be imported into *England*, *Wales*, *Jerſey* or *Guerneſey* or the Town of *Berwick*, on pain to forfeit the ſame; one moiety to their Majeſties, and the other to the Informer.

II. Yet this Act ſhall not extend to any thrown Silk of the production of *Italy*, *Sicily* or *Naples*, that ſhall be imported otherwiſe than by this Act is directed, before the firſt day

day of *September* 1690. and which ſhall be proved by Oath of the Owner or his Agent, to have provided and bought by his Order from *England* in ſome part of *Italy*, *Sicily* or *Naples* before the firſt day of *June* 1690. which Oath any two Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms may adminiſter.

III. And no thrown Silk laden in *India*, *Perſia* or *China*, to be imported hither on or before the 20*th* day of *September* 1690. ſhall be liable to any Forfeiture, by virtue of this Act.

## Symony.

I. Stat. 1 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 1. *cap.* 16. After the Death of a Perſon Symoniacally promoted to any Benefice or Eccleſiaſtical Living, the Offence or Contract of Symony ſhall neither by way of Title in Pleading or in Evidence to a Jury, or otherwiſe be alledged or pleaded to the prejudice of any Patron innocent of Symony, or of his Clerk, upon pretence of Lapſe, or otherwiſe, unleſs the Perſon ſymoniacally promoted, or his Patron were convicted of ſuch Offence at the Common Law, or in ſome Eccleſiaſtical Court in the life-time of the Perſon ſymoniack.

II. No Leaſes really and *bona fide* made or to be made by any Perſon ſymoniacally promoted, for good and valuable conſideration to any Perſon not being privy to, or having notice of ſuch Symony, ſhall be impeached or avoided by reaſon thereof.

## Souldiers.

I. Stat. 1 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 1. *cap.* 5. An Act for puniſhing Officers or Souldiers, who ſhall mutiny or deſert their Majeſties Service. *Exp.*

II. Stat. 1 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 2. *cap.* 4. An Act for puniſhing Officers or Souldiers, who ſhall mutiny or deſert their Majeſties Service, and for puniſhing falſe Muſters. *Exp.*

III. Stat. 2 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 2. *cap.* 6. An Act for puniſhing Officers and Souldiers, who ſhall mutiny or deſert their Majeſties Service, and for puniſhing falſe Muſters. *Exp.*

IV. Stat. 4 & 5 *W.* & *M. cap.* 13. From and after the 10*th* day of *March* 1692. every Perſon being muſtered in Pay, as an Officer or Souldier in the Army, who ſhall before the firſt of *March* 1693. cauſe or joyn in any Mutiny or Sedition in the Army, or deſert the Service, ſhall ſuffer Death, or ſuch other puniſhment as a Court-Martial ſhall inflict; or being a Souldier liſted in any Regiment, Troop or Company, ſhall liſt himſelf in any other Regiment, *&c.* without a Diſcharge

Diſcharge from his Officer, ſhall ſuffer Death, or ſuch other Puniſhment as aforeſaid.

V. Their Majeſties or the General of their Army, may grant Commiſſions to any Lieutenant-General or other Officers, not under the Degree of a Field-Officer or Commander in Chief of a Garriſon, to call and aſſemble Courts-Martial. No Court-Martial that ſhall have Power to inflict puniſhment as aforeſaid, to conſiſt of fewer than thirteen, whereof none to be under the Degree of a Commiſſion Officer, and the Preſident not to be under the Degree of a Field-Officer, or the Commander in Chief of the Garriſon, where the Offender ſhall be tried.

VI. No Field-Officer ſhall be tryed by any under the Degree of a Captain; And ſuch Courts-Martial ſhall have power to adminiſter Oaths to Witneſſes.

VII. Nothing in this Act ſhall exempt any Officer or Souldier from the ordinary Proceſs of Law; nor ſhall extend to concern any the Militia Forces of this Kingdom.

VIII. This Act to be in force till the firſt of *March* 1693. and no longer.

IX. Every Officer preſent at Trials of Offences that may be puniſhed by Death, ſhall take this Oath, *viz. You ſhall well and truly try and determine, according to your Evidence, the Matter now before you, between our Soveraign Lord and Lady the King and Queens Majeſties, and the Priſoner to be tryed.* So help you God. No ſentence of Death ſhall be given unleſs nine of the thirteen preſent concur. And if there be a greater number preſent, Judgment ſhall paſs by the Concurrence of the greater part ſo ſworn, ſuch greater part not being leſs than nine. No Proceedings, Trial or Sentence of Death ſhall be had or given, but between the hours of eight in the Morning, and one in the Afternoon.

X. If any ſhall make or procure to be made falſe Certificates to execute Souldiers for abſence from any Muſter or other Service, they ſhall forfeit 50 *l.* and to be caſhiered and diſabled to hold any Military Imployment.

XI. Officers making falſe Muſters, and Commiſſaries, Muſter-Maſters and other Officers, allowing the Muſter-Roll, wherein ſuch falſe Muſter is contained, or a duplicate thereof, upon proof thereof by two Witneſſes before a Court-Martial, ſhall be caſhiered and diſabled to hold any Civil or Military-Office or Imployment, and forfeit 100 *l.*

XII. Commiſſaries and Muſter-Maſters, upon any Muſter to be made, ſhall by a convenient time before, give notice to the Chief Magiſtrate of the place where the Souldiers ſhall be quartered, who are required to be preſent at ſuch Muſters, and aſſiſt in the diſcovery of any falſe Muſter. Commiſſaries and Muſter-Maſters neglecting to give ſuch notice, or refuſing

the assistance of such Chief Magistrate, shall forfeit 50 *l.* and be discharged from his Office; and no Muster-Roll shall be allowed, not signed by such Chief Magistrate.

XIII. If any Person shall be falsly mustered, or offer himself so to be, upon Oath thereof made before the next Justice of Peace by two Witnesses, or upon Certificate under Hand of the Commissary of the Musters, or Chief Magistrate as aforesaid, made to such Justice, shall be committed to the House of Correction for ten days, and have his Ear cut off by the Gaoler or Keeper thereof. If any Person lend a Horse to be mustered, not belonging to the Troop, such Horse shall be forfeited to the Informer, if it belong to the Person lending; if not, the Lender shall forfeit 20 *l.* upon Oath made by two Witnesses before the next Justice of Peace.

XIV. The said Forfeiture to be to the Informer, to be paid out of the Arrears of such Officers Pay as shall so offend, upon Conviction before a Court-Martial, by Order of the said Court to the Pay-Master, if such Officer have any Arrears; and if there be no Arrear, the Court-Martial shall give order to seize such Officers Goods and sell them, rendring the overplus; and if he have no Goods, he shall be sent to the Common Gaol, to remain there six months; and the Court-Martial shall discharge such Informer, if he be a Souldier, from any farther Service, if he demand it.

XV. If any Pay-Master, Clerk or Agent of a Regiment, Troop or Company, shall for a month detain the Pay of any Officer or Souldier (Cloaths and other Allowances deducted) or if any Officers shall refuse to pay each Common Souldier their respective Pay, when due, if themselves have received it, at the rate of 17 *s.* 6 *d.* a Week for a Corporal or light Horse, 14 *s.* a Week for a Trumpeter and private Trooper, 8 *s.* 2 *d.* a Week for a Dragoon, 7 *s.* a Week to a Sergeant, 5 *s.* a Week to each Corporal and Drummer, and 4 *s.* a Week to each private Souldier of the two Regiments of Foot-guards, and 6 *s.* a Week to each Sergeant, 4 *s.* 6 *d.* a Week to each Corporal and Drummer, and 3 *s.* a Week for each Foot Souldier in the Army; and over and above the said 3 *s.* a Week, shall at every two Months end account for 6 *d.* a Week to each Foot-Souldier, upon proof thereof before a Court-Martial, as aforesaid, such Pay-Master, *&c.* shall be discharged from his Employment, and forfeit 100 *l.* to the Informer, to be raised, as aforesaid, and be disabled to hold any Civil or Military Office or Employment; and the Informer, if a Souldier, shall be discharged of any farther Service, if he demand it.

XVI. The commanding Officer of every Troop or Company at Musters, shall bring a Certificate of the Names of such as are sick, or have leave to be absent, of such as are dead

dead or deſerted ſince the laſt Muſter; and if ſuch Certificate prove falſe, the Officer ſigning it, ſhall ſuffer the Penalties hereby inflicted for making falſe Muſters.

XVII. If any Officer ſhall Muſter any Officers Servant, or any Perſon by a wrong Name knowingly, upon conviction thereof before a Court-Martial, he ſhall ſuffer the Penalties hereby inflicted for making falſe Muſters.

XVIII. During the continuance of this Act, Conſtables, Tythingmen, Headboroughs and other Chief Magiſtrates of Cities, Towns and Villages, may Quarter and Billet Officers and Souldiers in Inns, Livery-Stables, Ale-houſes, Victualling-houſes, Houſes ſelling Brandy, Strong-waters, Sider or Metheglin by retail to be drunk in their Houſes, but in no private Houſes. Nor ſhall more Billets be ordered than there are effective Souldiers preſent to be quartered. If any Magiſtrate ſhall Billet any Officer or Souldier in any private Houſe, without conſent of the Occupier, ſuch Occupier ſhall have his Remedy at Law to recover his Damage ſuſtained thereby. And if any Military Officer ſhall take upon him to quarter Souldiers otherwiſe than is hereby allowed, or ſhall uſe Menace or Compulſion upon any Civil Officers afore-mention'd, to deter them from performing their Duty herein, upon conviction by the Oaths of two Witneſſes before two or more Juſtices of Peace, and the ſaid Juſtices Certificate thereof to the Judge Advocate, who is hereby obliged to certifie the ſame to the next Court-Marſhal, ſuch Officer ſhall be taken to be *ipſo facto* caſhiered, and diſabled to hold any Military Employment.

XIX. Officers and Souldiers ſo billetted, ſhall pay ſuch reaſonable prices as ſhall be appointed by the Juſtices of Peace in their Quarter-Seſſions; and the Juſtices of Peace are required to ſet Rates for Proviſions for one or more Nights in their marching, and for the firſt Night only in Places appointed for their Reſidence.

XX. Officers taking Mony for excuſing quartering, ſhall be caſhiered and made incapable of any Military Employment.

XXI. From and after the 10*th* of *March* 1692. no Pay-Maſter or other Officer ſhall receive any Fees or make any Deductions out of the Pay of any Officer or Souldier, which ſhall grow due after the ſaid 10*th* day of *March*, other than the uſual Deductions for Cloathing, and the 12 *d.* in the pound to be diſpoſed as their Majeſties think fit, and one days Pay in the Year for the uſe of *Chelſey*-Colledge.

XXII. This Act ſhall be read at the Head of every Regiment, Troop or Company at every Muſter, that no Souldier may pretend Ignorance.

XXIII. Officers receiving Pay or Subſiſtence-Mony for Regiments, Troops or Companies, ſhall upon the receipt of every Sum, give notice to all Inn-keepers and other Perſons where Officers and Souldiers are quartered, and appoint them to repair to their Quarters at ſuch times as they ſhall appoint for diſtribution thereof, which ſhall be within four days after they have received it, and ſuch Inn-keepers and other Perſons ſhall be paid off what Debts are owing to them before any part of the ſaid Pay or Subſiſtence be diſtributed to the Officers or Souldiers.

XXIV. Provided ſuch Debts exceed not for a Commiſſion Officer of Horſe under the Degree of a Captain, for Dyet and ſmall Beer, Hay and Straw, *per diem* 2 *s.* and for ſuch a Commiſſion Officer of Dragoons, 1 *s.* and 6 *d.* nor for ſuch a Commiſſion Officer of Foot, 1 *s.* and if ſuch Officers ſhall have a Horſe or Horſes, for each Horſe 6 *d. per diem*, nor for one Light-horſe-mans Dyet and ſmall Beer, and Hay and Straw *per diem*, 1 *s.* nor for one Dragoon 9 *d.* nor for a Foot Souldiers Dyet and ſmall Beer 4 *d.* and if any Officer ſhall not give notice as aforeſaid, and upon producing ſuch Accounts, pay the ſame; upon Oath made thereof by two Witneſſes at the next Quarter-Seſſions, the Pay-maſters of their Majeſties Forces are hereby required, upon Certificate of the ſaid Juſtices of the Sums due upon ſuch Accounts, and the Perſons to whom owing, to ſatisfie them out of the Arrears due to ſuch Officer, on pain to loſe their Places, and to be diſabled to hold them for the future. And if there be no Arrear, the Pay-maſters ſhall deduct what they ſhall pay purſuant to ſuch Certificate, out of the next Pay or Subſiſtence-Mony of the Regiment to which ſuch Officer belongs; and ſuch Officer ſhall be *ipſo facto* caſhiered; and when the Subſiſtence due to any Officer or Souldier ſhall by any accident not be paid, or ſuch Officer or Souldier ſhall neglect to pay the ſame, ſo the Quarters cannot be paid, as this Act directs; and where any Souldiers ſhall be upon their March, ſo as no Subſiſtence can be remitted them, every ſuch Officer before departure out of his Quarters, where ſuch Regiment, *&c.* ſhall remain for any time whatſoever, ſhall make up the Account as this Act directs, with thoſe with whom they have quartered, before he leave that Quarter, and give the ſaid Certificate to the Perſon to whom ſuch Mony is due, with the Name of ſuch Regiment, *&c.* to be tranſmitted to the Pay-maſter, who ſhall make payment thereof, to the end the ſame may be applied to ſuch Regiment, *&c.* under pain as is before directed for non-payment of Quarters.

XXV. No Commiſſary ſhall muſter any Forces within *Weſtminſter* or *Southwark*, and Liberties thereof, but in the preſence

preſence of two Juſtices of Peace, not being Officers in the Army, under the afore-mentioned penalty.

XXVI. This Act ſhall extend to *Jerſey* and *Gerneſey* as to muſtering and paying.

XXVII. Cloaths, Arms and Accoutrements of War belonging to Horſe, Foot and Dragoons, who receive Engliſh pay, ſhall be bought in *England*, *Wales* or *Barwick*; and Officers offending therein ſhall be caſhiered.

XXVIII. The Commiſſary General of the Muſters, or his Deputies, ſhall upon every Muſter cloſe the Muſter-Rolls upon the place the ſame the Muſter is taken, and return one of the Rolls in Parchment to the Pay-maſter General the next day after, if in *London* or within twenty miles diſtance; and if at a farther diſtance, by the next Poſt, on pain of loſing their Imployments.

XXIX. Juſtices of Peace required by Order of his or her Majeſty, ſhewn to them by any Officer of the Regiment, *&c.* then marching, ſhall iſſue out their Warrants to the Conſtables, *&c.* to make ſuch proviſion of Carriages as is mentioned in the Warrant, allowing ſufficient time, that the Neighbouring Parts may not always bear the Burthen; and the Officer demanding ſuch Carriages, ſhall pay to the Conſtable, to whom the Warrant is directed 8 *d.* for every mile any Waggon with 5 Horſes ſhall travel loaden; and 8 *d.* for every mile any Waggon with 6 Oxen, or 4 Oxen and 2 Horſes ſhall trevel loaden; and 6 *d.* a Mile for a Cart with 4 Horſes, and ſo in proportion; and if any Officer ſhall conſtrain any Carriage to travel more than one days Journy, or not diſcharge them in due time for their return, or ſhall ſuffer his Souldiers or Servants (except ſick and wounded) or any Women to ride in ſuch Carriage, or ſhall force any Conſtables, *&c.* by Threats to provide Saddle-horſes, or ſhall force Horſes from the Owners, he ſhall forfeit 5 *l.* for every ſuch Offence, proof thereof being made upon Oath before two Juſtices of Peace, who are to certifie the ſame to the Pay-maſter General, who ſhall pay the ſaid Sum of 5 *l.* according to the appointment of ſuch Juſtices, and deduct it out of ſuch Officers Pay.

XXX. If any Officer, Military or Civil, hereby authorized to quarter Souldiers, ſhall quarter the Wives, Children or Maid-ſervants of Officers or Souldiers in any Houſe, againſt the Owners conſent, the Offender, if any Officer or Souldier of the Army, ſhall upon proof thereof made to the Commander in Chief of the Army, or the Judge Advocate, be caſhier'd; if a Civil Officer, he ſhall forfeit 20 *s.* to the Party grieved, upon proof made to the next Juſtice of Peace, to be levied by diſtreſs and ſale of Goods, rendring the overplus.

XXXI. If any Officer or Souldier ſhall without leave of

the Lord of the Mannor under Hand and Seal, take or deſtroy any Game, and ſhall be convicted thereof upon Oath before a Juſtice of Peace, he ſhall forfeit, if an Officer, 5 *l.* to be diſtributed among the Poor of the Pariſh; and every Officer commanding in Chief, ſhall forfeit for every ſuch Offence committed by any Souldier under his Command, 10 *s.* to be diſtributed as aforeſaid; and for default of payment within two days after Conviction, and Demand thereof made by the Conſtable or Overſeer of the Poor, the Officer ſo refuſing or neglecting is hereby declared to have forfeited his Commiſſion; and his Commiſſion is hereby made null and void.

XXXII. An account of all Monies due according to the Muſter-Rolls to every Regiment, ſhall be made upon the firſt day of *July* 1693. or ſix days after, between the Pay-maſter General and the Colonel of every Regiment, or his Agent, authorized to receive the Pay thereof from the firſt of *March* 1692. to the laſt of *April* 1693. and ſo from time to time, when four Months become due, an Account ſhall be ſtated for the two preceding Months; ſuch Accounts being perfected, to be regiſtred in the Pay-Office, and ſubſcribed by the Pay-maſter or his Deputy, and the Colonel or his Agent, and Duplicates given to the Colonel, *&c.* without Fee, who ſhall deliver to each Captain an account of ſo much as appertains to him and his Troop, *&c.* and the Ballance which ſhall remain, and all other Monies then due to each Regiment, ſhall be paid to ſuch Colonel, *&c.* when their Majeſties ſhall direct. The Pay-maſter General or any Colonel offending herein, ſhall forfeit 100 *l.* for every Offence to him that will ſue for the ſame; and his Deputy or any Agent of a Regiment, offending in the Premiſes, upon proof thereof at a Court-Martial, ſhall loſe his Place.

XXXIII. No Warrant to take off the reſpits from any Muſter-Rolls ſhall be allowed by any Pay-maſter, unleſs counterſigned by the Commiſſioners of the Treaſury, or the Lord High Treaſurer.

## Suits.

I. **Stat.** 1 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 2. *cap.* 8. Whereas about the time of his Majeſties enterprize for delivering this Kingdom from Popery and Arbitrary Power, and in Aid of the ſame, divers Lords, Gentlemen and others did act as Lieutenants, Deputy-Lieutenants, Juſtices of the Peace, or other Officers, though not ſufficiently authorized thereunto, and did apprehend and put in cuſtody ſome ſuſpected Perſons, and ſeize and uſe Horſes, Arms and other Things, and entred into the Houſes and Poſſeſſions of ſeveral Perſons, and quartered Souldiers there; and ſince their Majeſties happy Acceſſion to the Crown

Crown, by reaſon of the Wars and Tumults occaſioned by their Enemies, divers like Matters and Things have been done, all which were neceſſary in regard of the exigency of publick Affairs; Be it enacted, That all Proſecutions whatſoever, and Judgments had thereupon, if any be, for any of the Premiſſes, or any Matter or Thing adviſed, commanded, appointed or done in order to the bringing their Majeſties to this Kingdom, or for their Service, or for the Safety of the Government, are hereby diſcharged and made void; and if any ſuch Proſecution ſhall be, the Party proſecuted may plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence; and if the Plaintiff become non-ſuit, or forbear Proſecution, or ſuffer a Diſcontinuance, or if a Verdict paſs againſt him, the Defendant ſhall recover his double Coſts.

II. **Stat.** 2 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 2. *cap.* 13. All perſonal Actions, Suits, Indictments, Informations, and other Proſecutions for apprehending and impriſoning ſuſpected Perſons, and ſeizing and uſing Horſes and Arms, and cauſing the greateſt part of the Militia of this Kingdom to be raiſed and maintained otherwiſe than is authorized by the Acts made in the Reign of the late King *Charles* II. and to march and be quartered in divers places for their Majeſties Service and the Safety of the Kingdom, in purſuance of Orders from the Privy Council, in this preſent year 1690. about the time that the Coaſts of this Kingdom were invaded by the *French*, be and are hereby diſcharged and made void; and if any Suit hath been or ſhall be proſecuted, the Defendant may plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence; and if the Plaintiff become non-ſuit, or forbear Proſecution, or ſuffer a Diſcontinuance, or a Verdict paſs againſt him, the Defendant ſhall recover his double Coſts.

III. **Stat.** 4 & 5 *W.* & *M. cap.* 19. Whereas in this preſent year 1692. there were great Preparations for an Invaſion intended from *France*, the Lords of the Council, and others by their Authority having impriſoned ſeveral ſuſpected Perſons, and ſeized Horſes and Arms, and cauſed ſome part of the Militia to be raiſed, continued and maintained, otherwiſe than is authorized by the Acts made in the Reign of King *Charles* II. and to march and be quartered in divers places, that the Parties concerned in thoſe Proceedings in that extraodinary juncture, may be indemnified; Be it enacted, That all Proſecutions whatſoever by reaſon of the Premiſſes, be diſcharged and made void; And if any Action or Suit hath been or ſhall be commenced or proſecuted for the ſame, the Perſon ſo ſued may plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence; and if the Plaintiff ſhall be non-ſuit, or forbear Proſecution, or ſuffer a Diſcon-

tinuance, or that a Verdict paſs againſt him, the Defendant ſhall recover his double Coſts.

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# Taxes.

I. Stat. 1 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 1. *cap.* 3. An Act for granting a preſent Aid to their Majeſties. *Exp.*

II. Stat. 1 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 1. *cap.* 13. An Act for raiſing Mony by a Poll, and otherwiſe, towards the reducing of *Ireland.*

III. Stat. 1 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 1. *cap.* 20. An Act for a Grant to their Majeſties of an Aid of 12 *d.* in the pound for one year for the neceſſary defence of their Realms.

IV. Stat. 1 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 1. *cap.* 31. An additional Act for the appointing Commiſſioners for the executing an Act of this preſent Parliament, Entituled, *An Act for a Grant to their Majeſties, of an Aid of twelve pence in the pound, for one year, for the neceſſary defence of their Realms.*

V. Stat. 1 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 2. *cap.* 1. An Act for granting to their Majeſties an Aid of one ſhilling in the pound for one year.

VI. Stat. 1 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 2. *cap.* 5. An Act for a Grant to their Majeſties of an additional Aid of twelve pence in the pound for one year.

VII. Stat. 1 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 2. *cap.* 7. An Act for review of the late Poll granted to their Majeſties, and for an additional Poll towards the reducing of *Ireland.*

VIII. Stat. 2 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 1. *cap.* 2. An Act for raiſing Mony by a Poll, and otherwiſe, towards the reducing of *Ireland,* and proſecuting the War againſt *France.*

IX. Stat. 2 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 2. *cap.* 1. An Act for granting an Aid to their Majeſties of the Sum of 1651702 *l.* 18 *s. Exp.*

X. Stat. 3 & 4 *W.* & *M. cap.* 5. An Act for granting an Aid to their Majeſties of the Sum of ſixteen hundred fifty one thouſand ſeven hundred and two pounds eighteen ſhillings, towards the carrying on a vigorous War againſt *France.*

XI. Stat. 3 & 4 *W.* & *M. cap.* 6. An Act for raiſing Mony by a Poll payable quarterly for one year, for the carrying on a vigorous War againſt *France.*

XII. Stat. 4 & 5 *W.* & *M. cap.* 1. An Act for granting to their Majeſties an Aid of four ſhillings in the pound for one year, for carrying on a vigorous War againſt *France.*

XIII. Stat.

XIII. **Stat.** 4 & 5 *W.* & *M. cap.* 14. All Perſons who were not at all, or not fully and duly aſſeſſed according to the intent of an Act made the laſt Seſſion of this preſent Parliament, Entituled, *An Act for raiſing Mony by a Poll*, &c. ſhall be aſſeſſed and taxed, as they ought to have been by the ſame.

XIV. In order whereunto ſuch as are or ſhall be qualified to act as Commiſſioners for putting in execution an Act of this Seſſion of Parliament, Entituled, *An Act for granting to their Majeſties an Aid of* 4 *s. in the pound*, &c. ſhall be Commiſſioners for executing this Act, within their ſeveral Diviſions, and ſhall have and execute the like Powers, Rules and Directions, as the Commiſſioners had or ought to have executed by virtue of the ſaid *Poll-Act*; And all Perſons concerned in the aſſeſſing, collecting, receiving or paying any Monies by virtue of this Act, ſhall have the like Benefits, and be ſubject to the like Penalties, in caſe of neglect or refuſal, to pay the Sums aſſeſſed, or to perform their Duties as in ſuch caſe any Perſon by virtue of the ſaid *Poll-Act*, ought to have or be ſubject to.

XV. Deputy-Lieutenants and other Officers of the Militia, having Eſtates of ſuch value as ought to find or contribute to a Horſe, ſhall pay for ſuch Eſtates, although they be not actually charged to find or contribute to find a Horſe, *&c.* And all who at the time of the Execution of the ſaid Poll-Act were or had been Juſtices of Peace, Sheriffs or Deputy-Lieutenants, or who were appointed Commiſſioners by virtue of the ſaid Act, being worth 300 *l.* and were not aſſeſſed 20 *s.* quarterly, ſhall pay after that rate, or ſo much as with what they have paid will make up 20 *s.* quarterly. In like manner Clergy-men having in Eſtate Eccleſiaſtical or Temporal or both 60 *l. per annum* ſhall pay after the ſame rate; and in all other things the ſaid Act ſhall be fully executed.

XVI. The reſpective Commiſſioners ſhall meet on the 4*th* of *April* 1693. and the ſaid Sums ſhall be aſſeſſed and paid to the Receivers of the Counties on or before the 24*th* day of *June* 1693. and anſwered into their Majeſties Exchequer on or before the 12*th* day of *July* 1693.

XVII. If upon the return of the Duplicates it ſhall appear that the ſaid Sums of Mony do not amount to 300000 *l.* their Majeſties may borrow by way of Loan any Sum or Sums, which together with the amount of what ſhall be levied by virtue of this Act, ſhall not exceed in the whole 300000 *l.* which Sum or Sums ſhall be charged upon the credit of their Majeſties Exchequer in General, and Tallies of Loan and Orders for repayment ſhall be levied, which Orders ſhall be aſſignable.

XVIII. Every

XVIII. Every Sum and Sums ſo to be borrowed, with Intereſt not exceeding 8 *l. per Cent.* to be paid every three months, ſhall be payable to the Lenders out of any the next Aids or Supplies to be granted to their Majeſties in Parliament, and ſhall be transferred thereunto as ſoon as ſuch Aid ſhall be granted; and in caſe no ſuch Aid or Supply ſhall be granted before the ſecond day of *February* 1693. then ſuch Sum or Sums ſhall be paid to the Lenders out of any of their Majeſties Treaſure, not already appropriated by Act of Parliament.

XIX. Whoever ſhall refuſe to take in payment crack't Mony, being the currant Coin of this Kingdom, ſhall for every ſuch Offence forfeit 5 *l.* and be liable to ſuch other Puniſhments, as by any Law may now be inflicted for ſuch Offences.

XX. Every Receiver-General appointed by the ſaid *Poll-Act*, ſhall prepare a Duplicate in Parchment of the whole Sum charged in any of the Pariſhes and Places, whereof he is Receiver General, to be ſubſcribed by two or more of the Commiſſioners, and return it into the Exchequer before the laſt day of *Eaſter*-Term next, with a Schedule containing the Names, Sirnames and Places of Abode of every Perſon within their Collection, that hath not paid; and every Receiver General not making ſuch returns, except the ſame have been returned purſuant to the ſaid Poll-Act, ſhall forfeit 50 *l.* and be uncapable of any Office or Place of Truſt in their Majeſties Service.

XXI. No Fees ſhall be taken by any Officer of the Exchequer, or in any Office wherein any Receiver General is concerned, in taking out his Commiſſion, paſſing his Accounts, taking out his *Quietus* for receiving or paying any Mony granted by this or any other Act of this Parliament, for Aids to their Majeſties, but ſuch ancient Fees as ſhall be allowed by the Barons of the Quoif; and the ſaid Barons ſhall deliver a Table of the Fees by them allowed, to the Lords and Commons in Parliament at the next Seſſion.

## Trade and Commerce.

I. **Stat.** 1 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 1. *cap.* 34. From the 24*th* day of *Auguſt* 1689. No Goods or Commodities of the Product or Manufacture of the Dominions of the *French* King, or made of or mixed with any ſuch Goods or Commodities, ſhall during three years, or before the end of the firſt Seſſion of Parliament after ſuch three years expired be imported into *England, Ireland, Wales, Berwick*, or the Iſles of *Jerſey, Guernſey, Alderney, Sark*, or the *Iſle of Man*; and all Importations, vending or uttering of any French or other Commodities,

dities, contrary to this Act, are hereby declared to be a common Nuſance; and the Commodities ſo imported, may be ſeized by any Perſon and carried into their Majeſties Ware-houſe of the Port or Place where they are ſeized, or to the Ware-houſe of the next Port, Member or Creek to the place of Seizure; and Perſons claiming the ſame, ſhall tender good Security to anſwer the Penalties of this Act, and to make their claim within twenty days after ſeizure, to the Collector or Cuſtomer, or his Deputy where there is no other Collector eſtabliſhed, or to the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtom in time of vacation, or within ten days in Term-time, by delivery of a Bill to ſuch Officer, ſubſcribed with his Name, Addition and Place of Abode, with the particulars of the Goods claimed, and the date of the Claim, and the Names of his Sureties, they being worth 500 *l.* a-piece at leaſt, and to give Bond to their Majeſties in double the value of the Goods, and the Penalties in this Act, to anſwer the value of the Goods and other the ſaid Penalties, and after ſuch Security given, the Claim and Sureties Names, and the Sum and date of the Bonds to be regiſtred and ſubſcribed by the Claimer, Collector or Cuſtomer, to whom ſuch Bill ſhall be delivered; and for want of giving Security and making Claim, as aforeſaid, the Goods ſhall be adjudged to be imported contrary to this Act, and be forfeited, and within ſeven days after ſuch default, ſhall be deſtroyed, as hereafter is appointed; but if ſuch Security be given and Claim made, as aforeſaid, an Information ſhall the next Term or ſooner be exhibited in the Exchequer; and no Writ of Delivery or Reſtitution ſhall be granted till the Cauſe be determined by the Verdict of a Jury, to be returned by the proper Officers in the preſence of a Commiſſioner of the Cuſtoms in *London*, and of the principal Officer in any Out-port, which Jury upon the taſte or view of the Goods, or upon proof, ſhall judge the quality and value thereof, and whether imported contrary to this Act, and in what Veſſels imported, and by whom imported or ſold, and in whoſe cuſtody they were when ſeized; and if the Jury ſhall find that they were of the Product or Manufacture of the *French* Kings Dominions, or mixt with any Goods of ſuch Product or Manufacture, then all ſuch liquid Commodities ſhall be adjudged to be ſtaved and ſpilt, and other Commodities to be publickly burnt in the preſence of one of the Sheriffs of *London*, in the Port of *London*, and of the chief Magiſtrate in any other Port, who are required to be preſent and aſſiſting in the deſtruction thereof, and to view, taſte and examine them according to the firſt Entry made in the Ware-houſe-Book, and to join with the Collector, *&c.* who are alſo required to be preſent at the deſtruction thereof, in a Certi-

Certificate, to be entred in the ſaid Book, of the day of the deſtruction thereof; no Perſons to take away or ſave any of the ſaid Commodities, on pain to forfeit 40 *s.* above the value of the ſaid Goods.

II. Importers thereof ſhall forfeit the full value, according to the Rates hereafter mentioned; and Perſons in whoſe cuſtody they ſhall be found, when ſeiz'd, or who ſhall ſell or retail them, ſhall for the firſt Offence forfeit the value thereof, as aforeſaid; and for the ſecond Offence double the value, and be diſabled to bear or execute any Office or Employment relating to the Cuſtoms, or any part of the Revenue, or any other Office whatſoever; and if any ſuch Commodities, imported contrary to this Act, ſhall within the time aforeſaid, upon any pretence, be ſold, retailed or uttered, or be found within *England*, *Ireland*, &c. any Perſons may ſeize them, and like Information and Judgment for deſtruction thereof, ſhall be had and given as aforeſaid.

III. They in whoſe cuſtody ſuch Goods ſhall be found, ſhall incur the Forfeitures and Penalties aforeſaid; and if any diſpute or doubt ſhall ariſe whether the ſaid Goods were of the Product or Manufacture of the *French* Kings Dominions, or imported contrary to this Act, the proof ſhall lie on the Importer, Claimer, Vender, *&c.* and not on the Informer; and if any Informer ſhall by Fraud or Colluſion deſiſt or delay Proſecution, he ſhall forfeit 500 *l.* All Officers belonging to the Cuſtoms, and all Sheriffs, Mayors, Bailiffs, Conſtables, and other Officers, are required to be aiding in the execution of this Act: No Officer whatſoever relating to the Cuſtoms, ſhall ſign, ſuffer or allow of any Warrant or Order, for delivering of any Goods prohibited by this Act, to any Perſon, or into any Place other than into one of their Majeſties Ware-houſes, there to remain till Judgment paſs according to this Act; nor ſhall any Perſon whatſoever relating to the Cuſtoms, by virtue or colour of any Warrant or Order, take up or deliver any the ſaid Goods, or ſuffer them to be carried to any other place, than one of the Kings Ware-Houſes, there to remain, as aforeſaid; And ſuch Goods brought into the Kings Ware-houſes, ſhall be forthwith viewed in the preſence of two or more principal Officers of that Port, whereof the Collector, Cuſtomer or Cuſtomers Deputy to be one, and the marks and numbers of each Veſſel or Package, and the quality and quantity of the ſaid Goods, and the time when brought in, and of their delivery out of the ſaid Ware-houſes, ſhall by ſpecial direction of the Commiſſioners, or other Chief Officers of the Cuſtoms, be regiſtred in a Book to be kept for that purpoſe, and for entry of Claims, which examination ſhall be repeated and entred as aforeſaid, after condemnation, at the delivery

of

of them out to be deſtroyed, and compared with the firſt Entry, to prevent Fraud or Imbezilment; and if any ſuch be found, the ſame to be entred and ſubſcribed in the ſaid Book, by the principal Officer of the Port, not having charge of the Ware-houſe, and Copies of the Entries, Examinations and Claims, and a true Certificate of the deduction of the ſaid Goods, ſhall be tranſmitted to the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms, with monthly Abſtracts of the ſaid Ports, of which a diſtinct account ſhall be kept by the Officers of the Seizures in the Port of *London*.

IV. Such Goods ſhall not be delivered out of any the ſaid Ware-houſes, till a Judgment or Condemnation have paſſed upon them, otherwiſe than to be produced at a Trial to be had touching the unlawful importing the ſame, or for the recovery of any Penalty incurred thereby.

V. If any Perſon not being a known Merchant, Vintner or Shop-keeper, ſhall after the firſt day of *September* 1689. ſell or expoſe to ſale any of the Commodities hereby prohibited, they ſhall over and above the Penalties aforeſaid, ſuffer twelve months Impriſonment.

VI. Veſſels with all their Guns and Furniture, in which any ſuch Commodities ſhall after the ſaid 24*th* day of *Auguſt* be imported; and every Bark, Lighter, or other Veſſel out of which they ſhall be put on Shore, ſhall be forfeited, and the Maſter or other Perſon taking care of ſuch Veſſel for the Voyage, or out of which any of the ſaid Commodities ſhall be unſhipt into any Hoy, *&c.* to be put on Shore, ſhall forfeit 500 *l.* and alſo being apprehended by a Juſtice of Peace's Warrant, and the Fact proved before one or more Juſtices by the Oath of two Witneſſes, ſhall be committed to the next Gaol for twelve months; and Seamen, Watermen, Carmen and other Perſons aſſiſting in the landing or conveying any of the ſaid Commodities by Land or Water, ſhall upon examination and proof, as aforeſaid, be ſubject to like Impriſonment, or be publickly whipt at the Juſtices diſcretion; and the Carts, Teams, Carriages, Horſes and Oxen made uſe of in ſuch Carriages or Conveyance, may be ſeiz'd and ſtay'd, and upon proof before Juſtice of Peace, by the Oaths of two Witneſſes, that they were made uſe of in moving or conveying any Goods hereby prohibited to be imported, they ſhall be forfeited, the one half to the uſe of the Poor of the Pariſh, the other to his uſe that ſhall ſeize the ſame; and if the Maſter or other Perſon belonging to any Veſſel laden or part laden, with any the ſaid Commodities, ſhall after the ſaid 24*th* day of *Auguſt* unſhip, or wittingly ſuffer to be unſhipt any the ſaid prohibited Goods, either at Sea, or in any Harbor, Creek or Bay of the Kingdoms aforeſaid, he ſhall forfeit 500 *l.* and ſuffer Impriſonment, as aforeſaid.

VII. No Brandy, *Aqua-vita*, Spirits or diſtilled Waters of any place whatſoever, ſhall after the ſaid 24th of *Auguſt* be imported in *England* or *Ireland* or any the ſaid Iſlands, on pain to forfeit the ſame, and the Ship or Veſſel in which it ſhall be imported.

VIII. The values and prices of the ſaid Goods ſhall be reckoned, as followeth, *viz.* A Tun of Wines 30 *l.* a Tun of Brandy 40 *l.* and ſo proportionably: Other Commodities aforeſaid, that are valued in the Book of Rates, ſhall be eſteemed according to their value there; and the Prices of Commodities not rated there, ſhall be determin'd by the Jury that ſhall try the cauſe, or ſhall be empannelled to enquire whether the Goods were of the Product or Manufacture of the *French* Kings Dominions; and in caſe of Condemnation by default, the value to be determin'd by a Jury return'd before the Mayor or Bailiff of the City or Town Corporate, or before the next Juſtice of Peace where the Goods ſhall be brought.

IX. Perſons proſecuting ſhall be rewarded with one third part of the value of the Goods proſecuted to condemnation and deſtruction, to be Owners.

X. And the reſidue of the Forfeitures and Penalties before mentioned and not before diſpoſed of, ſhall be divided into three parts, two thirds to their Majeſties, and one third to ſuch as ſhall ſeize or ſue for the ſame; the Charge of ſuch Proſecution to be born by their Majeſties, and iſſued by the Receiver General of the Cuſtoms by Warrant from the Commiſſioners.

XI. No Foreigner or other Perſon ſhall be admitted to claim any of the ſaid Goods, till ſecurity given to the ſatisfaction of the Collector, to anſwer to ſuch Penalties as ſhall be incurred by him as the Importer, or which the Owner, Importer or Poſſeſſor thereof, is, ſhall or may be liable to by this Act.

XII. If any Perſon belonging to the Cuſtoms ſhall connive at the Importation of any the ſaid Commodities, he ſhall not only forfeit 500 *l.* to be recovered as aforeſaid, but be made incapable of any Office or Imployment under their Majeſties, and forfeit the Penalties of their Bonds for true performance of their Truſt.

XIII. Any Perſons by Writ of Aſſiſtance under the Seal of the Exchequer, may take a Conſtable, or other publick Officer, and in the day-time enter into any Houſe, Shop, Cellar, Ware-houſe, *&c.* and in caſe of reſiſtance, may break open Doors, Trunks or other Package, to ſeize and bring to their Majeſties Ware-houſe any of the ſaid Commodities.

XIV. The

XIV. The Attorny General and other Perſons ſeizing and proſecuting as aforeſaid, may uſe ſuch method and courſe of proceeding as may be uſed about the ſeizing, trying and proſecuting any Goods or Commodities for non-payment of Cuſtoms or other Duties, or any Perſons for offending againſt the Laws relating to Cuſtoms; and Perſons proſecuted for any thing done about the putting this Act in execution, may plead the General Iſſue, *&c.* and if the Plaintiffs diſcontinue or delay proſecution, or become non-ſuit, or a Verdict or Judgment paſs againſt them, the Defendants ſhall recover their treble Coſts.

XV. After the firſt day of *September* 1690. none of the Commodities hereby prohibited, ſhall be imported from *Guerneſey*, *Jerſey*, *Alderney*, *Sark* or *Man* into *England*, *Ireland*, *Wales* or *Berwick*, under the Penalties and Forfeitures contain'd in this Act.

XVI. None ſhall ſell at, or demand a greater price for any *French* Wines, or ſo reputed, or other Wines mixt with *French* Wines, after the 10*th* day of *September* 1689. to the 10*th* day of *September* 1690. than 12 *d.* by the Quart, and after the 10*th* of *September* 1690. 6 *d.* by the Quart, and no more, on pain to forfeit for every Quart 5 *l.* for the firſt Offence to the Informer, and 10 *l.* for the ſecond, and every other Offence, to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, *&c.*

XVII. After the 10*th* of *Sept.* 1689. no Retailer of Wines ſhall utter them other than in Meaſures made of Pewter, and ſealed according to the Statute, on pain to forfeit 5 *l.* for every ſuch Offence, to the Informer, to be recovered as aforeſaid.

XVIII. If any Merchant, Vintner, Wine-cooper or other Perſons ſelling Wines by whole-ſale or retail, ſhall corrupt or adulterate any Wine, or ſhall utter Wine corrupted or adulterated, they ſhall forfeit 300 *l.* for every ſuch Offence, the one moiety to their Majeſties, and the other to him that will ſue for the ſame by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, *&c.* and ſhall ſuffer three months Impriſonment.

XIX. **Stat.** 2 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 2. *cap.* 14. If any Officer of the Cuſtoms or Prizes ſhall knowingly ſuffer any Goods or Manufactures imported as Prizes or otherwiſe, contrary to an Act made in the firſt year of their Majeſties Reign, Entituled, *An Act for prohibiting all Trade and commerce with* France, to be admitted to an Entry, or to be embezil'd and not ſtav'd, ſpilt, burnt or deſtroy'd, as the ſaid Act directs, he ſhall forfeit 500 *l.* one moiety to their Majeſties, the other to the Informer, and ſhall be uncapable of executing any Office in their Majeſties Revenue.

XX. If

XX. If any Persons after the first of *February* 1690. shall utter by retail by Glass-Bottles, or by any other Retail-measure, not made of Pewter, and seal'd according to Law, any Wines or other Liquor, or shall sell the same for a greater price than by the said Act is appointed, and shall be convicted by confession or the Oath of two Witnesses before a Justice of Peace, being prosecuted within thirty days after the Offence committed, they shall forfeit 5 *s.* for every such Offence, which, if not paid upon demand, shall be levied by distress and sale of Goods, by such Justices Warrant to the Constable, Headborough, *&c.* the Mony so levied to be given to the Informer; and for want of a distress, the Offender to be committed to the common Gaol till payment of the penalty, and all necessary Costs to be taxed by the Justice or Justices before whom the Conviction was.

XXI. Offenders punished by virtue of this Act, shall not incur the Penalty of any former Law for the same Offence; and no Writs of *Certiorari* shall supersede or remove any Proceedings by virtue of this Act.

XXII. Persons resisting, abusing, beating or wounding an Officer, Informer or other Person impowred hereby, or such as shall act in their Aid, shall by the next Justice of Peace, or other Magistrate be committed to prison till the next Quarter-Sessions, where they shall be punished by Fine, not exceeding 5 *l.* and the Offender to remain in prison till he be discharged of his Fine and Imprisonment by Order of the Justices or any two of them.

XXIII. **Stat.** 4 & 5 *W.* & *M. cap.* 17. A joint Stock of 40000 *l.* at least shall be raised by Subscriptions by Sir *W. S. H. B. R. H. J. S. G. B. F. G. E. P. E. H. J. J. E. B. B. S. M. A. R. M. J. G. J. K. T. S. W. B. R. B. R. H. J. B. J. B. P. P. T. P. C. M. S. H. S. N. B. S. N. C. T. C. P. G. J. B. T. K. H. S. R. M. J. P. R. C. P. G. A. B. A. M. J. O. J. P.* and *T. G.* on or before the first day of *May* next, and shall be paid to the use of the Company established by this Act.

XXIV. And be it enacted, That the said Sir *W. S. H. B.* and the rest of the Persons afore-named, and all and every other Person and Persons subjects born or naturalized or endenizend, who shall have any share in the said Joint-Stock shall be incorporated by the Name of the Company of Merchants of *London*, trading to *Greenland*, and shall have a common Seal, and Ability to purchase Lands and Tenements in Succession, so as the same exceed not the yearly value of 100 *l.* and to do and execute all Matters and Things which any other Body Corporate may lawfully do or execute.

XXV. The said Company, during the continuance of the said Joynt-Stock, shall freely use the Trade and Merchandize of catching *Whales* into and from *Green-land* and the *Green-land* Seas,

Seas, and in all Seas and Places whatſoever, except in the Seas belonging to their Majeſties Colonies and Plantations in *America*, without interruption or diſturbance, any Law, Statute or other thing to the contrary notwithſtanding.

XXVI. A Governor, Deputy-Governor and ſixteen Committees ſhall be elected as followeth, who ſhall have the management and direction of the ſaid Trade.

XXVII. A Book for Subſcriptions ſhall be provided within ten days after the paſſing of this Act by the firſt five of the ſaid Perſons, or any three of them, in which ſhall be ſubſcribed on or before the firſt day of *May* next, by the Perſons above-named, or the Survivors of them, the ſaid Joint-Stock, which ſhall not be leſs then 40000 *l.* no Subſcriber to ſubſcribe leſs than 500 *l.* nor more than 2000 *l.*

XXVIII. All Perſons ſubſcribing ſhall on or before the ſaid firſt day of *May* pay down to ſuch as the Perſons before-named, or the major-part of them ſhall appoint, one fourth part of the Sums they ſubſcribe, and the remainder at ſuch times and in ſuch manner as ſhall be appointed by the Governor or Deputy-Governor, and Court of Committees, ſo as the whole Sum ſubſcribed be paid within four years after the ſaid firſt day of *May*.

XXIX. Defaulters in payment, ſhall after ſuch default, have no other advantage by ſuch Subſcription, than in proportion to ſuch Sums as they ſhall have actually paid; and farther, ſhall forfeit to the uſe of the Adventurers in the ſaid Joint-Stock 10 *l.* for every hundred pounds of ſuch Sum as they ſhall omit to pay in, to be deducted out of the Mony by them paid in.

XXX. Before the 25*th* day of *May* next any thirteen of the ſaid Perſons before-named, ſhall call a Court of all the Subſcribers, and others, who ſhall then have any ſhare in the ſaid Joint-Stock, who ſhall meet and chuſe one fit Perſon, having ſubſcribed 1000 *l.* or upwards, and paid in one fourth part thereof, to be the Governor; and another Perſon ſo qualified to be Deputy-Governor; and ſixteen others having ſubſcribed each 500 *l.* or upwards, and paid in a fourth part, to be Committees; the ſaid Governor, Deputy-Governor and Committees to continue in Office till the 20*th* of *Octob.* 1694.

XXXI. Every Governor and Deputy-Governor, before they be admitted to the execution of their Offices, ſhall take this Oath, *viz. You ſwear, That you ſhall aſſiſt, and with all your Power ſupport and maintain the Company of Merchants of* London *trading to* Greenland, *and the Privileges of the ſame, having no reſpect to your ſelf, in derogation, hinderance or prejudice of the good Government, Order and Common-weal thereof: The By-Laws and Ordinances which ſhall be made by Authority of*

*this Company, and which are not repugnant to the Laws of this Kingdom, you ſhall uprightly and duly execute according to the knowledge thereof; And to every Perſon you ſhall miniſter upright Juſtice; And you ſhall not engage or oblige the ſaid Company in any wiſe, as Governor or Deputy-Governor of the ſaid Company, without agreement and conſent of the Court of Committees of the ſaid Company.*

So help you Almighty God.

XXXII. And every one of the ſixteen Committees ſhall take this Oath, *viz. You ſhall ſwear to be faithful and true during the time of your Place of Truſt, as one of the Committees of the Company of Merchants of* London *trading to* Greenland, *and their Succeſſors; The good Eſtate of the Adventurers in this preſent Joynt-Stock you ſhall favour and affect, and the Priviledges granted unto them (to your Power) endeavour to maintain and preſerve: You ſhall be careful to ſee and provide that an equal and indifferent Hand be carryed in the Government of the Company, and in the Affairs thereof, to all the Adventurers that ſhall adventure or put in Stock; and that an equal diviſion from time to time be made to all the Adventurers, according to the proportion of their ſeveral Stocks duly paid in.*

So help you God.

XXXIII. No Perſons who ſhall ſubſcribe or have leſs in the Stock than 500 *l.* ſhall have any Voice at a General Court of the Company; every Perſon ſubſcribing or having 500 *l.* in the Stock, ſhall have one Vote; and ſuch as ſubſcribe or have 1000 *l.* ſhall have two Votes, and no more, though they ſubſcribe more than 1000 *l.*

XXXIV. All Perſons ſubſcribing or paying in any Mony, ſhall be admitted into the Freedom of the Company *gratis*, and ſhall take this Oath before the Governor or Deputy-Governor, or any five of the Committees, *viz. You ſhall ſwear, That you will aſſiſt, and with all your Power ſupport and maintain the Company of Merchants of* London, *trading to* Greenland: *The By-Laws and Ordinances which ſhall be made by Authority of this Company, which are not repugnant to the Laws of this Kingdom, You ſhall according to your knowledge thereof, uprightly and duly keep and obey.*

So help you God.

XXXV. The Governor or Deputy-Governor, or any five of the Committees for the time being, ſhall before the ſaid 20*th* day of *Octob.* 1694. between the 1*ſt* and the 20*th* of the ſaid Month, and ſo annually call a General Court of all the Members of the ſaid Company, who ſhall have ſubſcribed 500 *l.* and paid in according to the directions of this Act, and

and ſhall have taken the Oath of Admiſſion to elect a Governor, Deputy-Governor, and ſixteen Committees for one year next enſuing; and if any of them happen to die within the year, the Governor or Deputy-Governor, or five of the Committees may call a General Court to chuſe another in his place during the remainder of the year.

XXXVI. The Governors, Deputy-Governors and Committees ſhall alſo take the Oaths appointed to be taken in lieu of the Oaths of Supremacy and Allegiance, by an Act in the firſt year of their Majeſties Reign: The firſt Governor to take the ſaid Oaths hereby appointed to be taken by the Governor, before the Perſons above-named, or nine of them; the firſt Deputy-Governor to take his Oaths before the firſt Governor; and the firſt ſixteen Committees to take theirs before the firſt Governor or the firſt Deputy-Governor; and every ſucceeding Governor ſhall take the ſaid Oaths before the laſt preceding Governor, or any five or more of the laſt preceding Committees; and every ſucceeding Deputy-Governor before the Governor, or in caſe of his death and abſence, before any five of the laſt preceding Committees; and every Member of the ſucceeding Committees, before the Governor or Deputy-Governor for the time being, or any five or more of the laſt preceding Committees.

XXXVII. After the ſaid 20*th* of *May* next, the ſaid General Courts ſhall be ſummoned by the Governor or Deputy-Governor, or five of the Committees; at all which Courts, the Governor, or in his abſence the Deputy-Governor ſhall be preſent, and in caſe of equality of Votes, ſhall have a caſting Vote.

XXXVIII. All Members having the Sum of 500 *l.* in the ſaid Stock, or having ſubſcribed 500 *l.* and paid in according to the directions of this Act, may aſſemble themſelves at a General Court, timely notice being given, and make By-Laws as to them, or the greater part of them ſhall ſeem meet, for the good Government of the ſaid Company, and of all Perſons employed in their Ships and Voyages, and for the preſervation and improvement of the ſaid Trade, which By-Laws ſhall be duly kept and obſerved under the Pains and Penalties therein limited, ſo as they be not contrary to the Laws and Cuſtoms of the Realm, nor to any Regulations made by this Act.

XXXIX. No private Contract for the ſale of any Goods, ſhall be made by the ſaid Company to any Member thereof; but all Goods belonging to the Company ſhall be ſold publickly by Inch of Candle, once a year at leaſt, of which Sales publick notice ſhall be given three Weeks before on the *Royal Exchange*, and no Lot ſhall be expoſed to ſale of more than 300 *l.* value in the allotment; and Monies ariſing by

the ſale of the ſaid Companies Goods, ſhall be applied to the advantage of the Joint-Stock, and of the Perſons therein concerned, according to their proportions therein, and not to the private advantage of any particular Perſon.

XL. Dividends of the Profits to be made in Mony only.

XLI. Perſons intereſted may transfer their Shares to Subjects born, Perſons naturalized or endenizen'd; ſuch Aſſignments to be entred in the Books of the Company, which Books for aſſigning ſhall lie open for the view of all Perſons concerned; all other Aſſignments to be void, except Deviſes by Will, or where part of the Stock ſhall come to a Perſon as Executor or Adminiſtrator.

XLII No Perſons ſhall agree for, bargain or ſell any greater part of the ſaid Stock, than ſuch Sum only as they ſhall be poſſeſſed of *bona fide*, and have ſtanding in their own Names in the Companies Books.

XLIII. All Agreements, Contracts, Bargains or Sales for any part of the ſaid Stock, not executed within ten days after ſuch Agreement, *&c.* ſhall be void.

XLIV. Veſſels employed by the ſaid Company for catching *Whales*, and truly belonging to *England*, *Wales* or *Berwick*, whereof the Maſters ſhall be Engliſh-men, and inhabiting within the ſaid Places, until the firſt of *Octob.* 1697. if navigated during their Voyages with one third of Engliſh Mariners at the leaſt, ſhall pay no other Cuſtom for Oyl, Blubber and Fins imported, than if they had been navigated with three fourths of Mariners Engliſh; provided ſuch Veſſels proceed on their Voyage from *England*, *Wales* or *Berwick*, and were victualled for the ſame in ſome of thoſe Places, to be atteſted by the Collectors of the Ports where they were victualled.

XLV. The ſaid Joint-Stock to continue, and the ſaid Company to have and enjoy the ſaid Trade from the firſt day of *October* 1693. for fourteen years, and no longer.

XLVI. This Act declared to be a Publick Act, and that it ſhall be taken notice of in their Majeſties Courts accordingly.

XLVII. **Stat.** 4 & 5 *W.* & *M. cap.* 25. An Act made in the firſt year of their Majeſties Reign, Entituled, *An Act for prohibiting all Trade and Commerce with* France; and another Act made in the ſecond year of their Reign, Entituled, *An Act for the more effectual putting in execution*, An Act Entituled, *An Act for prohibiting all Trade and Commerce with* France, ſhall continue in force during three years from the end of this Seſſion of Parliament, and from the expiration of thoſe three years to the end of the next Seſſion of Parliament, if this War with *France* ſhall ſo long laſt.

XLVIII. All

XLVIII. All Veſſels with their Ladings, and all Goods and Merchandizes that ſhall be taken or ſeized as Prize, ſhall be brought into ſome Port of this Kingdom, and before breaking of Bulk put into the poſſeſſion of the Commiſſioners for Prizes, their Officers or Agents, who with two or more ſuch Perſons as the Officers or Mariners of the reſpective Ships ſhall intruſt, and ſuch as ſhall be appointed by the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms are to preſerve the ſame till they be adjudged Prize, except where it ſhall appear to the Judge of the Admiralty that the Goods are periſhable, in which caſe the Judge ſhall take Bail for them, yet ſo as to be ſubject to ſale and diſtribution, as is provided by this Act.

XLIX. Notwithſtanding any thing in the ſaid Acts, or either of them, if any Goods prohibited to be imported, ſhall *bona fide* be taken as Prize, and ſo adjudged, the Commiſſioners for Prizes, *&c.* ſhall cauſe them to be entred, and landed, and brought into their Majeſties Ware-houſe to be ſafely kept till they be ſold, as is hereafter directed.

L. After ſuch Goods, *&c.* ſhall be adjudged Prize, they ſhall as ſoon as conveniently may be, be ſold by the Commiſſioners for Prizes, *&c.* in the preſence of ſuch as ſhall be entruſted by the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms, and the Owners, Officers and Mariners of ſuch Ship of War, publickly by Inch of Candle, publick notice being given fourteen days before of the quantity and quality of the Things to be ſold, and of the time and place of Sale.

LI. Out of the proceed of ſuch Sale, their Majeſties Duties being deducted, the neat proceed, in caſe ſuch Prize were taken by a Private Man of War, ſhall be divided into five parts, four parts to be anſwered to the Perſons intereſted in the Privateer; and the fifth to their Majeſties, and the Ship or Veſſel, with its Furniture, ſhall be enjoyed by the Perſons intereſted in the Privateer; and in caſe ſuch Prize be taken by any of their Majeſties Ships, the neat proceed ſhall be divided into three parts, one third whereof to be anſwered to the Commander, Mariners and Seamen taking the ſame, according to the Cuſtom of the Sea for ſharing Prizes, or to ſuch Orders as have or ſhall be made by their Majeſties.

LII. Provided that one third part thereof be diſtributed among the Ships Crew, one third part to be paid to the Treaſurer of the Navy, for the Relief of ſick and wounded Mariners, and the Widows, Children and impotent Parents of Perſons ſlain at Sea in their Majeſties Service, and the other third part to the uſe of their Majeſties; and in caſe ſuch Prize be taken by any Merchant Ship employed in their Majeſties Service, the proceed thereof ſhall be divided into three parts, one third part to the Captain, Officers and Mariners taking the ſame, one third part

uſe of their Majeſties, and one third to the Treaſurer of the Navy for the purpoſes aforeſaid.

LIII. If any who ſhall take ſuch Prize or Prizes, imbezil or conceal any part of ſuch Goods or Merchandize, or put the ſame on Shore in any other place than their Majeſties Ware-houſes, they ſhall loſe their ſhare thereof, upon proof made by one or more Witneſſes upon Oath, before the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms in the Port of *London*, (if ſuch Offence be committed within the ſaid Port, or within the view and knowledge of any Officer of the Cuſtoms belonging thereunto) and before the Chief Magiſtrate of the Place, in the preſence of the Chief Officer of the Port, in any other Port; one moiety of ſuch Wares to be to the uſe of the Informer, and the other part to the uſe of their Majeſties.

LIV. Seamen and others concerned in any Prize, ſhall be permitted to ſee and puruſe the Accounts of any Prize, without paying any other Fee than 1 *s.* for one Account at one time.

LV. If any Ship or Goods of the Product or Manufacture of the Dominions of the *French* King, ſhall be taken by any Privateer by Colluſion, upon proof made thereof in the Court of Exchequer or Commiſſion of Admiralty, they ſhall be adjudged lawful Prize, one moiety thereof to their Majeſties, and the other moiety to him that ſhall diſcover the ſame; and the Bond given by the Captain of ſuch Privateer is hereby adjudged to be forfeited: If ſuch Ships or Goods ſhall be taken by Colluſion, by any Man of War, the Commander ſhall forfeit 1000 *l.* one moiety to their Majeſties, and the other to the Diſcoverer; and ſuch Commander ſhall forfeit his Command or Imployment, and be uncapable of any Office under their Majeſties during ſeven years, and ſuch Veſſel and Goods ſhall be adjudged good Prize to their Majeſties.

LVI. In all caſes where ſuch Prize ſhall not be taken by any Private Man of War, one tenth part thereof after deduction of their Majeſties Cuſtoms, and before any diviſion of the proceed thereof, ſhall be paid to the Treaſurer of the Navy, and by him kept apart, to be diſpoſed of by Warrant from the Commiſſioners of the Admiralty, or Lord High Admiral, for Medals, and other Rewards for Officers and Seamen, who ſhall do any extraordinary Service.

LVII. In caſe any Man of War or Privateer take or deſtroy any *French* Man of War or Privateer, they ſhall receive for every Piece of Ordinance in any Ship ſo taken or deſtroyed, 10 *l.* to be paid by the Commiſſioners for the Prizes, out of their Majeſties ſhare of Prizes.

LVIII. Pro-

LVIII. Provided that if the Commiſſioners do not pay the ſame, or give a Bill payable out of the firſt Monies that ſhall come to their Hands, by three days after the ſame ought to be paid, and demand thereof made, free of all Charges and Deductions, ſuch Commiſſioners ſhall be uncapable of any Office in their Majeſties Service for the future.

LIX. The ſhares, proportions and rewards given by this Act to Commanders, Officers and Seamen, ſhall be in lieu of all Shares in Prizes taken in Fight, and otherwiſe, during this War; any thing in an Act made in the 13*th Car.* 2. Entituled, *Articles and Ordinances for the regulating and Government of their Majeſties Navy, Ships of War and Forces by Sea*, or any Declaration or Order of their Majeſties to the contrary notwithſtanding.

LX. If any Perſon ſhall imbezil any thing whatſoever upon or above the Gun-Deck, or in any other place, in any Ship taken or ſeiz'd on as Prize, or retaken from the Enemy, he ſhall forfeit his ſhare and reward hereby allowed him; and if he be an Officer he ſhall forfeit for every ſuch Offence 500 *l.* one moiety to their Majeſties, the other to him that will ſue for the ſame, and ſhall be uncapable of any Office or Employment under their Majeſties for ſeven years.

LXI. Ships taken as Prize within the Streights of *Gibraltar*, may be carryed into *Cadiz* or *Alicant*, or *Meſſina* or *Naples*, and be put into the poſſeſſion of ſuch as ſhall be authorized by their Majeſties to receive and preſerve the ſame till by the Court of Admiralty of *England* they be adjudged lawful Prize, or otherwiſe legally diſpoſed of, the Captors being hereby required to tranſmit with all ſpeed the Papers taken therein, or atteſted Copies thereof to the ſaid Court.

LXII. Ships taken as Prize in *America* may be carried into any of their Majeſties Ports there, and put into the poſſeſſion of the Chief Governor, to be kept as aforeſaid, till they be diſpoſed of by ſuch as ſhall be lawfully commiſſioned in that behalf.

LXIII. Ships taken in any place beyond the *Cape of Good Hope*, may be carried into the Port or Place where any Engliſh Factory is eſtabliſhed, and put into the poſſeſſion of the Chief Perſon of the Factory, to be kept as aforeſaid, till condemnation by ſuch as ſhall be commiſſioned in that behalf.

LIV. Where any Veſſel ſhall be taken as Prize by a Privateer, in which Veſſel there ſhall be no Goods of the growth or manufacture of the Dominions of the *French* King, then after condemnation and payment of Cuſtoms and other Duties, the Perſons intereſted in ſuch Privateer ſhall have the whole to their own uſe, without deduction for Tenths, or any other part to their Majeſties, or the Lord High Admiral.

LXV. Where any Veſſel ſhall be taken within any of their Majeſties Ports, Rivers or Havens by any Privateer, ſuch Prize ſhall belong to their Majeſties, as a Perquiſite of the Admiralty of *England*, and the Captors to have ſuch part thereof as their Majeſties ſhall think fit to allow.

LXVI. If any Veſſel taken as Prize, or any Goods therein, ſhall appear to belong to any of their Majaſties Subjects, continuing under their Majeſties Protection and Obedience, which were before taken by their Majeſties Enemies, and retaken, ſuch Veſſels and Goods, and every ſuch part thereof belonging to their Majeſties Subjects, ſhall be reſtored by Decree of the Court of Admiralty to the former Owners, they paying in lieu of Salvage, if retaken by a Man of War, an eighth part of the value, which Salvage ſhall be anſwered to the Captains, Officers and Seamen in the ſaid Man of War, to be divided as in this Act is directed touching the ſhare of Prizes belonging to them, where Prizes are taken by any of their Majeſties Ships of War; and if taken by a Privateer or other Veſſel, after having been in poſſeſſion of the Enemy twenty four hours, an eighth part of the value; if above twenty four hours, and under forty eight, a fifth part; if above forty eight hours, and under ninety ſix, a third part; if above ninety ſix hours, a moiety; all which Payments to any Privateer or other Veſſel, to be made without deduction; and if ſuch retaken Ship ſhall appear to have been ſet forth by the Enemy as a Man of War, the former Proprietors ſhall pay the full moiety of the true value for Salvage.

LXVII. If any Veſſel whereupon Wool is laden to be tranſported, contrary to Law, be taken by any Privateer, on proof thereof in the Exchequer, the Perſons intereſted in the Privateer ſhall have a moiety of the Veſſels and Goods, and their Majeſties the other moiety.

LXVIII. The Lord High Admiral or Commiſſioners of the Admiralty ſhall expreſs all things by this Act directed to be obſerved concerning Prizes, *&c.* in the Inſtructions by them to be given to Captains and Commanders of their Majeſties Ships of War, and to Commanders of Privateers.

LXIX. All Goods of the growth or manufacture of *France*, imported and ſeized, ſhall be ſued for and proſecuted in the Exchequer, in manner and form as is provided by an Act made in the 14*th* year of King *Charles* II. Entituled, *An Act for preventing Frauds in his Majeſties Cuſtoms*, two thirds thereof to be to the uſe of their Majeſties, *&c.* (they defraying the Charges of the Proſecution) and one third to the Proſecutor, and no compoſition to be made for their Majeſties part; ſuch Goods to be ſecured and ſold as Prize Goods are appointed by this Act to be ſecured and ſold.

LXX. If

LXX. If the Commiſſioners of the Prizes or of the Cuſtoms, ſhall detain the Shares belonging to Perſons intereſted in Privateers two days after the ſame ought to be paid, and demand thereof made, free from all Deductions, except for Ware-houſe-room, and 2 *l. per Cent.* for all other Charges, they ſhall forfeit double the Sum ſo detained.

## Treaſon.

I. **Stat.** 3 & 4 *W.* & *M. cap.* 13. If during the preſent War with *France*, any Perſons ſhall ſend, load, tranſport or deliver, or cauſe to be ſent, loaden, *&c.* to or for the Uſe of the *French* King, or any of his Subjects reſiding in his Dominions, any Arms, Ordinance, Powder, Bullets, Pitch, Tar, Hemp, Maſts, Cordage, Iron, Coals, Lead or Salt-Peter, ſuch Offenders ſhall be adjudged Traytors.

II. If any during this War ſhall ſend, load, *&c.* to the uſe of the *French* King, or any of his Subjects, reſiding, *&c.* any Goods or Merchandizes whatſoever, other than the Goods herein before particularly mentioned, they ſhall incur a Premunire.

III. If any of their Majeſties Subjects ſhall after the 10*th* of *March* 1691. without their Majeſties Licence, voluntarily go, or imbark in any Veſſel, with an intent to go into any the Dominions of the *French* King, he ſhall be adjudged to be guilty of High-Treaſon.

IV. If any of their Majeſties Subjects ſhall after the 25*th* of *March* 1692. voluntarily come or return from any of the *French* Kings Dominions in *Europe*, into *England*, during the ſaid War, without leave obtain'd, they ſhall be kept in Priſon without Bail or Mainprize during their Majeſties pleaſure, for any time not exceeding twelve months.

## Tythes.

I. **Stat.** 3 & 4 *W.* & *M. cap.* 3. All Perſons that ſhall ſow, or cauſe to be ſown any Hemp or Flax, ſhall pay to every Parſon, Vicar or Impropriator of the Pariſh or Place, for every Acre ſo ſown, pulled or drawn, an annual Sum not exceeding 4 *s.* before it be carried off the Ground, and ſo proportionably; for the recovery of which, ſuch Parſon, *&c.* ſhall have the common and uſual Remedy.

II. This Act ſhall not charge any Lands diſcharged by any *modus decimandi*, ancient Compoſition, or otherwiſe.

III. This Law to continue for ſeven years, and to the end of the then next Seſſion of Parliament.

## Wills.

I. Stat. 4 & 5 *W.* & *M. cap.* 2. From and after the 26th day of *March* 1693. Perſons inhabiting, or who ſhall have any Goods within the Province of *York*, may by their laſt Wills diſpoſe of all their Perſonal Eſtate as they ſhall think fit; and their Widows, Children and other Kindred, ſhall be barred to claim any part of the Perſonal Eſtate in other manner than as by their Wills ſhall be appointed.

II. This Act ſhall not extend to the Citizens of the Cities of *York* and *Cheſter*, who are or ſhall be Freemen of the ſaid Cities, inhabiting within the ſame, or the Suburbs thereof at the time of their death.

## Wool.

I. Stat. 1 *W.* & *M Seſſ.* 1. *cap.* 32. Owners of Wool or their Agents, that ſhall at any time carry, or cauſe to be carried any Wool to any Port or Place on the Sea-Coaſts, to be conveyed to any other Port or Place in *England*, *Wales* or *Berwick*, from whence the ſame may be tranſported into Foreign Parts, ſhall firſt cauſe a due entry thereof to be made at the Port from whence it ſhall be intended to be conveyed, containing the Weights, Marks and Numbers thereof, before they carry it within five miles of any ſuch Port or Place; or elſe ſuch Wool found, and the Beaſts and Carriages conveying it ſhall be forfeited; and the Perſons conveying, driving or abetting the ſame, ſhall forfeit and ſuffer as by the Laws and Statutes now in force againſt the exportation of Wool.

II. The forgoing Clauſe ſhall not extend to hinder any Perſon from carrying their Wool from the place of Shearing, to their own Dwelling-houſe, *&c.* though within five miles of the Sea, ſo as within ten days after Shearing, and before they otherwiſe diſpoſe of the ſame, they certifie under their Hands to the Officers of the Cuſtoms in the next Port, the quantity thereof, *viz.* the number of the Fleeces and where houſed, and do not remove the ſame, without firſt certifying the Officer of the next Port under their Hands of their intention to remove it, three days at leaſt before ſuch removal; the ſaid Officers to keep and regiſter ſuch Certificate; but Perſons neglecting to certifie, as aforeſaid, or removing their Wool before ſuch Certificate of their intention, ſhall be liable to the Penalties of the former Clauſes.

III. Coc-

III. Cocquets for carrying Wool from any Port in *England*, *Wales* or *Berwick*, ſhall be written upon Paper, and ſign'd by three Chief Officers of ſuch Port at leaſt; and Certificates of landing them again at any other of the ſaid Ports, or from *Ireland*, ſhall be ſo ſign'd; and all ſuch Wool, both at ſhipping and landing ſhall be weigh'd in the preſence of the ſaid Officers, giving ſuch Cocquets and Certificates; and the Weight, Marks and Numbers of ſuch Wool ſhipped and landed, ſhall be expreſſed in both Cocquet and Certificate.

IV. Officers not obſerving the Directions of this Act, ſhall be adjudged Abettors of the Tranſportation, and ſuffer the Penalties contain'd in the Statutes of the 12*th* and 14*th* years of King *Charles* II. againſt Tranſportation of Wool.

V. No Wool ſhall be ſhipt from *Ireland*, but from *Dublin*, *Waterford*, *Youghall*, *Kinſale*, *Cork* and *Drogheda*, nor imported from thence, but into *Leverpool*, *Cheſter*, *Briſtol*, *Minehead*, *Barnſtaple*, *Bidford* and *Exeter*.

VI. For the better execution of this and other Acts againſt the Exportation of Wool, Sir *Tho. P.* Lord Mayor of *London*, Sir *H. G.* Baronet, Sir *P. W.* Kt. Sir *B. N.* Kt. Sir *J. M.* Kt. Sir *P. R.* Kt. Sir *R. D.* Sir *W. P.* Kt. and Bar. Sir *H. A.* Bar. Sir *W. A* Kt. Sir *R. N.* Sir *J. F. W. H. J. S. J. S. F. O. J. P. R. B. W. C. E. M.* Eſquires, *S. H. W. H.* Senior, *J. P. J. V. J. G. B. C.* Gentlemen, Mr. *M.* of *Horton*, Sir *T. S.* Bar. *W. D.* Eſq; *J. A.* of *Woley* Eſq; Sir *W. L.* Sir *J. P.* Kt. Sir *B. A.* Bar. Sir *R. J.* Kt. Sir *J. L.* Kt. Sir *G. R.* Kt. Sir *S. D.* Kt. Sir *T. V.* Kt. *N. T. W. H. T. C. W. G. H. S. S. M. J. S. T. F. A. M. W. C. T. H. T. S. W. J.* Eſquires, *P. S. H. C. J. D. R. S. D. P. T. C. P. B. J. P. R. H. J. B. J. H. E. B. N. B. W. S. B. J. D. J. A. J. T. T. P. P. H. N. J. P. M. F. W. S. J. K.* Senior, *J. M.* Junior, *W. W. J. Y. R. F. J. L. T. P. W. B. J. U. J. S. J. M.* or any five or more of them, are hereby authorized for putting this and other the ſaid Laws in execution, and by their Subſtitutes to be appointed under the Hands and Seals of five or more of them, to ſeize all Wools, Woolfels, and other Things above-mentioned, which ſhall be endeavoured to be exported contrary to this Act, and to proſecute Offenders againſt this or any the ſaid Laws.

VII. Owners of Ships, Maſters or Mariners knowing of the Exportation of any Sheeps-wool, Wool-fells, Mortlings, Shorlings, Yarn made of Wool, Wool-flocks, Fullers-earth or Tobacco-pipe Clay, contrary to the meaning of this Act, that ſhall within three months after their knowledge thereof, or after their return into *England*, *Ireland*, *Wales* or *Berwick*, give the firſt Information thereof, and by whom, where and in what Veſſel, upon Oath before any of the Barons of the Exchequer in *England* or *Ireland*, or any three of the Commiſſioners appointed by this Act, or the Head-Officer of the

Port

Port, where they ſhall firſt arrive, and ſhall be ready to juſtifie and prove the ſame, ſhall not be ſubject to the Penalties of this or any other Act, for the ſaid Offence, but ſhall recover and receive ſuch benefit and advantages as are appointed by any precedent Act.

VIII. The Powers given to the ſaid Commiſſioners ſhall not hinder any Perſons lawfully authorized from ſeizing Wool, or proſecuting Offenders againſt this or any former Act.

IX. If any Proſecution ſhall be againſt any Perſon for what he ſhall do in purſuance of this Act, he may file a Common Bail, or enter into a Common Appearance, and plead the General Iſſue, and give this Act in Evidence; and if the Plaintiff be non-ſuit, or diſcontinue, or a Verdict paſs againſt him, or Judgment upon a Demurrer, the Defendant ſhall recover treble Coſts.

X. A Regiſter ſhall be kept at the *Cuſtom-houſe*, *London*, of all Wool imported from *Ireland*; and of all Wool ſent from one Port to another in this Kingdom; the Weights and Numbers, Ship, Maſters Name, Owners Name, and to whom conſigned: This Act to continue for three years, and from thence to the end of the next Seſſion of Parliament.

XI. Any Perſons may buy Cloth, Stuffs, Stockings or other Woollen Manufactures, and export the ſame, paying the uſual Cuſtoms.

XII. Nothing in this Act ſhall be conſtrued to avoid the Charters granted to the *Levant*, *Eaſtland*, *Ruſſia* or *African* Companies.

XIII. It ſhall be lawful to tranſport from *Southampton* only, for the uſe of the Inhabitants of *Guernſey*, *Jerſey*, *Alderney* and *Sark*, 1000 Tods of unkemb Wool for *Guernſey*, 2000 for *Jerſey*, 200 for *Alderney*, and 100 for *Sark*, more than by the Act made in the 12*th* year of King *Charles* II. is provided for, the ſame to be done according to the Directions, and under the Penalties therein appointed and inflicted; and on the farther Penalty of 20 *l.* for every Tod of Wool and forfeiture of the Wool it ſelf (one half to the King, one Quarter to the Informer, and one Quarter to the Poor of the ſaid Iſlands) in caſe of tranſporting or attempting to tranſport any of the ſaid Wool from the ſaid Iſlands, for every Offence therein; and that every Perſon ſo offending, ſhall after the firſt Offence be incapable of any Grant of any Wool from the ſaid Port of *Southampton*, nor ever after have any Warrant granted him for that purpoſe; the ſaid Penalties to be recovered by him that will ſue for the ſame by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, *&c.*

Par-

# Yarmouth.

I. STat. 1 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 1. *cap.* 11. The Powers, Authorities and Benefits given to the Mayor, Aldermen, Burgeſſes and Commonalty of *Great Yarmouth* by an Act made in the firſt year of the late King *James*, Entituled, *An Act for clearing, preſerving, maintaining and repairing the Haven and Rivers of* Great Yarmouth, are hereby veſted in the Bailiffs, Aldermen, Burgeſſes and Commonalty of the ſaid Borough, that now are and their Succeſſors; And the Powers, Authorities and Benefits by the ſaid Act given to the ſaid Mayor, are hereby veſted in the Bailiff or Bailiffs for the time being, and their Succeſſors.

II. Officers, Collectors, Receivers and Commiſſioners to be appointed by the afore-mentioned, or this Act, may purſue the ſeveral Powers therein given and directed.

III. Monies directed by the ſaid Act to be paid into the Hands of the Chamberlain of the ſaid Borough, ſhall be paid into the Hands of ſuch as the Bailiffs, Aldermen, Burgeſſes and Commonalty in Common Council aſſembled, ſhall direct.

IV. If within the reſidue of the time by the ſaid recited Act limited, there ſhall be any alteration by any new Charters from Bailiffs to Mayors, then the Mayor, Aldermen, Burgeſſes and Commonalty ſhall execute the Powers, *&c.* in the recited Act mentioned, as therein is expreſſed.

AN EXACT

# ABRIDGMENT

Of all the

# STATUTES

MADE

In the fifth Seſſion of this preſent Parliament, in the fifth and ſixth Years of the Reign of their

MAJESTIES

King *William* and Queen *Mary.*

# AN ABRIDGMEMT OF THE STATUTES MADE In the fifth *Seſſion* of this preſent PARLIAMENT.

## Accounts.

I. STat. 5 & 6 *W. & M. Seſſ.* 5. *cap.* 17. *Robert Harley* Eſquire, Sir *Thomas Pope Blount* Baronet, *Paul Foley* Eſquire, Sir *Thomas Clarges* Knight, *Charles Hutchinſon* Eſquire, Sir *Edward Abney* Knight, and Sir *James Houblon* Knight, conſtituted Commiſſioners for examining and ſtating the Accounts of all the Mony and Publick Revenue of the Crown granted by one Act of Parliament made in the ſecond year of their Majeſties Reign, Entituled, *An Act for appointing and inabling Commiſſioners to examine, take and ſtate the Publick Accounts of the Kingdom*; And one other Act in the 4*th* and 5*th* years of their Majeſties Reign, Entituled, *An Act for examining, taking and ſtating the Publick Accounts of this Kingdom*, to be examined and ſtated by the Commiſſioners by the ſaid Acts conſtituted, or any five or more of them appointed by the ſaid Acts, or either of them; and that the ſaid Acts be revived from the 24*th* of *April* 1694. to the 25*th* of *April*, which ſhall be in the year

*Commiſſioners Names for ſtating Publick Accounts.*

*Acts of 2d and 4th and 5th of W. and M. revived.*

1695. and ſhall be executed with all the Powers therein contained, by the Commiſſioners herein named, or any four or more of them; and Allowances to be made to the ſaid Commiſſioners, and the Clerks, and all other Charges from the Commiſſioners of the Treaſury as in the firſt recited Act.

*Commiſſioners power to examine and ſtate Accounts.*

And the ſaid Commiſſioners have Power to examine and ſtate Accounts of all Monies granted to their Majeſties by one Act made in this preſent Seſſion of Parliament, Entituled, *An Act for granting to their Majeſties an Aid of 4 s. in the Pound for one Year, for carrying on a vigorous War againſt* France; and of all Monies that have or ſhall be granted their Majeſties in this preſent Seſſion; and of all other their Majeſties Treaſure, or publick Mony due to them on the 5*th* of *November* 1688. or at any time between the ſaid 5*th* of *November* and the ſaid 25*th* of *April*, which ſhall be in the year 1695. not yet accounted for by virtue of the ſaid Acts, or either of them; or the laſt Clauſe touching Publick Accounts made in an Act made in the third Year of their Majeſties Reign, Entituled, *An Act for raiſing Mony by a Poll, payable quarterly for one year, for the carrying on a vigorous War againſt* France.

*Iriſh Accounts to be ſtated againſt, and preſented next Parliament.*

II. And the ſaid Commiſſioners are hereby required to ſummon the Commiſſioners appointed for the Tranſport Ships for the War of *Ireland*, or any other Contractors or their Owners and Proprietors of the ſaid Ships, to ſtate the Accounts, and adjuſt the Debt due for the ſaid Ships, which Accounts ſo ſtated they are to prepare againſt the next Seſſion of Parliament.

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## Coaches.

*Commiſſioners for Hackney-Coaches.*

I. **S**tat. 5 *&* 6 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 5 *cap.* 16. After the 10*th* of *May* 1694. their Majeſties may appoint Commiſſioners, not exceeding five in number, for regulating and licenſing Hackney-Coaches within the Cities of *London* and *Weſtminſter*, and the Suburbs thereof, and the Bills of Mortality, and for regulating and licenſing Stage-Coaches throughout *England*, &c.

II. The

II. The ſaid Commiſſioners ſhall give Licenſes under their Hands and Seals to all Perſons that ſhall keep any Coach or Coach-Horſes within the Cities of *London* and *Weſtminſter*, or the Suburbs of the ſame, or within the Weekly Bills of Mortality; and that the number of all Hackney-Coaches ſo to be licenſed ſhall not exceed 700, and for every ſuch Licenſe ſo to be granted for each Coach, there ſhall be paid to the Commiſſioners, or ſome other Perſon to be appointed by their Majeſties to receive the ſame for their Majeſties uſe, the Sum of 50 *l.* and no more, by way of Fine for ſuch Licenſe, which ſaid 50 *l.* ſhall be paid by the Perſon ſo licenſed, before the Licenſe delivered to him; the ſaid Licenſes to continue for twenty one years, and no longer; nor to be granted in Reverſion after the determination of others: And upon every the ſaid Licenſes there ſhall be reſerved to their Majeſties the yearly Rent or Sum of 4 *l.* payable quarterly, the firſt at the Feaſt of St. *Michael*, the Nativity of our Lord Chriſt, the Annuntiation of the Bleſſed Virgin *Mary*, and the Nativity of St. *John Baptiſt*, with ſuch Covenants as the Commiſſioners in their diſcretions ſhall think fit.

*Licenſes not to exceed* 700.

50 l. *for each Licenſe, and not to exceed* 21 *years, and* 4 l. *Rent* per Ann. *at four quarterly Payments.*

III. And the ſaid Commiſſioners, or the major part of them are impowered under their Hands and Seals to licenſe all Stage-Coaches kept or driven throughout *England*; and that no Licenſe for any Stage-Coach ſhall continue longer than for one year; and for every ſuch Licenſe there be reſerved to their Majeſties the Rent or Annual Sum of 8 *l.* to be paid quarterly at the four moſt uſual Feaſts of the year, with ſuch Covenants as the Commiſſioners in their diſcretions ſhall think fit: And that every one ſo licenſed to keep or drive a Hackney or Stage-Coach, may by Writing under his Hand and Seal aſſign, or by his laſt Will in Writing deviſe his, her or their Intereſt therein; and in default of ſuch Aſſignment or Deviſe, their Executors ſhall be intituled to the reſidue of their Intereſt: That an Entry ſhall be made of ſuch Aſſignment in ſome Book kept by the Commiſſioners, to which the Executors or Adminiſtrators may have recourſe *gratis*, and within ſixty days after the deceaſe of ſuch Teſtator or Inteſtate, they may produce Letters of Adminiſtration to intitle themſelves.

*Stage-Coaches to pay* 8 l. per Ann. *the Leaſes to be renewed yearly.*

*Power to aſſign or deviſe.*

*This Act to commence from the 24th of* June 1694.

IV. And that no Perſon after the 24*th* of *June* 1694. ſhall drive or let to hire any Hackney-Coach or Coach-Horſes within the Cities of *London* or *Weſtminſter*, &c. nor drive or let to hire any Stage-Coach or Coach-Horſes within any part of *England*, without ſuch Licenſe firſt obtain'd as aforeſaid, upon pain to forfeit for every ſuch Offence the Sum of 5 *l.* and that no Horſe, Gelding or Mare ſhall be uſed in any Hackney or Stage-Coaches, under the ſize of fourteen Hands, according to the Standard. And that every Coach ſo licenſed ſhall have a Mark of diſtinction by Figures, or otherwiſe; and that no Perſon ſhall be licenſed to keep more than two Hackney-Coaches; and that no Perſon ſhall put the ſame Figure or Mark upon his Coach that is appointed for another; nor ſhall alter or obliterate the Figure or Mark of diſtinction, upon pain of 5 *l.*

*Penalty* 5 l. *driving without Licenſe.*

*No Horſe under* 14 *Hand.*

*No Perſon to keep above two Coaches.*

*Altering Mark or Figure* 5 l.

*Commiſſioners Offences* 100 l.

V. And if any Commiſſioner ſhall grant Licenſes for more than the number of 700 Hackney-Coaches, as before directed, or ſhall grant any Licenſe for any Hackney or Stage-Coach for any longer time than before directed, he ſhall forfeit for every ſuch Offence 100 *l.*

*The Rates for Hackny-Coachmen, on penalty of* 40 s.

VI. No Hackney-Coachman or Driver ſhall take for his Hire in *London*, or ten Miles thereof, above 10 *s.* for a Day, reckoning twelve hours to the day; and by the Hour not above 1 *s.* 6 *d.* for the firſt hour, and 1 *s.* for every hour after; and that no Perſon ſhall pay from any the Inns of Court, or thereabouts, to any part of *St. James*'s or City of *Weſtminſter* (except beyond *Tuttle-Street*) above 1 *s.* and the ſame Prizes from the ſame Places to the Inns of Court, or thereabouts; and from any of the ſaid Inns of Court, or thereabouts, to the *Royal Exchange* 1 *s.* and if to the Tower of *London*, or to *Biſhopgate-ſtreet*, or *Aldgate*, or thereabouts, 1 *s.* 6 *d.* and ſo from the ſaid Places to the ſaid Inns of Court as aforeſaid; and the like Rates from and to any place at the like diſtance with the places before-mentioned. And if any Coachman ſhall refuſe to go at, or exact more for Hire than the Rates hereby limited, he ſhall for every ſuch Offence forfeit 40 *s.*

*Commiſſioners and Officers Oaths.*

VII. The ſaid Commiſſioners, and every Officer to be appointed under them, ſhall take an Oath for the faithful execution of their reſpective Offices; and ſhall likewiſe take the Oaths appointed by an

Act

Act made in the first year of their Majesties Reign, Entituled, *An Act for the abrogating the Oaths of Supremacy and Allegiance, and appointing other Oaths*; and that no Person shall be able to execute the Powers by this Act granted, till the taking the same.

VIII. All Offences against this Act (other than the Offences of the Commissioners) shall be determined by the Commissioners, or any three of them, upon Oath of one or more credible Witnesses, the Party accused being summoned. *Offences how and where determinable.*

IX. And for the better regulating such as shall be licensed to keep Hackney or Stage-Coaches, as aforesaid, and to prevent Inconveniences in the Streets where such Coaches stand, and punishment thereof, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, or the major part of them, to make By-laws to bind such Persons as have Licenses, their Executors, Administrators and Assigns, and to annex reasonable Penalties for the breach thereof, so as such By-laws be agreeable to the intent of this Act, and not repugnant to the Laws of this Realm; and so that such By-laws be approved by the Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper, or Lords Commissioners of the Great Seal, for the time being, and by the two Chief Justices of either Bench, and Chief Baron of the Exchequer, or any three of them; and after such allowance the same shall be published, and the Penalties put in execution by any Justice of Peace, or other Magistrate of the Place where the Offence is committed: But no Person shall be punished twice for the same Offence. *By-laws for the standing of Coaches in the Streets, &c.*

X. It shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to appoint 175 and no more of the said Hackney-Coaches to ply, stand and drive on the Lords-Day within the Bills of Mortality only, so as the whole number of 700 may be imployed successively. *The number to ply on Sundays.*

XI. And if after the said 24*th* of *June*, any Hackny-Coach shall ply, stand or drive upon the Lords-Day, other than such as shall be so appointed as aforesaid, or any where else within the Bills of Mortality, the Owner of such Coach shall forfeit 5 *l.* *The penalty for offending.*

XII. The Commissioners, for the better discovery of Offenders herein, shall publish a List or Account of all the particular Numbers of such Hackney- *A List of Hackney-Coaches to ply on Sundays.*

Hackney-Coaches as ſhall be appointed for every Lords-Day ſucceſſively through the Year.

## Fines.

I. Stat. *5 & 6 W. & M. Seſſ. 5. cap. 6.* Six ſhillings and eight pence ſhall be paid upon ſigning Judgment to the proper Officer who ſigneth the ſame in full ſatisfaction of the *Capiatur* Fine, and all Fees due for or concerning the ſame; which ſaid Officer ſhall make an increaſe to the Plaintiff of ſo much in his Coſts, to be taxed againſt the Defendant.

## Juſtices of Peace.

*Juſtices of Peace in* Wales *limited to eight in each County, repealed*

I. Stat. *5 W. & M. Seſſ. 5. cap.* 4. Whereas by a Statute made the 34*th* and 35*th* of *H.* 8. Entituled, *An Act for certain Ordinances in the Kings Majeſties Dominion and Principality of* Wales, there is a Clauſe contained in theſe Words, *viz. That there ſhall not exceed the number of eight Juſtices of the Peace in any of the ſaid Shires, over and above the Preſident, Council and Juſtices aforeſaid, and the Kings Attorny and Solicitor; which Preſident, Council, Juſtices, and the Kings Attorny and Solicitor, ſhall be put in every Commiſſion of Peace in every of the ſaid twelve Shires:* And whereas this Clauſe is found inconvenient; Be it enacted, That the ſaid Clauſe be repealed, And that it may be lawful to and for the King and Queen, by Commiſſion under the Great Seal, to conſtitute, nominate and appoint any ſuch number of Perſons to be Juſtices of Peace in any of the ſaid Counties of *Wales*, as they ſhall think fitting, according to ſuch Ways and Methods as are commonly uſed for the conſtituting, nominating and appointing of Juſtices of Peace for any County of *England*: And that the Perſons ſo conſtituted, nominated and appointed, ſhall have power and authority to act and do any thing appertaining to the Office of a Juſtice of Peace, in as large and ample manner, as any Juſtice of Peace within

within the Dominion of *Wales* might or ought to have done before the making of this Act; any Law, *&c.* to the contrary notwithstanding.

Certiorari to remove Indictment.

I. **Stat.** 5 & 6 *W.* & *M. Sess.* 5. *cap.* 5. That in Term-time no *Certiorari* at the Prosecution of any Party indicted, shall be granted out of the Court of Kings Bench, to remove any Indictment before Trial had, and from before the Justices of the General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace, unless such *Certiorari* shall be granted upon Motion of Council and Rule of Court in open Court, and that the Parties indicted prosecuting such *Certiorari* shall find two Manucaptors before one or two Justices of the County in 20 *l.* to plead to the said Indictment in the Kings Bench, and at their own Charges to procure the Issue that shall be joyned upon the said Indictment to be tried at the next Assizes held for the County where the said Indictment was found, after such *Certiorari* shall be returnable, if not in *London*, *Westminster* or *Middlesex*, and if in the said Cities or County, then to cause it to be tried the next Term, after such *Certiorari* shall be granted, or at the sitting after the said Term, if the Kings Bench shall not appoint any other time; and if any other time, then notice to be given to the Prosecutor, and the said Recognizance and *Certiorari* to be certified into the Kings Bench, and there filed, and the name of the Prosecutor to be indorsed; and if the Party prosecuting such *Certiorari*, being the Defendant, shall not before allowance thereof, procure such Manucaptors to be bound in a Recognizance, the Justices of Peace may try the said Indictment at the said Sessions, notwithstanding such *Certiorari* so delivered.

*Costs against Prosecutor of a* Certiorari

II. And if the Defendant prosecuting such *Certiorari*, be convicted, then the Kings Bench shall give reasonable Costs to the Prosecutor, to be taxed according to the course of the said Court; and within ten days after demand upon Oath, and refusal thereof, he shall have an Attachment against the said Defendant by the Court for his Contempt; and the Recognizance not to be discharged till the Costs so taxed shall be paid.

Certiora-ries *grantable in va-cation.*

III. Nevertheless in the Vacation Writs of *Certiorari* may be granted by any of the Justices of the Kings Bench, whose Names shall be endorsed, and the Name of the Party at whose instance it is

granted; and before the allowance of ſuch Writ the Party indicted proſecuting ſuch *Certiorari*, ſhall find ſuch Sureties as before-mentioned in this Act.

Certioraries *in* Cheſhire, Lancaſter *and* Durham.

IV. And alſo upon every *Certiorari* granted within *Cheſter*, *Lancaſter* and *Durham*, to remove Indictments as aforeſaid, the Parties indicted proſecuting ſuch *Certiorari* ſhall find Sureties to try the ſaid Indictments at the next Aſſizes or General Gaol-delivery; and if convicted, ſhall be liable to like Coſts to be taxed as by this Act provided, where the ſame are granted out of the Kings Bench.

*For repairing Highways*, &c.

V. Provided, if any Indictment be againſt any Perſon for not repairing High-ways, Cawſies, Pavements or Bridges, and the Title to repair the ſame may come in queſtion; upon ſuch Suggeſtion and an Affidavit made thereof, a *Certiorari* may be granted to remove the ſame into the Kings Bench; any Law to the contrary notwithſtanding.

*Sureties.*

VI. Provided that the Parties proſecuting ſuch *Certiorari* ſhall find two Manucaptors to be bound in a Recognizance, with Condition as aforeſaid.

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## Leaſes.

*Leaſes of Lands part of the Dutchy of* Cornwal.

I. **S**tat. 5 & 6 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 5. *cap.* 16. All Leaſes and Grants made by the late King *Charles* II. or by the late King *James*, or by their preſent Majeſties, or to be made within ſeven years next enſuing, by Letters Patents, or Indentures under the Great Seal of *England*, or Seal of the Court of Exchequer, or Copy of Court-Roll according to the Cuſtom of the reſpective Manors of the ſaid Dutchy or thereunto annexed, of any Offices, Meſſuages, Parks, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, parcel of the ſaid Dutchy of *Cornwal*, or annexed to the ſame (other than of Honours, Lordſhips or Manors) ſhall be effectual in Law, according to the purport of the ſame Copies, Leaſes and Grants againſt the preſent King and Queen, their Heirs and Succeſſors, and againſt every Perſon that ſhall have or enjoy the ſaid Dutchy, by force of any Act of Parliament, or by any other Limitation.

II. Provided

II. Provided, that ſuch Leaſe be not for more than one, two or three Lives, or thirty one Years, or for ſome Term determinable upon one, two or three Lives, and not above; And if ſuch Leaſes be made in Reverſion, that then the ſame with the Eſtate in poſſeſſion do not exceed three Lives, or thirty one Years, not diſpuniſhable of Waſte, and reſerving the ancient Rent, or ſuch as hath been paid for the greater part of twenty years next before the Year 1660. to thoſe that have the Inheritance; or elſe a reaſonable Rent not being under the twentieth part of the clear yearly value. *For one, two or three lives, or thirty one years.*

III. All Covenants, Conditions and Agreements in every Leaſe made as aforeſaid, ſhall be good in Law according to the contents of the ſame, not only againſt them to whom the Reverſion of the ſaid Lands ſhall come, but againſt them to whom the Intereſt of the ſaid Leaſes ſhall come, as if their Majeſties at the making ſuch Covenants and Conditions were actually ſeized in Fee-ſimple of the ſame. *Covenants good againſt them to whom the Intereſt ſhall afterward come.*

IV. Saving to all Perſons, and Bodies Politick, their Heirs and Succeſſors (ſaving the King and Queen, and their Heirs, the Dukes of *Cornwal* for the time being, and their Heirs, or whoſoever ſhall enjoy the Dukedom by force of any Act of Parliament) all ſuch Rights and Demands whatſoever, of, in, to or out of the ſaid Offices or Lands, or any of them as they had before the making this Act; any thing herein notwithſtanding. *Saving of Rights.*

V. The Fees and Charges to be paid for paſſing and perfecting Leaſes of Tenements of ſmall value (where the Fine or Value of ſuch Leaſe or Grant to be made or renewed ſhall not exceed 80 *l.*) ſhall not exceed the Sum of 10 *l.* for every Leaſe, and 4 *l.* for every Copy (beſides the ſaid Fine or Value) the ſaid 10 *l.* and 4 *l.* to be divided among the Officers of the Exchequer imployed for the preparing and paſſing ſuch Leaſe or Grant; and if any Officer exceed the ſame, he ſhall forfeit to the Party grieved ſo much as is exceeded by this Act, and alſo 20 *l.* one moiety whereof ſhall be forfeited to the King, and the other to the Party grieved. *Fees for paſſing Leaſes.*

## Militia.

I. Stat. 5 & 6 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 5. *cap.* 13. An Act for raiſing the Militia of this Kingdom, for the year 1694. although the Months Pay formerly advanced, be not repaid.

## Mines.

*Lawful to dig in Mines, notwithſtanding pretended to be Royal.*

I. Stat. 5 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 5. *cap.* 6. All Perſons Subjects of the Crown of *England*, Bodies Politick or Corporate, having or that ſhall have any Mine or Mines within the Kingdom of *England* or *Wales*, wherein any Ore now is or ſhall be diſcovered or wrought, in which there is Copper, Tin, Iron or Lead, ſhall and may enjoy the ſame Mine or Mines, and Ore, and dig and work the ſaid Mine or Mines, or Ore, notwithſtanding they ſhall be pretended or claimed to be a Royal Mine or Mines.

*Rates to be paid for Ore, where Mines are pretended to be Royal*

II. Provided that their Majeſties, their Heirs and Succeſſors, and all claiming any Royal Mines under them, may have the Ore of ſuch Mines in any part of *England* or *Wales*, (other than in the Counties of *Devon* and *Cornwal*) paying to the Owners of the ſaid Mines wherein ſuch Ore is or ſhall be found, within thirty days after the ſaid Ore is or ſhall be laid upon the Banks of the ſaid Mines, and before the ſame be removed thence, the Rates following, *viz.* For all Ore waſht, made clean and merchantable, wherein is Copper, 16 *l. per* Tun: For all Ore waſht, made clean and merchantable, wherein is Tin, 40 *s. per* Tun: And for all Ore waſht, made clean and merchantable, wherein is Iron, 40 *s. per* Tun: And for all Ore waſht, made clean and merchantable wherein is Lead, 9 *l. per* Tun; and in default of payment of ſuch reſpective Sums as aforeſaid, it ſhall be lawful for the Owners of the ſaid Mines wherein ſuch Ore ſhall be found, to diſpoſe of the ſaid Ore to their own uſes.

Orphans

# Orphans.

I. STat. 5 & 6 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 5. *cap.* 4. It is enacted, That for the raiſing a perpetual Fond to pay the yearly Intereſt of four pounds for every hundred pound principal Mony, and of all the Intereſt thereof due to any Orphan of the City, or the Executors, Adminiſtrators or Aſſigns of ſuch Orphan, unto the 25*th* day of *December* 1693. The Intereſt to be computed from the time firſt payable unto the 25*th* day of *December* 1683. at five pounds for the Intereſt of every hundred pounds for one year; And from that time to the 25*th* day of *December* 1693. at three pounds, and ſo proportionably for any greater or leſſer Sum (the Intereſt already received for ſuch principal Mony to be deducted) and to pay the like yearly Intereſt of four pounds for every hundred pounds of the principal Mony and Intereſt thereof, to be computed as aforeſaid, due upon Bond, Bill or Note liable to pay Intereſt between the 25*th* day of *December* 1655. and the ſame day of *December* 1693. or any other Creditor of the ſame City, or the Executors, Adminiſtrators or Aſſigns of ſuch Creditor on the ſaid 25*th* day of *December* 1693. from the Chamber of the ſaid City, or from the Mayor, Commonalty or Citizens thereof, and ſo proportionably for any greater or leſſer Sum, the Mannors, Meſſuages, Lands, Markets and Fairs, and other the Hereditaments and Revenues belonging to the ſame City, in poſſeſſion or reverſion, and the Improvements that ſhall be made thereof (except ſuch the Lands and Revenues belonging to the Hoſpitals of the ſame City, or Borough of *Southwark*, or ſuch as are chargeable with the Repairs of *London Bridge*) ſhall be yearly charged for ever after the 24*th* day of *June* 1694. for the raiſing the Annual Sum of eight thouſand pounds, to be appropriated for the raiſing ſuch a perpetual Fond, and be applied as aforeſaid.

*Perpetual Fond to pay the Intereſt of* 4 l. per Cent. *unto* Dec. 25th 1693. *From the time firſt due, to* Dec. 25*th* 1683 *at* 5 l. per Cent. *And from thence to* Dec. 25*th* 1693. *at* 3 l. per Cent. and 4 l. per Cent. *from the* 25*th of* Dec. 1655 *to the* 25 *of* Dec. 1693 *and ſo proportionably. The City Lands,* &c. *(excepting the Revenues of the Hoſpitals, and Repairs of* London-Bridge) *for ever chargeable after the* 24*th of* June 1694. *for raiſing the Annual Sum of* 8000 l.

II. The Aqueducts belonging to the City, and their Rents (except the Profits of ſuch Water as ſhall

*The City Aqueducts liable.*

shall be for the Supply of the publick Conduits, Hospitals, Halls and Prisons) shall be for ever appropriated and applied towards payment of the said Interest.

*2000 l. annually out of Personal Estates.*

III. And for the raising such a perpetual Fond, the Common Council may every year raise and assess the Sum of two thousand pounds upon the Personal Estates of the several Inhabitants within the City and Liberties, and to distrain for default of payment.

*Leases of the Convex Lights for 21 years, from* June *24th* 1694 *600 l.* per ann.

IV. The City may Lease to the Persons concerned in the Convex Lights, the sole use of such Lights within the City and Liberties, for one and twenty years, from the *24th* day of *June* 1694. at the Rent of six hundred pounds yearly to be reserved, to be appropriated towards raising such a Fond, and payment of the said Interest-mony; And after that Term expired, the Profits whatsoever that shall be made by granting Licenses to lighten the Streets, shall be appropriated and applied to the uses aforesaid.

*Every Apprentice after 24th of* June 1694 *to pay* 2 s. 6 d. *at his being bound, to be transmitted to the Chamberlain on penalty of* 5 l.

V. For the increase of the Fond, every Apprentice after the *24th* day of *June* 1694. when he is Bound, shall pay two shillings and six pence to the Master or Wardens of such Company as his Master is Member of, to be by the said Master and Wardens transmitted to the Chamberlain of the City, to be employed for the uses aforesaid; upon the Penalty of five pounds for every Sum not so transmitted, to be recovered in the Name of the Chamberlain: And Books of Vellum or Parchment to be kept in the Common Halls of such Payments, for any Person to inspect *gratis*.

*5 s. to be paid by every one admitted a Freeman.*

VI. And every Person after the said *24th* day of *June* 1694. when he is admitted a Freeman, shall pay the Sum of five shillings, the said several Sums of two shillings and six pence, and five shillings, to be paid over and above the usual Fees.

*4 s. ℔ Tun on Wine imported. The Collector to be appointed by the Mayor and Aldermen*

VII. Also every Importer shall pay a Duty of four shillings *per* Tun upon all sorts of Wine imported after the said *24th* day of *June* 1694. into the Port of the City of *London*, or the Members thereof, by way of Merchandize, over and above the present Duties, and so proportionably for a greater or lesser quantity; The Collector to be appointed by the Mayor and Court of Aldermen: And the said Imposition to be paid in the same manner, and by such Rules, and under such

Penalties

Penalties as are provided in an Act of Parliament made in the 12*th* year of King *Charles* II. Entituled, *A Subſidy granted to the King of Tonnage and Poundage*, &c.

VIII. There ſhall be paid for all ſuch ſort of Coals or Culm as are uſually ſold by the Chaldron, imported into the Port of *London*, or Members thereof after the 24*th* day of *June* 1694. for every Chaldron thereof the Sum of four pence Meetage for ever, over and above what is now paid, to be paid as the preſent Duty of Meetage is; And after the 29*th* day of *September* 1700. the farther Sum of ſix pence: And for ſuch Coals as are ſold by the Tun, for every Tun thereof containing two thouſand Weight, the like Sum of ſix pence, which ſhall continue from the ſaid 29*th* day of *September* for fifty year, and no longer, to be paid by the Maſter or Owner of the Ship or Veſſel whereupon they are laden, before they ſhall break Bulk, or have a Meeter aſſigned, at ſuch place as the Mayor and Court of Aldermen ſhall appoint, within the City or Liberties, for Receipt thereof; upon receipt whereof the Party appointed to receive the ſame, ſhall without delay *gratis* deliver a Receipt, which ſhall be a ſufficient Diſcharge. And the ſame Impoſition of ſix pence *per* Chaldron ſhall be collected and levied in ſuch manner and in every reſpect as in and by one Act made in the 15*th* year of King *Charles* II. Entituled, *An Act for the rebuilding the City of* London, the Impoſition of Coals thereby granted was to be collected and levied; And the Powers and Directions for that Act ſhall be exerciſed for the collecting of the ſaid Duty of ſix pence, as if particularly expreſſed in this, during all the time it is payable: All Sums of Mony as part of the ſaid Fond are to be paid into the Receipt of the Chamber, and are hereby appropriated for the raiſing the ſaid Fond, and applied towards the diſcharge of the ſaid Debts: And every Perſon that ſhall be concerned in the Receipt of any of the Sums ſo appropriate, before he take upon him the execution of ſuch Office, ſhall find Sureties in ſuch reaſonable Sum as by the Mayor and Court of Aldermen ſhall be thought fitting for the faithful execution of ſuch Office.

*4 d. for meetage of every Chaldron of Coals after the 29th of June 1694. After the 29th of Sept. 1700 6 d. p Chaldron or Tun to continue for 50 years.*

*To be paid by the Owner of the Veſſel.*

*How to be collected.*

*The Monies to be paid into the receipt of the Chamber.*

*Collectors to give reaſonable ſecurity.*

IX. After

*After the expiration of* 6 d. per *Chaldron the City revenues liable for* 6000 l. p ann. *beſides the* 8000 l. per ann.

IX. After the ſaid Impoſition of ſix pence ſhall determine, all the Revenues of the City of *London* in poſſeſſion or reverſon ſhall ſtand and be charged with the full yearly Sum of ſix thouſand pounds (over and above the ſaid yearly Sum of eight thouſand pounds) in like manner appropriated as the yearly Sum of eight thouſand pound was.

*The Mony raiſed by this Act to be applied for the payment of* 4 l. per Cent. *due the* 25*th of* Dec. 1693 *And alſo for the payment of* 4 l. per Cent. *from between the* 25*th of* Dec. 1655 *and the* 25*th of* Dec. 1693 *The payments to be made twice a year, at* St. Thomas *and* St. John Baptiſt, *or within* 14 *days after.*

X. And all the Rents, Impoſitions and Sums of Mony by this Act applied to be charged, raiſed or paid, (after reaſonable Salaries and Allowances deducted) for ever ſhall be applied for the payment of the Annual Sum of four pounds for the Intereſt of every hundred pound, and proportionably for a greater or leſſer Sum of the above-mentioned reſpective Debts, and all the Intereſt thereof due on the 25*th* day of *December* 1693. to any Orphan of the City, or the Executors, *&c.* of ſuch Orphan: And alſo for the payment of the like yearly Intereſt of four pounds for every hundred pound principal Mony, and the Intereſt thereof to be computed as aforeſaid, due at any time between the ſaid 25*th* day of *December* 1655. and the ſaid 25*th* day of *December* 1693. upon Bond, Bill or Note liable to pay Intereſt from the ſaid City, unto any Perſon or Perſons, or to ſo much thereof only as the Monies appointed by this Act to be raiſed and paid ſhall yearly amount unto, to ſatisfie and pay towards the Intereſt to the ſaid Orphans and Creditors equally in proportion to their reſpective Intereſts; The Payments to be made twice in every year, upon St. *Thomas* Day and St. *John Baptiſts*, or within fourteen days after; The firſt payment to be made on St. *Thomas* Day 1694. or within fourteen days after: The ſaid Monies to be employed to no other uſe, and all the Orders or Warrants for the diſpoſal thereof, contrary to the intent of this Act to be void.

*The perpetual Intereſt to be in full ſatisfaction of the principal Debt.*

XI. The proviſion hereby made for the payment of the ſaid Intereſt-Mony for ever, ſhall be in full ſatisfaction of the Debts and Intereſt thereof due to the ſaid Orphans and Creditors, and they are to acknowledge ſatisfaction of their reſpective Debts, according to the uſuall Cuſtom, paying ſuch Fees to the Officers concerned, as the Mayor and Court of Aldermen ſhall appoint, not exceeding thirteen ſhillings and four pence for

every

every thouſand pounds, and the City and their Succeſſors are hereby acquitted of the ſame. *The City hereby diſcharged.*

XII. The Chamberlain ſhall provide or keep one or more Book or Books of Vellum or Parchment, of the Receipts, and likewiſe of the Diſburſements by virtue of this Act, whereto all Perſons may have free acceſs to view the ſame, between the hours of nine and twelve in the Forenoon, without any Fee or Reward; And the Receipts and Payments of all the Monies aforeſaid ſhall be audited yearly upon Oath, before one of the Auditors of the Impreſt, (which Oath the ſaid Auditors are hereby required to adminiſter) between *Michaelmas* Day and Saint *Thomas* the Apoſtle, and for every thouſand pounds the Accompts ſhall amount to, the Auditor ſhall receive of the Chamberlain twenty ſhillings, and no more; The Accompts ſo audited ſhall be ſigned by the ſaid Auditor, and alſo allowed by the Mayor and Court of Aldermen, and fairly entred and remain in the Chamber of the City, to be peruſed and viewed. *Books to be kept of the Receipts and Diſburſements. Acceſs thereto gratis from 9 to 12 in the Forenoon. The Receipts and Payments yearly audited. The Auditors Fees.*

XIII. If any Chamberlain of the City, or other Perſon, ſhall after Receipt of any the ſaid Monies, divert or miſapply the ſame, he ſhall forfeit treble the Sum ſo miſapplied, to be recovered by any the Orphans or Creditors that will ſue for the ſame in any of their Majeſties Courts of Record. *Penalty of miſimploying.*

XIV. The Chamberlain and Common Serjeant of the City, upon requeſt, ſhall give unto every of the ſaid Orphans and Creditors, and their reſpective Executors, Adminiſtrators or Aſſigns, a Bill or Note in Writing, of the Principal, Debt or Intereſt owing to them: And any Perſon to whom any Mony is payable by this Act, may by Writing under his Hand and Seal, transfer his Right and Intereſt therein, to be regiſtred in a Book to be kept by the Mayor and Court of Aldermen, and the Note or Bill of the ſaid Debt being delivered up to the Officer appointed by the Court of Aldermen for that purpoſe, he ſhall give his Note or Bill in Writing, of the Debt ſo aſſigned, to the Party to whom ſuch Aſſignment is made, and ſuch Aſſignee ſhall be entituled to the benefit thereof, and may aſſign *toties quoties*; And it ſhall not be in the Power of ſuch Perſons who have made ſuch Aſſignments, to releaſe or diſcharge the ſame, or the Monies thereby aſſigned. *Liberty of aſſigning. Aſſignments irrevocable.*

XV. No

*Orphans not compellable to bring in their Mony to the Chamber.*

XV. No Perſon ſhall be obliged or compelled by virtue of any Cuſtom within the ſaid City, or by Order or Proceſs of the Court of Orphans, to pay into the Chamber any Sum of Mony or Perſonal Eſtate, due or to be due, or belonging to an Orphan of any Freeman, any Law or Uſage inforcing the ſame notwithſtanding: But this not to be conſtrued to extend to impeach or prevent Proceſs upon any Recognizance already given according to the Cuſtom.

*The City anſwerable for their Officers defaults.*

XVI. If the Corporation of the City, or any of their Officers, or other Perſon, by colour of any Warrant or Authority from them, miſapply or convert to their own uſe any of the Sums hereby appropriated, the Corporation ſhall be anſwerable for the ſame out of their Revenues, in any Action to be brought by any of the ſaid Orphans or Creditors, the Sum recovered to be to the uſes aforeſaid, and the Coſts to the Party ſuing.

*Fines on ſuch Suits to the uſe of the City.*

The Amerciaments, Fines and Diſtreſſes upon the Corporation, upon the Account of ſuch Suit, to be to the uſes aforeſaid, and not to be pardoned or acquitted by their Majeſties.

XVII. Provided on Application made to the Mayor and Court of Aldermen, by the Executors or Adminiſtrators of the Father of ſuch Orphan, to pay in, or lodge any Sum of Mony of ſuch Orphan in the ſaid Chamber, and to have the benefit of the ſaid proviſion hereby made, It ſhall be lawful for the ſaid Mayor and Aldermen to pay off the like Sum to ſuch Perſon entituled to the ſaid yearly Payments as aforeſaid, as they think fit, not being Orphans under the Age of twenty one years of Age, and giving three months notice to, or for the Perſon ſo to be paid off; at the end of which three months, upon payment or tender of the ſaid Monies due for Principal and Intereſt to, or for the Perſon to whom ſuch notice ſhall be given according to the proviſion hereby made at the Office of the ſaid Chamberlain in *Guildhall*, that from thenceforth the Annual Sum of Mony payable to ſuch Perſon, to whom ſuch notice, payment or tender ſhall be made, ſhall ceaſe and determine, and the ſame ſhall become due and payable to, or for the uſe of ſuch Orphan, who ſhall have paid in the Monies for the ſame, and ſhall be regiſtred accordingly, and be aſſignable as aforeſaid; yet the Monies ſo tendred

ſhall

ſhall be paid to ſuch Perſons, upon their demand of the ſame, and aſſigning or giving a Diſcharge for the ſame: And the proviſion hereby made ſhall remain a perpetual Fond for the benefit of the Orphans of the ſaid City ſucceſſively.

*Debts mortgaged redeemable upon payment of Principal and Intereſt. Provided it be within 3 years after this Seſſion of Parliament*

XVIII. If any ſuch Debts due to any of the ſaid Orphans, have at any time before the ſaid 25*th* day of *December*, been mortgaged or covenanted to be ſo, they are redeemable, and ſhall be redeemed upon payment of the Principal Mony paid in conſideration of making the Mortgage, with the Charges and Intereſt for the ſame, from the time of payment thereof, after the rate of eight pounds *per Cent. per Annum* for one year, diſcounting for what hath been received for the ſaid Debt; And upon payment or tender of Principal, Intereſt and Charges, the Security concerning the ſame to be void. But ſuch Redemption is to be made within three years after the end of this preſent Seſſion of Parliament.

*Contracts with Solicitors void. Solicitors to be paid at the diſcretion of the Mayor and Aldermen. Their Forfeiture if they take more.*

XIX. All Securities given by the Orphans to any Agents or Solicitors to obtain Payments of their Debts, by Act of Parliament or otherwiſe, ſhall be null and void; And the Mayor and Court of Aldermen out of the Revenue ſetled by this Act, ſhall allow and pay to ſuch Agents and Solicitors what they judge may be reaſonable, and that to be allowed in the Accompt of the ſaid Revenue. And if they demand or receive more than ſhall be ſo adjudged due to them, they ſhall forfeit treble the Sum received, to be recovered with Coſts of Suit, by ſuch Perſons as will ſue for the ſame in any of their Majeſties Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*.

New-River Water, Thames Water and Shadwel Water-works excepted.

XX. This Act ſhall not extend to the *New-River* Water, or Profits thereof; Nor ſhall be conſtrued to hinder or obſtruct the Governors and Company of Undertakers for raiſing of the *Thames*-Water in *York Buildings*, nor the Governor and Company of the Water-work in *Shadwel*; But they may raiſe and take the Water and lay Pipes and Branches in the Streets, as before, and enjoy all their Rights: Nor ſhall this Act extend to the Water-works of *Thomas Morris*, at or near *London-Bridge*, nor to the Profits or Benefits thereof, other than the Rent reſerved upon a Leaſe formerly made thereof by the City

Th. Morris Water-works excepted.

Samuel Hutchinſon.

And *Samuel Hutchinſon*, or his Aſſigns, paying their proportion of Stock to the Partners in the Convex Lights, and covenanting to perform ſuch Contracts and Agreements as are or ſhall be made by them before the 24*th* day of *June* 1695. may enjoy the ſame Intereſt and Benefit in the Premiſes, as any of the Partners, according to their reſpective Proportions.

*Priviledge of Perſons ſued upon this Act.*

XXI. Any Perſon ſued for what he ſhall do in purſuance, or in the execution of this Act, may plead the General Iſſue, and give upon Trial this Act, and the Special Matter in Evidence; and in caſe of Non-ſuit, forbearance of farther Proſecution, Diſcontinuance or Verdict againſt the Plaintiff or Proſecutor, the Defendant ſhall recover Coſts, and have like Remedy for them, as when Coſts by Law are given to the Defendants.

*This Act to be reputed a general Act.*

XXII. This Act ſhall be reputed a General Act, and the Judges upon all occaſions ſhall take notice as if it were a Publick Act of Parliament relating to the whole Kingdom.

*The City may uſe* 2000 l. *yearly for* 7 *years towards their neceſſary Expences, provided the Orphans have their due, otherwiſe to repay what is wanting to the Orphans by* 2000 l. per ann.

XXIII. For the ſpace of ſeven years from the 29*th* day of *September* laſt paſt, it ſhall be lawful for the Mayor and Court of Aldermen to retain and apply, and the Chamberlain to iſſue and pay towards the neceſſary Expences and Charges of the City, any Sum not exceeding in the whole the Sum of two thouſand pounds yearly, out of the Monies hereby appointed to the uſe of the Orphans and Creditors: But in caſe after the deduction and allowance of the ſaid two thouſand pounds, during the ſeven years, there ſhall not be raiſed and paid to the Orphans and Creditors, out of the reſidue of the Profits of the aforeſaid ſeveral Proviſions and Fonds, ſo much Mony as will fully ſatisfie all the ſaid Orphans and Creditors Intereſt for all their ſeveral and reſpective Debts, after the rate of four pounds *per Cent. per Annum*, during the whole ſeven years, that then the City ſhall repay into the Hands of the Chamberlain, within ſeven years after the expiration of the ſaid Term, fourteen thouſand pounds, or ſo much thereof as they ſhall have made uſe of, by two thouſand pound *per annum*, or ſuch leſs yearly Sum as ſhall be proportionable to what they ſhall have ſo made uſe of, until the ſame, or ſo much thereof as ſhall make good the deficiency that ſhall appear in the ſatisfaction of the Intereſt of all the Monies due

to

to the ſaid Orphans and Creditors, at the Rate aforeſaid, by reaſon of applying the ſaid two thouſand pounds *per Annum*, or any part thereof to the uſe of the City for the Term aforeſaid, ſhall be ſatisfied: And for ſecuring the repayment thereof, all the Eſtate, Rents and Profits of any ſort, which at the expiration of the term of ſeven years ſhall belong to the Mayor, Commonalty and Citizens in their Politick Capacity only (except the Revenues belonging to the Hoſpitals, in or belonging to the ſame City or Borough of *Southwark*, or for the Repairs of *London-Bridge*) ſhall be and are charged, and made ſubject and liable thereunto. *The City Revenues liable for the ſame.*

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## Priſoners.

I. **Stat.** 5 & 6 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 5. *cap.* 2. That the Act made in the ſecond year of their Majeſties Reign, Entituled, *An Act for Relief of Poor Priſoners for Debt and Damages*, be revived; and that the Oath in the ſaid Act, ſhall be aboliſhed, and inſtead thereof the Oath herein mentioned ſhall be the Oath to be tendred to the Sheriffs, Gaolers and Keepers of Priſon. I *A. B. do ſwear, That I have examined the Commitments or Books belonging to the ſaid Priſon, and that by them it doth appear that* J. S. *was really and truly a Priſoner in the Cuſtody of the then Gaoler or Keeper of the Priſon of* D. *Priſon in the County of* C. *without any Fraud or Deceit, by me or any other, to my knowledge or belief, at or upon the* 28th *day of* November, Anno Dom. 1690. *Act* 2 W. & M. *revived.* *The Oath to be taken by Sheriffs and Gaolers*

II. And in caſe any Sheriff, Gaoler or Keeper of Priſon, ſhall refuſe to take the Oath herein appointed, he being required, unleſs it appear by the Commitment and Books of the ſaid Priſon, that the Perſon for whom ſuch Oath is required, was not truly a Priſoner in the Cuſtody of the ſaid Gaoler and Keeper according to the ſaid Act; that otherwiſe the ſaid Gaoler and Keeper ſo refuſing to take the ſaid Oath, ſhall forfeit to ſuch Priſoner the value of the Debt for which he ſhall be impriſoned: And that in that caſe upon complaint of the Priſoner, the Juſtices of Peace of *Penalty for refuſing the Oath.*

*Priſoner may be diſcharged if he were in Cuſtody 28 Nov. 1690*

the County or City where the Priſon lies, ſhall have power to examine the ſaid Matter upon Oath of any other Perſons, which Oath they are hereby impowred to adminiſter; And if it ſhall appear to them, that the ſaid Priſoner was truly a Priſoner on the ſaid 28*th* day of *December* 1690. then the ſaid Juſtices may diſcharge the ſaid Priſoner, ſo as he may have full benefit of the ſaid Act, notwithſtanding the Sheriffs, Gaolers or Keepers refuſing the ſaid Oath; any thing in the ſaid Act notwithſtanding.

*The Sheriff or Gaolers Fee for diſcharge of a Priſoner.*

III. And farther, That no Sheriff, Gaoler or Keeper of Priſon, nor any Clerk of the Peace or other Officer directly or indirectly, ſhall take of any Priſoner to be diſcharged by this Act, any Chamber-rent, Fee or Reward, for any thing relating to his Diſcharge, above the Sum of 6 *s.* 6 *d.* in the whole, upon pain of forfeiting the value of the Debt, and upon pain of being proceeded againſt as an Extortioner; any Law, Act of Parliament or Uſage to the contrary notwithſtanding.

*The Juſtice of Peace his Clerks Fee.*

IV. And that no Juſtice of Peace, his Clerk or Servant ſhall take of any Priſoner for ſigning his Warrant and Summons, any Fee or Reward whatſoever; nor any Clerk of the Papers or other Officer that ſhall make out any Copies of Cauſes for the ſaid Priſoner, ſhall take for the ſame above 4 *d.* upon pain to be proceeded againſt as Extortioners aforeſaid.

*No Debt contracted ſince* Nov. 28. 1690. *ſhall hereby be diſcharged.*

V. Provided, that no Debtor ſhall by virtue of this or the aforeſaid Act be diſcharged of any Debt contracted by ſuch Debtor ſince the 28*th* day of *November*, which was in the Year 1690.

## Ships.

*Builders of 3 Deck Ships within 10 years from firſt* M. 1694. *their allowance for Cuſtoms.*

I. Stat. 5 & 6 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 5. *cap.* 18. Every Perſon that ſhall within ten years, from and after the firſt of *May* 1694. build or cauſe to be built within any of their Majeſties Dominions any Ships or Veſſels of three Decks, reckoning the *Orlop* for one, with a Fore-caſtle, Quarter-deck Round-houſe, and ſix Foot between each Deck from Plank to Plank, their Hawrſes to be between Decks;

Decks, the ſaid Ships to be of no leſs than 450 Tun, and to have no leſs than ten Ports of a ſide between Decks, mounted with 32 Pieces of Ordnance cloſe, of which 18 to be between Decks, the ſaid Guns upon the lower Deck to be Demy-Culverine of 3000 weight at leaſt, upon the Upper-deck, Fore-caſtle and Steerage to be alſo Demy-Culverine of 2200 weight at leaſt, and thoſe in the Cuddy to be 600 weight at leaſt, and other Ammunition proportionably, ſhall for the firſt three Voyages which the ſaid Ship or Ships ſhall make from their Majeſties Dominions to any Foreign Parts, receive to their own uſe and benefit, one tenth part of the Cuſtoms, commonly call'd or known by the name of the Subſidy of Tunnage and Poundage, that ſhall be paid to their Majeſties for all ſuch Goods and Merchandizes as ſhall be exported and imported on the ſaid Ship or Ships to and from this Kingdom; and the Commiſſioners and Officers of their Majeſties Cuſtoms are hereby impowered to pay the ſame to the reſpective Owners accordingly.

*The penalty if altered.*

II. And if at any time after the end of the ſaid three firſt Voyages, any of the ſaid Ships or Veſſels ſo to be built, as aforeſaid, ſhall be altered, or put into another form of Building, whereby they ſhall become, or be made leſs defenſible than they were at firſt building, that then every ſuch Ship or Veſſel, with all the Guns, Tackle, Ammunition and Apparel thereof ſhall be forfeited and loſt.

*Offences done ſince 24 June 1694. may be tried in the Kings Bench or by Juſtices of Oyer and Terminer.*

I. **Stat.** 5 & 6 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 5. *cap.* 19. All Offences (contrary to one Act made in the 13*th* year of King *Charles* II. Entituled, *An Act for the eſtabliſhing Articles and Orders for the regulating and better Government of his Majeſties Navies, Ships of War and Forces by Sea*) which ſhall be committed after the 24*th* of *June* 1694. may be tried and determined in the Kings Bench at *Weſtminſter*, or before Juſtices of Oyer and Terminer appointed by their Majeſties, which ſaid Courts are hereby impowered to hear and determine the ſame according to the Common Law, and to inflict ſuch Penalties as are appointed by the ſaid Act.

*Offences done out of*

II. Where any of the ſaid Offences ſhall be committed out of this Realm, the ſame may be alledged

*the Realm,* &c. alledged and laid in any County within this Realm.

*Perſon tried by a Court Martial not to be tried again.* III. Provided, that no Perſon who ſhall be tried in a Court-Martial, ſhall for the ſame Offence be again tried by virtue of this Act; nor ſhall any Perſon tried by virtue of this Act be tried again by a Court-Martial.

*How long to continue.* IV. Provided alſo, that this Act ſhall continue in force for three years, and from thence to the end of the next Seſſion of Parliament.

## Souldiers.

I. **Stat.** 5 & 6 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 5. *cap.* 9. The Act made in the laſt Seſſion of this Parliament, Entituled, *An Act for puniſhing Officers and Souldiers, who ſhall mutiny and deſert their Majeſties Service, and for puniſhing falſe Muſters, and for payment of Quarters,* ſhall continue and be in force until the firſt of *March* 1694. and no longer.

*Who ſhall be accounted a liſted Souldier.* II. No Perſon that ſhall be liſted for the Land-Service after the firſt of *March* 1693. ſhall be eſteemed a liſted Souldier, or be ſubject to any of the Pains and Penalties of this Act, or any other Penalty for his Behaviour as a Souldier, that ſhall not have been brought before a Juſtice of Peace, not being an Officer in the Army, or Chief Magiſtrate of ſome City or Town-Corporate, or High Conſtable or Pety Conſtable in the Hundred or Diviſion where the Perſon ſhall be liſted, and before ſuch Juſtice, Magiſtrate or High Conſtable or Pety Conſtable declare his free conſent to be liſted or muſtred as a Souldier before he be liſted or muſtred, or inſerted in any Muſter-Roll of a Regiment, Troop or Company as aforeſaid: And every Military Officer that ſhall offend herein ſhall incur the like Penalty and Forfeiture, as is by the ſaid continued Act to be inflicted upon any Officer for making a falſe and untrue Muſter.

## Sureties.

*St.* 10 E. 3. *for finding Sureties for Good Behavior repealed.* I. **Stat.** 5 & 6 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 5. *cap.* 7. The Statute the 10*th* year of King *Edw.* III. for finding Sureties for the Good abearing, by him or her that hath a Pardon of Felony is hereby made void and repealed.

II. Pro-

II. Provided, that if any Charter of Pardon be pleaded by any Perſon for any Felony, the Juſtices before whom ſuch Pardon ſhall be pleaded, may at their diſcretion, remand or commit ſuch Perſon to Priſon, there to remain until he or ſhe ſhall enter into a Recognizance, with two ſufficient Sureties for his or her being of the Good Behaviour, for any time not exceeding ſeven years. *At the Juſtices diſcretion.*

III. Provided, if any ſuch Charter of Pardon be pleaded by a Feme-Covert or Infant, ſuch Feme-Covert or Infant may find two ſufficient Sureties who ſhall enter into a Recognizance for his or her being of the Good Behaviour, as aforeſaid. *Feme-Covert or Infant to find Sureties.*

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# Tares.

Aid of 4 *s.* in the Pound.

I. Stat. 5 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 5. *cap.* 1. All and every Perſon and Perſons, Bodies Politick and Corporate, Guilds and Fraternities, having any Eſtate in ready Monies, or in any Debts owing to them within this Realm or without; or having any Eſtate in Goods, Wares, Merchandizes, or other Chattels or Perſonal Eſtate within this Realm or without, belonging to, or in truſt for them (except out of the Premiſes ſuch Monies as he or they do *bona fide* owe, and ſuch Debts owing to them as ſhall be adjudged deſperate, by the Commiſſioners appointed by this Act; and alſo the Stock upon Lands, and ſuch Goods as are uſed for Houſhold-ſtuff) ſhall pay unto their Majeſties 4 *s* in the Pound, according to the true yearly value thereof for one year, *viz.* for every 100 *l.* of ſuch ready Mony and Debts, and for every 100. *l* worth of ſuch Goods, Wares, Merchandizes or other Chattels or other Perſonal Eſtate, the Sum of 24 *s.* and ſo after that rate for every greater or leſſer Sum or quantity. 4 s. *in the Pound to be paid for all perſonal Eſtates, excepting deſperate Debts and Houſhold-ſtuff.*

II. All and every Perſon and Perſons, Commiſſioner or Commiſſioners, having or exerciſing any Publick Office or Employment of Profit (ſuch Military Officers who are or ſhall be in Muſter by the Muſter-Maſter General of the Army, or in Pay in their Majeſties Army or Navy, in reſpect of ſuch Offices only excepted (other than Governors, Deputy or Lieutenant-Governors of any of their *All publick Officers & their Agents (except Officers in the Army) to pay* 4 s. *in the Pound.*

their Majeſties Garriſons, Forts or Caſtles for their Salaries, or Pay for the ſame Governments:) And alſo except ſuch Perſons in their Majeſties Ordnance, whoſe Salaries do not exceed 100 *l. per Ann.*) and all and every their Agents, Clerks, Secondaries, Subſtitutes and other inferiour Miniſters whatſoever, ſhall pay unto their Majeſties the Sum of 4 *s.* for every 20 *s.* which he or they receive in one year, by virtue of any Salaries, Gratuity, Bounty-mony, Reward, Fees or Profits to him or them accruing by reaſon or occaſion of their ſeveral Offices or Imployments.

*All real Eſtates chargeable as aforeſaid.*

III. All Manors, Meſſuages, Lands and Tenements, as alſo Quarries, Mines of Coal, Tin or Lead, Copper, Mundick-Iron, or other Mines, Iron-works, Salt-ſprings and Salt-works; all Allom Mines or Works, all Parks, Chaſes, Warrens, Woods, Under-woods, Coppices; and all Fiſhings, Tithes, Tolls, Annuities and all other yearly Profits and Hereditaments of what nature or kind ſoever they be, as well within ancient Demeſn and other Liberties and priviledged Places as without, ſhall be charged at 4 *s.* for every 20 *s.* by the year, which the ſaid Manors, Meſſuages, Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments and other the Premiſes are now worth to be leaſed, if the ſame were truly and *bona fide* leaſed or demiſed at a Rack Rent, and according to the full true yearly value thereof, without any reſpect had to the preſent Rents reſerved for the ſame, if ſuch Rents have been reſerved upon ſuch Leaſes or Eſtates made, for which any Fine or Income hath been paid or ſecured, or have been leſſened or abated upon conſideration of Mony laid out, or to be laid out in Improvements, and without any reſpect had to any former Rates or Taxes thereupon impoſed, or making any abatement in reſpect of Reparations, Taxes, Pariſh-Duties, or any other Charges whatſoever, to be paid by four quarterly Payments, the firſt thereof to be made upon the 26*th* of *March* which ſhall be in the year 1694.

*To be paid quarterly.*

*Deductions to be allowed.*

IV. And whereas many of the Manors, Meſſuages, Lands, Tenements, Tithes, Hereditaments and Premiſſes, intended by this Act to be charged with the Pound Rates as aforeſaid, ſtand incumbred with, or are ſubject and liable to the payment of ſeveral Rent-charges or Annuities iſſuing out of the ſame, or to the payment of divers Fee-farm

farm Rents, Rent-ſervice, or other Rents thereupon reſerved or charged, by reaſon whereof the true Owners of ſuch Manors, *&c.* do not receive to their own uſe the true yearly value of the ſame, for which nevertheleſs they are by this Act charged; It is therefore hereby enacted, That it ſhall be lawful for the Landlords and Proprietors of ſuch Manors, *&c.* as are charged with the Pound Rate as aforeſaid, to deduct and keep in their Hands 4 *s.* in the Pound for every Fee-farm Rent, *&c.* charged upon, or iſſuing out of the Premiſes, or any part thereof: And all Perſons who are intituled to ſuch Rents, *&c.* are hereby required to allow ſuch Deductions, upon receipt of the reſidue of ſuch Monies, as ſhall be due to them for ſuch Rents, or Annual Payments reſerved as aforeſaid.

*Commiſſioners to make Aſſeſſors, who are to return the Names of Perſons, and value of their Eſtates. As alſo Collectors. Penalty of neglect or refuſal.*

V. The Commiſſioners after their general Meeting and Charge given, ſhall iſſue their Warrants to two at the leaſt of the moſt ſufficient Inhabitants of each Pariſh or Townſhip within the reſpective Diviſions, requiring them to be Aſſeſſors of every the Rates and Duties by this Act impoſed, and ſhall prefix a certain day and place for the Aſſeſſors to appear before them, and to bring in their Certificates in Writing, of the Names and Sirnames of every Perſon dwelling within the Limits of thoſe Places with which they ſhall be charged, and of the value of every of them in ready Mony, Debts, Goods, Chattels or other Perſonal Eſtate, (except before excepted) or in publick Offices or Imployments. And the ſame Aſſeſſors are alſo hereby required to inform themſelves by all lawful ways of the full yearly value of all Manors, Meſſuages, Lands and Tenements, as alſo of all Quarries, Mines of Coal, Tin or Lead, Copper, Mundick or other Mines, Iron-works, Salt-ſprings, and Salt-works, Allom-mines and Works, Parks, Chaſes, Warrens, Woods, Under-woods and Coppices, and all Fiſhings, Tithes, Tolls, Annuities and other yearly Profits; And of all Hereditaments of what nature ſoever lying or being in the Limits with which they ſhall be charged: And being ſo thereof aſcertained, they are to aſſeſs the ſaid Manors, Lands and Premiſes before appointed, to be charged after the rate of 4 *s.* for every 20 *s.* of the full yearly value, as aforeſaid, and to bring with them a Certificate in Writing of

of their ſaid Aſſeſsment: And ſhall then alſo return the Names of two or more able Perſons living within the Limits of thoſe Pariſhes or Places where they ſhall be chargeable, to be Collectors of the Monies to be paid to their Majeſties by this Act; for whoſe paying to the Head-Collector ſuch Monies as they ſhall be chargeable withal, the Pariſh wherein they are ſo imployed ſhall be anſwerable. And if any of the Aſſeſſors, as aforeſaid appointed, refuſe to ſerve, or make default at the time appointed for his Appearance (not having a lawfull excuſe to be witneſſed by the Oaths of two credible Witneſſes, which two or more of the ſaid Commiſſioners have power to adminiſter) or ſhall not perform his Duty, every ſuch Aſſeſſor ſhall for ſo neglecting or refuſing, forfeit to their Majeſties ſuch Sum as the ſaid Commiſſioners or the major part of them ſhall think fit, not exceeding 20 *l.* nor under 10 *l.* to be levied by diſtreſs and ſale of the Offenders Goods and Chattels, in like manner as is appointed for levying the ſeveral Rates herein mentioned in caſe of refuſal of payment. And every Aſſeſſor, as afore appointed, before he take upon him the execution of the ſaid Employment, ſhall take the Oaths required to be taken in an Act made in the firſt Year of their Majeſties Reign, Entituled, *An Act for the abrogating the Oaths of Supremacy and Allegiance, and appointing other Oaths*; and alſo take the Oath following; *You ſhall ſwear well and truly to execute the Duty of an Aſſeſſor, and to cauſe the Rates and Duties impoſed by an Act*, Entituled, *An Act for granting to their Majeſties an Aid of* 4 s. *in the Pound for one year for carrying on a vigorous War againſt* France, *to be duly and impartially aſſeſſed, according to the beſt of your skill and knowledge; and therein you ſhall ſpare no Perſon for Favour or Affection, nor any Perſon grieve for Hatred or Ill-will.*

So help you God.

*Penalty of Aſſeſſors for neglecting their Duty.*

*Oath to be taken.*

VI. The Rates and Aſſeſsments upon all ready Monies, Debts, Goods, Chattels, Perſonal Eſtates and Publick Offices and Employments of Profit charged by this Act, ſhall be aſcertained, and the Certificates thereof returned to the Commiſſioners upon or before the 5*th* of *March* 1693. unleſs the Commiſſioners ſhall think fit to give farther time: And alſo the Aſſeſsments of 4 *s.* in the Pound of the

*Certificates to be return'd to the Commiſſioners by the* 5*th of* March 1693.

the yearly value of all Manors, Meſſuages, Tenements, Hereditaments and Premiſes, charged by this Act, ſhall be aſcertained, and the Certificates returned in to the Commiſſioners, on or upon the 5*th* day of *March* aforeſaid, unleſs the Commiſſioners ſhall think fit to give farther time; and upon return of ſuch Certificate, any three or more of the Commiſſioners may examine the Preſenters thereof, if they ſee cauſe: And if at the return of the Certificates, or within twenty days after, they ſhall have cauſe to ſuſpect that any Perſon, or any Manors, Lands, or other the Premiſes, which ought to be charged, is omitted; or that any Perſon is of a greater Eſtate, or any the Lands or other Premiſes are of greater yearly value, the ſaid Commiſſioners or any three of them may ſummon ſuch Perſon or the Owners of ſuch Manors or other Premiſes to appear before them; and if they neglect to appear (not having a reaſonable excuſe) every Perſon ſo making default, ſhall pay to their Majeſties double the Sum he ſhould have been rated at: And the ſaid Commiſſioners or the major part of them ſhall have power to examine into the Eſtate of ſuch perſon, and the value of ſuch Premiſes chargeable by this Act, and to ſet ſuch Rates thereon as ſhall be chargeable by this Act.

*Commiſſioners to examine ſuſpected Returns.*

*Penalty of the Perſons not appearing.*

VII. And the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any two of them ſhall iſſue out their Warrants for the collecting the Rates and Aſſeſsments in reſpect of the Perſonal Eſtates, Offices and Imployments; and alſo of the Pound Rate to be charged upon Lands, Tenements and other the Premiſſes as aforeſaid, at four quarterly Payments, the firſt to be on the 26*th* of *March* 1694. or within twenty days after paid into their Majeſties Exchequer; The ſecond Payment by the 20*th* day of *June* next enſuing, or within twenty days after; The third on the 20*th* day of *September* next enſuing, or within twenty days after: And the laſt Payment to be on the 20*th* of *December*, or within twenty days after.

*Collecting the Duty at 4 quarterly Payments, and when to begin.*

VIII. The Sub-collector may retain 3 *d.* for each 20 *s.* he collects as a Reward for his Pains, and ſhall not travel above ten miles for payment of any Monies by him received: And the Head-collector ſhall be nominated by the Receiver General of the County, which Receiver General ſhall be anſwer-

*Sub-collectors and Receiver Generals Fee.*

able

able for all Monies received by the Collectors of the ſaid County; And the Receiver General ſhall have 2 *d.* in the Pound for all Monies paid by him into the Exchequer, on or before the times prefixt in this Act.

*Commiſſioners Clerks Fees*

IX. The Commiſſioners Clerks ſhall for writing Warrants, Certificates and Duplicates, by Warrant under two or more of the Commiſſioners Hands, receive from the reſpective Receivers General, 1 *d.* in the Pound for ſuch Monies as they ſhall have received.

*Penalty of refuſing payment.*

X. Upon refuſal to pay, as by Act aſſeſſed, it ſhall be lawful to diſtrain, and the Diſtreſs to ſell within four days: And moreover it ſhall be lawful to break open (in the day-time) any Houſe, and (upon Warrant under the Hands and Seals of two or more of the ſaid Commiſſioners) any Cheſt, Trunk, Box or other things where any ſuch Goods are, calling the Conſtables or Headboroughs to their aſſiſtance where any refuſal or reſiſtance ſhall be made, The ſeveral Tenants which ſhall be rated by virtue of this Act, are hereby required to pay ſuch Monies as ſhall be rated upon ſuch Houſes and Premiſes, and deduct out of the Rents ſo much of the ſaid Rates as in reſpect of the ſaid Rents of every ſuch Houſe or Lands the Landlord ought to bear; and all Landlords are hereby required to allow ſuch Deductions upon receipt of the reſidue of their Rents.

*Tenants to deduct out of their Rents.*

*Within what time to appeal.*

XI. If any Perſon by this Act ſeſſed, do find himſelf grieved by ſuch aſſeſſing, and do within ten days after demand of the ſame, complain to the Commiſſioners, the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any three or more of them, ſo as the major part of the Commiſſioners who ſigned the Rates be preſent, ſhall have power within ten days after ſuch complaint to examine any Perſons upon Oath of their real or perſonal Eſtate, and upon examination and knowledge thereof to abate or enlarge the ſame Aſſeſsment, and the ſame ſo abated or enlarged ſhall be eſtreated into the Exchequer as aforeſaid: And Appeals once determined to be final.

*Appeals to be final.*

*Collector neglecting or refuſing, his Penalty*

XII. If any Collector ſhall neglect or refuſe to pay any Mony by him received, as by this Act is directed, or ſhall detain any Mony and not pay the ſame at ſuch time as is hereby directed, the Commiſſioners of each County, or any two or more

more of them are hereby impowred to impriſon the Perſon and ſeize the Eſtate both real and perſonal of ſuch Collector to him belonging, or which ſhall deſcend or come to his Heirs or Executors, and to give notice and appoint a time for the ſale thereof, and to ſatisfie and pay into the Hands of the Receiver General, ſo much as ſhall be detained by the ſaid Collector his Heirs or Executors.

*Controverſies among Commiſſioners how to be determined.*

XIII. If any Controverſie ariſing concerning the aſſeſsment or payment thereof which concerns any of the Commiſſioners by this Act appointed, the Commiſſioners ſo concerned in the ſaid Controverſie ſhall have no Voice, but ſhall with-draw at the time of the Debate, until it be determined by the reſt; and in default thereof, that the Commiſſioners preſent may impoſe upon ſuch Commiſſioners ſo refuſing to with-draw what to them ſeems fit, not exceeding 20 *l.* the ſame to be paid as other Fines in this Act.

*Colledges, Halls and Perſons, &c. excepted.*

XIV. No Colledge or Hall in either of the two Univerſities, or the Colledges of *Windſor*, *Eaton*, *Wincheſter* or *Weſtminſter*; or the Corporation of the Governors of the Charity for Relief of poor Widows and Children of Clergy-men, or the Colledge of *Bromley*, or any Hoſpital for or in reſpect of the Scites of the ſaid Colledges, Halls or Hoſpitals, or any Maſter, Fellow or Scholar of any ſuch Colledge or Hall, or any Reader, Officer or Miniſter of the ſaid Univerſities, Colledges or Halls, or any Maſter or Uſher of any School, for or in reſpect of any Stipend, Wages or Profits whatſoever ariſing or growing due to them in reſpect of the ſaid ſeveral Places or Imployments in the ſaid Univerſities, Colledges, Halls or Schools, ſhall be aſſeſſed by this. Nor ſhall any the Houſes or Lands belonging to *Chriſts* Hoſpital, St. *Bartholomews*, *Bridewel*, St. *Thomas* or *Bethlehem* in the City of *London* and Borough of *Southwark*; or the Corporation of the Governors of the Charity, for Relief of poor Widows and Children of Clergy-men, or the Colledge of *Bromley*, be aſſeſſed by virtue of this Act. No Alms-men or Alms-women, or other poor Perſon inhabiting within any other Hoſpital or Alms-Houſe for or in reſpect of any Rents or Revenues payable to them for their immediate uſe and relief, and whoſe annual Maintenance and Profits doth not exceed in the whole the Sum of 20 *l.*

But

But nevertheleſs all the Houſes and Lands which are held by Leaſe or Grant from the ſaid Corporation, or any of the ſaid Hoſpitals or Alms-houſes for ſo much as they are yearly worth over and above the Rents reſerved and payable to the ſaid Corporation, or to the ſaid Hoſpitals or Alms-houſes, to be received and diſburſed for the immediate ſupport and relief of the Poor in the ſaid Hoſpitals or Alms-houſes, are liable to be aſſeſſed by this Act.

*No Covenants hereby avoided*

XV. Provided, that nothing in this Act contained, ſhall change or make void any Covenants or Agreements whatſoever between Landlord and Tenant, or any others, touching the payment of Taxes, any thing herein mentioned to the contrary notwithſtanding.

*Guardians and Parents liable for Infants*

XVI. Where any Perſons chargeable with any Rates by this Act, ſhall be under the Age of twenty one years, in ſuch caſe the Parents, Guardians and Tutors of ſuch Infants, upon default of payment by ſuch Infants, ſhall be hereby liable to, and charged with the Payments which ſuch Infants ought to have made; and upon default or neglect of ſuch Parents, Guardians or Tutors, as aforeſaid, they ſhall be proceeded againſt as any other Perſons making default in this Act.

*Where a Perſon ſhall be taxed in reſpect of Employment.*

XVII. Every Perſon rated or aſſeſſed for his Office or Imployment, ſhall pay for the ſame in the place where ſuch Office is executed. And every Perſon rated in reſpect of his perſonal Eſtate, ſhall be rated at ſuch place where he ſhall be reſident at the time of the execution of this Act. And if any Perſon, who ought to be taxed by this Act, for his perſonal Eſtate, ſhall at the time of his Aſſeſſment be out of the Realm, ſuch Perſon ſhall be rated therefore in ſuch place where he was laſt abiding within the Realm.

*Where in reſpect of his Eſtate. Shifting his Reſidence the Penalty.*

XVIII. If any Perſon having ſeveral Manſion-houſes ſhall be doubly charged by this Act in reſpect of his perſonal Eſtate, then upon Certificate under the Hands and Seals of two or more Commiſſioners for that place, of the Sum charged upon him, and upon Oath made before a Juſtice of Peace of ſuch Certificate, the Perſon ſo doubly charged, ſhall for ſo much as ſhall be ſo certified, be diſcharged in every other place. And if any that ought to be taxed by this Act for his perſonal Eſtate, ſhall by changing his place of Reſidence, or any other

Fraud,

fraud, eſcape from being taxed, and the ſame be proved before any two of the Commiſſioners, or a Juſtice of Peace of the place where ſuch Perſon reſideth at any time within one year after ſuch Tax, every Perſon ſo eſcaping ſhall be charged at the double value of ſo much as he ſhould be taxed by this Act, the ſame to be certified into the Exchequer, and levied upon his Lands and Goods.

*Houſholder to give Account of his Lodgers.*

XIX. Every Houſholder ſhall upon demand of the Aſſeſſors, give an Account of the Names and Qualities of all Lodgers in their Houſes, under penalty of forfeiting 20 *l.* to their Majeſties.

*Commiſſioners to aſſeſs each other.*

XX. The Commiſſioners in their ſeveral Limits ſhall aſſeſs each other for their perſonal Eſtates and Imployments reſpectively; and alſo ſhall aſſeſs each Aſſeſſor within their ſeveral Diviſions. No Perſons ſhall be aſſeſſed for having any ſhare or intereſt in the *New-River* Water, brought to the North-parts of *London*, commonly called the *New-River*; or in the *Thames* Water-works, or in the *Hide-Park* or *Marybone* Waters, or any Rents or Profits ariſing thereby: Nor any Perſon having any ſhare or intereſt in the Stock for printing of Books in the Kings Printing-houſe, nor any Companies of Merchants in *London*, for their reſpective Shares aforeſaid, and the aforeſaid Stock.

*New-River Water, Thames Water-works, &c. excepted.*

XXI. Provided this Act ſhall not extend to the Inhabitants of *Scotland*, *Ireland*, *Jerſey* or *Guernſey*, for and concerning any ſuch perſonal Eſtate, which they or any to their uſe have within the places aforeſaid.

*Scotland, Ireland, &c. excepted.*

*Exemptions from Taxes void.*

XXII. No Letters Patents granted to any Perſons or Corporations of any manner of Liberties or Exemptions from Taxes or Aids ſhall be conſtrued to exempt them from the Sums of Mony granted by this Act.

*Commiſſioners Oath*

XXIII. No Commiſſioner ſhall act by virtue of this Act before he hath taken the Oaths appointed by an Act made in the firſt year of their Majeſties Reign, Entituled, *An Act for the abrogating the Oaths of Supremacy, and appointing other Oaths*, upon the pain of 500 *l.*

*Papiſt not ſwearing to be doubly charged.*

XXIV. Every Papiſt or reputed Papiſt, being of the Age of ſixteen years or upwards, who hath not taken the Oaths in the laſt Act mentioned, to be taken, as there expreſſed, ſhall be doubly charged the Rates above mentioned.

XXV. Every

*Penalty of any Perſon refuſing the Oath.*

XXV. Every Perſon of the Age of ſixteen years or upwards, and being now within this Realm, who hath not taken the Oaths mentioned, and upon Summons under the Hand and Seal of any two or more of the ſaid Commiſſioners appointed by the firſt above-mentioned Act, ſhall refuſe to take the ſaid Oaths at the time appointed in ſuch Warrant, or ſhall neglect to appear at ſuch times before the Commiſſioners, in order to take the ſaid Oaths, ſhall doubly be aſſeſſed the Rates above-mentioned.

*Gentlemen to be taxed by a former Act, and not paying, the Penalty*

XXVI. Every Gentleman or ſo reputed, or owning or writing himſelf ſuch, or being above that Quality, who by virtue of an Act made in the third year of their Majeſties Reign, Entituled, *An Act for raiſing Mony by a Poll, payable quarterly for one year, for carrying on a vigorous War againſt* France, did pay or ought to have paid double the Sums charged by the ſaid Act, or were or ought to have been returned into the Exchequer for non-payment thereof, who ſhall not voluntarily appear before the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any two or more of them, within ten days after the firſt Meeting of the ſaid Commiſſioners, and take the ſaid Oaths appointed by the ſaid Act made the firſt year of their Majeſties Reign, ſhall be doubly aſſeſſed, as above.

*Quakers to ſubſcribe the Declaration.*

XXVII. Provided nevertheleſs, that whereas certain Perſons called *Quakers*, and now known to be ſuch, do ſcruple the taking of any Oath, It ſhall be ſufficient for every ſuch Perſon to ſubſcribe the Declaration of Fidelity contained in an Act of Parliament held in the firſt year of their Majeſties Reign, Entituled, *An Act for exempting their Majeſties Proteſtant Subjects diſſenting from the Church of* England, *from the Penalties of certain Laws*; and every Perſon ſo doing, ſhall not be chargeable with any of the double Rates aforeſaid.

*Lands to be above* 20 *s* per ann.

XXVIII. No Perſon ſhall be liable to the Pound-rate impoſed by this Act upon Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, whoſe Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments are not of the yearly value of 20 *s.* in the whole.

*Maſter of the Rolls*, &c. *where to be charged.*

XXIX. The Maſter of the Rolls, Maſters in Chancery, Six Clerks, Clerks of the Petty Bag, Examiners, Regiſters, Clerks of the Inrolment, Clerks of the Affidavits and Subpœna Office, or any other the Officers of the High-Court of Chancery,

cery, that execute their Offices in the Liberty of the Rolls, are to be aſſeſſed there and not elſewhere.

XXX. If any Collector ſhall keep in his Hands any part of the Mony by him collected, for any longer time than by this Act directed, or pay any part thereof to any other Perſon than the Head-Collector or Receiver-General of ſuch place, every ſuch Collector ſhall forfeit 10 *l.* And if any Head-Collector ſhall detain in his Hands, or pay any Mony to any other than the Receiver-General of ſuch Place, every ſuch Head-Collector ſhall forfeit 40 *l.* And if any Receiver-General or his Deputy ſhall pay ſuch Monies, or any part thereof paid to him by this Act to any Perſon whatſoever, other than the Receipt of their Majeſties Exchequer, within the times limited by this Act, ſuch Receiver General or his Deputy ſhall forfeit the Sum of 1000 *l.* *Penalty of Collectors detaining Mony.*

XXXI. If after Aſſeſsments on perſonal Eſtates according to this Act, any Perſon ſhall remove to any place where ſuch Perſon was not taxed, the Commiſſioners acting within ſuch place are hereby impowred to ſummon ſuch Perſon before them, and unleſs he or ſhe ſhall produce a Certificate made according to the Directions of this Act, whereby it may appear that he or ſhe have paid all their precedent quarterly Payments, the ſaid Commiſſioners are hereby required to cauſe ſuch Perſons to be aſſeſſed for ſuch quarterly Payments as remain unaſſeſſed, to be aſſeſſed and paid according to the true intent of this Act. *Changing Abode after Aſſeſſment.*

XXXII. It ſhall and may be lawful for any Perſon Native or Foreigner, Bodies Politick or Corporate to lend to their Majeſties upon the ſecurity of this Act any Sums of Mony, and to receive for the forbearance thereof any Sum not exceeding 7 l. per 7 *l. per Cent.* for one whole year, and that no Cent. Mony ſo lent ſhall be rated by virtue of this Act. *The King may borrow upon this Act at*

XXXIII. No Rector or Vicar who has the Cure of Souls, and actually reſides upon his Rectory or Vicaridge, (upon the account of ſuch his Rectory and Vicaridge only) ſhall be charged by this Act, unleſs his Rectory or Vicaridge does really and truly exceed the value of 30 *l. per annum*, or per Ann. unleſs he hath more than one Rectory or Vicaridge. *No Rector or Vicar chargeable except above* 30 l.

*Additional Supply for* 118506 l. 5 s. 10 d.

I. **Stat.** 5 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 5. *cap.* 5. That it ſhall and may be lawful for any Perſons Natives or Foreigners to contribute towards the advancing the Sum of 118506 *l.* 5 *s.* 10 *d.* to make up the whole Sum of 1000000 *l.* granted to their Majeſties by an Act made this preſent Parliament, intended to be advanced by paying into their Majeſties Exchequer at any time before the firſt day of *May* 1694. any Sum or Sums of Mony, not exceeding in the whole the Sum of 118506 *l.* 5 *s.* 10 *d.* as followeth, *viz.* That every Perſon out of the Rates and Duties of Exciſe granted by the ſaid Act of 1000000 *l.* ſhall have and receive for every Sum of 100 *l.* by them reſpectively advanced and paid a quarterly Annuity, Rent or Payment of 14 *l.* and proportionably for a greater Sum, for and during the life of ſuch Perſon ſo advancing or paying the ſame, or during any other life to be nominated by the Perſon advancing, or paying any ſuch Sum as aforeſaid, the ſame to be nominated within ſix days after payment of ſuch Sum, which yearly Annuities, Rents or Payments ſhall commence from the 24*th* of *June* next enſuing, and ſhall be paid and payable at the four moſt uſual Feaſts of the year, *viz.* The Annuntiation of the Bleſſed Virgin *Mary*, the Nativity of St. *John Baptiſt*, the Feaſt of St. *Michael* the Archangel, and the Feaſt of the Birth of our Lord Chriſt; and every Perſon on payment of ſuch Sum or Sums as aforeſaid, ſhall immediately have one or more Tally or Tallies importing the receipt of the Conſideration Mony, and Orders for the Payment of the ſaid Annuities, bearing the ſame date with the Tally, the ſaid Tallies to be levied, and the ſaid Orders to be ſigned in the ſame manner as in the ſaid Act is mentioned touching Tallies and Orders to be given to the Contributors for Annuities upon the ſaid Act, and the ſaid Orders not to be determinable, revocable or countermandable, as touching the afore-mentioned Orders in the ſaid Act is enacted; which ſaid Orders ſhall be aſſignable and transferrable in ſuch and the ſame manner as is mentioned in the ſaid Act touching Orders given to the Contributors in the ſaid Act mentioned, and all the Rates and Duties by the ſaid Act granted, over and beſide ſo much as ſhall bear

*14 l. per Cent. for own Life or Nominees.*

*Within what time to be nominated.*

*Tallies to be given on receipt of the Monies and Orders therein, which may be transferred or aſſigned, and not to be revoked.*

bear proportion at the Rates in the ſaid Act mentioned, to the whole Sum of 881493 *l.* 14 *s.* 2 *d.* already advanced by the Contributors upon the ſaid Act, are and ſhall be appropriated and applied, and are hereby appropriated to and for the payment of the ſaid Annuities, yearly Rents or Sums after the rate of 14 *l. per Cent. per Annum* for every 100 *l.* to be advanced as aforeſaid, according to the true intent and meaning of this Act, and ſhall not be diverted or divertible to any other uſe, intent or purpoſe whatſoever, under the like Penalties, Forfeitures and Diſabilities, in reſpect to all and every the Officers in the ſaid Act mentioned, as are in the ſaid Act appointed, in caſe of diverting or miſapplying any part of the Monies which ought to be paid to the Contributors upon the ſaid Act. And the ſaid Officers are hereby required to keep Books and Regiſters, and make Entries of the Names of all Perſons who ſhall advance any Monies before the ſaid firſt of *May*, and of the ſeveral Sums ſo advanced, and the times of paying in the ſame reſpectively, and the Names of ſuch Perſons for whoſe Lives the ſeveral Annuities or yearly Payments are to be payable, without Fee or Reward, as in the ſaid Act mentioned: And every Perſon who ſhall advance or pay any ſuch Sum, as aforeſaid, before the firſt of *May*, as aforeſaid, ſhall receive out of the Money granted by the ſaid Act, for all Mony ſo advanced by him, and paid from the reſpective days of payment unto the 24*th* of *June*, as aforeſaid, Intereſt at the rate of 10 *l. per Cent. per Annum.*

*Penalty for miſapplying the Monies given by this Act.*

*Books and Regiſters to be kept.*

*Intereſt of* 10 l. per Cent. *from* 1*ſt of* May *to the* 24*th of* June.

II. Any Monies payable to any Perſon or Perſons by virtue of this Act, ſhall not be chargeable with any Rates, Duties or Impoſitions whatſoever; and in caſe there ſhall be any Surplus or Remainder of the Monies ariſing by the ſaid Rates and Duties of Exciſe, at the end of any year during the term of ninety and nine years granted therein by the ſaid former Act, after making all the Payments which by this or the ſaid former Act are appointed to be paid within the ſame year, or reſerving Mony for the ſame, ſuch Surplus or Remainder ſhall be to the uſe of their Majeſties, their Heirs and Succeſſors.

*Mony payable to any Perſon by this Act to be free from Duties.*

*Surplus to be to the uſe of their Majeſties.*

III. Every Contributor upon this or the former Act, his or her Executors, Adminiſtrators or Aſſigns, upon their demanding any half-yearly or

*Upon demand of their ſhares*

*a Certificate of the Life of the Nominee ſhall be produced.*

quarterly Payment of their reſpective ſhares of either of the ſaid Funds (unleſs the Nominee appear in Perſon at the ſaid Receipt) ſhall produce a Certificate of the Life of his, her or their reſpective Nominee, ſigned by the Miniſter and Church-wardens of the Pariſh where ſuch Nominee ſhall be then living, as by the ſaid Act is appointed, or otherwiſe it ſhall and may be lawful to and for every Contributor, his or her Executors, Adminiſtrators or Aſſigns, at his, her or their Election to make Oath of the truth of his, her or their reſpective Nominees Life, on the day when the ſaid Payments ſhall become due, before any one or more Juſtices of the Peace of the reſpective County, Riding, City, Town or Place wherein ſuch Perſon at the time of the making the ſaid Oath ſhall reſide, and the ſaid Juſtice or Juſtices ſhall make a Certificate thereof without Fee, the which ſhall be filed in the ſaid Office or Receipt of Exchequer: And if any Perſon ſhall be guilty of a falſe Oath, or forging any Certificate touching the Premiſes, and be thereof lawfully convicted, he ſhall incur the Pains and Penalties to be inflicted upon Perſons who commit wilful Perjury or Forgery: And in caſe any Nominee ſhall at the time of ſuch demand be reſident in *Scotland*, or beyond the Seas, and any one or more of the Barons of the Exchequer for the time being ſhall certifie, that upon proof to him or them made (which proof is to be taken in a Summary way) it doth ſeem probable to him or them that the ſaid Nominee is living, the ſaid Certificate being filed, as aforeſaid, ſhall be a ſufficient Warrant for making the ſaid quarterly Payment to the reſpective Contributors, their Executors, Adminiſtrators or Aſſigns: And if any Perſon ſhall receive one or more quarterly Payments, upon his, her or their Annuity or Annuities for any time beyond the death of his, her or their Nominee, when the ſame ought to ceaſe, ſuch Perſon ſhall forfeit treble the value of the Monies ſo received.

*Penalty of forging a Certificate.*

IV. And whereas ſeveral Perſons who did contribute or pay ſeveral of the Sums of Mony which have been contributed upon the ſaid recited Act, for Shares, Dividends, Annuities, or other Benefits in the ſaid Act mentioned, as well upon the benefit of Survivorſhip as upon the yearly Annuities of 14 *l. per Cent.* did not name to the Auditor

Auditor of the Receipt, or Clerk of the Pells in the Receipt of the Exchequer, within the reſpective times by the ſaid Act appointed, the reſpective Lives during which ſuch Dividends, Shares, Annuities or other Benefits reſpectively were to continue: It is hereby enacted, That if ſuch Perſons ſhall at any time before the firſt of *March* next, nominate to the Auditor of the Receipt of Clerk of the Pells in the Exchequer the reſpective Lives (their own or others) during which ſuch Dividends, Shares, Annuities, or other Benefits ſhould continue reſpectively, that then his, her or their Nominees ſhall be entred in the Books kept in the Receipt for the Nominees: And every ſuch Contributor, his or her Executors, Adminiſtrators and Aſſigns ſhall have, receive and enjoy ſuch and the like Dividends, Shares and Annuities, and other Benefits, in reſpect of the Monies ſo contributed as he or ſhe might have had received and enjoyed, if the reſpective Lives for the ſame had been named within the reſpective times by the ſaid Act preſcribed.

*Benefit of Survivorſhip within what time the Lives to be named*

V. Provided that the Surplus or Remainder of the Monies ariſing by the ſaid Rates and Duties appointed by the ſaid Act be to the uſe of their Majeſties, their Heirs and Succeſſors, and ſhall not be charged or chargeable with any Gift, Grant or Penſion whatſoever.

*The Surplus to their Majeſties not to be charged with any Gift, &c.*

*The Lottery Act.*

I. **Stat.** 5 & 6 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 5. *cap.* 1. From and after the 25*th* day of *March* 1694. there ſhall be raiſed, levied, collected and paid unto their Majeſties until the 17*th* day of *May*, which ſhall be in the year 1697. and no longer, for Salt, the Rates and Duties following, *viz.*

II. Three pence ſhall be paid by the Importer for every Gallon of Salt not being of the Product or Manufacture of this Kingdom, that ſhall be imported after the ſaid 25*th* of *March*, over and above the preſent Duties now payable for Salt imported.

*Foreign Salt* 3 d. per *Gallon.*

III. The Duty hereby ſet on all foreign and imported Salt, ſhall be paid in ready Mony upon Entry made, before the landing, and if any be landed before due entry with the Collector, or before the Duty ſatisfied, or without a Warrant for the landing the ſame firſt ſigned by the Collector

*Forfeiture and how to be recovered.*

in the Port, the ſame or the value to be forfeited, and to be recovered in ſuch manner as any Forfeiture is to be recovered, mentioned in an Act of 12 *Car.* 2. Entituled, *An Act for the taking away the Court of Wards and Liveries and Tenures* in Capite, *&c.* or by any other Statute now in force, relating to the Revenue of Excise; Nevertheleſs ſuch Importer of Foreign Salt ſhall have ſix months time for the payment, giving ſecurity to the Collector; but if he pay ready Mony, he ſhall have 10 *l. per Cent.* abated.

*Allowance for payment in ready Mony*

*Inland Salt* 1 *d ob.* per *Gallon.*

IV. Every Gallon of Salt, and Rock-Salt made within this Kingdom ſhall pay one peny half-peny, and after that rate for a greater or leſſer quantity.

*Duties by whom to be managed.*

V. The Duties upon Salt ſhall be managed by the Commiſſioners of the Exciſe, and the Collectors ſhall be appointed under their Hands and Seals.

VI. All Makers and Proprietors of Salt and Rock-Salt ſhall make true Entries with the Officers hereby appointed of the Quantities of Salt by them made or taken out of the Pits, and ſhall have a Warrant *gratis* under the Hand and Seal of the Officer, impowering ſuch Maker or Proprietor to carry away the ſame, before it ſhall be removed, the ſaid Warrant to be given upon payment or ſecurity of payment within ſix months after ſuch entry. Provided if any Perſon at the time of entry and delivery ſhall pay down the Duty hereby impoſed, he ſhall be allowed at the rate of 10 *l. per Cent.*

*Allowance for preſent payment of Inland Salt.*

VII. It ſhall be lawful for the Officers by this Act appointed to ſeize all ſuch Salt which ſhall be conveyed away before entry made, without Warrant of the Commiſſioners or other Collectors: And the Salt that ſhall be ſo ſeized, ſhall be brought to the Office next the place where ſuch Salt ſhall be ſo ſeized, and there detained: And if the ſame be not claimed by the true Owner within ten days after ſeizure, it ſhall be forfeited and ſold by the next general day of Sale to be appointed by the Commiſſioners or their Officers, one moiety to the uſe of their Majeſties, the other to him that ſeized the ſame. And if the Owner ſhall claim the ſame within ten days, and ſhall not make it appear before the next Juſtice of Peace in the County where ſuch ſeizure was, by the Oath of one or more Witneſſes, that the Salt was duly entred,

*Seizure for default of Entry.*

entred, and that there was a Warrant for carrying away the ſame, then it ſhall be forfeited and diſpoſed as aforeſaid, and he that carried or cauſed it to be conveyed away ſhall forfeit double the value.

VIII. No Retailer ſhall be permitted to ſhip off any Salt to be ſent to any Port in *England* or *Wales*, or to *Berwick*, before he hath made it appear by Oath, or otherwiſe, before the Commiſſioners or their Officers, or ſome or one of them, that the Duty of ſuch Salt is paid or ſecured, or that it was bought of ſome other Retailer or Shopkeeper that hath paid the Duty. *Retailer ſhipping off Salt.*

IX. The Maſter and Commander of any Ship or Veſſel that ſhall after the 25*th* day of *March* aforeſaid, tranſport any Salt from one Port to another in *England*, *Wales* or *Berwick*, ſhall before landing it, deliver to the Collector of this Duty in the ſaid Port a true particular of the quantity thereof, ſigned by the Collectors of this Duty, and the Officers of the Cuſtoms in that Port from whence the Veſſel came, and that then the Maſter or his Mate, or the Boat-ſwain of ſuch Ship or Veſſel ſhall make Oath before the Commiſſioners or their Officers, or one of them, that to his knowledge there hath not been taken into the ſaid Ship any Salt ſince he or they came from ſuch Port; and if ſuch Ship be to deliver her Salt part at one Port and part at another, then the Collectors of this Duty, and the Officers of the Cuſtoms where ſuch part ſhall be delivered, ſhall *gratis* certifie on the Cocket *Tranſire*, or other Warrant, or by Certificate under Hand and Seal of the Officer, what quantity of the Salt mentioned in the Cocket whence ſuch Ship came, hath been there landed, upon forfeiture of double the value of the Salt that ſhall be otherwiſe delivered. *Maſters of Ships Duty for tranſporting Salt from one Port to another in this Kingdom.*

X. For all ſuch Fiſh hereafter mentioned, as ſhall be exported during the continuance of the Duty upon Salt by this Act, from any Port or Place in *England*, *Wales* and *Berwick*, into Parts beyond the Seas ſhall be paid theſe Rates, *viz.*

| | *l.* | *s.* | *s.* |
|---|---|---|---|
| Every Veſſel of Pilchards or Scads, containing 50 Gallons | 00 | 12 | 00 |
| Every Barrel of White Herrings | 00 | 02 | 06 |
| Every Barrel of Red Herrings | 00 | 02 | 00 |
| Every Barrel of Salmon | 00 | 05 | 00 |

*Duties upon Fiſh exported beyond Sea.*

Every Hundred of Cod-fiſh, Ling, Conger or Hake } 00 15 00

*How and by whom to be paid.* And ſo proportionably for a greater or ſmaller number or quantity, ſhall be paid by the Officer appointed to collect the Duties upon Salt payable by this Act, in the ſame Port, from whence any ſuch Fiſh ſhall be exported, within thirty days after demand thereof, on a Debenture to be prepared by the Collector of the Cuſtoms where ſuch Fiſh ſhall be exported, and verified by the Searcher there, as to the quantity of Fiſh actually ſhipped; and the Oath of the Exporter ſhall be firſt taken before the principal Officers of the ſaid Port, before the Debenture be allowed, that the Fiſh in ſuch Debenture mentioned were *Engliſh* taken, and really exported to Parts beyond Seas, and not intended to be relanded in *England*, *Wales* or *Berwick*: And if the Officer have not Mony in his Hands to pay the ſame, then upon his Certificate the principal Commiſſioners of Exciſe ſhall pay it; and if the Officer refuſe to pay or give ſuch Certificate, he ſhall forfeit double the Sum.

*The Exporters Oath to be taken.*

*Mony repaid for Salt exported upon Certificate of the Officer.* XI. If any Perſon ſhall export beyond the Seas any Salt, as well Foreign as *Engliſh*, or any Rock-Salt, the Officer where the Salt was made, taken out of the Pit, or imported, and the Duty thereof paid or ſecured, ſhall upon demand, *gratis*, deliver a Certificate under his Hand and Seal, that the Duty impoſed by this Act on ſuch Salt, hath been duly paid or ſecured; and then the Officer where the Salt is exported, upon producing the Certificate, and Oath made of the ſhipping of the ſaid Salt, and of its not being relanded in *England* or *Wales* ſhall give a Debenture under his Hand for repayment of the ſaid Duty, which being produced to the Officer of the Place where the Duty on the ſaid Salt ſhall have been paid or ſecured, ſuch Security ſhall be diſcharged, and the Mony for the Duty of the ſaid Salt ſhall be repaid upon demand, by the ſaid Officer, without Fee.

*What ſhall be charged as Foreign Salt.* XII. All Salt imported by Sea or Land into *England*, *Wales* or *Berwick*, and not of the Product of any of the ſaid Places, ſhall be adjudged Foreign Salt, and ſo chargeable: And all *Scotch* Salt brought by Land into *England*, ſhall be entred at *Carliſle* or *Berwick*, under forfeiture of double the value.

*Scotch Salt where to be entred*

XIII. The

XIII. The Juſtices of Peace (not concerned in making or ſelling Salt) at every *Eaſter* and *Michaelmas* Seſſions, ſhall ſet the Prizes of Salt to be ſold by the firſt Seller, for the next half year, and none to ſell above thoſe Prices, under the Penalty of 5 *l.* and forfeiture of double the value, to be levied by diſtreſs and ſale of the Offenders Goods, one half to the King, and the other to the Informer. *Juſtices of Peace to ſettle the Prices of Salt.*

XIV. No Perſon ſhall be capable of acting as chief Commiſſioner for collecting the ſaid Duties, till he hath taken before one of the Barons of the Exchequer, the Oaths appointed in the firſt year of K. *William* and Q. *Mary*, Entituled, *An Act for abrogating the Oaths of Supremacy and Allegiance*, and the Oath following, *You ſhall ſwear to execute your Office truly and faithfully without Favour or Affection, and ſhall from time to time true Account make and deliver to ſuch Perſon and Perſons, as their Majeſties ſhall appoint to receive the ſame, and ſhall take no Fee or Reward for the Execution of the ſaid Office from any other Perſon than from their Majeſties, or thoſe whom their Majeſties ſhall appoint on that behalf.* The like to be taken by other Officers before two of the chief Commiſſioners, or two Juſtices of Peace of the Place where he ſhall be appointed Officer, *mutatis mutandis*. *Oaths of the Commiſſioners and other Officers.*

XV. The General Iſſue may be pleaded by the Defendant on Suit, and the Special Matter given in Evidence; and if the Verdict paſs for the Defendant, or the Plaintiff be non-ſuit, he ſhall have double Coſts. *General Iſſue to be pleaded.*

XVI. No *Certiorari* ſhall ſuperſede Execution or other Proceedings upon any Orders made by the ſaid chief Commiſſioners or Juſtices of Peace in purſuance of this Act. *No Certiorari to ſuperſede.*

XVII. All Salt ſhall be meaſured by a Buſhel of eight Gallons, *Wincheſter* Meaſure, by fit Meaſurers, ſworn and admitted by ſome neighbouring Juſtice, without Fee, upon Forfeiture of double the value of Salt not ſo meaſured. *Meaſures of Salt.*

XVIII. No Salt ſhall be delivered from any Salt-Works or Pits, without notice to the Officer, upon forfeiture of the Salt ſo delivered, and upon forfeiture of 20 *l.* by the Owner of the Salt-Works, one half to the King, and the other to the Informer. *Salt not to be delivered without notice to the Officer.*

XIX. If

*The penalty of relanding in* England *by Fraud.*

XIX. If any of the Salt for which the Duty ſhall have been repaid and diſcharged upon the Exportation thereof, ſhall by Fraud or otherwiſe be landed in *England*, *Wales* or *Berwick*, before the Duty be again paid, and ſuch Entry and all other things performed as are herein before required in caſe where any Foreign Salt is imported, the Offender ſhall forfeit double the value of ſuch Salt ſo landed, and ſuch other Penalties as are herein inflicted upon any Perſon landing Foreign Salt contrary to the intent of this Act.

*Veſſel loſt or taken, he may buy the like quantity, without paying Duty.*

XX. If any Merchant, being a Subject of this Realm, ſhall ſhip any Salt that hath paid the Duty, to convey it by Sea to any part of *England*, and the Veſſel ſhall happen to be loſt or taken, he ſhall upon proof before the Juſtices at Quarter-Seſſions of ſuch loſs, have a Certificate of it, and upon producing the ſame to any Collector of this Duty, the Officer ſhall let him buy the like quantity, without paying any Duty for the ſame.

*When the Owner of Rock-Salt ſhall pay or ſecure.*

XXI. The Owners of any Rock-Salt may remove the ſame into Ware-houſes, after due entry thereof made, and a Warrant or Ticket taken for the ſame from the Officer next to the Salt-Pits; and the Owner ſhall not be obliged to pay or ſecure the payment of the ſaid Duty, till the ſaid Rock-Salt ſhall be ſold and delivered.

*Buyer not to deliver till payment ſecured.*

XXII. No Perſon ſhall be obliged by Contract before the firſt of *December* 1693. to deliver any Salt or Rock-Salt, unleſs the Buyer at the time of the delivery pay to the Seller ſuch Mony as he hath paid, or ſecured for the Duty.

*Salt made in* Cheſhire *how to be entred.*

*Pit-Salt how to be entred.*

*Refiner of Rock-Salt his allowance.*

XXIII. All Salt made in *Cheſhire* ſhall be entred by Weight only, 56 *l.* weight ſhall be taken to be a *Wincheſter* Buſhel of eight Gallons *Wincheſter* Meaſure, and ſhall be entred and taxed accordingly. And all Salt taken out of the Pits, ſhall be entred by weight only, and that ſix-ſcore pounds weight thereof ſhall be deemed a *Wincheſter* Buſhel of eight Gallons *Wincheſter* Meaſure, and entred accordingly. And where any Rock-Salt ſhall be melted and refined, which had before paid the Duty, the Refiner ſhall have allowance after the rate of 12 *d. per* Buſhel; Oath being firſt made before ſome Juſtice of the Peace of the particular quantity by him ſo imployed.

XXIV. This

XXIV. This Branch of the Act concerning Excise upon Beer, Ale, Cyder and other Liquors herein after expressed, over and above all Duties and Impositions by any former Act unexpired, commenceth from the 17*th* of *May* 1697. and continues for sixteen years and no longer, in manner following, *viz.*

*Excise upon Liquors.*

| | *l.* | *s.* | *d.* |
|---|---|---|---|
| Every Barrel of Beer or Ale above 6 *s.* the Barrel, by the Common Brewer or Seller over and above the Duties payable for the same | 00 | 00 | 09 |
| Every Barrel of Beer or Ale at or under 6 *s.* the Barrel, by the Common Brewer or Seller over the Duties payable for the same | 00 | 00 | 03 |
| Every Barrel of Vinegar, or Vinegar Beer brewed or made of *English* Materials for sale, over and above the Duties payable for the same | 00 | 01 | 06 |
| Every Barrel of Vinegar or Liquor prepared for Vinegar, made or mixed with Foreign Materials made for sale | 00 | 04 | 00 |
| Every Barrel of Beer, Ale or Mum imported from beyond Sea, or from *Guernsey* or *Jersey*, and so proportionably for a greater or lesser quantity | 00 | 03 | 00 |
| Every Tun of Cyder or Perry, and so proportionably imported from beyond Sea, to be paid before landing, over and above the Duties payable for the same | 04 | 00 | 00 |
| Every Gallon of single Brandy, Spirits or *Aqua-vitæ* imported from beyond Sea, to be paid before landing | 00 | 02 | 00 |
| Every Gallon of double Brandy, Spirits or *Aqua-vitæ* above proof imported from beyond Sea | 00 | 04 | 00 |
| Every Hogshead of Cyder or Perry made and sold by Retail by the Retailer | 00 | 01 | 00 |
| Every Gallon of Metheglin or Mead made for sale by retail or otherwise | 00 | 00 | 03 |

XXV. The

*Duties how to be collected.*

XXV. The ſaid ſeveral Rates and Duties to be levied, collected and paid, over and above the Duties payable for the ſame, and ſo proportionably for a greater or leſſer quantity, for ſixteen years, in the ſame manner and form, and under ſuch Penalties as are mentioned in an Act of 12 *Car.* 2. Entituled, *An Act for taking away the Court of Wards and Liveries, and Tenures* in Capite, *&c.* and by another Act in the ſame year, Entituled, *A Grant of certain Impoſitions upon Beer, Ale and other Liquors*, &c. and by another Act made 15 *Car.* 2. Entituled, *An additional Act for the better ordering and collecting the Duty of Exciſe*, &c. And that the ſaid Acts as to the Impoſitions upon Beer, Ale, *&c.* by this Act granted, ſhall be of full force to all intents during the ſaid Term of ſixteen years, as if the ſame were particularly ſet down in the Body of this Act.

*Commiſſioners of Exciſe to manage the Duty upon Salt paid weekly.*

XXVI. The Commiſſioners for Receipt of Exciſe and the Duties upon Salt, ſhall at the Head-Office in *London*, keep the Mony hereby raiſed apart by it ſelf, and ſhall pay the ſame weekly, *viz.* on *Wedneſday* in every Week, if it be not a Holiday, and if it be, then the next day after that is not a Holiday, into the Exchequer, diſtinct and apart from other Mony. And there ſhall be a Book kept in the Office of the Auditor of the Receipt, wherein the Weekly Mony paid into the Exchequer, ſhall be entred apart and diſtinct.

*A Book for entring the ſame.*

*Penalty upon the Commiſſioners for neglecting*, &c.

XXVII. The Commiſſioners refuſing or neglecting to pay the ſaid Weekly Sums, or miſapplying them, ſhall forfeit their Offices, and be made incapable of any Office of Truſt whatſoever; and ſhall be liable to pay ſuch Sums miſapplied, to any Perſon who will ſue for the ſame; The Salaries and incident Charges to be paid by the King out of the Duties upon Salt.

*Salaries & Charges how to be paid.*

*Head Office of Exciſe where to be kept.*

XXVIII. The Head Office of Exciſe eſtabliſhed by this Act ſhall be continued in *London*, or within ten Miles of it, to be executed by a ſufficient number of Commiſſioners by their Majeſties to be appointed; And alſo a Comptroller, who ſhall keep a diſtinct Account in Books fairly written, of all the Monies ariſing by this Act, as ſhall be brought into the ſaid Office; to which Books all Perſons ſhall have free acceſs *gratis*. Nor ſhall the Commiſſioners receive any other Salary or Fee than by this Act appointed.

*Reſort to the Books* gratis.

XXIX. The

XXIX. The yearly Sum of 140000 *l.* out of Duties hereby granted, ſhall be the yearly Fond, reckoning the firſt year to commence from the 25*th* of *March* 1694. to be brought in Weekly into the Exchequer. And if the Weekly Payments will not amount to 140000 *l. per Annum*, yet ſo far as it will extend, ſhall be part of it, towards the anſwering the purpoſes herein mentioned. And if the Weekly Payments fall ſhort of ſatisfying the ſaid 140000 *l.* or to diſcharge the Annuities or other Benefits hereby charged, that then the Commiſſioners of the Treaſury, or Under-Treaſurer of the Exchequer, ſhall apply ſo much of their Majeſties Revenue (not being appropriated to any particular uſe by Act of Parliament) to ſupply the defect of the ſaid Recompences of Annuities. *The yearly Fond, what and how much it ſhall be.* *If deficient, how to be ſupplied.*

XXX. Foreigners as well as Natives may contribute towards advancing the Sum of 1000000 *l.* by paying at or before the 10*th* of *September* 1694. to any Receiver hereby appointed, the Sum of 10 *l.* each, or divers intire Sums of 10 *l.* each; and for every 10 *l.* to receive a Share or Dividend of the ſaid yearly Fond for ſixteen years. *Adventurers, when to pay in their Mony.*

XXXI. Their Majeſties under their Broad Seal ſhall appoint Managers of the Tickets or Lots, who ſhall meet from time to time at ſome publick Office in *London* or *Weſtminſter*, for the execution of their Powers and Truſts; and ſhall prepare Books wherein every Leaf ſhall be divided into three Columns, and upon the innermoſt of the ſaid Columns, ſhall be printed 100000 Tickets, numbred 1, 2, 3, *&c.* Upon the middle Column ſhall be printed 100000 Tickets, of the ſame length, breadth and form, and numbred in like manner. And in the extream Column of the ſaid Book ſhall be printed a third Rank of Tickets of the ſame number; and the ſeveral Tickets ſhall be of an oblong Figure, joined within oblique Lines; and every Ticket in the third or extream Column ſhall have theſe Words written or imprinted thereon, or to this effect, *viz.* [*This Ticket Entitles the Bearer to an Annuity of one Pound, or (by chance) to a greater yearly Sum for ſixteen years.*] *The Books and Columns how to be ordered.* *Inſcriptions on the Tickets.*

XXXII. The Commiſſioners of the Treaſury, or any three of them, to appoint Receivers, taking reaſonable Securities of them to pay the Monies received into the Exchequer. And that the Mana- *Commiſſioners to appoint Receivers.*

gers

*Managers to examine the Books and Tickets*

gers ſhall carefully examine the Books with the Tickets therein, and deliver the ſame to the Receivers, taking from each a Writing acknowledging the Receipt of ſuch Books and Tickets, that ſo the Receiver may be anſwerable for every 10 *l.* for every Ticket in the extream Column, or for ſo many of them as he ſhall not return back: and the Receiver upon receiving of every 10 *l.* of every Adventurer, ſhall cut out of the Book through the oblique Line, a Ticket of the outſide, and give it the Adventurer to write his Name or Mark on the two correſponding Tickets; and at the ſame time the Receiver ſhall deliver to the ſaid Adventurer, the Tickets ſo cut off, which is to be kept for the better ſecuring the ſhare to be had in the ſaid Fond, for the Mony adventured.

*Tickets how to be ordered upon receipt of the Mony*

*The Receivers to deliver the Books with the Tickets to the Managers, and when.*

XXXIII. The Receivers ſhall on the 20*th* of *September* 1694. redeliver to the Managers at their Office all the ſaid Books, and therein all the ſaid Tickets of the firſt and ſecond Columns, and ſo many of the extream Columns as ſhall remain uncut, and ſhall then deliver an Account in Writing of all Monies by them received for the Tickets delivered, and how much thereof have been actually paid by the Receiver into the Exchequer. And the Managers that ſhall roll up ſo many Tickets of the middle Columns as ſhall correſpond with thoſe of the extream Columns which ſhall have been cut out and diſpoſed, and make them faſt with Thread or Silk, and then cut them off Indent-wiſe through the oblique Lines, into a Box marked with the Letter *A.* which Box ſhall be put into another ſtrong Box, and lockt up with ſeven different Locks and Keys, to be kept by the ſaid Managers, and ſealed with their Seals, or ſome of them, and kept till the time of drawing, and the Tickets in the innermoſt Columns to remain ſtill in the Books for the diſcovery of any Miſtake or Fraud.

*Tickets to be rolled up by the Managers, and how to be ordered.*

*Other Books to be prepared, which ſhall be diſtinguiſhed into two Columns.*

XXXIV. The Managers ſhall alſo prepare other Books in which every Line ſhall be divided into two Columns, and upon the innermoſt of thoſe Columns ſhall be printed 100000 Tickets; and upon the outermoſt of the ſaid two Columns ſhall be printed 100000 Tickets of equal length and breadth as near as may be, which two Columns ſhall be joined with ſome Flouriſh or Device, through which the outmoſt Tickets may be cut off Indent-wiſe; and that 2500 Tickets part of thoſe

thoſe contained in the outmoſt Columns in the Books laſt mentioned, ſhall be called Fortunate Tickets, to which extraordinary Benefits ſhall belong. And if the whole Sum of 1000000 *l.* ſhall be contributed by the Adventurers, as aforeſaid, then the Managers ſhall cauſe the ſaid Fortunate Tickets to be written upon, as well in Figures as in words at length in manner following,

*Fortunate Tickets and Annuities.*

Upon one of them 1000 *l.* yearly.
Upon every one of nine of them ſeverally 500 *l.* yearly.
Upon every one of twenty of them ſeverally 100 *l.* yearly.
Upon every one of eighty of them ſeverally 50 *l.* yearly.
Upon every one of ninety of them ſeverally 25 *l.* yearly.
Upon every one of three hundred of them ſeverally 20 *l.* yearly.
Upon every one of two thouſand of them ſeverally 10 *l.* yearly.

Amounting in the whole to 40000 *l. per Ann.*

To the Owner of the firſt-drawn Ticket 150 *l.* yearly.
To the Owner of the laſt-drawn Ticket 100 *l.* yearly, beſides the Benefits which may happen to the ſaid two laſt mentioned Tickets.

*If the Million ſhall not be advanced, how to be proportioned, and by whom.*

XXXV. Provided if the whole Sum of 100000 *l.* ſhall not be advanced on or before the 10th of *September*, then ſo much of the yearly Sum of 140000 *l.* as ſhall bear proportion to the real Sum which ſhall be actually advanced, ſhall be the yearly Fond: And the Managers ſhall make a Calculation proportionably. Yet ſo as that every numbred Ticket that ſhall be drawn not having a Fortunate Lot, ſhall be entituled to 20 *s. per Ann.* for ſixteen years.

*Twenty ſhilling Tickets.*

*The Column of Fortunate and Blank Tickets how to be ordered.*

XXXVI. All the ſaid 100000 Tickets, as well Fortunate as Blanks which ſhall be contained in the ſaid outermoſt Columns of the Books laſt mentioned, ſhall be rolled up and faſtned with Thread or Silk, and be ſeverally cut out Indent-wiſe through the Figure or Device, to be put into another Box, marked with the Letter *B.* which ſhall be put into another Box and lockt up with ſeven different Locks and Keys, to be kept by as many Managers, and ſealed with their Seals, until theſe Tickets ſhall be alſo drawn in manner herein after men-

*No Mony received after 10th of* Sept. mentioned. And that no Mony ſhall be received from any Adventurer after the ſaid *10th* day of *September*. The rolling up, cutting off, and putting into the ſaid Boxes the ſaid Tickets, and locking up and ſealing the ſaid Boxes ſhall be performed by the ſaid Managers on or before the firſt of *October* 1694. and to certifie each Party concerned that the Counterpart of the ſame number with his Ticket is put into the Box marked *A.* from whence the ſame may be drawn, notification in Print ſhall be given of the time of cutting the ſaid Tickets into the ſaid Boxes, that the Adventurers may be preſent at the doing thereof.

*Rolling up Tickets, and ſealing the Boxes*, &c.

*Notice of cutting the Tickets.*

*Adventurers Tickets within what time to be brought.*

XXXVII. On the *8th* of *October* 1694. the Boxes with the Tickets therein, ſhall be brought into the *Guild-hall* in *London* by eight of the Clock in the Forenoon, and the two Boxes containing the ſaid Tickets to be taken out of the other two Boxes, and the Tickets to be well ſhaken and mingled in each Box diſtinctly, and one indifferent Perſon appointed by the Managers ſhall draw one Ticket from that Box where the ſaid numbred Tickets ſhall be put, and one other indifferent Perſon to take out a Ticket from that Box where the 2500 Fortunate, and 97500 Blank Tickets are promiſcuouſly put, and immediately both the Tickets ſo drawn ſhall be opened, and the numbred Ticket as well as the Fortunate or Blank ſhall be named aloud; and if the Ticket drawn from the Fortunate Box be a Blank, then the numbred Ticket ſo drawn, with the ſaid Blank at the ſame time drawn, ſhall both be put on the File: But if the Ticket ſo drawn from the Box of Fortunate and Blank Lots ſhall appear to be a Fortunate Ticket, then the yearly Sum writ upon that Ticket ſhall be entred by a Clerk, appointed by the ſaid Managers, into a Book kept for entring the Numbers coming up with the ſaid Fortunate Tickets, and the yearly Sums thereon: And two of the ſaid Managers ſhall ſet their Names as Witneſſes to every ſuch entry, and the ſaid Fortunate Ticket ſhall be put upon another File, and both filed; and this to continue until the whole number of 2500 *l.* Fortunate Tickets, and one more for the laſt ſhall be drawn.

*The Fortunate Tickets how to be managed when drawn.*

*The Managers to ſet their Names.*

XXXVIII. After ſix days, and within ſixty days after the drawing is finiſhed, the Adventurers or their Agents which are poſſeſs'd of Fortunate Lots ſhall appear with the ſaid numbred Tickets before the

the Managers, that ſo the Managers may write down the Names of the Fortunate Lots, and the ſeveral yearly Sums thereon written, and to whom they belong, and the number of the Ticket againſt each Fortunate Ticket: And for the better ſatisfaction of the Fortunate Adventurers, the yearly Annuities ſhall be printed: And if any Contentions ſhall ariſe, the major part of the Commiſſioners ſhall determine the ſame. All Forgers of Counterfeit Tickets, knowing the ſame to be ſo, and being thereof legally convict, ſhall be puniſhed as Felons.

*Fortunate Tickets to be printed. Differences to be determined, &c. Forging of Tickets Felony.*

XXIX. The Managers to prepare a Parchment Book, wherein ſhall be entred the Names and Sirnames of Perſons entituled to Fortunate Tickets, and their reſpective Places of Abode, and the yearly Annuities they are to have: This Book to be ſigned by the Managers, and to be tranſmitted by the firſt day of *March* 1694. into the Office of the Auditor of the Receipts of the Exchequer; and a Duplicate thereof ſhall be tranſmitted to the Officer of the Transfer Office herein after mentioned. The Annuities to be paid by half-yearly Payments, *viz.* at *Lady-day* and *Michaelmas*, or within twenty days after; the firſt payment to be at *Lady-day* 1695. The Lots which are not Fortunate ſhall have 20 *s. per Annum* paid every *Michaelmas* or twenty days after, the firſt payment to be at *Michaelmas*.

*Names of Perſons and Places of Abode. Annuities when to be paid.*

XXX. All Perſons commiſſionated by their Majeſties to be Managers and Directors in this Act, ſhall before they act take the following Oath, *viz.* *I A. B. do ſwear that I will faithfully execute the Truſt repoſed in me; And that I will not uſe any indirect Art or Means, or permit or direct any Perſon to uſe any indirect Art or Means, to obtain a Prize or Fortunate Lot for my Self or for any other Perſon whatſoever: And that I will do my utmoſt endeavour to prevent any ſiniſter or undue Practice, to be done by any Perſon whatſoever. And that I will to the beſt of my Judgment declare to whom any Prize, Lot or Ticket of Right does belong, according to the true intent of this Act.* The ſaid Oath may be adminiſtred by any two or more of the other Managers or Directors.

*The Managers Oath. By whom to be adminiſtred.*

XXXI. Out of the reſidue (which in any caſe will not exceed 2500 *l. per Annum*) of the ſaid yearly Sum of 140000 *l. per Annum* after paying or leaving ſufficient to pay all the ſaid Annuities belong-

*The reſidue of the 140000 l. per Ann. imployed.*

belonging to the Fortunate and other Lots, it ſhall be lawful to reward the Managers, Clerks and Officers, as ſhall be thought fit by their Majeſties, or the Commiſſioners of the Treaſury.

*Allowance for paying before-hand.*

XXXII. He that pays his 10 *l.* before the 10*th* of *September* ſhall have allowance for Intereſt after 14 *l. per Cent.* from the time of payment, till the 29*th* of *September* 1694. And the Receiver ſhall have allowance as the Commiſſioners of the Treaſury ſhall think fit, not exceeding 1 *d.* in the Pound.

*Transfer Office to be erected; the Books and Tickets to be delivered there and how to be managed.*

XXXIII. And for the due payment of the ſaid Annuities and making them ſafe and eaſie to the Adventurers, there ſhall be a Transfer Office erected in *London*, and a Commiſſioner or Chief Officer appointed by their Majeſties under the Great Seal of *England*. After the adjuſting the Fortunate Lots aboveſaid by the ſaid Managers, all the Ticket-Books and Tickets which ſhall remain in the Hands of the Managers (except that Book which is to be tranſmitted into the Exchequer) ſhall be committed to the Commiſſioner of the Transfer Office, who is alſo to receive in all the ten pound Tickets delivered out, and to deliver out to the Bearer of each of thoſe Tickets ſixteen Vellom Tickets for the ſixteen yearly Payments upon the Annuities of 20 *s. per Annum*, and two and thirty Vellom Tickets for the two and thirty half-yearly Payments upon the higher Annuities. And that Books upon a particular ſort of Vellom or Paper, on the backſide clouded, ſhall be printed, to contain as many Tickets as be neceſſary for this purpoſe, and that three of one ſort be alike numbred and flouriſhed. That the middle Ticket of the three be cut off Indent-wiſe, to be delivered out as aforeſaid. That one of the other three be bound up in a Book, to remain in the Transfer Office, for any Perſon to know whether the Ticket that is offered to be diſpoſed be a true or falſe one: And that the other of the three be bound up in a Book and delivered into the Exchequer to pay by, when the middle Ticket becomes payable: And that the middlemoſt Ticket that ſhall be delivered to any one that ſhall be entituled to a Fortunate Lot, be ſigned by the Commiſſioner of the Transfer Office, or his Deputy: And that at ſome time within forty days before the growing due of the payment of the ſaid Annuities, the Commiſſioner of the Transfer Office or his Depury, ſhall examine the Ticket for that

*To diſcover a Ticket to be diſpoſed, whether it be true or falſe.*

*How to make the payment eaſie to the Adventurers and ſafely to aſſign and tranſfer.*

that particular Payment, and if it anſwers the Counterpart in that Office, he ſhall ſign the Examination thereof without Fee: and then the Officer of the Exchequer examining the ſame, and finding it to anſwer the Counterpart lodged in his Office, he ſhall take it up and the Contents thereof to the Bearer at the time appointed for the payment thereof without any farther Warrant or Order: And that the Tickets for 20 *s. per Annum* ſhall be paid at the Exchequer without any farther Examination, Warrant or Order by the Commiſſioner of the Transfer Office. And if a falſe Ticket be found, that the Officer of the Transfer Office or Exchequer do cut a Slip out of it, and the Perſon that brings it be liable to pay a Fine of 5 *l.* and for want of payment to be committed to priſon.

*20 s. Tickets where to be paid. False Ticket to pay 5 l.*

XXXIV. The Fee for examining a Ticket in order to make a true Aſſignment or Transfer, other than to obtain the Payment thereof in the Exchequer, as aforeſaid, ſhall be 1 *d.*

*1 d. for examining a Ticket.*

XXXV. If any Perſon takes a counterfeit Ticket, and does not come to the Office to prove it within ten days after his receipt thereof in *London*, or within within ten miles of *London*, or within thirty days after the receipt of it in any other part of *England*, that then the Party that ſold it ſhall not be liable to any damage, or to repay the value received for the ſame.

*Counterfeit Ticket within what time to be proved.*

XXXVI. If the Officers of the Exchequer ſhall take any other Fee or Reward than by this Act appointed for executing their reſpective Truſts and Offices, they ſhall forfeit their Office, and pay treble Damages with Coſts of Suit to any Adventurer that will ſue for the ſame, without Eſſoign, Protection or Priviledge of Parliament, *&c.*

*Taking other Fees than by this Act, forfeiture of Office.*

XXXVII. If any Officer of the Transfer Office ſhall paſs any Ticket for payment, or any Officer of the Exchequer ſhall make any payment of any Shares of the ſaid Fonds, upon ſuch Tickets as are above directed, ſuch Officer ſhall not incur any Penalty, or be liable to any Action of the Adventurers though ſuch Ticket be forged, except he knew it to be ſo.

*Officer not liable though Ticket be forged, unleſs he knew it.*

XXXVIII. Mony lent by, or payable to any Perſons by virtue of this Act ſhall not be chargeable with any Rates, Duties or Impoſitions whatſoever.

*Mony lent to be free from Taxes*

*And to be imployed as the Act directs.*

XXXIX. All Grants or Diſpoſitions of Mony ariſing by this Act, hereafter to be made by their Majeſties, to any other Perſon, or in any other manner, or for any longer Term or Intereſt than by this Act appointed, ſhall hereby be made null.

*A diſtinct Office in the Exchequer for payment of Annuities.*

XL. There ſhall be in the ſaid receipt of the Exchequer a diſtinct Office for paying the Annuities; the ſaid Office ſhall continue till all the Payments to grow due by this Act, during the ſaid Term of ſixteen years ſhall be ſatisfied. And an Officer or Officers ſhall be appointed hereunto by the Commiſſioners, or the Treaſurer of the Exchequer, who ſhall take ſecurity of the Officers for the due paying and accounting the Monies they ſhall receive, and for the faithful performance of their Office. And the Monies which ſhall be brought into the Receipt of the Exchequer, ſhall by the Commiſſioners of the Treaſury, or the Under-Treaſurer of the Exchequer, without any farther or other Warrant, and ſuch proportions from time to time, as ſhall be neceſſary and ſufficient to anſwer the reſpective Payments which ſhall grow due, be iſſued or paid over from time to time to the Officers by way of Impreſt, and upon Account to and for the payment of the ſaid Annuities by this Act appointed: And ſuch particular Officers ſhall be liable and ſubject to ſuch Inſpection, Examination, Comptrol and Audit, and to ſuch Rules as the Commiſſioners of the Treaſury, or the Treaſurer and Under-Treaſurer of the Exchequer ſhall think fit.

*Officers to give ſecurity.*

*Monies how to be iſſued.*

*Officers to be liable to account and be inſpected.*

*All Officers to obſerve the Commiſſioners directions.*

XLI. The Managers, Directors, Commiſſioner and Officer of the Transfer Office, Receivers, and the particular Officer in the Exchequer, and all the Clerks, Miniſters and Servants ſhall for the better execution of their Truſts, obſerve and perform ſuch Rules, Methods and Orders as they ſhall from time to time receive from the Commiſſioners of the Treaſury, *&c.* ſo as ſuch Rules, Methods and Orders be conducible to the ends and purpoſes in this Act.

*The King enabled to borrow Mony upon this Act.*

XLII. If the whole Sum of 1000000 *l.* be not paid into the Exchequer upon this Act before the 24*th* of *June* 1694. then it ſhall be lawful for their Majeſties by way of Loan to borrow ſo much as to make it up, to be paid with Intereſt at 8 *l. per Cent.* out of the Monies after to be brought in by this Act: And if the Monies ſhall not all come

come in, then out of the next Supply granted by Parliament; and if no ſuch Supply ſhall be before the 2*d* of *February* 1694. then to be paid out of the Treaſury. If the 1000000 *l.* ſhall not be advanced, then the Overplus of the Fond ſhall be diſpoſed as hereafter ſhall be directed by Act of Parliament. *How the ſame to be repaid.*

XLIII. The Receivers of the Salt Duty ſhall between the 25*th* of *March* 1695. and the 29*th* of *September* following, and ſo yearly during the continuance of this Act deliver in their Accounts to the Auditors of the Impreſt, who ſhall examine them upon Oath what Sum was raiſed, and what part paid into the Exchequer, or by virtue of any Warrant of Privy Seal or Warrant of the Commiſſioners of the Treaſury, and to whom and for what Service, and ſuch Account ſo taken by the ſaid Auditor, to be declared before the Lord Treaſurer, or Lords Commiſſioners of the Treaſury, and Chancellor of the Exchequer. *When the Receivers of the Salt Mony are to deliver in their Accompts.*

XLIV. No Member of the Houſe of Commons ſhall directly or indirectly be concerned in the farming, collecting or managing any Duties granted by this Act, or that ſhall be granted by any other Act, except the Commiſſioners of the Treaſury, the Officers of the Cuſtoms and Exciſe, and thoſe appointed Commiſſioners for the Act of 4 *s.* in the Pound for one year, as to their executing only the Authority of the ſaid Act, by which they are appointed Commiſſioners; And alſo excepting *Thomas Neale* Eſquire. *No Member of the Houſe of Commons to be concerned in the farming or managing thoſe Duties; except*, &c.

*The Act upon Tunnage.*

I. **Stat.** 5 & 6 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 5. *cap.* 14. It is enacted, That for the Term of four Years, commencing from the firſt day of *June* 1694. there ſhall be throughout *England*, *Wales*, and the Town of *Berwick*, levied and paid into, and for the uſe of their Majeſties, their Heirs and Succeſſors, upon the Tunnage of all Ships and Veſſels, whereon during that time there ſhall be imported any Goods or Merchandize from the Places in the Act after mentioned, or ſhall be carried Coaſt-wiſe from Port to Port, within *England*, *Wales*, or the Town of *Berwick*, theſe Duties and Impoſitions, that is to ſay, For every Tun of the Burthen or Contents of any Ship or Veſſel importing Goods or Merchandizes from the *Eaſt-Indies*, or any Ports *Duties upon Tunnage from the 1ſt of* June 1694.

*The ſeveral Rates.* Southwards or Eaſtward of *Cabo bona Speranza*, the Sum of 30 *s.*

From any Ports or Places in *Italy* or *Turky* 15 *s.*

From any Ports or Places in *Portugal* or *Spain* 10 *s.*

From any the Plantation, Lands or Places in the *Weſt-Indies* 10 *s.*

From *Holland*, or any the *United Provinces*, *Netherlands* or *Flanders* 3 *s.*

From *Norway*, *Hamborough*, or the *Baltick Sea*, *Eaſtland Countries*, or any other Ports or Places North of *Holland* 5 *s.*

From *Ireland* or *Scotland* 2 *s.*

From any Port or Place in the *Mediterranean Sea* (not otherwiſe charged in this Act) 15 *s.*

From the Ports or Coaſts of *Guinea* or *Africa* without the Streights 20 *s.*

From *Hudſons Bay*, or any Place within the Limits of that Companies Charter 20 *s.*

From the *Canaries*, *Maderas* or any the Weſtern Iſlands 10 *s.*

From any Ports or Places in *Greenland*, *Muſcovia* or *Ruſſia* 10 *s.*

For every Tun of the Burthen of any Ship or Veſſel in the Coaſting Trade from Port to Port, in *England*, *Wales* or *Berwick* 6 *d.*

*Contents of Ships to be taken by the Officers in the Ports where they arrive.* II. The ſeveral Duties impoſed ſhall be accounted and paid, according to the Meaſure of ſuch Ships or Veſſels, which ſhall be made by their Majeſties Officers, in the reſpective Ports or Places where they ſhall arrive: And the Maſters, Owners or Freighters, at the Port or Place of the diſcharge or unlading of their Ships or Veſſels, ſhall cauſe them to be entred in the Cuſtom-houſe belonging to ſuch Port or Place, and at the time of the entry, or before any unlading ſhall pay down in ready Mony to their Majeſties Officers of the Cuſtoms the ſaid Duties, or give Security by Bond to their Majeſties with Sureties, to be approved by the ſaid Officers of the Cuſtoms, to pay the Duties within the ſpace of one Month next after clearing of the Ship: Where the Duties ſhall be paid down, there ſhall be a rebate or deduction out of the ſame, after the rate of 10 *l. per Cent. per Annum* for every hundred pound the Duty ſhall amount unto: And where any Goods ſhall be unſhipped to be laid on Land, before the Duty paid or Security given, the Ship or Veſſel out of which they

*Ships to be entred, and Duties paid before the unlading, or Security given.*

*Rebate where Duties paid down.*

*Forfeiture for not paying Duties.*

they ſhall be unladen, together with the Guns, Tackle, Ammunition and Apparel ſhall be forfeited and loſt, one moiety to their Majeſties, and the other to the Party that will ſue or ſeize for the ſame, to be recovered in any of their Majeſties Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*; And over and beſides, the Owner, Maſter or Freighters ſhall be chargeable with the ſaid Duties of Tunnage.

*Duties by whom to be paid, and how.*

III. The Duties upon the Tunnage of Ships importing Goods or Merchandizes from Parts beyond the Seas or *Scotland*, ſhall be paid and born by the Merchant-Freighters, and by the Maſter and Owners of ſuch Ships, by way of Average amongſt themſelves, two third parts by the Merchants and Freighters according to their Shares in the Freight, and the other third part by the Maſters or Owners: And the Duties upon Ships employed in the Coaſting Trade ſhall be paid and born by the Maſter or Owners of ſuch Ships.

*Greenland and Newfoundland Ships to pay for their lading, not Tunnage.*

IV. Ships belonging to the Company of Merchants of *London* trading to *Greenland* ſhall pay 10 *s. per* Tun only for their own Blubber, Whale-Fins or any other Merchandize, and not be obliged to pay according to the Shipping: And ſo likewiſe Ships trading to *New-found-land* ſhall pay only for their Train-Oyl, and other Merchandize 10 *s. per* Tun, and not for their meaſure of their Shipping.

*What French Goods are to pay if Peace be made during this Act.*

V. If Peace be made betwixt their Majeſties and the French King during the continuance of this Duty of Tunnage, then all Ships importing Goods and Merchandizes from any of the French Kings Territories in *Europe* without the Streights, ſhall pay the like Duty as any Ships importing Goods from *Portugal* are charged with by this Act, over and above all Duties payable for ſuch Ships.

*Barges, &c. not chargeable.*

VI. This Act ſhall not extend to charge or lay any Duty uponany Barges imployed in carrying Sand, Lime or Slate-Stone from Port to Port within *England* or *Wales* for and in reſpect of ſuch lading only.

*Ships and Veſſels how to be meaſured.*

VII. All Ships and Veſſels liable to theſe Duties ſhall be gauged and meaſured by the length of the Keel taken within Board (ſo much as ſhe treads upon the Ground;) And the breadth to be taken within Board by the Midſhip Beam from Plank to Plank; And the depth of the Hold to be

taken from the Plank below the Kelſey, to the under part of the Upper Deck Plank, and the length and breadth as before; Then multiply the length by the breadth, and the Product thereof by the depth, and divide the whole by 94, and the Quotient will give the true Contents of the Tunnage; And the Duties of Tunnage thereby ſhall be computed and collected.

*The ſeveral Duties of Exciſe upon Liquors after 17 of May 1697*

VIII. After the *17th* of *May* 1697. there ſhall be throughout *England*, *Wales*, and the Town of *Berwick* raiſed, collected and paid unto their Majeſties, their Heirs and Succeſſors by way of Exciſe over and above all Impoſitions by any former Act then unexpired,

For every Barrel of Beer or Ale above 6 *s.* the Barrel, excluſive of the Duty of Exciſe, brewed by the common Brewer, or any other Perſon who doth ſell or tap out Beer or Ale publickly or privately, to be paid by the common Brewer, or any ſuch other Perſon, and ſo proportionably for a greater or leſſer quantity, over and above the Duties payable for the ſame 9 *d.*

For every Barrel of Beer or Ale of 6 *s.* the Barrel or under, brewed or ſold as aforeſaid, and ſo proportionably, to be paid by ſuch common Brewer, or other Perſon reſpectively 3 *d.*

For every Barrel of Vinegar or Vinegar Beer brewed or made of any Engliſh Materials, by any common Brewer or any other Perſon, for ſale, to be paid by the Maker thereof, and ſo proportionably for a greater or leſſer quantity, over and above the Duties of Exciſe payable for the ſame 1 *s.* 6 *d.*

If it run through Rape, or be made with, or paſſing through Foreign Materials, or any mixture with them 4 *s. per* Barrel, and ſo proportionably.

For every Barrel of Beer, Ale or Mum imported from beyond the Seas, or Iſlands of *Guernſy*, to be paid by the Importers before landing, and ſo proportionably for the quantity, over and above for the Duties payable for the ſame 3 *s.*

For every Tun of Cyder or Perry imported from beyond the Seas, and ſo proportionably, to be paid by the Importer before landing, over and above the Duties payable for the ſame 4 *l.*

For every Gallon of ſingle Brandy, Spirits or *Aqua-vitæ* imported from beyond the Seas, to be paid by the Importer before landing, over and

above

above the Duties payable for the ſame 6 *d.* and of double above proof 1 *s.*

For every Hogſhead of Cyder and Perry made and ſold by retail, to be paid by the Retailer, and ſo proportionably for a greater or leſſer Meaſure, over and above the Duties payable for the ſame 1 *s.* 3 *d.*

For every Gallon of Metheglin or Mead made for ſale, whether by retail or otherwiſe, to be paid by the Maker 3 *d.*

*The ſeveral Duties how to be collected.*

And theſe Duties ſhall be levied, collected and paid in the ſame manner and form, and by ſuch Rules and under ſuch Penalties and Forfeitures as in the Acts made in the 12*th* year of King *Charles* II. and the 15*th* of the ſame King are mentioned; or by another Law in force relating to the ſaid Revenue of Exciſe, and the Clauſes in the ſaid Acts to be of force for and concerning the Duties hereby granted, as if particularly recited in the Body of this Act.

*Monies ariſing by theſe Duties to be kept apart.*

IX. The Commiſſioners of the Exciſe, and the Commiſſioners and other Officers of the Cuſtoms, at the Head-Office in *London*, ſhall ſeparate and keep apart all the Monies ariſing by theſe Duties, as the ſame ſhall from time to time ariſe, or be paid into the ſaid Office of Exciſe, or unto the Receiver-General of the Cuſtoms; and the Comptroller of the Exciſe, and of the Cuſtoms or their reſpective Deputies ſhall keep a diſtinct account in Books fairly written, of all thoſe Rates and Duties to which all Perſons ſhall have free acceſs at all reaſonable times *gratis*. And the Commiſſioners of the Exciſe and Cuſtoms are to pay weekly upon every Week, if it be not a Holiday, and then the next day after that is not a Holiday, theſe Monies into the Receipt of the Exchequer, diſtinct and apart from other Monies they ſhall receive; and in the Office of the Auditor of the Receipt, one Book ſhall be kept, in which all the ſaid Weekly Monies ſhall be entred apart. And if the Commiſſioners ſhall refuſe or neglect to pay into the Exchequer, all or any of the ſaid Weekly Sums in ſuch manner as hereby required, or ſhall divert or miſapply any part of the ſame; or if ſuch Comptroller ſhall neglect his Duty in keeping ſuch Accounts, then he or they ſhall forfeit their reſpective Places, and be incapable of any Place of Truſt or Office whatſoever; and ſuch Commiſſioner ſhall be liable to pay

*Holidays no pay-days*

*Monies how to be paid.*

*Commiſſioners neglecting or miſapplying, their Forfeiture.*

pay the full value of any Sum diverted or misapplied, to any Person that shall sue for the same in any of their Majesties Courts of Record at *Westminster*. Their Majesties out of the Duties may allow Salaries and incident Charges as shall be necessary for receiving, collecting and managing the same Duties. The Head-Office of Excise now in *London* shall be continued there for ever, or within ten miles thereof: And likewise for ever shall be continued there or within the same distance a Comptroller of the Excise; the Commissioners of Excise and Comptroller to be appointed by their Majesties, their Heirs and Successors.

*Necessary Charges to be deducted*

*Head-Office to continue in* London, *or within ten miles.*

*What shall be the yearly Fond.*

X. That yearly and every year, reckoning the first year to begin from the 1*st* of *June* 1694. the full Sum of 140000 *l.* out of these Monies, by the said Duties of Tunnage and Excise, and to be brought into the Receipt of the Exchequer by weekly payments (in case the weekly payments shall extend thereunto) shall be the whole and intire yearly Fond. And in case the said weekly payments shall not amount to so much, then as far as they will extend, shall be part of the yearly Fond, for and towards the answering and paying of the Annuities and other Purposes in this Act after mentioned. And in case of deficiency by the said Duties of Tunnage and Excise, to discharge and satisfie the Annuities and other Benefits and Advantages by this Act appointed or intended to be paid within any one year, to be reckoned as aforesaid; or if they shall not amount in their weekly payments to so much as 140000 *l.* within such time, then the deficiency shall be made good out of any Treasure or Revenue belonging to their Majesties, their Heirs or Successors (not being appropriated to any particular Uses by any Act of Parliament) and that to be issued and paid without any farther or other Warrant, but to be done by virtue of this Act, towards the discharging and paying of the said Annuities and Benefits, as together with the Monies brought into the said Receipt for the Duties hereby granted, shall compleatly pay off the same within the year respectively grown due. And the yearly Sum of 140000 *l.* arising by and out of the said Impositions and Duties hereby granted, shall be kept separate and apart in the Receipt of the Exchequer, to be paid from

*In case of deficiency how to be supplied.*

from time to time, unto ſuch Perſon or Perſons, and in ſuch manner, proportion and form as is herein after directed.

*Their Majeſties to appoint Commiſſioners to take Subſcriptions.*

XI. Their Majeſties by Commiſſion under the Great Seal of *England* may authorize and appoint any number of Perſons to take and receive all ſuch voluntary Subſcriptions as ſhall be made on or before the firſt day of *Auguſt* 1694. by any Perſon or Perſons, Natives or Foreigners, Bodies Politick or Corporate, for and towards the raiſing and paying into the Receipt of the Exchequer the Sum of 1200000 *l.* part of the Sum of 1500000 *l.* And that the yearly Sum of 100000 *l.* part of the ſaid yearly Sum of 140000 *l.* riſing by the ſaid Duties and Impoſitions, ſhall be applied, iſſued and directed, and is hereby appropriated to the uſe of ſuch Perſons and Bodies Politick, as ſhall make ſuch voluntary Subſcriptions and Payments, their Heirs, Succeſſors or Aſſigns, in the proportion hereafter mentioned, that is to ſay, That each weekly or other payment riſing out of the Duties and Impoſitions by this Act granted, ſhall by the Auditor of the Receipt of Exchequer, from time to time as the ſame ſhall be paid in, be ſeparated and divided into five ſeventh parts, and two ſeventh parts, which is according to the proportion of the ſaid yearly Sum of 100000 *l.* to the ſaid yearly Sum of 140000 *l.* which five ſeventh parts of the ſaid ſeveral payments ariſing by the Duties of this Act, and ſo ſet apart, are appropriated towards the payment of the ſaid yearly Sum of 100000 *l.* and ſhall from time to time be iſſued and paid to the uſes of the Subſcribers and Contributors towards the raiſing and paying into the Receipt of Exchequer the Sum of 1200000 *l.*

*The Monies how to be divided and proportioned.*

*The 200000 l. and 100000 l. to be aſſigned or transferred.*

XII. Their Majeſties by Letters Patents under the Great Seal may limit, direct and appoint in what manner and proportions, and under what Rules and Directions the ſaid Sum of 200000 *l.* and the ſaid yearly Sum of 100000 *l.* and every or any part or proportion thereof may be aſſignable or transferrable, aſſigned or transferred to ſuch Perſon or Perſons only as ſhall freely and voluntarily accept of the ſame, and not otherwiſe, and to incorporate all and every ſuch Subſcribers and Contributors, their Heirs, Succeſſors and Aſſigns to be one Body Corporate and Politick, by the Name of Governor and Company of the Bank of *England*, and

*The Contributors to be incorporated.*

and by that Name to have perpetual Succeſſion, and a Common Seal, and to be capable in Law to purchaſe or grant, to ſue or be ſued, or anſwer or be anſwered in Courts of Record, or any other Place; ſubject nevertheleſs to the Condition of Redemption hereafter mentioned.

*Subject to condition of redemption.*

*If the 1200000 l. be not paid by 1 June 1694. the Contributors to receive 8 l. per Cent.*

XIII. That in caſe the whole Sum of 1200000 *l.* ſhall not be advanced and paid into the Receipt of Exchequer before the firſt of *January* 1694. that then the Subſcribers and Contributors towards the Sum of 1200000 *l.* their Heirs, Succeſſors and Aſſigns, ſhall have and receive only ſo much, and ſuch part and portion to the Sums ſo reſpectively paid and advanced as ſhall be after the rate of 8 *l. per Cent. per Annum*; And that any time upon twelve months notice after the firſt of *Auguſt* 1705. upon repayment by Parliament of the ſaid Sum of 1200000 *l.* or ſuch part thereof as ſhall be paid and advanced as aforeſaid, unto the reſpective Subſcribers and Contributors of the ſaid Sum of 1200000 *l.* or ſuch part thereof as ſhall be paid and advanced, their Heirs, Succeſſors and Aſſigns, and of all the Arrears of the ſaid yearly payments of 100000 *l.* or ſuch proportionable part thereof, according to the Sum which ſhall be paid and advanced, Then and from thence forward the ſaid yearly payments, and every of them of 100000 *l.* or ſuch proportionable part, and every part thereof, and the ſaid Corporation ſhall abſolutely ceaſe and determine.

*After 1ſt of Auguſt 1705. upon repayment of 1200000 l. the Corporation to ceaſe.*

*The Commiſſioners of the Treaſury to iſſue their Warrants yearly for the payment of the 100000 l. to the Contributors of the 1200000 l. The Officers of the Exchequer without fee*

XIV. The Commiſſioners of the Treaſury, and the Under-Treaſurer of the Exchequer now being, and the Lord High-Treaſurer and Under-Treaſurer or Commiſſioners of the Treaſury for the time being, are by this Act required, without other or farther Warrant to direct their Warrants yearly for the payment of the ſaid yearly Sums of 100000 *l.* to the Contributors of the ſaid Sum of 1200000 *l.* in the manner and proportion as herein before directed; and the Auditor of Receipt of Exchequer, and all other Officers of the Exchequer now and for the time being are enjoined to iſſue the ſaid Monies ſo ſet apart for the Uſes before mentioned, without Fee or Reward, from time to to time in the manner and proportions before mentioned, and under the like Penalties, Forfeitures and Diſabilities as are hereafter inflicted upon

on any Officer for diverting any Mony appropriated by this Act. *to iſſue out the Mony.*

XV. No Perſon or Body Politick ſhall by themſelves or any other in Truſt for him or them, ſubſcribe towards the raiſing the Sum of 1200000 *l.* any Sum exceeding the Sum of 20000 *l.* and ſuch Subſcriber ſhall at the time of ſuch Subſcription pay to the Commiſſioners authorized to take Subſcriptions, one full fourth part of ſuch Subſcription, and in default of payment, the Subſcription to be void; And the reſidue of the Subſcriptions ſhall be paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer as their Majeſties ſhall direct, before the firſt of *January* next, and in default of ſuch payments, then the fourth part firſt paid ſhall be forfeited, to and for the benefit of their Majeſties, their Heirs and Succeſſors. *No Perſon to ſubſcribe above* 20000 l. *A fourth to be paid at the time of the Subſcription.*

XVI. No Perſon or Perſons or Body Politick at any time or times before the firſt day of *July* next enſuing, ſhall ſubſcribe in his own Name or Names, or in any others in Truſt for him or them, towards the raiſing of the Sum of 1200000 *l.* any Sum or Sums exceeding in the whole Sum of 10000 *l.* *Before the 1ſt of* July *next no perſon ſhall ſubſcribe for more than* 10000 l.

XVII. In caſe the whole Sum of 1200000 *l.* or a moiety thereof be not ſubſcribed on or before the firſt of *Auguſt* 1694. Then the Powers and Authorities in this Act for executing a Corporation as aforeſaid, ſhall ceaſe and determine; And in ſuch caſe ſo much of the ſaid yearly Sum of 100000 *l.* as ſhall belong to the ſaid Subſcribers, ſhall be transferrable, and may be transferred by the reſpective Perſons ſo ſubſcribing and paying any part of the ſame into the Exchequer, or their reſpective Heirs, Succeſſors and Aſſigns, to any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, by any Writing under the Hand and Seal of the Perſon or Perſons transferring the ſame, atteſted by two or more credible Witneſſes, and entred within twenty days in a Book in the Exchequer by their Majeſties Remembrancer, for the entring whereof nothing ſhall be paid, which Entries the ſaid Remembrancer is from time to time upon requeſt directed to make; And ſuch part of the ſaid yearly Sum of 100000 *l.* as ſhall be due to the Subſcribers, ſhall not at any time be made uſe of, or be a Fond or Security for, or applied to pay any other Sums of Mony, ſave only ſuch Mony as ſhall in purſuance of this Act *The whole* 1200000 l. *or a moiety to be ſubſcribed before 1ſt of* Aug. *next elſe the Corporation to ceaſe. So much of the* 100000 l. *as belongs to*, &c. *The ſame to be no Fond or applied to other uſes than by this Act directed.*

be

be paid into their Majeſties Exchequer within the time by this Act limited.

*The Corporation not to borrow more than 1200000 l. Except enabled by Act of Parliament.*

XVIII. The Corporation ſo to be made ſhall not borrow or give ſecurity under their common Seal for any more, farther or other Sum than 1200000 *l.* ſo that they ſhall not any one time owe more, unleſs it be by Act of Parliament upon Bonds agreed in Parliament; And in ſuch caſe only ſuch farther Sums as ſhall be directed and allowed to be borrowed by Parliament, and for ſuch time only until they ſhall be repaid: And if any more, farther or other Sums of Mony ſhall be borrowed under the common Seal, then and in ſuch caſe, every Member or Members of the ſaid Corporation, his and their reſpective Heirs, Executors and Adminiſtrators ſhall in his and their reſpective private and perſonal Capacities, be chargeable with and liable in proportion to their ſeveral Shares or Subſcriptions to the repayment of ſuch Monies which ſhall be ſo borrowed, with Intereſt for the ſame: And in every ſuch Caſe an Action of Debt may be maintained in any of their Majeſties Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter* by the reſpective Creditor or Creditors to whom any ſuch Security under the common Seal of the ſaid Corporation ſhall be made, againſt all and every, or any one or more of the Members of the ſaid Corporation, their reſpective Heirs, Executors or Adminiſtrators in proportion to their reſpective Shares or Subſcriptions, wherein Judgment may be recovered as if Security were given in their private Capacities, any Condition, Covenant or Agreement to the contrary notwithſtanding; And if any ſuch ſhall be made to the contrary it is hereby declared void.

*If more borrowed, the Members liable to be ſued in their private Capacities.*

*Corporation not to Trade.*

XIX. The Corporation to be made ſhall not Trade, or ſuffer any Perſon in Truſt for them to trade with any of the Stock-Monies, or Effects of the Corporation in the buying or ſelling of any Merchandizes or Goods whatſoever: And every Perſon ſo trading, or by whoſe Order ſuch Trading ſhall be made, ſhall forfeit treble the value of the Goods and Merchandizes ſo traded for, to ſuch Perſon as will ſue for the ſame in any of their Majeſties Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*. But the Corporation may deal in Bills of Exchange, and in buying or ſelling Bullion, Gold or Silver, or in ſelling Goods mortgaged to them, and not redeemed

*Penalty for Trading.*

*Bills of Exchange, Mortgages, &c. excepted.*

deemed at the time agreed on, or within three months after, or ſuch Goods as ſhall be the produce of Lands purchaſed by the Corporation.

*Bills under Seal of the Corporation ſhall transfer the Property.*

XX. All Bills obligatory and of credit, under the Seal of the ſaid Corporation, made to any Perſon or Perſons, ſhall and may by Endorſement thereon under the Hand of ſuch Perſon or Perſons be aſſigned, and ſo *toties quoties*; and ſuch Aſſignment ſhall transfer the Property and Right to the Bill and Monies due upon the ſame, and the Aſſignee may ſue in his own Name.

*Governor not to lend more to their Majeſties than by Parliament directed.*

XXI. If the Governor or other Members of the Corporation to be eſtabliſhed, ſhall upon the Account of the Corporation, at any time or times purchaſe any Lands or Revenues belonging to the Crown, or lend to their Majeſties, their Heirs or Succeſſors, any Sum of Mony by way of Loan or Anticipation on any part of the Revenue now granted, or hereafter to be granted, other than ſuch part only on which a Credit of Loan is or ſhall be granted by Parliament, Then the ſaid Governor or Members ſo conſenting to lend, being thereof lawfully convict, ſhall for every ſuch Offence forfeit treble the value of ſuch Sum ſo lent, whereof one fifth part ſhall be to the Informer, to be recovered in any of their Majeſties Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*, and the reſidue to be diſpoſed of towards Publick Uſes, as ſhall be directed by Parliament, and not otherwiſe.

*Fines and Amerciaments not to be pardoned.*

XXII. All Amerciaments, Fines and Iſſues againſt the ſaid Corporation, upon Account of any Suits or Action to be brought againſt them, ſhall not be pardoned or diſcharged by any Letters of Signet, Privy Seal or Great Seal, or otherwiſe. And if ſuch be eſtreated into their Majeſties Exchequer againſt the ſaid Corporation, then the Officers of the Exchequer who are to pay the yearly Sum of 10000*o l.* to the ſaid Corporation, may out of that detain ſo much as the ſaid Amerciaments, Fines or Iſſues amount unto.

*After Eſtreatment may detain ſo much.*

*Officers of the Exchequer may ſatisfie the execution of a Judgment againſt the Corporation.*

XXIII. If any Perſon ſhall obtain a Judgment in any Court of Law againſt the ſaid Corporation for any Debt or Sum of Mony, and ſhall, bring Execution thereupon unto the ſaid Officers of the Exchequer, Then the ſaid Officers may pay, and are required to pay the Sum in the Execution mentioned, to the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs therein named, or their Aſſigns, whoſe Receipt ſhall be a Diſcharge

Diſcharge for the ſame; And the ſaid Officers may detain ſo much of the yearly Sum of 100000 *l.* as the Debt ſhall amount unto.

*Members of the Houſe, &c.*

XXIV. Any Member of the Houſe of Commons may be a Member of this Corporation.

XXV. Any Perſon Native or Foreigner may contribute towards the advancing of the Sum of 300000 *l.* by paying into the Receipt of the Exchequer before the 29*th* of *September* 1694. any Sum not exceeding the Sum of 300000 *l.* upon the Terms following; Every ſuch Perſon, his Executors, Adminiſtrators or Aſſigns out of the Rates and Duties granted by this Act, ſhall have and receive for every Sum of 100 *l.* ſo advanced and paid, ſuch yearly Annuity and Payment as herein after is directed: If ſuch Contributor ſhall advance and pay his Mony upon one Life only, then he ſhall have and receive a yearly Annuity or Payment of 14 *l.* for every 100 *l.* If upon two Lives, then of 12 *l.* If upon three Lives, then of 10 *l.* and ſo proportionably for a greater Sum, during the Life or Lives, or Life of the Survivor; the Life or Lives to be nominated by the Perſon or Perſons ſo paying the ſame: And that the Lives be nominated by the ſeveral Contributors, their Executors or Adminiſtrators, or ſuch as ſhall be employed by them to pay in the ſaid Sums within thirty days after the 29*th* of the ſaid *September* 1694. which yearly Annuity ſhall commence from the ſaid 29*th* of *September*, and ſhall be paid quarterly at the four moſt uſual Feaſts of the year, by equal Portions: And every Perſon on payment of ſuch Sum or Sums as aforeſaid, ſhall immediately have one or more Tally or Tallies importing the Receipt of the Conſideration Mony, and Orders for the payment of the ſaid Annuities, bearing the ſame date with the Tally; The ſaid Tallies to be levied, and the ſaid Orders to be ſigned in the ſame manner as in and by an Act of this preſent Parliament, Entituled, *An Act for the granting to their Majeſties certain Rates and Duties of Exciſe upon Salt, and upon Beer, Ale and other Liquors, for ſecuring certain Recompences and Advantages in the ſaid Act mentioned to ſuch Perſons as ſhall voluntarily advance the Sum of* 1000000 l. *towards carrying on the War againſt* France, is mentioned and directed, touching Tallies and Orders to be given to Contributors for Annuities upon the ſaid Act;

14 l. per Ann. *upon a ſingle life*, 12 l. *upon* 2, *and* 10 l. *upon* 3 *Lives, for each* 100 l. *advanced.*

*The Lives to be nominated within* 30 *days after the* 29*th of* Sept. 1694

*The Annuities to be paid quarterly.*

*Tallies for the payment of the ſame.*

Act: And the ſaid Orders not to be determinable, revocable or countermandable as touching the aforementioned Orders in the ſaid recited Act is enacted, which ſaid Orders ſhall be aſſignable in ſuch and the ſame manner as is mentioned in the ſaid recited Act touching Orders given to the Contributors in the ſaid Act mentioned: And all the Rates and Duties by this Act granted, or ſo much thereof as ſhall be ſufficient, are and ſhall be appropriated for the payment of the ſaid Annuities after the ſeveral and reſpective Rates aforeſaid, and not to be directed to any other uſe, under the like Penalties, Forfeitures and Diſabilities, in reſpect to all and every the Officers and other Perſons in the recited Act mentioned as are in the ſaid Act appointed and enacted in caſe of diverting or miſapplying any part of the Monies which ought to be paid to the Contributors upon the ſaid Act: And the ſaid Penalties and Forfeitures ſhall be ſued for, and recovered in ſuch manner and form as the Penalties in the ſaid recited Act are appointed to be ſued for and recovered, in which Suit no Protection, Priviledge of Parliament, or other Priviledge, Wager of Law, or more than one Imparlance ſhall be allowed. And the ſaid Officers ſhall keep Books and Regiſters, and make Entries of the Names of all Perſons who ſhall advance any Monies before the ſaid 29th day of *September*, and of all the Sums advanced, and the times of paying in the ſame, and the Names of ſuch Perſons for whoſe Lives the ſeveral Annuities are to be payable without Fee or Reward, to which Book all Perſons concerned ſhall have acceſs, as in the ſaid Act alſo is directed. All which the ſaid Officers are to do, under the like Penalties, Forfeitures and Diſabilities as in the ſaid recited Act are mentioned: And every Perſon who ſhall advance and pay in any ſuch Sum before the ſaid 29th day of *September* ſhall receive out of the Mony granted by this Act, for all Monies ſo advanced by him, and paid from the reſpective day of payment, unto the ſaid 29th day of *September* Intereſt at the rate of 10 *l. per Cent. per Annum.* And none of the Monies payable by this Act ſhall be charged with any Rates or Impoſitions whatſoever.

*Orders not to be countermanded.*

*Monies for payment of Annuities not to be miſapplied.*

*Books to enter the Names of ſuch as advance Mony before the 29th of* Sept.

10 l. per Cent. *for Monies advanced to the* 29th *of* Sept.

*Infant a Nominee and Contributor within this Act.*

XXVI. Any Guardian or Truſtee of any Infant may advance and pay the Sum of 100 *l.* of the Monies of ſuch Infant upon the reſpective Terms and Recompences herein mentioned. And if it be upon an Annuity for Life he ſhall within the time before appointed for the naming of Lives, name the ſaid Infant to be a Nominee, and ſuch Infant upon payment of the Sum, ſhall become a Contributor within the meaning of this Act, and be entituled to have and receive a Proportion, as any other Contributor: And the ſaid Guardian and Truſtee as to the ſaid Sum of 100 *l.* ſo advanced is hereby diſcharged.

*Guardian diſcharged*

*Contributor demanding Mony ſhall produce a Certificate of the life of the Nominee.*

XXVII. Every Contributor upon the Terms of having an Annuity for one, two or three Lives, his or her Executors, Adminiſtrators and Aſſigns, upon demanding any Payments, unleſs the Nominee or Nominees, or one of them appear in Perſon at the ſaid Receipt, ſhall produce a Certificate of the Life of his, her or their Nominee or Nominees, or one of them ſigned by the Miniſter or Church-warden of the Pariſh, where ſuch Nominee ſhall be then living, or make Oath of the truth of the Life of his, her or their reſpective Nominee, or one of them, upon the day when the payment ſhall become due, before one or more Juſtices of the Peace of the County, Riding, City or Town wherein ſuch Perſon at the time of making the ſaid Oath ſhall reſide, which Oath the Act gives power to adminiſter: And the Juſtice or Juſtices ſhall make a Certificate thereof, for which Oath and Certificate no Fee or Reward ſhall be required. And the Certificate ſhall be filed in the Office of Receipt of Exchequer; And if any Perſon ſhall be guilty of a falſe Oath, or forging a Certificate, and be thereof lawfully convict, he ſhall incur the Penalties to be inflicted upon Perſons who commit wilful Perjury or Forgery: And in caſe any Nominee at the time of ſuch demand be reſident in *Scotland*, or beyond the Seas, and any one or more Barons of the Exchequer ſhall certifie, that upon proof to him or them made, which proof may be taken in a ſummary way, it doth ſeem probable that the Nominee is living, which Certificate is to be given and examination made without Fee or Charge, the ſaid Certificate being filed ſhall be a ſufficient Warrant for making the ſaid Payment: And if any Perſon ſhall

*Or make Oath.*

*Penalty of a falſe Oath.*

ſhall receive any payment after the death of his Nominee, he ſhall forfeit treble the value of the Monies ſo received, one half to their Majeſties, their Heirs and Succeſſors, the other half to the Party that will ſue for the ſame. *Penalty for receiving Mony after death of Nominee.*

XXVIII. In caſe the whole Sum of 1200000 *l.* ſhall not be ſubſcribed and paid into the Exchequer, then ſo much of the ſaid yearly Sum of 100000 *l.* hereby intended to anſwer the Recompence for the ſame, as by ſuch deficiency ſhall by this Act be undiſpoſed, is hereby appropriated, ſo far as the ſame ſhall amount, to pay any Perſon and Perſons who ſhall advance and pay any Sums of Mony into the Exchequer, before the firſt of *February* 1694. on account to have an Annuity or Annuities for one, two or three Lives, ſuch reſpective Sums for ſuch reſpective Life or Lives, according to ſuch rate and proportion, and for ſuch time, and under ſuch Rules and Directions as are herein before contained, with relation to ſuch as ſhall advance and pay the ſaid 300000 *l.* *If the whole 1200000 l. be not paid, how the deficiency to be ſupplied.*

XXIX. If the whole Sum of 1500000 *l.* be not paid into the Exchequer upon this Act before the firſt of *October* 1694. then their Majeſties or their Officers in the Receipt of the Exchequer by their Command and Appointment, may borrow for their Majeſties uſe by way of Loan, any Sum or Sums, which together with the value of the Sums before the ſaid firſt of *October* contributed, ſhall not exceed the Sum of 1500000 *l.* which Sum or Sums ſo taken by way of Loan, may be charged upon the Credit of their Majeſties Exchequer in general, and Tallies of Loan and Orders of repayment ſhall be levied and drawn accordingly, which Orders ſhall be aſſignable and tranſferrable: All Sums of Mony ſo borrowed, not exceeding as aforeſaid, together with Intereſt for the ſame, not exceeding 8 *l. per Cent. per Annum*, to be paid every three months until ſatisfaction of the Principal, ſhall be payable and ſatisfied unto the Lender or Lenders, his, her or their Executors, Adminiſtrators or Aſſigns out of the Monies brought into the Exchequer by Contributions upon this Act, ſo far as the ſame ſhall extend. And in caſe they be not ſufficient, then the Loans which ſhall remain unſatisfied, and their Intereſt ſhall be repaid out of the next Aids or Supplies granted in Parliament, and ſhall be tranſferred *If the whole 1500000 l. be not paid by the 1ſt of Octob. 1694. their Majeſties may borrow ſo much as will make it up.* *At* 8 l. per Cent. *Aids granted by next Parliament to ſupply deficits.*

ferred thereunto as ſoon as any ſuch Aid or Supply ſhall be granted to their Majeſties: And if no ſuch Aids or Supplies be granted before the 2d of *February* 1694. then the Sums ſo borrowed, and their Intereſt, ſhall be paid out of their Majeſties Treaſure, not appropriated to any particular uſe by Act of Parliament before this time made.

*For want of ſuch Aids to be ſupplied out of the Treaſury.*

XXX. That out of the Mony to be levied by this Act, or another Act of this preſent Seſſion of Parliament, Entituled, *An Act for granting to their Majeſties certain Rates and Duties upon Salt, and upon Beer, Ale and other Liquors for ſecuring certain Recompences and Advantages in the ſaid Act mentioned, to ſuch Perſons as ſhall voluntarily advance the Sum of* 1000000 l. *towards carrying on the War againſt* France, or any other Act of this preſent Seſſion of Parliament, by which any Aids ſhall be granted to their Majeſties towards the carrying on the ſaid War, and which ſhall be paid into the Exchequer, as well upon Loans as otherwiſe, (except only the Mony appropriated to pay the Recompences in this and the before recited Act) the Sum of 1500000 *l.* (over and above the Sum of 1000000 *l.* appropriated by an Act of this preſent Seſſion of Parliament, Entituled, *An Act for granting to their Majeſties an Aid of* 4 s. *in the Pound, for one Year, for carrying on a vigorous War againſt* France, is appropriated for the Services of the Navy and Ordnance performed and to be performed: And that all other Monies to be paid by this, or any other Act of this preſent Seſſion of Parliament, not appropriated to the uſe of the Navy, or to pay the Recompences aforeſaid into the Receipt of the Exchequer, as well upon Loans as otherwiſe ſhall be appropriated to the payment of their Majeſties Land Forces and Armies, Ordnance, Ammunition, and other Charges incident to the War, and not otherwiſe.

*Monies appropriated to the uſe of the Navy and Ordnance, and Land Forces.*

XXXI. The half of the Mony paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer by this Act, or any other of this preſent Seſſion of Parliament (except the Act for granting an Aid of 4 *s.* in the pound for one year, *&c.* (and except what is appropriated to pay the Recompences aforeſaid) and except alſo one other Act Entituled, *An Act to ſupply the deficiency of the Monies raiſed by a former*

*Mony to be applied to the uſe of the Navy.*

Act

*Act*, Entituled, *An Act for granting to their Majeſties certain Rates and Duties of Exciſe upon Beer, Ale and other Liquors, for ſecuring certain Recompences and Advantages in the ſaid Act mentioned*, &c.) ſhall be applied to anſwer the ſaid Sum of 1500000 *l.* hereby appropriated to the uſe of the Navy, until the ſame ſhall be paid.

*Mony to pay Seamens Wages.*

XXXII. That out of the Sum of 1500000 *l.* and out of the Sum of 1000000 *l.* appropriated for the uſe of the Navy, the Sum of eleven hundred fifty ſix thouſand nine hundred ninety four pounds ſhall be applied to pay Wages to Officers and Seamen, and other Services belonging, according to the courſe of the Navy, to the Head of Wages; and to pay the Officers and Souldiers of the two Marine Regiments. And that twelve hundred fifty ſeven thouſand two hundred ſixty and ſix pounds be applied to pay for Victuals, neceſſary Proviſions and Stores, and other extraordinary Services of the Navy and Ordnance, eighty five thouſand ſeven hundred and forty pounds to pay the Wages of the Yards, and other ordinary Services of the Navy.

*Marine Regiment.*

*Victuals and Stores.*

*Yards*, &c.

*Former Act for the better executing this Act.*

XXXIII. The Rules and Directions appointed in one Act made in the firſt Year of their Majeſties Reign, Entituled, *An Act for a Grant to their Majeſties of an Aid of* 2 *s. in the Pound for one Year*, for the ſpeedy payment of Mony thereby granted into the Receipt of the Exchequer by the Collectors and Receivers, and for diſtribution and application thereof, and keeping diſtinct Accounts of the ſame, and all the Penalties and Forfeitures in caſe of diverſion of any Mony thereby appropriated, are hereby revived, and enacted to be executed and put in ure concerning the diſtribution and application of the ſaid Sums hereby appropriated, as fully and effectually as if the ſame were here particularly repeated and re-enacted.

*revived*

*Luſtrings and Alamodes, &c. to be markt and ſealed by the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms ſealed.*

XXXIV. The Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms from and after the end of this Seſſion of Parliament, ſhall mark and ſeal, or cauſe to be markt and ſealed all Luſtrings and Alamodes which are now imported, and in the Hands of any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, and alſo of all the ſaid Stuffs ſo called, which ſhall be hereafter imported, and keep an Entry and Regiſtry thereof in the Cuſtom-Houſe in a Book for that purpoſe provided, Thoſe imported already, to be ſo markt,

ſealed or regiſtred within twenty days of the ſaid time, for which there ſhall be no Fee or Reward paid, and thoſe hereafter imported from the time aforeſaid to be ſo markt, ſealed and regiſtred, without any Fee, before they be delivered out of the Cuſtom-Houſe Ware-Houſe. And all Luſtrings and Alamodes imported after the 15th day of *May* 1694. and not ſo ſealed and markt, ſhall be forfeited, and the Importers or Poſſeſſors thereof ſubject to ſuch and the like Penalties and Forfeitures as Importers of French Goods, by one Act made in the firſt Year of their Majeſties Reign, Entituled, *An Act for prohibiting all Commerce and Trade with* France, to be recovered as therein directed: And if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall alter or counterfeit the Marks or Seals uſed for that purpoſe, the Offender ſhall forfeit 500 *l.* to any that will ſue for the ſame in any of their Majeſties Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*.

*Penalty of unſealed Goods.*

*Counterfeiting Mark or Seal* 500 l.

XXXV. Whereas it is enacted in one Act of this preſent Seſſion of Parliament, Entituled, *An Act for granting to their Majeſties an Aid of* 4 s. *in the Pound for one Year*, &c. that over and above the Ships of War for the Line of Battail, and for Convoys to remote Parts, at the leaſt four Ships of the third Rate, and ſixteen of the fourth Rate, thirteen of the fifth Rate, and ten of the ſixth Rate ſhall be from time to time directed and appointed by the Lord High-Admiral, or the Commiſſioners for executing that Office, to ſuch proper Stations, as they ſhall deem meet, to cruiſe for ſecuring Merchants Ships in their going out and returning home, The Lord High-Admiral or Commiſſioners for executing that Office, ſhall exhibit to the Commons aſſembled in Parliament, at the next Seſſion of this or any other Parliament which ſhall happen after the firſt of *Auguſt* 1694. a Certificate in Writing under his or their Hands reſpectively, of the Ships ſet out, in purſuance of the ſaid recited Clauſe, expreſſing therein the Name and Rates of the Ships ſet out, the times when ordered, as alſo the Stations to which they were directed, and the times how long they were continued at Sea in that Service.

*Commiſſioners of the Admiralty to certifie at the next Seſſions of Parliament, what Ships have been ſet out, and the Places where.*

XXXVI. The Officers of the Receipt of the Exchequer may receive and take for their Fees, one peny in the pound, and no more for all or any the Sums of Mony to be iſſued or paid to any

*Fees of the Officers of the Exchequer* 1 d *in the Pound.*

any their Majeſties Garriſons, Land-Forces and Armies, and other Charges incident to the ſame, out of the Mony ariſing by this or any other Act and Grant of this Seſſion, or any other Seſſion of Parliament, during this preſent War, to be diſtributed in ſuch proportion as the Lord Treaſurer or Commiſſioners of the Treaſury ſhall appoint.

*No Collector, Gauger or Officer of Exciſe ſhall give his Vote for Parliament Man.*

XXXVII. After the firſt day of *May* 1694. no Collector, Surveyor, Gauger, or other Officer or Perſon whatſoever concerned in the Exciſe, or any Branch or Part thereof, ſhall by Word, Meſſage or Writing, or in any other manner whatſoever, endeavour to perſwade any Elector to give or diſſwade any from giving his Vote for the Choice of any Perſon to be a Knight of the Shire, Citizen, Burgeſs or Baron of any City, Borough or Cinque-Port to ſerve in Parliament; and every Officer, or other Perſon offending ſhall forfeit 100 *l.* one moiety to the Informer, the other to the Poor of the Pariſh where ſuch Offence ſhall be committed, to be recovered by any Perſon that ſhall ſue for the ſame in any of their Majeſties Courts at *Weſtminſter*; and every Perſon convict on any ſuch Suit of the ſaid Offence, ſhall be diſabled and incapable of ever executing any Office relating to the Duty of Exciſe, or other Office or Place of Truſt whatſoever under their Majeſties, their Heirs or Succeſſors.

*The Penalty for offending.*

*Gaugers to leave Notes in Writing*

XXXVIII. True Notes in Writing of the laſt Gauges made or taken by the Gaugers, ſhall be left by them with Brewers, Makers or Retailers of Beer, Ale, or other Exciſable Liquors, or ſome of their Servants, at the times of taking their ſaid Gauges, containing the quantity and quality of the Liquors ſo gauged, upon the Penalty of 5 *l.* for every Offence or Neglect, to be recovered by any Perſon that ſhall ſue for the ſame in any of their Majeſties Courts of Record at *Weſtminſter*.

*Penalty for neglecting.*

*An Act upon Parchment*, &c.

*The Act when to commence.*

I. **Stat.** 5 & 6 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 5. *cap.* 15. From the 28*th* of *June* 1694. ſhall be paid the ſeveral Duties upon Vellum, Parchment and Paper for four Years thence enſuing, *viz.* For every Skin

*Letters Patents.*

or piece of Vellum or Parchment, on which any Grants or Letters Patents under the Great Seal of *England*, or the Seal of the Dutchy or County Palatine of *Lancaſter*, or of any Honour, Dignity, Promotion, Franchiſe, Liberty or Priviledge to any Perſon or Perſons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, or Exemplifications of the ſame ſhall be ingroſſed or written, the Sum of 40 *s.*

*Pardons, Reprieves, Relaxations.*

II. For every Skin or piece of Vellum, Parchment or Sheet of Paper on which are ingroſſed or written any Pardon of any Crime, or of any Mony or Forfeiture, or of any Warrant or Reprieve or Relaxation from any Fines, Corporal Puniſhments or other Forfeiture, ſhall pay 40 *s.*

*Grants of Mony by their Majeſties.*

III. For every Skin, *&c.* upon which any Grant from their Majeſties of any Sum of Mony exceeding 100 *l.* which ſhall paſs the Great Seal or Privy (not directed to the Great Seal) ſhall be engroſſed or written 40 *s.*

*Offices above* 50 l. per Ann.

IV. For every Skin, *&c.* upon which any Grant of any Office or Imployment which ſhall be above the value of 50 *l. per Annum*, ſhall be ingroſſed or written 40 *s.*

*Grants of Lands in Fee, for years,* &c.

V. For every Skin, *&c.* upon which any Grant of Lands in Fee, Leaſe for Years, or other Grant of Profit not herein particularly charged, that ſhall paſs the Great Seal, Exchequer Seal, Seal of the Dutchy or County Palatine of *Lancaſter*, or Privy Seal (not directed to the Great Seal) ſhall be ingroſſed or written 40 *s.*

*Eccleſiaſtical Promotions.*

VI. For every Skin, *&c.* upon which any Preſentation or Donation under the Great Seal, Collation by Archbiſhop or Biſhop, Preſentation or Donation by any Patron to any Benefice, Dignity or Spiritual Promotion (ſuch Benefice, Dignity or Spiritual Promotion being 10 *l.* value or above in the Kings Books, ſhall be ingroſſed or written 40 *s.*

*Regiſter, Entry, Teſtimonial,* &c.

VII. For every Skin, *&c.* on which any Regiſter, Entry, Teſtimonial or Certificate of any Degree taken in the Univerſities or Inns of Court, ſhall be engroſſed or written 40 *s.*

*Diſpenſations Eccleſiaſtical.*

VIII. For every Skin, *&c.* on which any Diſpenſation to hold two Eccleſiaſtical Dignities or Benefices, or both a Dignity and a Benefice, or any other Diſpenſation or Faculty, from the Archbiſhop of *Canterbury* or the Maſter of the Faculties, ſhall be ingroſſed or written 40 *s.*

IX. For

IX. For every Skin, *&c.* on which an Admittance of any Fellow of the Colledge of Phyſitians, or of any Attorny, Clerk, Advocate, Proctor, Notary or other Officers in any Court whatſoever, ſhall be ingroſſed or written 40 *s.* *Admittance of a Fellow of the Colledge, &c.*

X. For every Skin, *&c.* on which any Appeals from the Court of Admiralty, Arches, Prerogative Court of *Canterbury* or *York*, ſhall be ingroſſed or written 40 *s.* *Appeals from the Admiralty &c.*

XI. For every Skin, *&c.* on which any Conveyances, Surrenders of Grants or Offices, Releaſe or other Deed whatſoever, enrolled in any Court of *Weſtminſter*, or other Court of Record, or by any *Cuſtos Rotulorum*, or Clerk of the Peace, ſhall be ingroſſed or written 5 *s.* *Deeds inrolled.*

XII. For every piece, *&c.* on wich any Writ of Covenant for levying of Fines, or Writs of Entry for ſuffering Recoveries, ſhall be ingroſſed or written 5 *s.* *Writs of Covenant and Entry.*

XIII. For every Skin, *&c.* on which any Exemplification of whatever nature that ſhall paſs the Seal of any Court whatſoever, ſhall be ingroſſed or written 5 *s.* *Exemplifications.*

XIV. For every Skin, *&c.* on which any Decree or Diſmiſſion made by or in the Chancery, Exchequer, Dutchy-Court, or Courts of *Lancaſter*, *Cheſter*, *Durham*, or other Courts of Equity, ſhall be written or ingroſſed 6 *d.* *Decrees, Diſmiſſions*

XV. For every Skin, *&c.* on which any Inſtitution or Licence under Seal of any Archbiſhop, Biſhop, Chancellor or other Ordinary, or any Eccleſiaſtical Court, ſhall be written or engroſſed 5 *s.* *Licenſes Eccleſiaſtical.*

XVI. For every Skin, *&c.* on which any Writs of Error, *Certioraries*, *Habeas Corpus's*, or Appeals, (except to the Delegates) ſhall be written or ingroſſed 5 *s.* *Writs of Error, &c.*

XVII. For every Skin, *&c.* on which any *Significavit pro Corporis deliberatione* ſhall be written or ingroſſed 5 *s.* Significavit pro Corp. *&c.*

XVIII. For every Skin, *&c.* on which any Sentence in the Court of the Lord High Admiral or Cinque-Ports, exerciſing Admiralty Juriſdiction, Attachments out of the ſaid Court of Admiralty, or any Relaxation of any ſuch Attachment ſhall be ingroſſed or written 5 *s.* *Sentences, &c. in the Admiralty &c.*

XIX For

*Licenſes of Marriage*, &c. XIX. For every Skin, *&c.* on which any Licence or Certificates of Marriage, or Letters of Mart ſhall be ingroſſed or written 5 *s.*

*Probate of Wills*, &c. XX. For every Skin, *&c.* on which any Probate of Wills, or Letters of Adminiſtration for any Eſtate above 20 *l.* value ſhall be written or ingroſſed 5 *s.*

*Recognizances, Statutes.* XXI. For every Skin, *&c.* on which any Recognizance, Statute-Staple or Merchant ſhall be ingroſſed or written, or entred of Record in any Court or Office 5 *s.*

Niſi prius Poſteas. XXII. For every Skin, *&c.* on which any Record of *Niſi Prius* or *Poſtea* ſhall be ingroſſed or written 2 *s.* 6 *d.*

*Judgments.* XXIII. For every Skin, *&c.* on which are ingroſſed or written any Judgment which ſhall be ſigned by any Member of the Office or Prothonotaries, their Deputies, Secondaries or Clerks, or others belonging to any the Courts of *Weſtminſter*, who have Power, or uſually do or ſhall ſign Judgments 2 *s.* 6 *d.*

*Commiſſions Eccleſiaſtical.* XXIV. For every Skin, *&c.* on which any Commiſſion out of any Eccleſiaſtical Court (not herein otherwiſe particularly charged) ſhall be written or ingroſſed 2 *s.* 6 *d.*

*Warrants, Decrees in Admiralty or Cinque-Ports.* XXV. For every Skin, *&c.* on which are ingroſſed or written any Warrant, Monition or perſonal Decree in any Court of Admiralty or Cinque-Ports, any beneficial Warrant or Order under their Majeſties Sign Manual (except Warrant or Orders for the Navy, Arms and Ordnance) 2 *s.* 6 *d.*

*Special Bail.* XXVI. For every Piece, *&c.* on which are ingroſſed or written any Special Bail in any of the Courts at *Weſtminſter*, or before a Judge, which ſhall be filed in the Court, and alſo Appearances thereof 1 *s.*

*Bills, Anſwers*, &c. XXVII. For every Skin, *&c.* on which ſhall be ingroſſed or written any Bill, Anſwer, Replication, Rejoinder, Interrogatories, Depoſitions taken by Commiſſion, or any other Pleadings whatſoever in the Chancery, Exchequer, Dutchy and County Palatine Courts, or other Courts of Equity 1 *s.*

*Admiſſion into Corporations*, &c. XXVIII. For every Skin, *&c.* on which any Admiſſion into a Corporation or Company, Matriculation in either Univerſity, Admiſſion into any of the Inns of Court or Chancery, ſhall be written or ingroſſed 1 *s.*

XXIX. For

XXIX. For every Piece, *&c.* on which any Affidavit ſhall be ingroſſed or written (except for burying in Woollen, and ſuch Affidavits as ſhall be taken before the Officers of the Cuſtoms, or any Juſtice of Peace, or any Commiſſioner appointed or to be appointed by any Act of Parliament for the aſſeſſing and levying any Duties or Aids granted or to be granted to their Majeſties, which Affidavits ſhall be taken by the ſaid Perſons, by virtue of their Authorities reſpectively) 6 *d.* *Affidavits.*

XXX. For every Piece, *&c.* on which are ingroſſed or written Copies of Affidavits (herein charged) that ſhall be read or filed in any Court 6 *d.* *Copies of Affidavits.*

XXXI. For every Skin, *&c.* on which are ingroſſed or written, any Indenture, Leaſe or Deed Poll (not hereby otherwiſe charged) 6 *d.* *Indentures, Leaſes,* &c.

XXXII. For every Piece, *&c.* on which any Original Writ (except ſuch on which a *Capias* iſſues) *Subpœna*, Bill of *Middleſex*, *Latitat*, Writ of *Capias*, *Quo minus*, *Dedimus Poteſtatem* to take Anſwers, examine Witneſſes, or appoint Guardians, or any other Writ, Proceſs or Mandate that ſhall iſſue out or paſs under the Seals in any Court at *Weſtminſter*, Quarter Seſſions in *Wales*, Counties Palatine, or any other Court whatſoever, holding Plea, where the Debt or Damage amounts to 40 *s.* or above, or the demand is of the value, ſhall be ingroſſed or written 6 *d.* *Original Writs.*

XXXIII. For every Piece, *&c.* on which any entry of any Action in the Mayors or Sheriffs Courts, *London*, and in all other Courts or Corporations, out of which no Writs, Proceſs or Mandate iſſue, holding Plea for Debts or Damages amounting to 40 *s.* or above, ſhall be ingroſſed or written 6 *d.* *Entry of Actions in Inferior Courts.*

XXXIV. For every Piece, *&c.* on which are ingroſſed or written any Common Bail to be filed in any Court, and any Appearance that ſhall be made upon ſuch Bail 6 *d.* which Appearance or Common Bail the Defendant ſhall cauſe to be entred or filed within eight days after the Return of the Proceſs on which the Defendant was to be arreſted, on Penalty of 5 *l.* to be paid to the Plaintiff, for which the Court ſhall immedately award Judgment, and the Plaintiff may take out Execution. *Common Bail, Appearance.*

XXXV. For

*Rule of Court.* XXXV. For every Piece, *&c.* on which any Rule or Order made in any of the Courts at *Weſtminſter*, either Courts of Law or Equity, ſhall be ingroſſed or written *6 d.*

*Copies of Rules of Court, and of Records.* XXXVI. For every Piece, *&c.* on which any Copy of ſuch Rules and Orders entred, or the Copies of any other Records or Proceedings in any of the Courts at *Weſtminſter*, not hereby otherwiſe charged, ſhall be ingroſſed or written *6 d.*

*Citations, Monitions,* &c. XXXVII. For every Skin, *&c.* on which any Citation or Monition made in any Eccleſiaſtical Court, any Libel or Allegation, Depoſition or Signal Decree, or any Inventory exhibited in any Eccleſiaſtical Court, Courts of Admiralty, or Cinque-Ports, or Copies of them reſpectively ſhall be ingroſſed or written *6 d.*

*Charter-parties, Policies,* &c. XXXVIII. For every Skin, *&c.* on which any Charter-party, Policy of Aſſurance, Paſs-port, Bond, Releaſe, Contract, or other Obligatory Inſtrument, any Proteſt, Procuration, Letter of Attorny, or any other Notarial Act whatſoever, ſhall be ingroſſed or written *6 d.*

*Declarations, Pleas,* &c. XXXIX. For every Skin, *&c.* on which any Declaration, Plea, Replication, Rejoinder, Demurrer, or other Pleadings whatſoever in any Court of Law ſhall be ingroſſed or written *1 d.*

*Copies thereof.* XL. For every Skin, *&c.* on which any Copies thereof ſhall be ingroſſed or written *1 d.*

*Depoſitions, Copies of Bills,* &c. XLI. For every Skin, *&c.* on which any Depoſitions taken in the Court of Chancery, or other Court of Equity ( except the Paper-draughts taken by the Commiſſioners before they are ingroſſed ) which are not herein before charged, or upon which any Copy of any Bill, Anſwer, Plea, Demurrer, Replication, Rejoinder, Interrogatories, Depoſitions, or other Proceedings whatſoever, in any Court of Equity ſhall be ingroſſed or written *1 d.*

*Copies of Wills.* XLII. For every Skin, *&c.* on which a Copy of any Will ſhall be ingroſſed or written *1 d.*

*Officers to mark the Writs, Memorandums* XLIII. From and after the *28th* of *June* 1694. every Officer or Clerk belonging to the Kings-Bench, Common-Pleas or Exchequer, who ſhall ſign any Warrant or Proceſs before Judgment to arreſt any Perſon thereupon, ſhall at the ſigning thereof ſet down upon ſuch Writ or Proceſs, the Day and Year of his ſigning the ſame, which ſhall be entred upon the Remembrance, or in the Book where the Abſtract of ſuch Writ or Proceſs

Proceſs ſhall be entred, upon the Forfeiture of 10 *l.*

XLIV. This Act ſhall not charge any Bills of Exchange, Accompts, Bills of Parcels, Bills of Fees, or any Bills or Notes (not ſealed) for payment of Mony at ſight, or upon demand, or at the end of certain days of payment. *Not to extend to ſingle Bills.*

XLV. Neither ſhall it charge the Probate of any Will, or Letters of Adminiſtration of any common Seaman or Souldier, who ſhall be ſlain or die in their Majeſties Service, upon Certificate made thereof. *Nor Seamen or Souldiers Will.*

XLVI. None of the Rates or Impoſitions in this Act expreſſed, ſhall be paid or payable to their Majeſties by any Perſon or Perſons that ſhall be admitted to ſue or defend in *Forma Pauperis*. *Nor to* Paupers.

XLVII. Their Majeſties may under the Great Seal of *England* appoint Commiſſioners and Officers for the executing of this Act, who are to keep their Head-Office in ſome convenient Place within the Cities of *London* or *Weſtminſter*; which ſaid Commiſſioners, or the major part are alſo impowered under their Hands and Seals to appoint Inferior Officers for the marking or ſtamping of Vellum, Parchment and Paper, and for levying and collecting the Duties: And the ſaid Commiſſioners ſhall before the 28*th* day of *June* 1694. provide ſix ſeveral Marks or Stamps, differing from each other, with which all Vellum, Paper and Parchment herein before charged, ſhall be ingroſſed or written, ſhall be ſtampt or ingroſſed, *viz.* One Stamp for the Vellum, Parchment and Paper charged with the payment of 40 *s.* for every Skin, Piece or Sheet ſhall be ſtampt or markt: One other Stamp or Mark with which all Vellum, Parchment and Paper herein before charged with the payment of 5 *s.* for every Skin, Sheet or Piece, as aforeſaid, ſhall be markt or ſtampt, and ſo reſpectively a different Mark or Stamp with which all Vellum, Paper and Parchment herein before charged with the ſeveral Duties of 2 *s.* 6 *d.* 1 *s.* 6 *d.* and 1 *d.* ſhall be ſeverally and differently markt and ſtampt; which ſaid ſeveral Marks and Stamps ſhall be publiſhed by Proclamation under the Great Seal, a convenient time before the ſaid 28*th* day of *June*, to the end all Perſons may have due notice thereof: And the ſaid Marks and Stamps may be altered or renewed as their Majeſties ſhall think *Their Majeſties to appoint Commiſſioners, and they to appoint Under-Officers. Stamps to be made. Publiſhed by Proclamation.*

think fit, publick notice being given thereof by Proclamation.

*The Vellum &c. to be ſtamped before written.*

XLVIII. All Vellum, Parchment and Paper hereby intended to be charged with the ſeveral and reſpective Duties aforeſaid, ſhall before any thing ingroſſed or written thereon, be brought to the Head-Office, or ſome other Sub-Commiſſioner or Officer to be appointed for the ſame, to be ſtamped and marked, who, upon demand ſhall ſtamp or mark it, upon payment of the reſpective Duties, without other Fee, which Stamp or Mark ſhall be a ſufficient diſcharge for the reſpective Duties aforeſaid.

*Penalty of ſtamping before Duty paid.*

XLIX. If any Commiſſioner or Officer ſhall fix the Mark or Stamp before the reſpective Duties thereon charged ſhall be duly paid or ſecured, he ſhall forfeit for every ſuch Offence 100 *l.*

*Penalty of writing before it be ſtampt.*

L. If any Perſon ſhall ingroſs or write, or cauſe to be ingroſſed or written upon any Vellum, Parchment or Paper, any thing for which the ſaid Vellum, *&c.* is hereby charged, before it ſhall be marked or ſtampt as aforeſaid, or upon which there ſhall not be ſome Stamp or Mark reſembling the ſame; Or ſhall ingroſs or write upon any Vellum, Parchment or Paper that ſhall be marked or ſtamped, for any lower Duty, than the Duty by this Act payable, the Offender for every ſuch Offence ſhall forfeit 500 *l.*

*Penalty on Officers, Clerks or Attornies for fraudulent Practice.*

LI. Any Clerk or Officer, who in reſpect of his publick Office or Imployment, is, or ſhall be entituled or intruſted to make, ingroſs or write any Records, Deeds, Inſtruments or Writings by this Act chargable, as aforeſaid, ſhall be guilty of any Fraud or Practice, by making, ingroſſing or writing any ſuch Record, Deed, Inſtrument or Writing upon Vellum, Parchment or Paper not marked, or upon which there ſhall not be ſome Stamp or Mark reſembling the ſame; or upon Vellum, Parchment or Paper ſtamped with this Mark or Stamp which he ſhall know to be counterfeited; or upon Vellum, Parchment or Paper that ſhall be markt or ſtampt for a lower Duty, as aforeſaid, every ſuch Officer, *&c.* ſo guilty, and thereof lawfully convicted, ſhall (over and above the Penalty aforeſaid) forfeit his Office, Place or Imployment: And if any Attorny ſhall be guilty thereof, and convicted, he ſhall be diſabled for the future to practice as an Attorny. And if any

any Deed, Inſtrument or Writing ſhall be written or ingroſſed by any Perſon (not being a known Officer, or of publick Imployment, intituled to write or ingroſs the ſame) upon Vellum, Parchment or Paper not marked or ſtamped according to this Act, or of a lower Duty, as aforeſaid, in every ſuch caſe there ſhall be due to their Majeſties over and above the Duties aforeſaid, the Sum of 5 *l.* for every ſuch Deed; and no ſuch Deed or Record ſhall be pleaded or given in Evidence in any Court either of Law or Equity, till the ſaid 5 *l.* be paid, and the ſaid Vellum, Parchment or Paper be ſtampt with a lawful Mark, which the Officer is to do upon payment of the ſaid 5 *l.* And if any Perſon ſhall counterfeit or form any Stamp or Mark to reſemble any Stamp provided by this Act, or ſhall counterfeit or reſemble the Impreſſion of the ſame, upon any Vellum, Parchment or Paper to defraud their Majeſties of the Duties hereby granted, or ſhall utter or ſell any Vellum, Parchment or Paper with ſuch counterfeit Mark or Impreſſion, knowing ſuch Mark or Impreſſion to be counterfeit, then every ſuch Perſon ſo offending, being thereof legally convict, ſhall ſuffer Death as a Felon, without benefit of Clergy. *Penalty of forging a Stamp.*

LII. The Commiſſioners to appoint a fit Perſon to attend in any Court or Office, to take notice of the Vellum, Parchment or Paper, upon which any thing aforeſaid ſhall be ingroſſed or written, and of the Marks and Stamps thereupon, and all other things tending to ſecure the Duties ariſing by this Act: And the Judges in the ſeveral Courts to make good Orders for ſecuring the ſaid Duties: And all Perſons commiſſionated by this Act, and every Perſon imployed under them for the marking or ſtamping of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, as aforeſaid, before his acting in marking or ſtamping of the ſame ſhall take the Oath following, *viz. I* A. B. *do ſwear, That I will faithfully execute the Truſt repoſed in me, purſuant to an Act of Parliament*, Entituled, *An Act for granting to their Majeſties ſeveral Duties upon Vellum, Parchment and Paper for four years towards carrying on the War againſt* France, *without Fraud or Concealment; and ſhall from time to time true Account make of my doing therein, and deliver the ſame to ſuch Perſon or Perſons, as their Majeſties, their Heirs or* *Perſon to be appointed to inſpect Vellum, &c.*

*Commiſſioners and Officers Oath.*

*or Succeſſors ſhall appoint to receive ſuch Account; and ſhall take no Fee, Reward or Profit for the execution or performance of the ſaid Truſt, or the Buſineſs relating thereunto, from any Perſons other than ſuch as ſhall be paid or allowed by their Majeſties, their Heirs or Succeſſors, or by the Commiſſioners of their Majeſties Treaſury, or three of them now being, or by the Treaſurer of the Exchequer, or three or more of the Commiſſioners of the Treaſury for the time being.*

*All Parts of the Kingdom to be furniſhed with Vellum, Stamps, &c.*

LIII. The Commiſſioners are to take ſpecial care that the ſeveral Parts of this Kingdom, *Wales* and *Berwick*, ſhall be furniſhed with Vellum, Parchment and Paper ſtampt, ſo as Perſons may have their Election either to buy the ſame of the Officers, or Perſons to be employed by the Commiſſioners, or to bring their own Vellum, Parchment or Paper to be ſtampt.

*All Deeds, Writs, &c. to be writ as uſually.*

LIV. All Records, Writs, Pleadings, and other Proceedings in Courts of Law and Equity, and all Deeds, Inſtruments and Writings whatſoever hereby charged, ſhall be ingroſſed and written in ſuch manner as they have been uſually accuſtomed to be written, or are now written.

*Alteration of Stamp to be by Proclamation.*

LV. As often as their Majeſties ſhall think fit to alter or renew the ſaid Marks or Stamps, then they unto whom any Blank Vellum, Parchment or Paper inrolled with the old Stamp, within ſixty days after ſuch intention of altering ſhall be publiſhed by Proclamation, may bring it to the reſpective Officers to be appointed as aforeſaid, who ſhall deliver the like quantity of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, and as good ſtampt with the new Stamp without Fee under the Penalty of 100 *l.* And that which ſhall not be brought in in the time aforeſaid, the ſame ſhall be of no other effect than if it had been never ſtampt: And all Perſons who ſhall ingroſs or write any Matters chargable by the Act, on ſuch Vellum, Parchment or Paper after that time, ſhall forfeit as thoſe that write or ingroſs on Vellum, *&c.* unſtampt at all.

*Time of notice of alteration of the Stamp.*

LVI. The Proclamation for giving notice for the altering the Stamps, ſhall within twenty days after the date thereof, be ſent to the Mayor, Chief Magiſtrate, or other Head-Officer of every City, Corporation, Borough or Market-Town, which Officers ſhall cauſe the ſame to be publiſhed to the reſpective Inhabitants, either on the next Market-

Market-day, or the next Sunday in the Church, immediately after Divine Service, under the Penalty of 200 *l.*

LVII. And it ſhall be lawful for any Perſon, Native or Foreigner, Body Politick or Corporate, to lend to their Majeſties upon the Credit of this Act any Sum not exceeding the Sum of 330000 *l.* and to receive Intereſt for the ſame, not exceeding the Rate of 8 *l. per Cent. per Annum.*

## *An* Abſtract *of what Things are chargable by the* ACT *for granting Duties upon* Vellum, Parchment *and* Paper.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Grants of | Honours, Dignities, Promotions, Franchiſes, Liberties or Priviledges under the Great Seal or D. *Lancaſter.* | 40 *s.* For each Skin, Sheet, or piece of Parchment or Paper. |
| | Pardons, Reprieve or Relaxation from Fines, Corporal Puniſhments or Forfeitures. | |
| Grants of | Mony above 100 *l.* | |
| | Offices or Employments above 50 *l. per Ann.* Lands in Fee or Leaſes for Years under the Great Seal. | |
| | Exchequer, D. *Lancaſter* or Privy Seal. | |
| | Donations, Dignities and Promotions Eccleſiaſtical above 10 *l. per Ann.* in the Kings Books. | |
| | Degrees in Univerſities. | |
| | Diſpenſations and Faculties for two Benefices. | |
| Admittance of every | Phyſitian in Col. Med. *London.* | |
| | Attorny, Clerk, Advocate, Proctor, Notary, and other Officer in any Court. | |
| Appeals from Courts of | Admiralty, Arches and Prerogative. | |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Inrolments of | Conveyances, Surrenders of Grants or Offices, Releaſes or Deeds inrolled. | 5 *s.* For each Skin, Sheet, or piece of Parchment or Paper. |
| Writs of | Covenant for levying Fines. Entry for Common Recoveries. | |
| | Exemplifications under Seal of any Court whatſoever. | |
| | Inſtitutions, Licenſes to preach or ſerve Cures. | |
| Writs of | Error, Certiorari, or *Habeas Corpus*. | |
| | Appeals (except to Delegates.) *Significavits pro Corporis deliberat.* | |
| | Sentences, Attachments. Relaxations, in Admiralty and Cinque Ports. | |
| | Licenſes or Certificates of Marriage. Letters of Mart. Probate of Wills. Adminiſtrations above 20 *l.* Statutes or Recognizances. | |
| Records of | *Niſi Prius* or *Poſtea*. Judgments ſigned in any Courts of *Weſtminſter*. | 2 *s.* 6 *d.* For each Skin, Sheet, or piece of Parchment or Paper. |
| | Commiſſions in Eccleſiaſt. Courts | |
| | Warrants, Monitions and Perſonal Decrees in Courts of Admiralty and Cinque Ports. | |
| | Beneficial Warrants or Orders under Sign Manual, (except for Navy, Army and Ordnance.) | |

Special

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| | Special Bails and Appearances. | 1 *s.* For each Skin, Sheet, or piece of Parchment or Paper. |
| Ingroſsments of | Bills, Anſwers, Replications, Rejoinders, Interrogatories, Depoſitions, and other Pleadings in Chancery, Exchequer, and other Courts of Equity. | |
| Admiſſions into | Corporations, Companies, Univerſities, Inns of Court and Inns of Chancery. | |
| Decrees and Diſmiſſions. | In Chancery, Exchequer, D. *Lancaſter*, *Cheſter*, *Durham*. | 6 *d.* For each Skin, Sheet, or piece of Parchment or Paper. |
| | Common Bails and Appearances. Rules or Orders at *Weſtminſter*. | |
| Copies of | Rules, Orders or Records. Citations, Monitions, Libels, Allegations, Depoſitions, Anſwers, Sentences, Decrees Inventories in Courts of Admiralty, Cinque Ports and Eccleſiaſtical Courts. | |
| | Affidavits and Copies. Indentures, Leaſes Deed Polls. | |
| Writs | Original, Latitats, *Capias*, *Subpœna*, Bill of *Middleſex*, *Quominus*, *Ded. Poteſtatem* and other Writs. | |
| | Proceſſes and Mandates in all Courts where Debt is above 40 *s.* | |
| | Actions in *London*, and other Corporations above 40 *s.* | |
| | Charter Parties, Pollicies of Aſſurance, Paſports, Bonds, Releaſes, Contracts, Obligatory Inſtruments, Proteſts, Procurations, Letters of Attorny or other Notarial Acts. | |

Copies of { Declarations, Pleas, Replications, Rejoinders, Demurrers, and other Pleadings in all Courts of Law, and for Copies thereof. / Depoſitions, Bills, Anſwers, Pleas, Demurrers, Replications, Rejoinders, Interrogatories, and other Proceedings in any Court of Equity, Copies of Wills. } *1 d.* For each Skin, Sheet, or piece of Parchment or Paper.

*Things Excepted.*

Draughts of Depoſitions taken by Commiſſioners before they are ingroſſed.

Seamens and Souldiers Wills and Adminiſtrations, Paupers.

Bills of Exchange, Accounts, Bills of Parcels, Bills of Fees, Bills or Notes (not ſealed) for Payment of Mony at ſight, or on demand, or at the end of certain days of payment.

## Trade.

I. **Stat.** 5 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 5. *cap.* 2. An Act for repealing ſuch parts of ſeveral former Acts as prevent or prohibit the Importation of Foreign Brandy, *Aqua-vitæ*, and other Spirits, and Bacon, except from *France*.

*Importation of fine Thrown Silk.*

I. **Stat.** 5 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 5. *cap.* 3. It ſhall be lawful to or for any Perſon or Perſons reſiding within their Majeſties Dominions to import within this Kingdom from any Port whatſoever (excepting the Ports of *France*) during the preſent War with *France*, and three Months after, fine Thrown-Silk of the growth or production of *Italy*, *Sicily* or *Naples*.

*What ſorts to be imported.*

II. Provided that this Act, nor any thing herein contained, ſhall extend to give liberty to bring over Land and import any Italian Thrown Silk, courſer than a ſort thereof known and diſtinguiſhed by the name of *Third Bolonia*; nor any Sicilian Thrown Silk, courſer than a ſort thereof known and diſtinguiſhed by the name of *Second Orſay*; nor

any

any ſorts of Silks commonly called *Frams* of the growth of *Italy*, *Sicily* or *Naples*; nor any other Thrown Silk of the growth or production of *Turky*, *Perſia*, *Eaſt-India* or *China*, under the Penalty and Forfeiture of all ſuch Thrown Silk as ſhall be brought over land and imported contrary to the intent of this Act. *The penalty*

III. And that all ſuch fine Italian, Sicilian and *Naples* Thrown Silks as are allowed to be imported by this Act, whereſoever landed, ſhall be brought to their Majeſties Cuſtom-houſe, *London*, to the intent that no other ſort may be imported over-land, than thoſe only allowed by this Act, under the Penalties before-mentioned, any thing to the contrary hereof notwithſtanding. *To be brought to the Cuſtom-houſe.*

I. **Stat.** 5 & 6 *W.* & *M. Seſſ.* 5. *cap.* 3. Whereas by an Act made in the 5*th* year of Q. *Elizabeth*, Entituled, *An Act containing divers Orders for Artificers, Labourers, Servants in Husbandry and Apprentices*, It is enacted in theſe words following, *Provided always, and be it farther enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That no Perſon or Perſons uſing or exerciſing the Art or Myſtery of a Woollen Cloath-Weaver, other than ſuch as be inhabiting within the Counties of* Cumberland, Weſtmorland, Lancaſter *and* Wales, *weaving Frizes, Cottons or Houſwifes Cloath only, making and weaving Woollen-Cloath commonly ſold, or to be ſold by any Cloathman or Clothier, ſhall take and have any Apprentice, or ſhall teach, or in any-wiſe inſtruct any Perſon or Perſons in the Science, Art or Occupation of Weaving aforeſaid, in any Village, Town or Place, (Cities, Towns-Corporate, and Market-Towns only excepted,) unleſs ſuch Perſon be his Son, or elſe that the Father or Mother of ſuch Apprentice or Servant ſhall at the time of the taking of ſuch Perſon or Perſons to be an Apprentice or Servant, or to be inſtructed, have Lands or Tenements, or other Hereditaments, to the clear yearly value of* 3 l. *at the leaſt, of an Eſtate of Inheritance or Freehold, to be certified under the Hands and Seals of three Juſtices of the Peace of the Shire or Shires where the ſaid Lands, Tenements or other Hereditaments, do or ſhall lie; The effect of the Indenture to be regiſtred within three months, in the Pariſh where ſuch Maſter ſhall dwell, and to pay for ſuch regiſtring* 4 d. *upon pain of forfeiture of* 20 s. *for every month that Perſon ſhall otherwiſe take any Apprentice, or ſet any ſuch Perſon on Work, contrary to the meaning of this Article.*

II. Now

*St.* 5 Eliz. *concerning Apprentices in Woollen Manufacture repealed.*

II. Now forasmuch as such part of the said Act before recited hath been found prejudicial to the Clothing-Trade, It is hereby enacted, That so much of the said Act as is before recited, is hereby declared to be repealed and made void, as if the same had never been made.

*Salt-petre to be brought in for one year*

I. **Stat.** 5 & 6 *W.* & *M. Seff.* 5. *cap.* 10. It shall be lawful for any of their Majesties Subjects to import and bring Salt-petre into this Kingdom from any Place or Country now in Amity with their Majesties, for the space of one year, to be computed from and after the 25*th* day of *March* 1694.

*In what Ships.*

II. Provided that such Salt-petre be brought in only in such Ships or Vessels as are English built, and no other.

*At what rate to be sold.*

III. Provided that no Person importing Salt-petre by virtute of this Act, nor any Retailer, shall sell any part of the Salt-petre so to be imported, at above the price of 70 *l. per* Tun, not exceeding 18 *per Cent.* Refraction, upon the Penalty of 50 *l. per* Tun.

*Their Majesties Duty.*

IV. Provided that the Salt-petre which shall be imported by virtue of this Act, shall pay to their Majesties the same Duty, as if the same were directly imported from the *East-Indies.*

*Salt-petre imported and mingled, not to be sold at above* 70 l. per *Tun.*

V. If any Person shall mingle any Salt-petre imported by virtue of this Act, with any other Salt-petre, and sell the same so mingled, at above the rate of 70 *l. per* Tun; or shall by way of Barter or Exchange, take or agree to take any other Commodity for Salt-petre imported by virtue of this Act (whether by it self or mingled with other Salt-petre) in any manner, so as to have or receive for the same, more than the rate of 70 *l. per* Tun, accounting the Commodity so taken in exchange at the then currant Price, That the sale of such Salt-petre so mingled, and also such Barter or Exchange, shall be construed and taken to be a Sale contrary to this Act.

*Iron, Copper &c. may be transported except to France during the War.*

I. **Stat.** 5 & 6 *W.* & *M. Seff.* 5. *cap.* 11. It shall and may be lawful to and for any Person whatsoever, Bodies Politick or Corporate to ship and export all and all manner of Iron, Copper or Mundick Metal out of this Realm of *England*, Dominion of *Wales*, and Town of *Berwick upon Tweed*; except

except unto, or for the uſe of the French King, or any of his Subjects reſiding within his Dominions, or in, to or for any Port or Place within his ſaid Dominions, during the preſent War between their Majeſties and the French King, paying the Duties and Cuſtoms by Law payable for the ſame.

II. Provided this Act ſhall not extend to the exportation of Port-Metal, Gun-Metal or Shruff-Metal, or any old Metal, or any mixture therewith, or any Copper or other Metal than what is made of Engliſh Ore only. *Excepting Port-Metal, Gun-Metal, &c.*

*FINIS.*